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COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17 HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1934. No. 1.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1934, 12 O'CLOCK NOON

This being the day and hour fixed by the Governor of the Commonwealth in his Proclamation, convening the General Assembly in Extraordinary Session, the members of the Senate assembled in the Senate Chamber.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Edward C. Shannon) called the Senate to order at 12 o'clock noon.

PRAYER

The Acting-Chaplain, Rev. Dr. Stewart Winfield Herman, Pastor of Zion Lutheran Church of Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

O Merciful Father in heaven, who holdest in Thy hand all the might of man, and who hast ordained the powers that be for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praise of them that do well, and to whom is all rule and authority in the kingdoms of the world, we humbly beseech Thee graciously to regard Thy servants, the President of the United States, the Governor and the Legislators of Pennsylvania, our judges and magistrates, and all rulers of the earth. May all that receive the sword, as Thy ministers, bear it according to Thy commandment. Enlighten and defend them by Thy name, O God. Grant them wisdom and understanding, that under their peaceable governance Thy people may be guarded and directed in righteousness, quietness and unity, and may their physical needs be provided for and their hardships and distresses relieved.

Forgive our personal, corporate and national sins, and protect and prolong our lives, O God, that we and all men everywhere may show forth Thy praise. O Thou who art the glorious Lord God, who reignest in indescribable glory, hear our prayer. Amen.

ROLL CALL

The PRESIDENT. The Chief Clerk will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk called the roll and the following Senators were present:

Jos. G. Armstrong, Jr.
Max Aron.
Alonzo S. Batchelor.
Herman E. Baumer.
Harry J. Bell.
Edward B. Bennett.
James S. Boyd.
Herman P. Brandt.
Clarence J. Buckman.
Leroy E. Chapman.
William H. Clark.
James J. Coyne.
Charles H. Ealy.
Morris Einstein.
Bertram G. Frazier.
Frederick T. Gelder.
Peter Graff, III.
Frank J. Harris.
Laning Harvey.
John G. Homsher.
John W. Howell.
William C. Hunsicker.
Thaddeus S. Krause.
Henry E. Lanius.
William D. Mansfield.
Charles E. Miller.
James E. Norton.
G. Mason Owlett.
Chauncey W. Parkinson.
William D. Pethick.
Henry J. Pierson.
Leon C. Prince.
George L. Reed.
John S. Rice.
Warren R. Roberts.
Samuel W. Salus.
Harry B. Scott.
Harry Shapiro.
Henry L. Snyder.
Charles W. Sones.
Andrew J. Sordoni.
Charles W. Staudenmeier.
Benjamin H. Thompson.
Joseph C. Trainer.
Richard W. Williamson.
George Woodward.

ABSENT

Frank L. Fay.
John J. McClure.
Richard S. Quigley.
Joseph R. Ziesenheim.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. SCOTT asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Fay for the balance of the week.

Mr. CLARK asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. McClure for the balance of the week.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will proceed to read the Proclamation of the Governor convening the General Assembly in Extraordinary Session.

Whereupon,

The Chief Clerk of the Senate read the Proclamation of the Governor, as follows:

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR

In the Name and by Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Governor's Office, Harrisburg, Pa.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Article IV, Section 12, of the Constitution, I, Gifford Pinchot, Governor of Pennsylvania, do hereby convene the General Assembly of the Commonwealth in Extraordinary Session to meet in the Capitol, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, September 12, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, at twelve o'clock, noon, Eastern Standard

Time, of that day, to consider legislation upon the following subjects:

Relief for the unemployed and indigent aged, any financing necessary to provide therefor, and the payment of the expenses of the Extraordinary Session.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the City of Harrisburg, this eighth day (SEAL) of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred fifty-eight.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

By the Governor:

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE TO APPOINT STANDING AND SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Mr. NORTON offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That the President Pro Tempore of the Senate be authorized to appoint all special and standing committees of the Senate during the Extraordinary Session, and shall be ex-officio a member of all special and standing committees.

NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE

Mr. REED offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate is now in session and ready to proceed to business.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said Committee the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Reed, the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Armstrong, and the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Snyder.

NOTIFICATION TO THE GOVERNOR

Mr. HOMSHER offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House, if the House shall appoint such committee, to await upon his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and inform him that the General Assembly is convened in Extraordinary Session in conformity with the proclamation of September 8, 1934, and is ready to receive any communications he may have to make.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

ADOPTION OF RULES

Mr. SALUS offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That the standing rules of the Senate during the Regular Session of 1933, and the Extraordinary Session of 1933, be adopted for the government of the Senate for the present Extraordinary Session.

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

Mr. OWLETT offered the following Resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and the Appropriations Committee provide for the cost of the same in the bill providing for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

DISPOSITION OF PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND REMONSTRANCES

Mr. PIERSON offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That all petitions, memorials and remonstrances be presented by handling the same to the Chief Clerk, properly endorsed with the name thereon, in accordance with the practice of the last Regular Session.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SECRETARY

The SECRETARY. Since the last session death has taken the following former members of the Senate. Honorable Daniel S. Walton, from the Washington-Greene District, 1895-1898 and 1907-1910, and President Pro-Tempore in 1897; Honorable Harry D. Kutz, Senator from Northampton County District, 1923-1926; Honorable William S. Vare, Senator from Philadelphia, 1922-1923.

RESOLUTION ON THE DEATH OF HONORABLE DANIEL S. WALTON, FORMER MEMBER AND PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE.

Mr. PARKINSON offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

It is with great sorrow that the members of the Senate of Pennsylvania learn of the death of former Senator Daniel S. Walton of the Greene-Fayette and the Washington-Greene Districts and a former President Pro Tempore of this body.

Senate Walton for more than half a century was a distinguished member of the bar of Greene County, was an influential figure in many business enterprises and stood high in the councils of the Republican party in Pennsylvania and in the two Senatorial Districts he represented. Senator Walton was born in Greene County, May 17, 1853, and was educated at Oskaloosa College, Iowa, and Waynesburg College, receiving the degree of Master of Arts from the latter institution. Senator Walton was honored by his Alma Mater by election as a member of its board of trustees and he was given further honors by election as president of this board, serving in that office many years. Senator Walton also served as president of Waynesburg council.

In 1895 Mr. Walton was elected to the Pennsylvania Senate from the Greene-Fayette District and at the close of the session of 1897 was unanimously elected President Pro Tempore. Senator Walton was again elected to the Senate in November 1906 from the Washington-Greene District.

Senator Walton was a distinguished member of his profession, highly respected for his ability and fidelity, and won recognition throughout the State for his eloquence, his wisdom and his party loyalty.

It is hereby resolved the sympathy of the members of the Senate be conveyed to his bereaved family with a copy of this minute and that when the Senate adjourns this week it be in memory of this departed former member and officer.

STANDING COMMITTEES

The PRESIDENT. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate has requested me to announce that as there have been no changes in membership of the Senate since the Regular Session of 1933 or the Extraordinary Session of 1933, if there are no objections, the Standing Committees will remain the same as in the Regular and Extraordinary Sessions of 1933, with the exception that vacancies shall be filled in accordance with the rules of the Senate.

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RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE

Mr. REED. Mr. President, the Committee appointed by the Senate to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is duly organized and ready to proceed to business desires to report that it has performed that duty.

The PRESIDENT. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

NOTIFICATION FROM THE HOUSE

Messrs. Perry, Habbyshaw and Baldi, a Committee of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that it was duly organized and ready to proceed with the business and were extended the thanks of the Senate.

HOUSE MESSAGE

NOTIFICATION TO THE GOVERNOR

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House, if the House shall appoint such committee, to await upon his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and inform him that the General Assembly is convened in Extraordinary Session in conformity with the proclamation of September 8, 1934, and is ready to receive any communications he may have to make.

And has appointed Messrs. Willaims, Long, and Schrock as such committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said committee on the part of the Senate, the Senator from Lancaster, Mr. Homsher, the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Hunsicker, and the Senator from Adams, Mr. Rice.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, the Committee appointed by the Senate to act in conjunction with a similar committee of the House of Representatives to inform the Governor that the General Assembly is organized and ready to receive any communications he may be pleased to make, has performed its duty.

The PRESIDENT. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to address the members in joint session today.

I shall be glad to have you fix the hour to suit your convenience.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

JOINT SESSION

Mr. CHAPMAN offered the following Resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock in the Hall of the House for the purpose of hearing an address of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth which were read as follows:

REASONS FOR PARDON

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith the reasons for pardons granted by me from December 20, 1933 to date.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

(For reasons see Appendix.)

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following:

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

Dr. Ralph P. Baker, of Lancaster, Lancaster County, from September 10, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS HOME

Royal C. Davis, of Erie, Erie County, from September 10, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the date of confirmation:

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ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mary Charlier, Pittsburgh, 530 Fourth Ave.
Miss Elizabeth Hayes, Pittsburgh, 4800 Friendship Ave.
Joseph J. Jerome, Tarentum.
Ray F. Lackner, Pittsburgh, 811 Jones Law Bldg.
Miss Ruth M. Morton, Pittsburgh, 908 Farmers Bank Bldg.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

G. G. Hotaling, Kittanning.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Loretta G. Hogue, Beaver.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Bray, West Chester.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Mae U. Jordan, Scranton.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Josephine S. Hess, Allentown.

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Harriet E. Bellman, Bradford.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Jessie B. Crispin, Phila., 1214 Locust St.
Raymond S. Denby, Phila., 1412 Fairmount Ave.
Ralph L. Malony, Phila., Pier 9, North Wharves.
Frank J. Wendt, Phila., 1229 N. 2nd St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Nelle K. Glessner, Somerset.
P. P. Williamson, Davidsville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following:

SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

(Miss) Charlotte E. Carr, Harrisburg, from Dec. 22, 1933, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD FOR THE EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

William F. Marsh, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF NURSES

(Miss) Emma S. Ballamy, Wilkes-Barre, from Dec. 22, 1933, for the term of six years, and until her successor is appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA SECURITIES COMMISSION

Jere C. West, Bedford, from Dec. 22, 1933, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE COUNCIL OF EDUCATION

Weir C. Ketler, Grove City, from May 22, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

John M. Woodside, Philadelphia, from Apr. 2, 1934, for the term of six years.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Bruce S. Clayton, Pottsville, from Feb. 13, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Joseph R. Burns, Philadelphia, from Feb. 14, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Gregory Ignatius Zatkovich, Pittsburgh, from Feb. 27, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Winifred Notman Prince, Swarthmore, from July 9, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

John C. Lesniak, Scranton, from July 25, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE

Robert W. Balderston, Media, from Jan. 25, 1934, until July 1, 1935.

D. Glenn Moore, Washington, from Feb. 27, 1934, until July 1, 1936.

(Mrs.) Hannah McK. Lyons, Lincoln University, from June 25, 1934, until July 1, 1936.

MEMBERS OF THE MILK CONTROL BOARD

Edward A. Stanford, Whitemarsh, from Jan. 22, 1934, until Apr. 30, 1935.

John A. Barney, Waterford, from Jan. 22, 1934, until Apr. 30, 1935.

Howard B. Steele, Pittsburgh, from Aug. 6, 1934, until Apr. 30, 1935.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

W. Worrell Wagner, Phliadelphia, from Mar. 7, 1934, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE REGISTRATION COMMISSION IN AND FOR THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH

Thomas A. Joyce, Pittsburgh, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

Jacob Frank, Pittsburgh, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

MEMBERS OF THE REGISTRATION COMMISSION IN AND FOR THE CITY OF SCRANTON

(Miss) Emma M. Fuhrer, Scranton, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

Samuel H. Bevan, Scranton, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

J. Gerald Collins, Scranton, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

Michael J. McCrea, Scranton, from Feb. 8, 1934, until the first Monday of January, 1938.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

Harold J. Dorrance, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS

Charles T. Ingham, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBERS OF THE REGISTRATION COMMISSION IN AND FOR THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Todd Daniel, Philadelphia, from Apr. 10, 1934, until July 11, 1935, or until his successor shall be duly qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE FOREST COMMISSION

(Mrs.) Mary Flinn Lawrence, Sharpsburg, from Dec. 22, 1933, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

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MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF FISH COMMISSIONERS

George E. Gilchrist, Lake Como, from Feb. 9, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Frederick P. Gruenberg, Philadelphia, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1940.

P. Stephen Stahlnecker, Harrisburg, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1942.

C. Jay Goodnough, Emporium, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1943.

Herman J. Goldberg, Wilkes-Barre, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1937.

Thomas C. Egan, Philadelphia, from May 28, 1934, until July 1, 1941.

MEMBER OF THE WATER AND POWER RESOURCES BOARD

Edwin K. Morse, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 24, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualfiied.

MEMBER OF THE WASHINGTON CROSSING PARK COMMISSION

Norman B. Wamsher, Norristown, from Jan. 24, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION

Theodore Lane Bean, Norristown, from Apr. 17, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

Hubley R. Owen, Phoenixville, from April 18, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL

Benjamin Ralsky, Bradford, from Feb. 23, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE WELFARE COMMISSION

(Mrs.) Mary Clarke Burnett, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 10, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

J. Prentice Murphy, Delaware County, from Jan. 10, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE COUNCIL FOR THE BLIND

C. B. Auel, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 10, 1934, for the term of four years.

(Mrs.) Estelle May Affelder, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 10, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION

William D. McClelland, Pittsburgh, from Dec. 22, 1933, for the term of two years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE MILITARY RESERVATION COMMISSION

George W. Miller, Norristown, from Jan. 24, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Henry D. Saylor, Pottstown, from Feb. 28, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Herbert M. Goddard, Philadelphia, from May 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

J. B. Montgomery, Aspinwall, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

J. Linn Harris, Lock Haven, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

John H. Harris, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank L. Duggan, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF FARVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

Wallace J. Barnes, Beachlake, from Jan. 2, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

E. J. Stanton, Waymart, from Jan. 2, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

H. R. Megargel, Sterling, from Jan. 2, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Elwood R. Regan, Carbondale, from May 3, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF NORRISTOWN STATE HOSPITAL

(Mrs.) Henrietta G. S. Jaquette, Swarthmore, from Mar. 14, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CUMBERLAND VALLEY STATE INSTITUTION FOR MENTAL DEFECTIVES

Chas. K. Keath, Lititz, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SELINSGROVE STATE COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS

H. M. Showalter, Lewisburg, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE REGISTRATION BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

J. N. Chester, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of six years.

A. B. Clemens, Scranton, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WARREN STATE HOSPITAL

Warren M. Stone, Warren, from Mar. 20, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNHURST STATE SCHOOL

(Mrs.) Julia C. Yarnall, Swarthmore, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

J. Milton Lutz, Upper Darby, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Mary B. Luckie, Chester, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF BLOSSBURG STATE HOSPITAL

William R. Straughn, Mansfield, from Apr. 3, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CONNELLSVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

F. E. Younkin, Connellsville, from Aug. 14, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF COALDALE STATE HOSPITAL

D. G. Watkins, Lansford, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

B. F. Davis, Nesquehoning, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Wm. J. Clements, Coaldale, from Jan. 4 ,1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

C. C. Boner, Tamaqua, from Jan. 4, 1934, for thc term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

J. C. McCready, Lansford, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Mary F. Jones, Tamaqua, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

J. F. West, Tamaqua, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF SHAMOKIN STATE HOSPITAL

John C. Delbaugh, Shamokin, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the tcrm of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Reese Jeremiah, Shamokin, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Eugene Zartman, Shamokin, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF ASHLAND STATE HOSPITAL

Earl E. Miller, Mt. Carmel, from Mar. 20, 1934, for the tcrm of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Hawthorne L. Ball, Mahanoy City, from Mar. 21, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

A. R. Laubenstein, Ashland, from Mar. 21, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Frank W. Leib, Pottsville, from Mar. 21, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his succcssor is qualified.

Charles B. Williams, Pottsville, from Mar. 21, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF LOCUST MOUNTAIN STATE HOSPITAL

Theodore W. Bare, Mahanoy City, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Edith L. Reed, Frackville, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Edward Cuderavage, Shenandoah, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Maud Richards, Pottsville, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

Harry McDonald, Shenandoah, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Harrison Powell, Shenandoah, from Jan. 4, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL

(Mrs.) Minnie S. Kaufmann, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

John H. Lauer, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 24, 1934, for thc term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN

(Miss) Florence L. Sanville, Westtown, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BRIDGE COMMISSION

Wallace J. Barnes, Beachlake ,from Jan. 24, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1934, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE PARKS COMMISSION

P. M. Sharples, West Chester, from Jan. 24, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME

Chester W. Zerbe, Erie, from Fcb. 15, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

J. Clark Mansfield, Pittsburgh, from Apr. 2, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE FLAGSHIP NIAGARA COMMISSION

Merle C. Quay, Erie, from Feb. 9, 1934, until annulled.

G. Lynn Brotherson, Erie, from Feb. 27, 1934, until annulled.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF WEST CHESTER STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE

(Mrs.) Dorothy Y. Ogden, Swarthmore, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EAST STROUDSBURG STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Wm. J. Powell, Taylor, from May 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MANSFIELD STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE

(Mrs.) Myra B. Allen, Mansfield, from Apr. 9, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CHEYNEY TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Thomas M. Thomas, Chester, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

David G. Yarnall, Wallingford, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years and until his successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Mary F. Comfort, Delaware County, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

(Mrs.) Anne Walton Pennell, Moylan, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

James G. Biddle, Wallingford, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Samuel L. Smedley, Newtown Square, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Joseph H. Willits, Swarthmore, from June 29, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

Also the following persons to be MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MOTHERS ASSISTANCE FUND:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

(Miss) Eleanor Hanson, Pittsburgh, from Mar. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Henrietta I. Spiro, Pittsburgh, from Mar. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Leanah S. Thomas, Sharpsburg, from Mar. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Susan C. Fouse, Pittsburgh, from July 27, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CAMERON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Perna Klees, Emporium, from Apr. 5, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Ruth Shaw, Emporium, from Apr. 6, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Marian K. Blinzler, Emporium, from Apr. 10, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eulia Maude Raycroft, Emporium, from Apr. 30, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Myra Morrison, Emporium, from May 10, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Alice Dill, Sterling Run, from June 11, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Julia Lightner, Sinnamahoning, from June 23, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CARBON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Emma Jane Bulmer, Lansford, from July 16, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

(Mrs.) Elizabeth M. O'Laughlin, Clearfield, from July 9, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Jane Kelly Kindig, Clearfield, from July 9, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

COLUMBIA COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ann Graham H. Law, Bloomsburg, from Apr. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Ethel B. Laubach, Benton, from Apr. 17, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

(Mrs.) Angela Alger Phillips, Meadville, from Jan. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Ella H. Baliss, Titusville, from Aug. 1, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Grace F. Day, Millersburg, from Apr. 30, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

DELAWARE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Frances L. Norton, Chester, from Apr. 17, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Jane V. Eaton, Lansdowne, from June 22, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Harriet K. Turner, Swarthmore, from June 22, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eleanor J. Wilson Geary, Wallingford, from June 22, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) May Y. Howson, Wayne, from June 22, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Elizabeth Keating, Wawa, from June 22, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

(Miss) Florence E. Robertson, Scranton, from Feb. 13, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Sarah E. Stewart, Old Forge, from Feb. 13, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Pearle Ayres, Carbondale, from Apr. 6, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Edna M. Butler, Dunmore, from Apr. 17, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Elizabeth Berry, Scranton, from Apr. 17, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Dorothy Thomason Beemer, Clarks Summit, from Apr. 24, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Victoria Yanoshat, Scranton, from June 30, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Laura Holliday Miller, New Castle, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Lenore A. Reynolds, Ellwood City, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Clare C. Duff, New Castle, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Grace W. Crawford, New Castle, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Blanche Sampson, Volant, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Lena F. Gilmore, Hillsville, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Maud E. Keyser Duff, New Castle, from Feb. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

LUZERNE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Jane Mason, Hazleton, from Aug. 27, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ella Keiser Riegner, Pottstown, from Mar. 27, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Marjorie N. MacCoy, Haverford, from June 13, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

(Mrs.) Anna Estes Strawbridge, Philadelphia, from May 4, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

POTTER COUNTY

(Mrs.) Nellie Carpenter, Genesee, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eloise S. Wells, Coudersport, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Blanche S. Huntington, Coudersport, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Emma K. Grover, Ulysses, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Anita L. Prince, Shinglehouse, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Dessie Hernquist, Austin, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Grace M. Lush, Galeton, from Feb. 26, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

(Mrs.) Edith W. Hoy, Schuylkill Haven, from Mar. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Catherine Bannan Zerbey, Pottsville, from Mar. 15, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Cecelia Boczkowski, Mahanoy City, from Apr. 4, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Emma Lynn, Pottsville, from Apr. 4, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Elizabeth B. Maul, Llewellyn, from Apr. 6, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eleanor M. Boyd, Shenandoah, from June 7, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Anna Hoffman, Coaldale, from June 11, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SOMERSET COUNTY

(Mrs.) Lucy Scull Cook, Somerset, from Aug. 16, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

(Mrs.) Mildred H. Snyder, Dushore, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Floye A. Davis, Sonestown, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Laura H. McLaughlin, Bernice, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Clara M. Wilcox, Wheelerville, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Orrill W. Avery, Eldredsville, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Anna M. Finan, Mildred, from July 3, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

UNION COUNTY

(Miss) Annie B. Moore, Allenwood, from June 18, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Eveline S. Gundy, Lewisburg, from June 18, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Annie K. Knauff, Miffinburg, from June 18, 1934, until June 1, 1937, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Martha R. Farley, New Columbia, from June 18, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Martha W. Kalp, Lewisburg, from June 23, 1934, until June 1, 1939, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

WYOMING COUNTY

(Mrs.) Charity Backman, Falls, from June 23, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Sarah Warner, Laceyville, from June 23, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Evelyn C. Ellsworth, Meshoppen, from June 26, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Etta Serfass, Nicholson, from June 27, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Gertrude E. Thomas, Noxen, from June 28, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Mrs.) Loretta Greene Slocum, Factoryville, from July 2, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

(Miss) Helen M. Lewis, Tunkhannock, from July 6, 1934, until June 1, 1935, and until her successor is duly appointed and qualified.

Also the following persons to be MEMBERS OF THE BOARDS OF TRUSTEES OF THE OLD AGE ASSISTANCE FUND:

ELK COUNTY

(Mrs.) Susie L. Geary, Johnsonburg, from June 14, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Miss) Amanda Johnson, Ridgeway, from June 15, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Edna Pearl Green, St. Marys, from June 18, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Anna M. Hayes, Force, from June 18, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Miss) Winifred Maynard, Ridgway, from June 25, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Mabel H. Aldrich, Wilcox, from July 12, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

FOREST COUNTY

(Mrs.) Mary B. Klinestiver, Nebraska, from June 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Anna Mensch, Marienville, from June 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Ruth D. Bovard, Tionesta, from June 13, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Adelaide Seigworth, Tionesta, from June 27, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) June Herman Carringer, Tionesta, from June 28, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Grace Pickens, Marienville, from Aug. 31, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

FULTON COUNTY

(Mrs.) Elizabeth P. Neeson, McConnellsburg, from June 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Estelle L. Seylar, McConnellsburg, from June 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Lena McClain, Hustontown, from June 21, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Amanda Lehman, Amaranth, from June 22, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Gladys Charlton Palmer, Warfordsburg, from June 22, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Ethel Hays Duffey, Webster Mills, from June 25, 1934, for the term of six years ,or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Elizabeth Florence Humbert, Big Cove Tannery, from June 26, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

PERRY COUNTY

(Mrs.) Mae Smith Fickes, Duncannon, from June 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Vera R. Hall, New Bloomfield, from June 12, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Tillie Wentzel, Blain, from June 12, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Rillie Beaver, Millerstown, from June 13, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Ella Ritter, Liverpool, from June 13, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Miss) Marion C. Shull, Newport, from June 14, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Rena M. Dissinger, Marysville, from June 18, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

PIKE COUNTY

(Mrs.) Ethel Noyes Barckley, Milford, from Apr. 11, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Grace M. Labar, Matamoras, from April 12, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Lydia B. Nyce, Bushkill, from Apr. 17, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Dorette T. Gumble, Paupack, from Apr. 20, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Martha Y. Beck, Matamoras, from Apr. 21, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Helen M. Clark, Blooming Grove, from Apr. 26, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

(Mrs.) Agnes S. Hopps, Greentown, from May 7, 1934, for the term of six years, or until a Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund has been appointed.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

REPORT OF SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN

The chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the Seventy-ninth Annual Statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and its vicinity, as follows:

SEVENTY-NINTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN AND ITS VICINITY

School Lane and Germantown Avenue; East Germantown Office: Chelten Avenue and Wister Street

Deposits may also be made at: The Girard Trust Company; Pennsylvania Co. for Ins. on Lives; Market Street National Bank.

JANUARY 1, 1934.

Chartered 1854

STATEMENT—JANUARY 1, 1934

Par Value	ASSETS	Maturities	Rate	Book Value
$1,926,000	U. S. A. Government Bonds	1938-1949	3¼,3½&4¼	$1,903,191.97
25,000	Federal Farm Loan	1942	4½	24,937.50
150,000	State of Arkansas	1949-1950	5	99,812.50
100,000	State of Kentucky, Bridge	1950	4½	97,000.00
100,000	State of Louisiana	1947-1953	4½	100,000.00
100,000	State of North Carolina	1942-1944	4½&5	100,000.00
115,000	State of Pennsylvania	1939-1943	3¾	115,000.00
75,000	State of West Virginia	1939 1941-1942	5	73,875.00
8,000	County of Cuyahoga, Ohio	1934-1935	5	6,068.00
50,000	County of Monmouth, N. J.	1946-1947	4½	50,000.00
50,000	County of Spartanburg, S. C.	1945-1947	4½	50,000.00
25,000	City of Akron, Ohio	1941	5	25,000.00
90,000	City of Birmingham, Ala.	1945-1953	4¾&5	90,000.00
90,000	City of Boston, Mass.	1940-1960	4&4¼	83,466.82
10,000	City of Canton, Ohio	1954	4½	9,568.00
50,000	City of Charleston, S. C.	1962	4½	49,875.00
30,000	City of Chattanooga, Tenn.	1951	4¾	30,000.00
240,000	City of Chicago, Ill.	1939-1947	4&4½	185,292.19
100,000	City of Cleveland, Ohio	1934-1941	4¼&4½	100,000.00
30,000	City of Columbus, Ohio	1935	4½	29,995.00
50,000	City of DesMoines, Iowa	1941-1942	4½	50,000.00
200,000	City of Detroit, Mich.	1937-1943	4¼&5	140,848.87
25,000	City of Fort Worth, Texas	1949-1951	5	24,968.75
45,000	City of Houston, Texas	1934-1945	5	45,000.00
50,000	City of Jacksonville, Fla.	1937-1946	5	50,000.00
15,000	City of Kansas City, Mo.	1937	4½	13,500.00
30,000	City of Knoxville, Tenn.	1051	5	29,700.00
135,000	City of Los Angeles, Cal.	1941-1945	½&5	134,295.00
35,000	City of Memphis, Tenn.	1945-1947	4½	35,000.00
30,000	City of Montreal, Can.	1971	4½	25,560.00
75,000	City of New Orleans, La.	1936-1952	4½	75,000.00
7,000	City of Newport, R. I.	1937	5	7,000.00
260,000	City of New York, N. Y.	1951-1979	4¼&4½	257,980.88
100,000	City of Norfolk, Va.	1940-1956	4½&5	100,000.00
50,000	City of Oklahoma, Okla.	1937	4½	50,000.00
25,000	City of Ottawa, Ontario, Can.	1937-1939	6	24,736.50
15,000	City of Pawtucket, R. I.	1934-1936	4½	15,000.00
575,000	City of Philadelphia, Pa.	1945-1979	4¼,4½&5	575,000.00
95,000	City of Pittsburgh, Pa.	1938-1951	5&6	95,000.00
61,000	City of Salt Lake, Utah	1934-1940	4½&5	60,875.00
50,000	City of San Francisco, Cal.	1934-1942	4½&5	49,789.40
31,000	City of Seattle, Wash.	1934-1941	4½&6	31,000.00
25,000	City of Toledo, Ohio	1936	4½	25,000.00
75,000	City of Toronto, Can.	1938-1942	4½&5	72,969.08
35,000	Commonwealth of Australia	1955	5	32,500.00
100,000	Dominion of Canada	1960	4	90,250.00
200,000	Province of Ontario, Can.	1943-1960	4½&5	200,000.00
15,000	Albany Port—Dist. Bond, N. Y.	1958-1960	4¾	10,537.50
85,000	Boston Metropolitan District	1962-1965	4¾	79,551.25
50,000	Greater Greenville, S.C. Sewer Dist	1967	4½	50,000.00
60,000	Louisiana Port Commission	1950-1953	5	59,850.00
46,000	Marin, Cal. Munic. Water Dist.	1934-1947	5	46,000.00
75,000	Miami Conservancy Dist.	1940-1947	5½	75,000.00
50,000	Twp. of Hanover, School Dist.	1941-1946	5½	50,000.00
50,000	Ala. Great So. R. R. Co. 1st Cons.	1943	4&5	47,467.50
75,000	Atch. Top & Santa Fe Ry. (Cal. Ariz. Lines) 1st Refdg	1962	4½	71,090.00
190,000	Atlantic & Charlotte Air Line Ry. Co. 1st	1944	4½&5	181,351.25
100,000	Atlantic Coast Line L. & N. Coll.	1952	4	91,365.00
158,000	Bal. & Ohio R. R. Co. Eq. Tr.	1934-1940	4½&5	154,365.99
67,000	Balto. & Ohio R. R. Co. (Pitts. Lake Erie & West Va. Sys.) Refdg. Mtge.	1941	4	65,158.75
121,000	Balto. & Ohio R. R. Co. 1st Mtge	1948	5	120,450.25
150,000	Canadian Natl. Ry. Co. Gtd.	1956-1969	4½&5	146,500.00
55,000	Canadian Natl. Ry. Co. Eq. Tr.	1938-1940	4½&5	53,646.10
350,000	Canadian Pac. Ry. Co. Eq. Tr.	1936-1945	4½&5	337,949.80
100,000	Canadian Pac. Ry. Co. Cons. Perpetual		4	85,000.00
25,000	Carolina Central R. R. Co. 1st Cons.	1949	4	4,000.00
55,000	Central New Eng. Ry. Co. 1st	1961	4	30,000.00
50,000	Central Pacific Ry. Co. Gtd. Gold	1960	5	49,563.75
172,000	Central Pacific Ry. Co. 1st & Refdg.	1949	4	145,427.00
50,000	Central R. R. of N. J. Gen. Mtge.	1987	4	49,125.00
75,000	Chesa. & Ohio Ry. Co. Genl. Mtge.	1992	4½	65,615.75
50,000	Chi. Burl. & Quincy R. R. Co. Gen.	1958	4	42,250.00
100,000	Chi. Burl. & Quincy R. R. Co. 1st & Refdg.	1977	4½	100,000.00
75,000	Chicago & Erie R. R. Co. 1st Mtge.	1982	5	72,913.25
75,000	Chi. Junction Rys. & Union Stock Yds. Co. 1st	1940	5	68,000.00
99,000	Chi. Mil. & St. Paul Ry. Eq. Tr.	1934-1936	5&5½	94,722.80
198,000	Chi. Mil. & St. Paul Ry. Gen.	1989	4½	155,921.25
48,000	Chi. & Northw'n Ry. Eq. Tr.	1934-1938	5	45,637.15
32,000	Chi. & Northwestern Ry. Gen.	1987	5	31,982.50
153,000	Chi. R. I. & Pac. Eq. Tr.	1935-1940	4½	149,855.99
110,000	Chi. R. I. & Pac. Ry. Gen.	1988	4	82,695.00
150,000	Chi. St. L. & N. Orleans R. R. Gold	1951	5	147,843.75
125,000	Chi. Union Station Co. 1st	1963	4½	112,000.00
85,000	Choctaw & Memphis R. R. Co. 1st	1949	5	51,675.00
100,000	Choctaw, Okla. & Gulf R. R. Con.	1952	5	50,000.00
118,000	Cincinnati Union Termi. 1st	1957-2020	5	114,921.25
25,000	Clev. Akron & Col. Ry. 1st Cons.	1940	4	22,000.00
50,000	Clev. Cinn. Chi. & St. L. Ry. Co. (Cairo Div.) 1st	1939	4	41,015.25
125,000	Clev. Cinn. Chi. & St. L. Ry. Co. (Cinn. Wabash & Mich. Ry.) 1st	1991	4	109,937.50
205,000	Clev. Cinn. Chi. & St. L. Ry. Co. (St. L. Div.) 1st Coll.	1990	4	184,703.05
43,000	Clev. Cinn. & St. L. Ry. Co. Refdg. & Impr.	1977	4½	42,957.00
28,000	Clev. Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Genl.	1936	5	27,000.00
60,000	Clev. & Marietta Ry. Co. 1st	1935	4½	56,547.60
50,000	Clev. Union Terminal Co. 1st	1977	4½	48,875.00
100,000	East Tenn. Va. & Ga. Ry. Co. Cons.	1956	5	98,728.50
196,000	Erie Railroad Eq. Tr.	1934-1941	4½.5&6	194,521.48
50,000	Erie Railroad Co. P. L. Gold	1996	4	40,912.50
179,000	General Amer. Tank Car Corp. Eq. Tr.	1934-1945	4½&5½	173,445.41
55,000	Ga. So. & Fla. Ry. Co. Eq. Tr.	1934-1939	4½	54,771.75
48,000	Illinois Central R. R. Eq. Tr.	1934-1939	4½.5&5½	47,118.22
100,000	Illinois Centl. R. R. Coll. Tr. (Louisville, N. Orleans & Texas Ry. Co.)	1953	4	80,187.50
72,000	Illinois Centl. R. R. Coll. Tr.	1952	4	57,550.00
100,000	Illinois Centl. R. R. & Chi. St. L. & New Orleans Jt. 1st Refdg	1963	5	96,000.00
50,000	Indiana, Ill. & Iowa R. R. Co. 1st	1950	4	43,000.00
55,000	Indianapolis Union Ry. Co. Gen. & Rfdg.	1965	5	54,107.50
55,000	Jacksonville Term. Co. Rfdg. & Ext. Mtge.	1967	6	55,000.00
100,000	Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Ry. Rfdg. Mtge.	1936	4	65,666.67
150,000	Kansas City Term. Ry. 1st	1960	4	130,153.75
50,000	Kentucky Central Ry. Co. 1st	1987	4	42,065.00
70,000	Lehigh Valley Coal Co. 1st & Rfdg.	1954-1974	5	40,000.00
50,000	Lehigh Valley R. R. Gen. Cons.	2003	5	49,750.00
100,000	Long Island R. R. Rfdg.	1949	4	88,312.50
50,000	Louisville & Nashville R. R. (A. K. & C Div.)	1955	4	42,225.00
25,000	Midland Valley R. R. Co. 1st	1943	5	20,000.00
19,000	Milwaukee, Sparta & N. W. Ry. Co. 1st	1947	4	16,996.50
50,000	Minn. St. P. & S. S. Marie Ry. 1st	1938	4	45,025.00

63,000	Minn. St. P. & S. S. Marie Ry.		
63,000	Minn. St. P. & S. S. Marie Ry. 2nd 1949	4	50,660.00
140,000	Missouri Pacific R. R. Eq. Tr. 1934-1944	4½&5	135,633.61
31,000	Missouri Pacific Rwy. Co. 3rd ..1938	4	29,607.50
100,000	Morris & Essex R. R. Const. Mtge. 1955	4½&5	99,750.00
100,000	New Orleans & N. E. R. R. P. L. 1940	5	99,562.50
50,000	N. Y. Brooklyn & Manhattan Beach Ry. Co. 1st Cons. 1935	5	50,000.00
50,000	N. Y. Centl. & Hud. Riv. R. R. (Mich. Cent. Coll.) 1998	3½	36,875.00
100,000	N. Y. Centl. & Hud. Riv. R. R. (Lake Shore Coll.) 1998	3½	72,563.75
50,000	N. Y. Centl. & Hud. Riv. R. R. Deb. 1942	4	45,937.50
113,000	N. Y. Centl. R. R. Co. Rfdg. & Impr. 2013	4½	113,000.00
20,000	N. Y. Centl. Lines Eq. Tr. 1936-1939	4½&5	18,335.02
50,000	N. Y. Connecting R. R. 1st 1953	4½	32,262.50
88,000	N. Y., N. H. & Hart. Eq. Tr. 1936-1940	4½&5	85,314.41
100,000	Norfolk & West Ry. Div. 1st & Gen. 1944	4	80,997.50
127,000	No. Pacific Ry. Co. P. L. & L. G. 1997	4	106,763.25
100,000	Oregon R. R. & Navig. Co. Cons. 1946	4	78,875.75
200,000	Oregon Short Line R. R. Cons. 1st 1946	5	194,398.75
100,000	Pacific R. R. of Missouri 1st ..1938	4	86,385.00
75,000	Pacific R. R. of Missouri 2nd ..1938	5	64,591.25
145,000	Penna. Co. Tr. Ctfs. 1937-1952	3½&4	126,297.85
75,000	Penna. Co. Gold 1963	4¾	74,062.50
143,000	Penna. R. R. Gen. 1965-1981	4¼&4½	120,898.72
100,000	Penna. R. R. Cons. 1960	4½	89,207.50
11,000	Penna. R. R. Gen. Eq. Tr. 1934-1936	5	10,105.75
25,000	Phila. & Reading R. R. 1st Cons. 1937	4	22,000.00
220,000	Pitts. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Cons. 1940-1963	4&4½	214,837.50
250,000	Pitts. C. C. & St. L. Gen Mtge. 1977	4½	250,000.00
25,000	Reading Co. Pur. Money Mtge. 1952	4	22,000.00
100,000	Reading Co. Gen. & Rfdg. Mtge. 1997	4½	98,400.00
125,000	Reading Co. Eq. Tr. 1943-1944	4½	125,000.00
125,000	Richmond Terminal Ry. Co. 1st 1952	5	123,714.00
150,000	Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix Ry. 1st 1942	5	148,058.00
27,000	St. L. S. W. Ry. Eq. Tr. ..1937-1940	5	27,000.00
50,000	St. P., Minn. & Man. Ry. Co. Cons. 1943	5	45,000.00
31,000	St. P. Minn. & Man. Ry. Co. (Montana Extn.) 1937	4	25,691.25
113,000	Seaboard Air Line Ry. Eq. Tr. 1935-1939	4½&5½	109,776.64
130,000	Southern Pacific Co. Eq. Tr. 1934-1944	4½&5	123,879.26
100,000	Southern Pacific Co. Gold 1981	4½	90,626.25
100,000	Southern Pacific Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1955	4	86,093.75
100,000	Southern Pacific Co. (Oregon Lines) 1st 1977	4½	97,250.00
25,000	Southern Pacific Co. (San Fran. Term) 1st 1950	4	20,000.00
88,000	Southern Ry. Co. 1st Cons. 1994	5	86,822.50
15,000	Southern Ry. Co. (Memphis Div.) 1st 1996	5	14,487.50
110,000	Southern Ry. Co. (E. Tenn. Reorg.) 1938	5	105,250.00
40,000	Terminal R. R. Asso. of St. L. 1st 1939	4½	36,000.00
35,000	Ter. R. R. Asso. of St.L. 1st Cons.) 1944	5	35,000.00
75,000	Terre Haute & Peoria R. R. Co. 1st 1942	5	74,985.00
50,000	Toledo, Can. So. & Detroit Ry. 1st 1956	4	34,250.00
75,000	Toledo & Ohio Centl. Ry. Co. 1st 1935	5	73,286.00
50,000	Toledo Terminal R. R. Co. 1st ..1957	4½	40,362.50
50,000	Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pac. R. R. P. L. 1940	5	45,212.50
189,000	Virginia Ry. Co. 1st 1962	4½&5	184,957.50
110,000	Wabash Rwy. Eq. Tr. 1935-1939	4½&5	109,343.69
100,000	Wabash R. R. Co. 1st 1939	5	100,000.00
170,000	West Shore R. R. Co. 1st 2361	4	141,185.00
50,000	Western N. Y. & Pa. R. R. Co. Gen. 1943	4	39,475.00
142,000	Winston-Salem S. Bound Ry. Co. 1st 1960	4	116,525.00
50,000	Wisconsin Centl. Ry. Co. 1st Gen. 1949	4	5,000.00
100,000	Alabama Pwr. Co. 1st & Rfdg. ..1967	4½	94,858.75
25,000	Altoona & Logan Valley Elec. Ry. Co. 1st .....Extended	4½	5,875.00
100,000	Bell Tel. of Canada 1st 1957	5	99,875.00
81,000	Carolina Pwr. & Lt. 1st & Rfdg. 1956	5	80,940.00
75,000	Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. 1st & Rfdg. 1957	5	75,000.00
100,000	Chester Water Service Co. 1st ..1958	4½	92,350.00
18,750	Chicago Rwys. 1st .....Extd	5	5,605.00
216,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. 1st 1960-1981	4&4½	197,956.25
100,000	Connecticut River Pr. Co. 1st ..1952	5	99,750.00
205,000	Consolidated Gas Elec. Lt. & Pr. Co. of Baltimore 1st & Ref. Mtge. 1969-1981	4&4¾	202,375.00
100,000	Consolidated Gas Co. of N. Y Gold 1957	5	93,750.00
129,000	Consumers Power Co. 1st & Unify 1958	4½	124,155.00
30,000	Dayton Power & Light Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1941	5	30,000.00
218,000	Delaware Power & Light Ct. 1st 1969	4¼	192,276.85
27,000	Duke Power Co. 1st & Rfdg 1967	4½	26,546.75
113,000	Edison Elec. Illuminating Co. of Boston, Gold 1936	5	112,370.00
24,000	Fort Pitt Traction Co. 1st Mtge. 1935	5	10,000.00
50,000	Georgia Power Co. 1st & Rfdg. ..1967	5	48,875.00
125,000	Gulf States Util. Co. Texas 1st & Rfdg. 1956-1961	4½&5	117,273.50
100,000	Hestonville, Mantua & Fairmount Pass. Rwy. Cons. 1934	5½	65,000.00
103,000	Indianapolis Pwr. & Lt. Co. 1st 1957	5	101,385.00
50,000	Madison River Pwr. Co. 1st 1935	5	40,253.40
200,000	Market St. Elev. Pass. Ry. Co. 1st 1955	4	173,336.25
50,000	Memphis Pr. & Lt. Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1978	4½	46,375.00
47,000	Milwaukee Elec. Rwy. & Lt. Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1961	5	47,000.00
85,000	Mississippi River Pwr. Co. 1st..1951	5	85,000.00
89,000	Nashville Rwy. & Lt Co. Rfdg. & Extd. 1958	5	84,151.50
75,000	Nashville Rwy. & Lt. Co. 1st Cons. 1953	5	74,250.00
100,000	New England Tel. & Tel. Co. 1st.1952	5	100,000.00
100,000	N. Y. Edison Co. 1st L. & Rfdg.1951	5	96,750.00
100,000	New York Pwr. & Lt. Corp. 1st.1967	4½	88,843.75
50,000	N. Y. & Westchester Ltg. Co. Gen. 2004	4	40,125.00
35,000	Pacific Coast Pwr. Co. 1st 1940	5	31,000.00
100,000	Penna. Power & Light Co. 1st .1981	4½	95,890.00
62,000	Pa. Water & Pwr. Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1968	4½	57,907.70
45,000	Peoples Pass. Ry. Co. 1st 1935	4	33,000.00
116,000	Phila. Elec. Co. 1st 1966	5	116,000.00
100,000	Phila. Electric Power Co. 1st ..1972	5½	98,983.10
25,000	Pitts. & Charleroi St. Ry. Co. 1st 1934	5	19,000.00
100,000	Pub. Serv. Co. of N. Ill. 1st & Rfdg. 1981	4½	97,500.00
200,000	Safe Harbor Water Pwr. Corp. 1st 1979	4½	189,952.75
147,000	Salmon River Power Co. 1st 1952	5	143,807.00
200,000	Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. o. 1st.1941	5	199,500.00
50,000	Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. 1st & Rfdg. 1954	5	50,000.00
100,000	Texas Electric Co. 1st 1960	5	98,813.75
200,000	Union Elec. Lt. & Pwr. Co. (Missouri) Gen. 1957	4½&5	190,790.00
20,000	Union Pass. Ry. Co. Extd. 1960	4	12,000.00
100,000	United Elec. Co. of N. J. 1st Mtge. 1949	4	93,676.50
34,000	West End Pass. St. Ry. Co. Extd. 1935	4	25,000.00
50,000	West Phila. Pass. Ry. 2nd 1956	5½	35,000.00
250,000	John Wanamaker 1st 1949	5½	250,000.00
65,000	Yadkin River Pwr. Co. 1st 1941	5	65,000.00
100,000	York Railways Co. 1st 1937	5	89,750.00
$22,120,750			$20,510,687.17

Loans on Collateral	79,152.82
First Mortgages on Real Estate	7,243,954.03
Real Estate (Main and Branch Offices Only)	365,000.00
Other Real Estate	243,688.60
Cash on Hand and in Banks	1,876,566.53
	$30,319,049.15

LIABILITIES

Due 44,047 Depositors	$26,861,169.60	
Surplus	2,920,857.60	
Contingent Reserve	537,021.95	
		$30,319,049.15

We, the Subscribers, Auditors, appointed by the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity, do hereby certify that we have examined the above statement, and the assets therein named, and find them correct.

WILLIAM H. EMHARDT,
ARTHUR H. JONES,
VICTOR PAUL,
CASPAR WISTAR HAINES,
JOSEPH A. SKELLY, C.M.

January 11, 1934.

SUMMARY

The following table shows the growth of the Society since 1854:

Date		Number of Accounts	Amt. of Deposits
June 1,	1855	273	$ 12,788.84
"	1859	811	75,023.85
January 1,	1867	1,146	133,631.84
"	1872	1,699	361,847.87
"	1876	3,250	581,966.50
"	1880	4,028	875,144.53
"	1884	7,190	1,429,825.13
"	1890	11,285	2,361,209.14
"	1895	13,052	2,810,673.15
"	1900	16,294	4,233,238.96
"	1905	20,966	6,171,098.37
"	1906	22,136	6,600,117.54
"	1907	23,027	6,819,680.54
"	1908	23,525	7,073,089.59
"	1909	23,526	7,237,800.94
"	1910	24,511	7,803,278.60
"	1911	25,391	8,432,959.44

"	1912	26,187	8,920,471.24
"	1913	27,438	9,516,274.94
"	1914	28,279	10,166,454.58
"	1915	28,748	10,493,595.63
"	1916	29,680	11,113,251.43
"	1917	31,351	12,475,856.49
"	1918	31,236	12,352,547.63
"	1919	31,368	12,673,422.18
"	1920	32,648	13,826,887.62
"	1921	33,704	14,939,289.83
"	1922	33,341	15,362,838.62
"	1923	33,598	16,089,240.36
"	1924	35,145	18,037,841.53
"	1925	35,649	19,378,508.30
"	1926	36,146	20,572,152.56
"	1927	36,373	21,299,361.99
"	1928	36,406	22,686,872.71
"	1929	37,583	23,732,990.99
"	1930	38,354	24,830,384.57
"	1931	39,134	26,512,360.06
"	1932	41,605	26,727,657.47
"	1933	43,028	26,960,883.08
"	1934	44,047	26,861,169.60

Total Received since organization, 1854 ..... $228,875,847.94
Total Paid Depositors 202,014,678.34

Due Depositors January 1, 1934 ..... $26,861,169.60

An account may be opened by a deposit of 10 cents, and interest is paid on all balances of $5.00 or over.

ARTHUR W. JONES, President

H. T. MONTGOMERY, Vice-President
W. N. PRICE, Secretary and Treasurer
H. H. HEWETT, Asst. Sec'y and Asst. Treas.
ROBERT H. BOLLING, Asst. Treas.
GEORGE WHARTON PEPPER, Solicitor

MANAGERS

MARRIOTT C. MORRIS	H. T. MONTGOMERY
LIVINGSTON E. JONES	J. SOMERS SMITH
WM. J. MONTGOMERY	ALFRED G. SCATTERGOOD
HARROLD E. GILLINGHAM	WALTER M. SCHWARTZ
CLARENCE M. CLARK	C. STEVENSON NEWHALL
WILLIAM A. LAW	ARTHUR W. JONES
THOMAS RAEBURN WHITE	FRANCIS B. BRACKEN

CHARLES C. WRIGGINS

The Managers serve without compensation, and neither they nor any officer or agent of the Saving Fund can directly or indirectly borrow money from, or become in any way indebted to it.

REPORT OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the report of the Auditors of the accounts of The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year ending December 31, 1933.

(For report see Appendix)

REPORT OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the Eighty-seventh Annual Report of Auditors of the accounts of The Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia.

(For report see Appendix)

REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission covering operation of the Delaware River Bridge during the year 1933.

(For report see Appendix)

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE LEHIGH NAVIGATION COMPANY REGARDING TOLLS

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the following communication:

THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY

1421 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia, Pa., December 26, 1933.

HENRY H. PEASE
Vice President and Secretary

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the General Assembly met:

In compliance with the requirements of the 19th Section of the Act of Assembly, passed March 20, 1818, entitled "An Act to Improve the Navigation of the River Lehigh", I would respectfully report that the tolls received on the Lehigh Navigation during the year 1933 amount to Three Thousand and Six Dollars and Thirty Cents ($3,006.30) according to the returns made to this office.

Very truly yorus,
HENRY H. PEASE,
Secretary.

State of Pennsylvania }
City of Philadelphia } ss:

Before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the County of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, personally appeared on this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1933, Henry H. Pease, Secretary of The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, who being duly affirmed according to law, did depose and say that the above statement is just and true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

HENRY S. PEASE.

Affirmed and subscribed before me the day and year aforesaid.

R. V. PIERCE.
Notary Public.

My commission expires February 21, 1935.

PROPOSAL BY THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE ABOLITION OF POVERTY RELATIVE TO LOANS TO FAMILIES ON RELIEF

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the Organization for the Abolition of Poverty, of Philadelphia.

HOUSE MESSAGE

JOINT SESSION TO HEAR GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock in the Hall of the House for the purpose of hearing an address of His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth.

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the following Resolution:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and the Appropriations Committee provide for the cost of the same in the bill providing for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT THE GOVERNOR TO THE HALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. BUCKMAN offered the following Resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency,

the Governor, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, Wednesday, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock, pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

ESCORT COMMITTEE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Reprsentatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency the Governor to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, Wednesday, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock, pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said Committee on part of the Senate, the Senator from Bucks, Mr. Buckman, the Senator from Westmoreland, Mr. Thompson and the Senator from Northampton, Mr. Roberts.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for fifteen minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

SENATE PROCEEDS TO HOUSE TO HEAR GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE

Messrs. Heffernan and Peelor, a committee of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House was ready for the reception of the President and members of the Senate for the purpose of listening to the reading of a message by His Excellency, the Governor.

Whereupon,

The President and members of the Senate proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives.

SENATE RETURNS FROM HOUSE

After some time the President and Senators returned to the Senate Chamber.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The PRESIDENT. Tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock there will be an informal joint session of the Senate and House in the Hall of the House to hear from a committee of the unemployed. There are about five hundred of these gentlemen housed in the Farm Show Building. They are having a convention there and they have something they want to say to you. It has been arranged to have a committee of that body orate to you tomorrow morning at 9:30 in the House.

EMPLOYEES OF THE SENATE

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection, The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOMSHER offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That by reason of vacancies existing in the offices of Chaplain of the Senate, Assistant Sergeant-At-Arms, two Clerks to Committee, and two Pages, That

Rev. William E. Howard, 3426 Parkview Ave., Pittsburgh, be elected Chaplain of the Senate, vice Dr. George P. Donehoo, deceased, and

Warren E. Myers, 827 E. Third Street, Nescopeck, be elected Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, vice William G. Jenkins, resigned, and

Robert L. Orr, Jr., of Greenville, Mercer County, be elected Clerk to Committee, vice Wells Fay, resigned, and

Paul S. Brandt, 178 Lakewood Avenue, West View, Pennsylvania, be elected Clerk to Committee, vice David F. Funkhouser, resigned, and

John R. Stutts, 2157 Penn Street, Harrisburg, be elected Page, vice Charles A. Stutts, resigned, and

Charles Blaylock, 12 South 16th Street, Harrisburg, be elected Page, vice Charles A. Douglas, resigned.

The PRESIDENT. I declare the persons named in the resolution as having been duly elected employees of the Senate.

BILL INTRODUCED

Mr. RICE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection, The Chair hears none.

Mr. RICE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of the act approved the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, (P. L. 282), entitled "An act providing for and regulating, subject to certain restrictions, limitations and liabilities, assistance to, and the burial of, certain aged indigent persons, and the administration of this act by the Department of Welfare, the trustees who administer mothers' assistance in the several counties, and others; making counties liable for certain expenses; providing penalties; and making an appropriation;" providing for assistance where children and others legally responsible for support are unable to provide the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 11:00 o'clock.

Mr. EALY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 2:43 p. m. until 11:00 o'clock Thursday morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, September 12, 1934.

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

The Speaker, the Honorable Grover C. Talbot, called the House to order.

The SPEAKER. This being the day and the hour fixed by His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth in his Proclamation convening the General Assembly in Extraordinary Session by virtue of the authority conferred upon him under Article IV, Section 12 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, the Members of the House of Representatives here assembled will now come to order.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Father, we reach out after thee, as the business of this Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly begins. We seek in this moment of supplication, the quiet, healing, steadying and inspiring power that comes to men from communion with their Divine Father.

With the din of clamorous voices in our ears, we seek to hush earth's noises and wait for the voice of Thy Spirit, lest we forget whose servants we are.

Vouchsafe to this General Assembly new insights, and large sympathies, that they may surmount all separating barriers of border, breed, or birth, in attempting to solve the problems and meet the needs of our people.

Lift the levels of our thinking and acting above the blinding fog of prejudice and self seeking. Inspire these leaders of the Commonwealth with dauntless courage and brotherly compassion to face the vast needs of the baffled and discouraged multitudes, who look to this General Assembly as once the hungry multitudes looked to the Lord for bread.

We ask in the Master's name. Amen.

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Proclamation of the Governor.

The Clerk read the proclamation as follows:

PROCLAMATION

In the Name and by Authority of the
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
Harrisburg, Pa.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Article IV, Section 12, of the Constitution, I, Gifford Pinchot, Governor of Pennsylvania, do hereby convene the General Assembly of the Commonwealth in extraordinary session, to meet in the Capitol, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, September 12, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, at twelve o'clock, noon, Eastern Standard Time, of that day, to consider legislation upon the following subjects:

Relief for the unemployed and indigent aged, any financing necessary to provide therefor, and the payment of the expenses of the extraordinary session.

(SEAL) Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the City of Harrisburg, this eighth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred fifty-eighth.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

By the Governor:

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

The SPEAKER. The Proclamation will be spread upon the Journal and printed in full in the Legislative Journal.

ROLL CALL

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll.

The roll of members was called by the Clerk and the following members answered as being present.

PRESENT—199

Andrews,	Bechtel,	Blumberg,	Brown, J. E.,
Baker,	Beech,	Boyd,	Brown, W. L.,
Baldi,	Bennett,	Brancato,	Brownfield,
Barnhardt,	Bernhard,	Brennan,	Cannon,
Caputo,	Hester,	Merrell,	Shettel,
Carey,	Hewitt,	Mohn,	Shortz,
Carson,	Himes, H. E.,	Moore,	Shreiner,
Chervenak,	Himes, L. R.,	Mumford,	Shugarts,
Cohen,	Hoffman,	Munley,	Simon,
Conner,	Holmes, J. B.,	Murphy,	Sinwell,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	Myers,	Snyder,
Cordier,	Hoopes,	Negley,	Sowers,
Craig,	Horst,	Nothnagle,	Spann,
Cramer,	Hough,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Dane,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Sterling, P.,
Davies,	Hutton,	O'Neill,	Sterling, R. B.,
DeFrehn,	Jones,	O'Rourke,	Stevens,
Denning,	Kane,	Patterson,	Stevenson,
Downey, G. E.,	King,	Peelor,	Stiteler,
Downey, J.,	Kinney,	Pennock,	Stone,
Dunmire,	Labar,	Perry, D. R.,	Storb,
Ederer,	Lane,	Perry, J. J.,	Stott,
Eroe,	Laubach,	Peters,	Surface,
Evans,	Lenahan,	Powell,	Tahl,
Fitzgerald,	Lewis,	Powers,	Terry,
Flanagan,	Long,	Price,	Trout,
Fleisher,	Lord,	Quinn,	Turner,
Flinchbaugh,	Lose,	Raub,	Wagner,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rectenwald,	Walker, G. E.,
Flynn, J. W.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Reed,	Walker, W. A.,
Forrest,	Lynch, J. R.,	Reilly,	Wall,
Furman,	Lynch, M.,	Rhodes,	Wasserman,
Gallagher,	Male,	Rice,	Way,
Gartner,	Malina,	Roan,	Weidemann,
Gillette,	Maloney,	Root,	Welsh,
Gorman,	Marcks,	Roth,	Westrick,
Green,	Mason,	Royle,	White,
Greenstein,	McBride,	Ruby,	Wike,
Griffith,	McCandless,	Ruth,	Williams, G. W.,
Habbyshaw,	McClure,	Sarig,	Williams, J. J.,
Haines,	McCreary,	Sautter,	Wilson, L. M.,
Hamilton,	McElwee,	Schrock,	Wilson, T. B.,
Harmuth,	McGinnis,	Schrope,	Witkin,
Harris,	McGrail,	Schwab,	Wood,
Hart,	McGregor,	Schwartz,	Woodside,
Hartman,	McHenry,	Scorza,	Yeakel,
Heffernan,	McKay,	Scott,	Yourishin,
Hefferon,	McKinney,	Sheffer,	Zimmerman,
Heffner,	Melchiorre,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Hermansen,	Meredith,	Shenkel,	Speaker.

The SPEAKER. A quorum of the House being present the House is ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. John M. Flynn asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. WHEELER on account of the serious illness of his mother.

The Chair laid before the House the request of the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. WADE, for leave of absence, which was granted.

The Chair laid before the House the request of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. JAFFE, for leave of absence due to his absence in Europe, which was granted.

Mr. O'ROURKE. Mr. Spcaker, I ask for leave of absence for my colleague, Dr. STEEDLE, and submit the following reasons and ask that they be read by the Clerk.

The reasons were read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

I ask for leave of absence for the gentleman from Allegheny, Dr. Joseph G. Steedle, for the entire Extraordinary Session without pay for the following reason.

In view of the fact that Dr. Steedle presently stands convicted of crime and in view of the fact that Dr. Steedle does not desire to sit in the deliberations of this House while he is under this cloud it is his wish and desire that he be granted this leave of absence without pay until the matter of his innocence or guilt has been finally decided by the Courts.

Dr. Steedle maintains that his conviction is improper and maintains his innocence, but pending a final determination of this question he does not wish to embarrass any of his friends in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Leave of absence was granted.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE GRANTED CHIEF CLERK

The Chair laid before the House the following communication from the Chief Clerk which was read by the Clerk:

Office of the Chief Clerk, House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Pa., September 12, 1934.

Honorable Grover C. Talbot, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

My dear Speaker:

At the last session of the Legislature because of the pendency of certain charges against me I requested and received a leave of absense until the next session of the Legislature.

Since that time the charges against me have been dismissed by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

At my trial my attorneys would not permit me to take the witness stand to answer the charges made against me. Their reason was that they were confident of obtaining a new trial in case of a conviction and that, therefore, a defense was unnecessary.

The charges made against me were false. I have evidence in my possession mostly documentary to establish the falsity of the charges.

I do not wish to embarrass in any way my friends who elected me Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives and from whom for years I have received courteous and considerate treatment.

I should appreciate the opportunity of appearing before a committee of your body composed of an equal number of Republicans and Democrats and to lay before such committee my evidence in answer to the charges made against me.

If such a hearing be accorded and the committee recommends to me that I resign as Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives my resignation will be presented. Pending such a hearing I will appreciate a further leave of absence without pay until the next regular session of the General Assembly.

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed) E. F. WHITE,
Chief Clerk.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that leave of absence be granted Mr. E. F. White, Chief Clerk of the House for the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature without pay.

The motion was agreed to.

NOTIFICATION FROM SENATE

The Committee of the Senate being introduced, informed the House that the Senate is ready to proceed with business, and was extended the thanks of the House.

RESOLUTION

CONFERRING DUTIES OF CHIEF CLERK ON RESIDENT CLERK

Mr. HUTTON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The Rules of this House require that certain duties and powers connected with the procedure of this House are to be performed and exercised by the Chief Clerk; and

Whereas, These powers and duties conferred by the rules cannot be legally delegated to others; therefore be it

Resolved, That any powers and duties conferred and imposed by the Rules of this House on the Chief Clerk shall, during the absence of the Chief Clerk, or in case of a vacancy in said office, be performed by the Resident Clerk of the House.

RESIGNATION OF HON. EDWIN C. EMHARDT

The Chair laid before the House communications which were read by the Clerk as follows:

Philadelphia, Pa., April 23, 1934.

Hon. Grover Talbot, Speaker, House of Representatives, Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:

I hereby tender my resignation as a Member of the Legislature from the 15th Legislative District of Philadelphia to take effect at once.

Yours very respectfully,
ECE:L EDWIN C. EMHARDT,

29 May, 1934.

Hon. Edwin C. Emhardt, 19 Maplewood Avenue, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Dear Mr. Emhardt:

This is a rather belated acknowledgment of your resignation from the Pennsylvania Legislature. The delay has been due to the fact that I have been out of town practically all the time since its arrival. Your resignation is hereby accepted.

Sincerely yours,
GCT:A GROVER C. TALBOT.

RESOLUTION

RULES OF HOUSE ADOPTED

Mr. HUTTON from the Committee on Rules offered a resolution which was twice read, considered and adopted as follows:

Resolved, That the Rules of the last Session of the House of Representatives, be the rules of this Extraordinary Session.

GROVER C. TALBOT,
A. J. WHITE HUTTON,
THOMAS WILSON,
MORTON WITKIN,
Committee on Rules.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY SENATE

Mr. DAVID R. PERRY offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House of Representatives is convened in Extraordinary Session, pursuant to the call of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and is ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY SENATE

The SPEAKER appointed as a Committee to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House has convened and ready to proceed with the business of the Session, Messrs. David R. Perry, Habbyshaw and Baldi.

REMARKS BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. For the second time during my term as Speaker, the General Assembly has been convened in Special Session. Contrary to the three former calls made by the Governor during this period of economic depression, this call does not come as the voluntary act of the Chief Executive, but has been forced on the State by the action of the Federal authorities in refusing to extend further Federal aid to the unemployed of Pennsylvania unless the General Assembly was convened. It is not my purpose to uphold or condemn this action on the part of the Federal authorities. We have been called here for a definite purpose, to provide a financial plan to care for the unemployed and aged, and it is our duty to do so just as speedily as circumstances will permit.

However, it may not be amiss to review briefly the appropriations made by the General Assembly since the commencement of the depression, and to make some comparisons with what has been done in other states. I have a particular pride in that which we have accom-

plished since my name has appeared on most of the appropriation legislation passed to give relief to our unemployed.

At the Special Session convened on November 9, 1931, Act No. 7-E made an appropriation of $10,000,000 to the Department of Welfare for distribution among the poor districts on the basis of the unemployed population in each county.

At the Special Session of 1932, convened on June 27, 1932, the State Emergency Relief Board was created by Act No. 51, and this same session witnessed the imposition of a temporary sales tax for a six months period to raise additional moneys for unemployment relief. Through the revenues derived from this tax and reduction of certain appropriations made at the Regular session of 1931, made possibly by rigid economies in the operation of the State Government, $12,000,000 was made available and appropriated for unemployment relief by Act No. 52.

At the Regular Session of 1933, a further appropriation of $18,000,000 was made for unemployment relief by Act No. 172 without additional taxation except such as was to be derived from the tax on malt beverages. However, as this amount was expended shortly it came substantially all from current revenues and further savings effected in administering the State Government. In addition to this $18,000,000, two separate acts appropriated $2,000,000 and $5,000,000 respectively for the remainder of the 1931-1933 fiscal biennium, making a total appropriation of $25,000,000 from current funds.

In the meantime at the Special Session of 1932, a constitutional amendment was proposed to borrow $25,000,000 for current expenses, with the idea of making additional moneys available for relief. This amendment was passed a second time at the Regular Session of 1933, and adopted by the voters in November, 1933. At this same Session of 1933, $20,000,000 to be derived from this bond issue was appropriated for relief, the remaining $5,000,000 being devoted to further support of hospitals and educational institutions.

A third Special Session was convened November 13, 1933, largely to enact liquor control legislation necessitated by the repeal of the 18th Amendment. A system of State Stores was established which was estimated, on data considered reliable, to show a gross operating revenue of $100,000,000, and consequently a net sufficient to appropriate an additional $20,000,000 for unemployment relief, and also make moneys available for assistance to the aged and blind. The State Stores have failed to do the gross business expected and consequently the amount of net profits expected have not been realized and the $20,000,000 thus did not become available for unemployment relief. Since the Federal Government refused longer to aid this State unless it made more moneys available, this Special Session became imperative.

It will thus be seen that $67,000,000 has been made available and expended for unemployment relief in about three years, and $20,000,000 additional appropriated from the Liquor Store profits, part of which, according to the estimates of the Liquor Control Board would have been available during this biennium. This generous contribution exceeds the average for the United States. In fact 33 states contributed less per capita than Pennsylvania. Furthermore, while Pennsylvania received from the Federal Government in 1933, $1.19 for every dollar we contributed, the 12 states south of the Mason and Dixon Line received $25.00 for every dollar they contributed.

We are called here to provide more moneys for relief. Let us do this just as speedily as possible, casting aside our political differences and working for the best interests of the Commonwealth and its people.

May I, ladies and gentlemen of the House, in closing my remarks to you say that it is, of course, with a sense of regret that I am now presiding presumably for the last time over this body. I am happy to have had the associations of loyalty and sincerity that have existed during our regular and special sessions. As I have said from this rostrum before, history will prove that the members did as they thought best for the interests of the people of this great Commonwealth, and I again take this opportunity to thank you for the respect and cooperation shown the Chair during my tenure of office.

REPORT AND DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Mr. DAVID R. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House is now convened and ready for business has performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the committee on the part of the House for the performance of its duties.

APPOINTMENT OF EMPLOYEES

The SPEAKER. In pursuance of the power vested in me by the Act of 1919, P. L. 717, the Chair appoints:

George Bailey, Philadelphia County, as Transcribing Clerk, vice William H. Clark, Deceased.

Paul Suczeyko, Philadelphia County, as Expert Typist, vice Bernard Rosenfeld, Resigned.

George E. Chillicott, Allegheny County, as Assistant Journal Clerk, vice J. Wallace Ray, Resigned.

Samuel Gray, Jr., Dauphin County, Speaker's Page, vice Paul S. Rice, Resigned.

David E. Stineman, Dauphin County, Page, vice Arthur B. Troup, Resigned.

George W. Dickey, Dauphin County, Page, vice Marlin E. Fry, Resigned.

Charles A. Ross, Dauphin County, Page, vice Samuel Gray, Resigned.

Maxwell Bratman, Sergeant-at-Arms, Philadelphia County, vice Samuel Shmukler, Resigned.

The employees named will report to the office of the Chief Clerk.

APPOINTMENT OF PARLIAMENTARIAN

The SPEAKER. In compliance with the Act of Assembly, approved the 28th day of May, 1931, the Chair appoints S. Edward Moore of Cumberland County, as Parliamentarian.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

If it meets with the approval of the General Assembly, I should like to address the members in joint session today.

I shall be glad to have you fix the hour to suit your convenience.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Mr. TURNER. Mr. Speaker, in pursuance with the request of the Governor, I move that it be granted and that this House meet in Joint Session to hear the Governor at 1.30 o'clock P. M. Standard Time.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House, if the House shall appoint such committee, to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and inform him that the General Assembly is convened in Extraordinary Session in con-

formity with the proclamation of September 8, 1934, and is ready to receive any communications he may have to make.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and the Appropriations Committee provide for the cost of the same in the bill providing for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER appointed as a Committee on the part of the House to act with a similar committee on the part of the Senate to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly has convened and is ready to proceed with the business of the session, Messrs. George W. Williams, Long and Schrock.

APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN OF APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to announce that the standing committees of the House will serve as standing committees for this extraordinary session, with the exception that in view of the fact that leave of absence has been granted to the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Steedle, Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Conner, will assume the duties of the acting chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

The Chair also desires to announce that the same committee rooms will be available for the extraordinary session that have been available in the past.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives meet in Joint Session, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock in the Hall of the House for the purpose of hearing an address of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE

Mr. HEFFERNAN offered a resolution which was twice read, considered and adopted as follows:

Resolved, That the Chair appoint a committee of two to escort the Members of the Senate to the Hall of the House, Wednesday, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock for the purpose of attending a Joint Session of the General Assembly.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House to meet in Joint Session Messrs. Heffernan and Peelor.

RESOLUTION

LIMITING INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

Mr. HUTTON from the Committee on Rules offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and adopted:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The Constitution, Article III, Section 25, provides, that "when the General Assembly shall be convened in special session, there shall be no legislation upon subjects other than those designated in the proclamation of the Governor calling such session;" and

Whereas, This provision is not directory, but mandatory, since the Supreme Court has held that any law enacted at a special session must come within the subjects set forth in the Governor's proclamation, otherwise it is unconstitutional; and

Whereas, The work of the General Assembly can be handled much more efficiently and expeditiously, and public moneys saved by avoiding excessive printing, if bills and resolutions, introduced for consideration, relate only to subjects in the Governor's call, or to such matters as are essential or necessary to the orderly procedure of this House, or of the General Assembly, or to the constitutional prerogatives of this House; therefore be it

Resolved, That no Member of the House of Representatives shall, during this extraordinary session of the General Assembly, present any bill clearly not within the subjects announced in the Governor's proclamation, or any resolution foreign to the purposes for which this extraordinary session was convened, other than such resolutions as are essential or necessary to the orderly procedure of this House, or of the General Assembly, or as relate to the constitutional prerogatives of this House;

Resolved, That any bill or resolution presented contrary to the terms of this resolution, shall not be considered by this House on its merits;

Resolved, That when any action is being taken or is about to be taken on or in relation to any bill or resolution, any Member of this House shall be privileged to raise a point of order that such bill or resolution is on a subject, consideration of which is prohibited under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution or both. Thereupon the Speaker shall submit the point of order to the House for decision. On such point of order the merits of the bill or resolution may not be debated, but debate shall be limited to the question whether the bill or resolution is on a subject which may be considered under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution.

GROVER C. TALBOT,
A. J. WHITE HUTTON,
THOMAS WILSON,
MORTON WITKIN.

MR. HUTTON IN THE CHAIR

The SPEAKER. The House will be at ease awaiting communications from the Senate.

THE SPEAKER (GROVER C. TALBOT) IN THE CHAIR

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 12, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three on the part of the Senate be appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to escort His Excellency, the Governor, to the Hall of the House to address the Members of the General Assembly in Joint Session, Wednesday, September 12, 1934, at 1:30 o'clock, pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO ESCORT GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee on the part of the House to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the Senate to escort the Governor to the Hall of the House, Messrs. Harry E. Himes, McCreary and Philip Sterling.

RESOLUTION

DIRECTING PAYMENT OF UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF IN CASH

Mr. HOOPES offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, Most of the persons receiving food vouchers in Pennsylvania are involuntarily unemployed, and

Whereas, The food voucher system greatly restricts the freedom of purchase by

1. Compelling the receiver to buy all supplies from the same merchant even though some articles can be bought more cheaply elsewhere.

2. Preventing the purchase of fresh vegetables, fruits, eggs and dairy products directly from farmers.

3. Denying the unemployed the right to buy many incidentals and services which in particular cases are almost as necessary as food, and

Whereas, The Director of the State Emergency Relief Board and many others actively engaged in the distribution of unemployment relief have publicly declared themselves in favor of cash relief, and

Whereas, Cash relief has always been one of the foremost demands of the organized unemployed, and

Whereas, It is socially desirable to maintain the morale and self-respect of the unemployed by preserving their freedom, now therefore

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania that the funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed to the unemployed in cash instead of food vouchers.

RESOLUTION

LIMITING COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS

Mr. McCREARY offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

We believe that never before in the history of the Commonwealth has the Legislature of Pennsylvania met either in regular or Extraordinary Session during such grave, serious and momentous times as those that now exist within and without its confines.

It is futile and unnecessary to enumerate the pitiable and humiliating condition into which millions of our reputable and law abiding citizens have been forced through no fault of their own but by reason of the circumstances growing out of the world wide depression. Every city, village and hamlet of the Commonwealth has its full quota of these unfortunates who for years have been compelled to reluctantly eat the bread of charity.

The purpose of this Extraordinary Session of the Legislature is to make available additional funds with which to provide food, shelter and clothing for this great army of our fellow citizens.

It is estimated that the Commonwealth will have to expend at least three million dollars per month for this purpose and to continue uninterruptedly this stream of giving for an indefinite period of time.

In every business enterprise an unexpected or emergency expense is offset or equalized if possible by a reduction in operating cost; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That it is the belief of the Members of the Legislature that it should do the very same thing and cut its operating cost to the lowest possible limit and demonstrate to the citizens of the Commonwealth its willingness to share in some degree the sacrifices that so many others are compelled to make; and be it further

Resolved, That the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives of this Legislature hereby agree and bind themselves to accept from the Commonwealth for attendance at this Extraordinary Session only their actual necessary expenses incurred by reason of such attendance, and that each member shall at the conclusion of the session file with the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House an itemized statement of the exact expense so incurred and to receive the amount thereof as full compensation in lieu of the amount specified by law.

RESOLUTION

APPOINTING SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE FINANCE PLANNING COMMITTEE

Mr. TURNER offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The revenues of the Commonwealth have materially decreased during the last two fiscal bienniums due to the economic depression, and there is at this time no assurance that this condition will be remedied in the near future; and

Whereas, It is apparent that even after the greatest possible economy has been practiced in government, additional revenue will likely be required to finance unemployment relief, assistance to the aged and blind, and to provide for the amortization of indebtedness recently incurred; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That a Special Legislative Finance Planning Committee is hereby created which shall consist of four Members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, and three Members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, whose duty it shall be: (1) to make a comprehensive study of the finances of the Commonwealth and the sources from which the same are raised; (2) to compile, for the information of the Legislature, estimates of future revenue from existing tax and revenue laws, and estimates of the proper amount of expenditures for the various functions of government during the next biennium; (3) to determine whether the raising of additional revenue for existing or new sources is likely to become necessary, and the most equitable ways and means of raising the same; (4) to offer to cooperate with the Governor and the Budget Secretary in devising a comprehensive financial plan for the Commonwealth in order that the credit of the Commonwealth may be preserved, the functions of government performed, and the welfare activities upon which the Commonwealth has embarked or may embark, may be adequately financed; and (5) to make a report to the Legislature at the regular session of the Legislature not later than February first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five;

Resolved, That the membership on said Committee of any Member or Senator who is re-elected at the general election in November, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, shall continue until the final report of the Committee is completed notwithstanding the expiration of the term of office during which he or she was so appointed a member of the Committee. Any vacancy happening on said Committee shall be filled by the officer who made the original appointment;

Resolved, That the said Committee shall have power to issue subpoenas under the hand and seal of its chairman, requesting and commanding any person or persons to appear before them and to answer such questions touching matters properly being inquired into by the Committee and to produce such books, papers, records and documents as the Committee may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any person and shall have the same force and effect as subpoenas issued out of the courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of said committee shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations to witnesses appearing before the committee. Any person who shall

wilfully neglect or refuse to testify before said committee or to produce any books, papers, records or documents shall be subject to the penalties provided by the laws of the Commonwealth in such cases.

REPORT AND DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Mr. GEORGE W. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, your committee, appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the Senate, to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly is organized, have performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair extends the thanks of the House to the Committee.

REPORT ON THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of The Dollar Savings Bank, Pittsburgh for the year ending December 31, 1933.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 79th Annual Statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and its vicinity.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA

The SPEAKER laid before the House the 87th Annual Report of the Auditors of the Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year ending December 31, 1933.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Delaware River Joint Commission of Pennsylvania and New Jersey for the year 1933.

The SPEAKER. The report will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows:

REASONS FOR PARDONS

Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith the reasons for pardons granted by me from December 20, 1933 to date.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

The SPEAKER. The communication and the reasons for pardon will be noted in the Journal and printed in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

RESOLUTION

REQUESTING INFORMATION FROM AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The General Assembly reduced the salary paid members of the House and Senate from $3,000 to $2,500 for the elective term making possible a substantial reduction in expenditures and

Whereas, The General Assembly's economy program terminated with the reduction in legislative salaries and

Whereas, There is a possibility that similar reductions could be made in other directions without impairing the efficiency of the various departments and bureaus through which the State Government operates; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Auditor General be requested to furnish this House with the following information:

First—What would be the annual reduction in expenditures if all salaries in excess of $1,800 a year not fixed by statute, were reduced from the January 1, 1933 level in the proportion that the salaries paid members of the General Assembly were reduced.

Second—What would be the reduction in expenditures if all State officers and State employes and members of the judiciary receiving statutory salaries were for the six months period beginning October 1, 1934 to be placed temporarily upon a drawing account basis, receiving only sixty per cent of the amount regularly due them.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will declare a recess until 1:20 o'clock P. M. today. Are there objections? The Chair hears none and (at 1:06 o'clock P. M.) the Chair declared a recess until 1:20 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The House will be in order. The committee appointed to wait upon and escort His Excellency the Governor to the Hall of the House will proceed to perform that duty.

REPORT AND DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Mr. HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to escort the members of the Senate to the Hall of the House for the purpose of attending a Joint Session has performed that duty and the members of the Senate are now present.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House. The President of the Senate is invited to preside over the Joint Session of the General Assembly; the President Pro Tempore is invited to a seat on the rostrum and the members of the Senate will be seated in the chairs provided for them in the front of the House.

JOINT SESSION

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR EDWARD C. SHANNON PRESIDING

The SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE SENATE. Mr. President, I have the honor to present to you the Committee appointed to escort the Governor of the Commonwealth to the Hall of the House to address the Joint Assembly.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I have the honor to present to you His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, who will address the Joint Session.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR SHANNON. Members of the General Assembly, the Chair has great honor in presenting His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, who will now address you.

ADDRESS OF THE GOVERNOR

GOVERNOR PINCHOT. Ladies and Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

Throughout the present Administration relief for the unemployed has been, as it still is, the most pressing problem before the people of Pennsylvania.

While I was still a candidate for the office of Governor, I appointed a Committee on Unemployment Relief, and after I became Governor relief was considered at both regular sessions, and at three

extra sessions of the Legislature called specifically for that purpose. The present and fourth extra session is therefore the sixth session of the General Assembly in this Administration to deal with relief.

Not even during the Civil War has any Governor of Pennsylvania until now had occasion to call the General Assembly together so many times in Extraordinary Session.

Pennsylvania, because of her great industrial development, has suffered far more severely than the average of the States. At the time when unemployment was at its height, in May, 1933, about two million persons were dependent upon relief for their daily bread. On the first of the present month, in spite of the progress of recovery, more than a million and a quarter were still on relief.

There is strong reason to fear that this number will grow larger during the coming winter rather than less.

From May, 1932 to September 1, 1934, the total amount appropriated or made available by the State for unemployment relief is $87,000,000.

From May, 1932 to September 1, 1934, the total amount contributed by the Federal Government for unemployment relief in Pennsylvania is $129,000,000. In addition the Federal Government has allotted $10,500,000 for September.

The present extra session was called because the Federal Government, which has paid practically the whole cost of unemployment relief in Pennsylvania since April 1, requires a Legislative guarantee that the State "will assume a proper share of the burden."

In return the Federal Government has promised that it will "continue to assist the State in a substantial way."

Negotiations with the Federal Government with regard to the share to be contributed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for relief in Pennsylvania, and in the effort to avoid an extra session, have continued over many months.

Letter From the President

As a public document of the first importance in the relief record, I quote a letter addressed by the President of the United States to the Governor of Pennsylvania on May 30, 1934:

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON May 30, 1934.

My dear Governor:

I want to write you this brief note relative to Pennsylvania's contribution to unemployment relief work during the coming year.

I appreciate fully the splendid manner in which the State has met its responsibilities up to date. I am also aware of the constitutional difficulties relative to your inability to bond the State for relief purposes.

On the other hand, I am convinced that in this crisis the States and municipalities should share to the extent of their ability the costs of unemployment relief, and not leave the burden entirely to the Federal Government. I would not presume to indicate to you the way this should be done in Pennsylvania, but I feel very strongly that an effort should be made by you to induce the State to assume a proper share of the burden.

You can count on the Federal Emergency Relief Administration to continue to assist the State in a substantial way.

Very sincerely yours,
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

His Excellency
Gifford Pinchot,
Governor of Pennsylvania,
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Reply to the President

My reply, under date of June 10, 1934, was as follows:

Dear President Roosevelt:

Your letter of May 30th, in which you indicate your strong desire that an effort should be made to raise additional unemployment relief funds in Pennsylvania, would have been acknowledged earlier had I not seen both you and Administrator Hopkins in the interim.

I recognize, of course, the difficulties which the Federal Government must face in continuing to supply relief funds on so large a scale to the States, and I appreciate profoundly the generosity of Washington. Nevertheless, I venture to call your attention to the peculiar situation in which Pennsylvania finds herself.

Pennsylvania, under her Constitution, cannot incur a total debt of more than $1,000,000. Yet in the year 1933, Pennsylvania raised forty-five per cent of all relief monies expended in the State. This was a larger sum than in any other State except New York, which can borrow. It was made possible largely because a Constitutional Amendment for a loan of $25,000,000 had fortunately passed two sessions of the Legislature and could be adopted by the people.

Under the decision of our Supreme Court, no new Constitutional Amendment, whether for relief or any other purpose, can even be submitted to the people until 1938.

In all, to provide relief, I have called three extra sessions of the Legislature, which sessions sat for a total period of six months. If the Federal Government insists, I shall have no choice but to call another one. But I question the wisdom of doing so.

Pennsylvania is one of fifteen states out of the forty-eight which contributed more than forty-five per cent of all relief expenditures during the year 1933. The contribution of the Federal Government to the other thirty-three states all exceeded the percentage of its contributions to Pennsylvania.

In fourteen States, Federal relief funds amounted to seventy-five per cent of all relief expenditures. In thirteen Southern States, they amounted to about ninety-five per cent. In one Southern State, to one hundred per cent.

From April 1st, 1933 to April 1st, 1934, State and local funds in Pennsylvania provided upwards of $47,038,000.00 while Federal Funds during the same period provided $42,144,000.00.

Taking the States as a whole, including those which can borrow and those which cannot, the Federal Government is already carrying more than three-quarters of the total relief load.

While it is true that Pennsylvania is one of the richest States, it is equally true that taxes paid by her citizens to the Federal Government are correspondingly large. In the final analysis, Pennsylvania's share of Federal taxes, whether present or future, will go in part to pay the costs of relief in other States. And it should not be forgotten that Pennsylvania's relief burden, because of the nature of her industries, is among the heaviest in the whole United States.

Pennsylvania has no State income tax. If an extra session were to enact one, for relief purposes, it would promptly be attacked as unconstitutional. If the Supreme Court were to follow its previous decisions, such a tax would be declared to be unconstitutional. In any case, relief funds from an income tax could not be made available during the present emergency.

The only tax which might produce relief funds promptly would be some form of sales tax. But a sales tax with any chance of passage could produce but a relatively small amount and it would operate directly to hamstring recovery.

To tap funds now available for the employment of men in highway construction would merely increase the number of families on relief by approximately the number of men thus thrown out of work. It would get us nowhere.

In the absence of an income tax, State and local taxation to provide funds for relief in Pennsylvania must necessarily bear on the great mass of the population, who are at least able to pay.

As a matter of fact, nearly every municipality in Pennsylvania has either exhausted its legal borrowing power or for other reasons cannot borrow. Real estate taxation has reached the point of diminishing returns. For all practical purposes, local relief funds are not available.

Federal funds, however, can be raised mainly from those who are best able to pay. Therefore they would not reduce the purchasing power of the great mass of the population, to the increase of which we must look for recovery.

The proper method is to borrow funds to be repaid in more prosperous times. This the Federal Government can do. Pennsylvania cannot.

These considerations go to the merits of the case. But there are other and most practical considerations which should not be overlooked.

First: Funds from any tax laid by a special session of the Pennsylvania Legislature to provide relief would not be available for a number of months. No new tax can be collected overnight.

Second: The willingness of the Legislature to impose additional tax burdens on the people with an election staring them in the face is subject to grave doubt.

To summarize the situation, the facts are:

First: That Pennsylvania has made every effort to raise funds for relief, and in view of her inability to borrow, has done exceptionally well.

Second: That the great majority of the States have received a far larger percentage of relief funds from the Federal Government than Pennsylvania.

Third: That it is useless to expect an extra session of the Legislature called during the present Summer to raise new taxes sufficient to maintain or even to come near maintaining the State's proportion of relief expenditures during the last twelve months.

Fourth: However far another extra session of the Legislature might fall below providing the proportion of relief funds which the Federal Government may ask, it is obvious that American citizens unemployed in Pennsylvania cannot be allowed to starve.

May I add in conclusion that I have been assured by members of the Federal Relief Administration that the manner in which relief funds have been administered in Pennsylvania compares favorably with that of any other state.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Letter From Administrator Hopkins

On June 30, 1934, Harry L. Hopkins, Federal Emergency Relief Administrator, wrote me as follows:

FEDERAL EMERGENCY RELIEF ADMINISTRATOR

Washington, D. C.
June 30, 1934.

Hon. Gifford Pinchot,
Governor of Pennsylvania,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Governor Pinchot:

I talked to the President today about the question of Pennsylvania providing its share of relief funds. The President has examined your letter with care and feels, as he indicated to you sometime ago, that the Federal Government should not be asked to carry the full cost of relief in Pennsylvania. His belief is that, as a matter of national policy, the States and local communities should cooperate in caring for the unemployed. He is fully appreciative of everything that has been done in the past in Pennsylvania.

I feel, therefore, that I must renew my previous indications to you that it is my intention to provide a reasonable share of the total relief costs in Pennsylvania. I realize that Pennsylvania would find it difficult to provide funds during the immediate future and I am, therefore, prepared to make appropriations to Pennsylvania during the months of July and August of $11,000,000 and $10,000,000 respectively. After September 1st these appropriations will be substantially adjusted and reviewed in the light of any appropriations made available from the State of Pennsylvania.

Very sincerely yours,
HARRY L. HOPKINS,
Administrator.

Recent negotiations with the Federal Government concerning Pennsylvania's share in relief are fresh in your minds.

The New York Conference

On August 28th a conference was held in Washington between Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Eric H. Biddle, Director of State Emergency Relief in Pennsylvania, and myself. Three days later another was held in New York at which the same persons were present, together with Hon. Wm. A. Schnader and Mr. M. Harvey Taylor. Both conferences were part of the effort to avoid the necessity for an extra session.

After the conclusion of the New York conference, Mr. Hopkins wrote me as follows:

THE WALDORF-ASTORIA
New York

August 31, 1934.

Governor Gifford Pinchot
The Waldorf-Astoria
New York

My dear Governor:

For months the Federal Emergency Relief Administration has provided most of the money for the relief of the destitute unemployed in Pennsylvania. I have repeatedly called to your attention the necessity for Pennsylvania to carry its share of the cost of unemployment relief and on June 30th, I specifically notified you that after September 1st there would have to be a readjustment of Federal grants, which would represent an appropriate apportionment of the cost between the State and the Federal Government. I have assured you that the Federal Emergency Relief Administration was prepared to make grants to you to discharge its full and reasonable responsibility. These assurances I now renew.

I shall make funds available to you upon evidence of action on the part of the State. Postponing this matter until the next session of the Legislature, which I understand you to suggest, seems to me to be insufficient. I appreciate the reasons which you advance for this, but the compelling interests of the unemployed require more immediate action.

Very sincerely yours,
HARRY L. HOPKINS,
Federal Emergency Relief Administrator.

Final Plea to Federal Authorities

In a final but unsuccessful effort to avoid the necessity for calling the General Assembly into extraordinary session I replied on the same day as follows:

Milford, Pa.,
August 31, 1934.

Hon. Harry L. Hopkins,
Federal Emergency Relief Administrator,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hopkins:

Shortly after our conference today you handed me a letter in which you said: "I shall make (Federal relief) funds available to you upon evidence of action on the part of the State. Postponing this matter until the next session of the Legislature, which I understand you to suggest, seems to me to be insufficient."

In numerous conferences I have pointed out to you the reasons why another extra session for relief need not and should not be called, but at the same time have repeatedly assured you that if you demanded an extra session as a condition of continuing Federal contributions, of course I would call it.

If the Federal Government will supply no more relief funds to Pennsylvania unless an extra session is called, I shall be obliged to call one. But your letter does not mention an extra session, and contains no direct demand for one.

Before deciding to make such a demand I hope you will give full consideration to the following statements of fact:

First. If an extra session were called it could produce no immediate cash for relief. There is no unobligated money in the Treasury to be appropriated, under our Constitution Pennsylvania cannot borrow, and no new form of tax which an extra session might pass (if it passed any) could possibly produce available cash within less than sixty days.

Second. An extra session called during the present political campaign would make relief in Pennsylvania the football of politics.

I have left no stone unturned to keep relief in Pennsylvania out of politics. It never should be allowed to get into politics.

Third: The calling of an extra session against which the people of Pennsylvania are substantially unanimous could not fail to hurt the cause of relief and to make the problem of securing funds, hitherto difficult enough, far more difficult still.

Fourth. You ask for action. Pennsylvania has already taken action. At the last of three special sessions called to provide relief the Legislature appropriated $20,000,000 from the profits of the State Liquor Stores. But here, as elsewhere, revenues from liquor fell below estimates. Nevertheless we can, and we are ready to, contribute $6,000,000 from this source for relief between now and the first of the year, and given time, every cent of the rest.

Funds for direct relief only are available for one more week. There is, therefore, time for consideration?

Most sincerely and earnestly I urge you to accept the following plan by which funds would be produced in far larger amount than from any extra session, relief would be kept out of politics, opposition to State relief appropriations would be minimized or eliminated, and the obligation of Pennsylvania to the Federal Government would be met with a minimum of irritation and a maximum of certainty.

Under this plan (a) Pennsylvania will contribute $6,000,000 in equal monthly installments before January 1, 1935. (b) I will, under existing law, and before January 1, 1935, transfer $14,000,000 from motor license funds which will come in during November and December, but are not now in the Treasury, to

the General Fund. (c) I will then, since the transferred money cannot be used for relief until appropriated, ask the regular session of the Legislature which meets on January 1st to appropriate that sum to meet the past obligation of the State for relief, and to provide for returning the $1,000,000 to the Motor Fund. Future obligations would naturally be taken care of by the same regular session.

This plan, once approved by you, and recommended by the Governor to the Legislature, could not but be faithfully and promptly carried out. It would be an affront to the honor and intelligence of the General Assembly and the people of Pennsylvania to assume that any such arrangement made between yourself and the Governor of the Commonwealth, within the sum already appropriated, would not be carried out.

By this plan cash in large amounts would be made available without awaiting the issue of the struggle over what form the new taxes should take; relief would be kept out of politics; and any delay in getting the actual cash could not exceed sixty days beyond the time when an extra session could produce an improbable something, and would probably be less than a single month. Meantime six million dollars would have been paid in.

The record of Pennsylvania on relief compares favorably, all things considered, with any State in the Union. Then why should the Federal Government crack down on Pennsylvania, which, before April 1st of this year, contributed substantially one-half of all funds spent for relief?

Of the 48 States only 10 did as much. With full allowance for all Federal contributions since April 1st, not half the States have done as well. During the last year the Federal Government contributed more than 90 per cent in 12 States, more than 70 per cent in 25 States, and more than 50 per cent in 38 out of the 48 States. You have yourself repeatedly asserted that Pennsylvania has done well.

It must not be forgotten that Pennsylvania has steadily contributed in taxes to the Federal Government far more than it has received from the Federal Government in any and all ways.

In conclusion, I repeat that I stand ready to call an extra session upon receipt of your assurance that without one Federal relief for Pennsylvania will stop. But in the light of the foregoing facts, and for the future of our unemployed, I urge you not to demand an extra session but instead to make available the necessary funds for relief until the regular session of the General Assembly in January next.

Sincerely yours,

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Plan is Rejected

The plan thus submitted to Mr. Hopkins, and rejected by him, was based on the precedent of an agreement made with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in May, 1933, under which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation undertook, for the new Federal Emergency Relief Administration, to advance approximately half the cost of relief from April 1, 1933 to March 31, 1934; and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, through its principal elective officers, undertook to contribute approximately one-half for the same period.

These agreements were faithfully executed on both sides, and appeared to me to furnish a valid precedent for similar action at this time.

The Federal Government, according to the best information available to me, is at the present time carrying about eighty per cent of the cost of unemployment relief throughout the United States, and the States and local governments the rest.

During the period from January 1, 1933, to March 31, 1934, the Federal Government provided more than 90 per cent of the relief expenditures in 12 states, more than 70 per cent in 25 states, and more than 50 per cent in 38 states. In that period Pennsylvania provided substantially fifty per cent. Some states provided less than one per cent.

While it has little bearing on the present situation, it is my belief that the people of the United States would find the relief load less heavy, and that the burden would fall more equitably on those who are best able to bear it, if the Federal Government took over the remaining twenty per cent and paid the whole bill.

In that belief I was the first Governor to advocate Federal contributions to unemployment relief. I did so long before the first of such contributions was made. The people of Pennsylvania would have been in sorry case if the effort to secure Federal contributions, so much derided in high places when the idea was first suggested, had not been fought through to a successful conclusion.

But whatever may be our theoretical conclusion as to where the burden of relief should fall, it is, as a great Democrat once said, a condition and not a theory which confronts us. And it is beyond dispute that the Federal Government has the power to demand State contributions as a condition of continuing to contribute itself.

Under these circumstances Pennsylvania undertook to contribute twenty million dollars from the profits of the State Liquor Stores as a part of its contribution, until the next regular session of the Legislature could decide upon future contributions and the sources from which they should be made.

Here as elsewhere in the United States, the profits from the sale of liquor, both public and private, fell far short of the estimate. Consequently, none of the twenty million dollars appropriated by the Commonwealth for unemployment relief has been paid.

State Must Bear Its Share

That it must be paid is indisputable. The honor of the Commonwealth requires that provision for the payment of this appropriation shall be made, and the position of the Federal Government requires that it shall be made at once.

There are no unobligated funds in the General Fund of the State Treasury which can be appropriated to meet this debt. Under our Constitution, Pennsylvania can borrow no more than a million dollars without a Constitutional Amendment—and no Constitutional Amendment can be submitted to the people before 1938.

Under the circumstances there are, so far as I have been able to learn, but two roads open to the General Assembly by which the twenty million dollars can be provided.

One is the imposition of new taxes, upon the difficulties, dangers, and delays of which I do not need to dwell. Nevertheless, this is a method which the General Assembly can adopt if it chooses to do so, after such consideration as it may decide to give.

The other is by the temporary transfer, and later repayment, including interest, of money from a number of funds now in the Treasury, each devoted to a certain specific purpose, but for the most part not due to be paid out in the immediate future, this plan would necessarily involve delay in the payment of certain subsidies to very worthy purposes, but under present conditions relief is the most pressing and worthiest purpose of all.

I repeat that the choice of the method to be used in raising money for relief is wholly in the hands of the General Assembly. The decision is for it to make.

Funds Which Can Be Transferred

These funds are as follows:

Fire Insurance Tax Fund: Balance on August 31, 1934, $1,817,267. Estimated receipts, September 1, 1934—January 31, 1935, $6,300. Total available for transfer, $1,823,567.

Liquid Fuels Tax Fund: Balance on August 31, 1934, $1,520,638. Estimated receipts, September 1, 1934—January 31, 1935, $2,244,625. Total available for transfer, $3,765,263.

Liquor License Fund: Balance on August 31, 1934, $59,233. Es-

timated receipts, September 1, 1934—January 31, 1935, $2,076,950. Total available for transfer, $2,136,183.

State Insurance Fund: In the State Insurance Fund there is a balance of $1,548,000, of which $1,000,000 is represented by investments and $548,000 in cash. The law provides that any amount over $1,000,000 in that Fund shall be transferred to the General Fund, so that the $548,000 in cash may be transferred to the General Fund without further legislation.

State School Fund: In this fund on August 31, 1934, there was a balance of $1,523,900, of which $81,620 was in cash and $1,442,280 in investments. Estimated receipts from September 1, 1934, to January 31, 1935, are $85,525, making a total of $1,609,425. If you should desire to transfer the whole balance of this Fund, the securities now held could in all probability be purchased by other State Custodial Funds to make the cash available for transfer.

Manufacturing Fund: Balance on August 31, 1934, $485,000. From that amount $200,000 could be transferred and still leave sufficient working capital.

The reduced estimate of profits from the State Liquor Store System for this biennium is $6,500,000 instead of $20,000,000. Of that amount pensions for the blind, since June 1, 1934, have consumed $240,000; and $660,000 will be required by January 31, 1935—leaving $5,600,000 in the State Stores' Fund available toward the payment of the existing appropriation.

All of these amounts added together make a total of $15,682,438 available for transfer, if you so decide.

The remaining fund from which transfers may be made is the Motor License Fund.

Whatever amount the General Assembly decides to transfer from that Fund will by so much reduce the road program until re-paid, and therefore reduce work-relief for the unemployed. This is not true of any of the other Funds mentioned.

Because of the obligations already incurred, it will not be possible to transfer money from the Motor License Fund before December. After that time there will be available for transfer, up to the end of January, 1935, the amount necessary to complete the $20,000,000.

I recommend that the amount to be transferred from the Motor License Fund be kept as small as possible, so that work-relief may be reduced as little as possible. There is not much to be gained by cutting off work-relief on the roads and then supplying food-relief to the same men and their families out of the same money.

It is fortunate that under the suggestion made above the amounts to be transferred from the Motor License Fund can be much less than the $14,000,000 mentioned in my letter of August 31 to Mr. Hopkins. That would have cut out much work on the roads. A smaller transfer will cut out correspondingly less.

I desire to emphasize the fact that any transfer of money from most of these Funds could be only temporary. Any money temporarily taken from them to meet this emergency would have to be returned within a reasonable time.

Furthermore, I desire to give notice that I shall be unable to approve any bill transferring money from any of these Funds (except money from the State Insurance Fund, the Manufacturing Fund, and the State Stores' profits, which are available for expenditure without return), unless the Legislature makes at the same time a specific declaration that the transfer is only temporary, and that the money transferred will be returned to the Fund from which it was temporarily taken, not later than a specified date.

Session Confined to Relief

There has been much public discussion of the question whether my call for the present extra session should be confined to relief alone, or whether it should be open to other questions.

I have already made to the people of Pennsylvania a statement of my reasons for confining this session to relief alone, and I have here added that statement to this message.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

I have called the General Assembly into extraordinary session to deal with unemployment relief, and relief alone. All other legislation has been omitted from the call for this chief reason:

The platforms of both Democratic and Republican parties pledge substantially all the legislation I might have included in the call.

The success of this legislation, thus pledged by both parties, is therefore assured at the coming regular session. It could have been assured in no other way.

I have fought the battle for such legislation for many years. At last we are in sight of victory.

If the Republican party had not given its pledge to support the legislation for which I have been fighting, as the Democratic party had already done, I would have included every item of it, win or lose, in the call for this extra session. Advance notice was given to that effect.

Among the measures for which I have fought that are promised in both platforms are: Minimum wages for women and children; abolition of sweatshops and company-paid deputy sheriffs; repeal of industrial police law; State regulation of private banks; and State control of increases in public utility rates.

The plain people of Pennsylvania now have such pledges from both the great political parties as they never had before. In the present temper of our people any party that went back on its pledge of progressive legislation would be through.

The present extra session, like three others before it, is called to provide relief.

Relief must be kept out of politics. I will not lend myself to the recent attempt to make relief into a political football for partisan advantage.

Furthermore, we must have quick action on relief, and a session confined to relief is the only way to get it. We have relief money for September only. A wide-open session obviously could not act in time to secure Federal funds for October.

In July I said in a public statement: "If the people have to pay for an extra session for unemployment relief * * * they will get their money's worth if I have my way * * * I expect to include in the call a number of things which our people really need and for which I have fought."

That was true when I said it. Since that statement was made the whole situation has changed. At this late date the way for the people to get their money's worth is through a short session, not a long one.

The Constitution of Pennsylvania wisely separated the time for regular sessions of the General Assembly from the time for political campaigns and elections. To lay before the extra session of the Legislature nearly everything that needs to be done in Pennsylvania, just before an election, would transfer the campaign from the stump, where it belongs, to the Capitol at Harrisburg, where it does not belong.

A wide-open session, composed mainly of active candidates, and called only seven weeks before election, would be a political bear garden. Out of it little social or other constructive legislation could be expected to come. It is, moreover, the same General Assembly which has already defeated the measures for which I have been fighting.

I have consulted many men of experience, both in and out of the Legislature, as to whether the extra session would pass laws dealing with subjects other than relief if they were included in the call. Without a single exception they have confirmed my judgment that at this time, just before election, the session would refuse to act upon them. The regular session will be pledged to act and cannot refuse.

This Administration has already secured approval of the Child Labor Amendment, broken all records in building roads for the peo-

ple, abolished unfair labor injunctions and the yellow dog contract, secured pensions for the blind, forced through old age assistance, for the first time in American history called out troops to protect the workers, and has done many other things with which it has reason to be satisfied.

I would have been glad and proud beyond measure if I could have added to this record the other things for which I have fought.

It would have been easy to include these things in the call, lay the blame of their defeat on others, and thus avoid much criticism. But dodging criticism has never been my habit. I am not willing to sacrifice the lasting interests of the many to a temporary advantage for myself. I will not grasp at the shadow and let the substance go in order to escape abuse.

My chief concern as I retire from public office is to see that the people of Pennsylvania get the remaining laws they need. I have done what I believe to be best to that end, confident that the future will justify my course.

I am confident that my action in this matter will meet with the overwhelming approval of our people, and that of a large majority of the members of the General Assembly.

Help to Aged Must Not Be Denied

The law for Old Age Assistance, passed at the last extra session, provides for the payment of relief from the profits of the State Liquor Stores.

The same failure of these profits which is the underlying cause for the present extra session, is also responsible for the fact that unless provision is made for this most important branch of relief, many thousands of the indigent aged will go without the assistance which the Commonwealth has promised them. Provision for them should be made at the same time as provision for the relief of the other unemployed.

Public Service Commission

Once more I call the attention of the people of Pennsylvania, and of the Senate, to the repeated refusals of that body to confirm the Public Service Commissioners I have appointed. These men have proved themselves to be faithful public servants, militantly on the side of the people against grasping public utilities.

They have already saved the people of Pennsylvania some five million dollars a year in their electric bills, and have initiated action which will result in greater savings still.

There is no excuse whatever for failure to confirm them. Such failure, if it is repeated at this session, will rightly be attributed by the people to a desire to protect the utilities against the people, and not to protect the people against the utilities.

Expenses of Session

You will need to make provision for the expenses of this session. There is no free money in the General Fund to cover an appropriation for this purpose. It will therefore be necessary to provide for this item also by temporary transfer.

It has been proposed that the members of the General Assembly at this extra session should refuse to accept any pay for their labors. That proposal seems to me to be unfair to the many members of this body who cannot afford to give their time and pay their own expenses at Harrisburg.

While I do not believe that the members of the General Assembly should pay themselves the considerable sum of $500 apiece for as short a session as I hope this one will be, I do believe it would be fair and right both to them and to the taxpayers of Pennsylvania if they should provide a reasonable per diem for expenses, such as $10.00 a day for each calendar day of their attendance in Harrisburg upon the duties of the session, in addition, of course, to the usual mileage.

If the General Assembly so desires, it will be possible for it to conclude its labors and adjourn within six legislative days. I believe such action would meet with the unanimous approval of the people, and I urge it most strongly upon you.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR SHANNON. Thank you Governor Pinchot. I am sure the members of the General Assembly will give your message due and careful consideration.

ADJOURNMENT OF JOINT SESSION

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR SHANNON. The business for which the Joint Session of the General Assembly was convened having been transacted, the Joint Session is adjourned. The Senators will immediately assemble in the Senate Chamber.

THE SPEAKER (GROVER C. TALBOT) IN THE CHAIR.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The members are privileged to introduce their bills now by filing them with the Bill Clerk to the left of the rostrum, making certain that the three copies are legibly endorsed and dated before they are handed in.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 1.

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 2.

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 3.

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 4.

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 5.

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 6.

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 7.

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WITKIN. HOUSE BILL NO. 8.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CONNER. HOUSE BILL NO. 9.

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to lay before the House some information. During the session there has been a group of the unemployed visited the Speaker's office. They are requesting the privilege of coming before a joint session of the Assembly either to-day or to-morrow. They are further requesting that if there is a joint Assembly that two hours be given to them. First, may I say to the Members that we are here on official business and I am laying before you members for your own decision as to what time this House shall meet to-morrow and how long we will allow, in time, the unemployed. To-day it would appear to the Chair that it would be impossible to receive them, because if there are no objections it is the thought of the Chair that after current business is dispatched, we will take a recess until 5:00 o'clock. The Chair lays before this body for their decision, first, the question as to the time of the meeting of this body to-morrow; second, as to the time and the hour to be given to the unemployed. The House will have to come to some decision.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House meet to-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock and that the unemployed be given one hour and a half to present whatever message they have to this body.

Mrs. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. May I state that a committee has been arranged for speakers so that speakers only will occupy the floor. The Chair will make arrangements with the Senate for a joint session at 9:30 o'clock in the morning. It is presumed, therefore, that at 11:00 o'clock a. m. we will again be prepared to take up our work.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the Republican members of this House that immediately after recess there will be held a Republican Caucus in the House Caucus Room.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection this Chair will declare a recess until 5:00 o'clock p. m. today. Are there objections? The Chair hears none and (at 2:20 o'clock p. m.) the Chair declared a recess until 5:00 o'clock p. m.

AFTER RECESS

The House reconvened at 5:00 o'clock p. m.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. TURNER. HOUSE BILL NO. 10.

A Joint Resolution creating an Unemployment Insurance Investigation Commission, defining the powers and duties of said Commission, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. TURNER. HOUSE BILL NO. 11.

An Act relating to unemployment insurance, creating an unemployment compensation commission in the Department of Labor and Industry, and prescribing its powers and duties, providing for the establishment of voluntary unemployment reserves and for the custody and control of the funds created thereby, and for the payment of unemployment compensation therefrom, authorizing the establishment and maintenance of free public employment offices, and conferring certain powers and imposing certain duties on the managers of such employment offices, prescribing penalties and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mrs. WILSON. HOUSE BILL NO. 12.

An Act to amend sections five, eight and fourteen of the act, approved the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (P. L. 282) entitled "An act providing for and regulating, subject to certain restrictions, limitations and liabilities, assistance to, and the burial of, certain aged indigent persons, and the administration of this act by the Department of Welfare, the trustees who administer mothers' assistance in the several counties, and others; making counties liable for certain expenses; providing penalties; and making an appropriation," by extending the provisions of the act to persons over sixty years of age and to those not indigent and having children or others responsible for their support.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mrs. WILSON. HOUSE BILL NO. 13.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eighteen, article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Commitee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mrs. WILSON. HOUSE BILL NO. 14.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section seven, article nine, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. McELWEE. HOUSE BILL NO. 15.

An Act for the relief of the unemployed, authorizing counties of the sixth class, under certain circumstances, to co-operate with the Government of the United States of America, or any of its agencies or bureaus to revise county maps, and to provide where such maps shall be kept.

Referred to the Committee on Counties.

By Mr. RECTENWALD. HOUSE BILL NO. 16.

An Act to amend sections three and nine of the act, approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 694) entitled "An act imposing a tax on gross receipts as an excise on the use of the public highways by certain owners or operators of motor vehicles transporting passengers and property for hire," eliminating the deductions allowed by said act, and appropriating the proceeds from such tax to the State Emergency Relief Board to be used for unemployment relief purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

COMMUNICATIONS

SUGGESTING RELIEF LEGISLATION

The SPEAKER laid before the House a resolution from the Taxpayer's League suggesting certain relief legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

ENDORSING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND OLD AGE PENSIONS

The SPEAKER laid before the House a Resolution from the National Slovak Society of the U. S. A. endorsing passage of legislation for unemployment insurance and pensions for the aged.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. PHILIP STERLING, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. PHILIP STERLING asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 2, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. WILSON asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 4, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. WILSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 7, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mrs. PENNOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mrs. PENNOCK asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 6, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. TURNER, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. TURNER asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 9, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. SCHWARTZ, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. SCHWARTZ asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 3, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 5, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. GREENSTEIN, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. GREENSTEIN asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 1, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. BLUMBERG, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

BILL ON FIRST READING

Mr. BLUMBERG asked and obtained unanimous consent for House Bill No. 8, to be read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RESOLUTION

FINAL DATE FOR INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

Mr. HUTTON from the Committee on Rules offered a resolution which was twice read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Resolved, That Thursday, September 13, 1934, be the last day for the introduction of bills in the House.

GROVER C. TALBOT,
A. J. WHITE HUTTON,
THOMAS WILSON,
MORTON WITKIN.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I do not feel that we are pursuing a safe course in attempting to throttle at its very instance and beginning legislation as important as the legislation of this session promises to be. I have always thoroughly opposed gag rule or steam roller tactics and I expect to continue to do so. To put this resolution through would perhaps be shutting off necessary legislation that may be brought up in conformity with bills brought up and read the first time. There is no one here who wishes to expedite the movement of this session any more than I do, but I feel to pass this resolution at this time is conferring an undue and unauthorized power on certain committees. I feel the resolution prior to this which designated the Speaker as the sole power to determine what bills were within the call of the Governor for this extraordinary session has gone too far. I permitted that to go through, knowing what it was, but when this resolution also finds its way out I am beginning to believe that politics is entering into relief to too great an extent. I ask you members to defeat this resolution for this reason; that there is sufficient time at any time when we see we have properly completed out duties assigned to us as members of this extraordinary session, to put forward the resolution presented by the gentleman from Franklin.

I again ask you to consider the interests of those for whom we are now assembled—the unemployed and indigent. To-morrow you have granted the use of the House to the unemployed. What are you going to do if they have legislation they want to introduce? Would it not be shut out by this very resolution. Think well, my friends, before you permit this resolution to become a reality, and I ask you in all sincerety to defeat this resolution or to table it, because we can bring it up at any time necessary and put it through.

Mr. EDERER. Mr. Speaker, for the benefit of those in the House who did not clearly hear this resolution, I ask that you again have the clerk read it.

The Clerk again read the resolution.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I am not in favor of prolonging this session, but I feel that inasmuch as the members of this House and this Legislature did not even know just what the call would be until two days before we were brought here that now, on the second day, to close the hopper for bills is an extreme move. I have never seen anything like it in all my experience here in this Legislature, and I would suggest that at least it could be kept open until next Monday night or until

Tuesday—something like that. To come here and have but a little over twenty-four hours time to prepare the legislation that is intended to be brought before this body, I figure is ridiculous. I think it is an extreme course for this Legislature to take, and while I am not in favor, as I have already said, of prolonging this session I feel that we should have at least a reasonable time to prepare the necessary bills and to introduce them. I am not asking for a long extension, but I do feel that we should have until at least early next week in order to introduce those bills that members may have in mind.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I think the desire of this body is to have a short, expeditious session and as this resolution is in keeping with that thought I would, therefore, ask you to vote in favor of the resolution.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the Resolution?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, one hundred and eleven members having voted in the affirmative and fifty-seven in the negative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was adopted.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, having known the Speaker as I have for a term of four years, and knowing his fair methods I feel certain that a mistake must have just taken place. I personally heard two men call for a roll-call. I don't believe the Speaker heard them, not due to their own efforts to be heard but due to the confusion in the Assembly it was perhaps impossible for the Speaker to have heard them. I know him well enough to know that he would not arbitrarily ask for a division when a roll-call has been demanded. I merely call attention to the fact because I think it is unfair to the members I have mentioned. I refer to the member from Lawrence, Mr. Eroe, and the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Sarig.

The SPEAKER. In reply to the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Fitzgerald, whom I consider one of my warm friends, personally I would say that the Chair did not hear a call for the roll.

If he refers to a request for a calling of the roll prior to the vote being asked for the Chair did not receive such notice.

The Chair desire to correct the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Fitzgerald, in that the Chair did not ask for a division, but the Chair heard from the floor a call for a division and again the Chair did not hear a call for a roll call.

RESOLUTION

RELIEF MATERIAL TO BE PURCHASED IN PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is the purchaser of countless tons of food stuffs for use in various State institutions, and by the State Emergency Relief Board, for distribution among the indigent unemployed; and

Whereas, The produce from Pennsylvania's farms equals that of any other state, and the output of its packing and processing factories is surpassed by none; and

Whereas, The purchase of food stuffs grown, packed and processed solely within the Commonwealth, by the Commonwealth for use in the different institutions, and for the relief of the unemployed within the Commonwealth, would provide an enlarged market for these goods which would make for employment for many of those now without work; and

Whereas, An abundant crop of potatoes raised during the past season, has resulted in the lowering of the price asked for this article of food, and that the purchase by the various purchasing agencies of the Commonwealth of large quantities of potatoes, would not only effect large savings for the Commonwealth, through their acquisition at low prices, but would tend also to raise the price received by the producer, and mean a profit for him, rather than a loss as made necessary by present prices; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the various purchasing agents charged with the purchase of food stuffs and other materials and merchandise for use in the various State institutions, and the officers of the State Emergency Relief Board authorized to make purchases for the relief of the unemployed, shall at all times favor food stuffs, materials and merchandise grown, packed or processed in Pennsylvania in awarding contracts for the purchase thereof; and be it further

Resolved, That the General Assembly hereby suggests to the said purchasing agencies and the said State Emergency Relief Board, the advisability of purchasing potatoes in large quantities at present low prices and storing the same in proper places for use during the coming winter; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House, to the Department of Property and Supplies, and to the State Emergency Relief Board.

RESOLUTION

STUDY OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Mr. LANE offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Industry has created the "overlooked man."

He is the product of that system which recognizes that after the age of forty-five a man is no longer a profitable factor or part in the machine that makes for profitable production.

In the office or the class room a man of forty-five has not yet reached the height of his development nor exhausted his source of value, but in industry he has lost his usefulness and his further employment is uncertain.

If for any reason he loses his job his re-employment in a similar position is almost impossible. Industry employs only the physically capable.

If employment and hope of it are gone, there remains for him only the degradation that acceptance of charity carries with it.

Between forty-five and the age at which the laws of the Commonwealth grant a monthly allowance to those who are in need, there stretches a long period of twenty-five years to be lived in some way by these "overlooked men."

A wise and beneficent government must find some way to keep employed these men who are discriminated against only by reason of their age; therefore be it

Resolved, by this House that a study should be made by those now giving thought to the great problems of unemployment insurance and the correction of social errors in order to find some way of making the years that remain to the overlooked man of some value to the State and filled with happiness and security for him; and be it further

Resolved, that a copy of this resolution shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House to any committee or commission now existing or authorized to be created by this session of the Legislature for the purpose of studying any matter dealing with social legislation and to any such committee or commission of the Federal Government.

ADJOURNMENT

IN MEMORY OF THE HONORABLE J. ANSON WRIGHT

Mr. HABBYSHAW. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn in memory of the late Honorable J. Anson Wright until tomorrow, Thursday, September 13, 1934, at 9:30 o'clock a. m.

The motion was agreed to and (at 5:41 o'clock p. m.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1934. No. 2

SENATE

THURSDAY, September 13, 1934

The Senate met at 11.00 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Acting Chaplain, Honorable Leon C. Prince, offered the following prayer:

Creator, Judge and Sovereign Lawgiver of mankind: We invoke Thy guidance in these perplexing problems to which we are about to devote our thought. As we endeavor through legislation to redeem the needy from the tyranny of want, illuminate our understanding to the end that the solution here sought may effectuate just and merciful settlement.

Bless and restore to economic health the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which the founders of old previsioned as the haven or refuge, the hive of industry, the abode of contentment, the sanctuary of freedom. May no miscarriage or defection prevent the faithful execution of the trust which has been imposed upon our conscience and our strength.

In the name of Him who took upon Himself the woes of mankind, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate bieng present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. BELL, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

Mr. HARVEY offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening, September seventeenth, at nine o'clock, Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening, September seventeenth, at nine o'clock, Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 1.15 P. M.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 13, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening September seventeenth at nine o'clock, Eastern Standard Time; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening, September seventeenth at nine o'clock, Eastern Standard Time.

RESOLUTION FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE UNEMPLOYMENT AND THE TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT RELIEF THEREOF.

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SHAPIRO offered the following resolution which was twice read, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

In the Senate, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, A proper solution of the unemployment relief problem depends upon understanding of its causes, the extent and the permanent aspect of the situation; and

Whereas, Any measure adopted at this Session of the General Assembly for the relief of the unemployed can be but temporary and in the nature of emergency measures; and

Whereas, The obligation of the Commonwealth to its citizens requires not only relief but a correction of the problem as speedily as fairness and understanding permit; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a commission is hereby created to consist of fifteen members, four of whom shall be Senators and shall be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, four of whom shall be Members of the House of Representatives and shall be appointed by the Speaker and seven of whom shall be citizens and residents of this Commonwealth and shall be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth. Any Senator or Member appointed as a member of said commission, whose term as such Senator or Member shall expire during the continuance of such commission, shall, nevertheless, continue as a members thereof. The commission shall make a thorough and impartial inquiry into the whole field of unemployment and the temporary and permanent relief thereof. It shall study the probable permanent aspects of the problem, the relation of unemployment relief to other types of public and private relief work, the administration of relief, and the relative ability of all units of government, local, state, and national, to carry a just share of the cost of relief pending a permanent solution of the problem. The commission shall report to the next General Assembly when it convenes in January, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five, its finding on all aspects of this complicated problem, together with its recommendations for legislative action.

Resolved, That the commission shall have power to issue subpoenas, under the hand and seal of its chairman, requiring and commanding

any person to appear before it and answer such questions touching matters properly being inquired into by the commission, and to produce such books, papers, records and documents as the commission may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any person and shall have the same force and effect as subpoenas issued out of the courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of the commission shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it. If any person wilfully neglects or refuses to appear and testify before the commission or to produce any books, papers, records or documents, the commission may apply to any court of common pleas, which shall thereupon proceed against such offender as in cases of violations of a subpoena issued by such court.

BILLS INTRODUCED

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection, The Chair hears none.

Mr. SHAPIRO read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the commission created to study and report on the problem of unemployment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commnwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 13, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the date of confirmation:

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Leon Ackerman, Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.
Miss Agnes M. Pentland, 1616 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Catherine E. Crosby, Frackville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:20 P. M. until 9 o'clock, (Eastern Standard Time), Monday evening, September 17, 1934.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THURSDAY, September 13, 1934

The House met at 9:30 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we invoke thy divine blessing upon this Joint Session of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

As in the days of old, thy servant Moses caused "All the Assembly to assemble themselves to him at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation." Thus did thy servant instruct and inspire the assembled leaders, in bringing thy people out of their wilderness and into the Promised Land.

Even so, Lord, they servant, His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, has caused all the Assembly to assemble to him at the door, as it were, of this State Shrine of each patriot's devotion, to lay before them the needs of the people of the Commonwealth, and to lay upon them the responsibility of meeting those needs, grant O God, that with the responsibility there may also be given grace, wisdom and power to solve every problem, and meet successfully every issue.

Defend our liberties, preserve our unity, and bless our land with honourable industry. May the welfare of all, be the supreme law of our land that our Commonwealth may be built strong and secure upon the love of all its citizens.

To this end endue these assembled leaders with great wisdom. We ask in the Master's name. Amen.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the arrangements made yesterday there will be an informal Joint Session of the General Assembly for the purpose of hearing from the representatives of the Unemployed Council. Therefore, if there are no objections, this House will take a recess until 11:00 o'clock A. M.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. Hearing no objections the Chair will declare a recess until 11:00 o'clock A. M. and turns the gavel over to the Lieutenant-Governor to preside during the coming moments.

JOINT SESSION

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR SHANNON PRESIDING

After addresses by representatives of the unemployed the Joint Session was declared adjourned.

AFTER RECESS

The House reconvened at 11:00 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the proceedings of yesterday.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday, when on motion of Mr. McKay the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. McCREARY. HOUSE BILL No. 17.

An Act to amend section five of the act, approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (P. L. 507), entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes, and in cities coextensive with counties, for city and county purposes; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes," as amended; prohibiting the negotiation, sale, assignment, transfer, satisfaction or collection of instruments taxable under section one of this act or their acceptance for sale or negotiation by brokers and dealers in securities unless the tax has been paid; providing how payment of the tax shall be evidenced; providing penalties; and directing the appropriation of additional moneys collected for unemployment relief.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 18.

An Act providing for a reduction in the salaries and compensation of the officers and employes of the executive and judicial departments of the State Government, whether fixed by statute or otherwise.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SARIG. HOUSE BILL No. 19.

An Act to amend section twenty-three of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (P. L. 420), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," as amended; increasing the rate of the tax imposed by said act.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FITZGERALD. HOUSE BILL No. 20.

An Act to encourage and promote industrial recovery by providing for the cooperation of the Commonwealth with the National Government in the organization of industry; authorizing the President of the United States with the approval of the Governor to utilize public officers and employes for certain puproses, fixing the standards of fair competition and the conditions to be contained in codes of fair competition and in invitations to bidders, providing for the approval and cancellation by the Governor of such codes and the fixing by the Governor of rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this act, making unlawful the noncompliance with code provisions by persons affected thereby, and investing the courts of common pleas with certain jurisdiction in relation to violations thereof, imposing certain duties upon the Attorney General and upon district attorneys and providing for the enforcement of the provisions hereof.

Referred to the Committee on State Government.

By Mr. SARIG. HOUSE BILL No. 21.

An Act making appropriations out of the General Fund to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief, and expenses, including reimbursement of municipal subdivisions for certain expenditures in connection with work relief projects; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; providing for the audit of such expenditures; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed that the bills are not on the desks of the members, and therefore, makes this suggestion: That we recess until 1.00 o'clock P. M.

Prior to recessing the Chair desires to say to the Republican members that they will meet in the House Caucus Room at 12.30 o'clock.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections, the Chair is about to declare a recess until 1.00 o'clock P. M. Hearing none, a recess is declared until 1.00 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS

The House reconvened at 1.00 o'clock P. M.
The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE

TIME OF NEXT MEETING

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 13, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that when the Senate adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening, September seventeenth at nine o'clock Eastern Standard Time, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it reconvene on Monday evening, September seventeenth, at nine o'clock Eastern Standard Time.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION

EXTENDING SYMPATHY ON DEATH OF HON. J. ANSON WRIGHT

Mr. PEELOR offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Within but a few weeks before the convening of this session of the Legislature, death laid claim to one who has served in these Halls for six consecutive terms.

The Hon. J. Anson Wright of Bedford County, at the age of sixteen years, began his active career as a teacher in the schools of his native county, and in 1899 was elected superintendent of county schools, which position he held for three successive terms of two years each.

In 1908 he became cashier of the Hartley Banking Company at Bedford, and held that position until his death.

In recognition of his services and worth to his community, he was elected a Member of this House in 1922, and that his service here met with the full approval of his constituency is evidenced by his re-election in 1924, 1926, 1928, 1930 and 1932; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of the Hon. J. Anson Wright, this House has lost a Member whose long service had made him invaluable in its deliberations and that the county of Bedford has sustained a loss which is irreparable; and be it further

Resolved, That the House extends to his widow and surviving family its most sincere sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the pages of the Journal of this House, and a copy thereof be forwarded by the Chief Clerk to the widow of the said Hon. J. Anson Wright.

RESOLUTION

EXTENDING SYMPATHY ON DEATH OF HON. EDWARD A. DUFFY

Mr. WITKIN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

The ever increasing list of those Members of this House who have gone to those regions from which no traveler returns had added to its number, on the 13th day of last April, the name of Hon. Edward A. Duffy of the County of Philadelphia.

As a clerk in the tax office in the city of Philadelphia for a period of nine years, and as a member of the Republican Executive Committee of the 14th Ward of that city for 23 years, he so won the respect and esteem of his neighbors that he became their Representative in these Legislative Halls, assuming his duties at the beginning of the Session of 1931.

His service during that session and the special sessions following it so well merited their confidence that he was re-elected in 1932, and sat in this House during the session of 1933 and the special session called in December, 1933; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of the Hon. Edward A. Duffy, this House has lost a Member who ever considered his duty to his constituents and sought always to do those things that meant the betterment of their interests, and that the district he represented has been deprived of a service that was well and faithfully performed; and be it further

Resolved, That to the sorrowing family that survives and mourns his loss, we extend our deepest sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the pages of the Journal, and that a copy be forwarded by the Chief Clerk to the widow of the said Hon. Edward A. Duffy.

RESOLUTION

REQUESTING RULING AND INFORMATION FROM STATE OFFICERS

Mr. MALINA offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, His Excellency, the Governor of Pennsylvania, has directed us to transfer enough money from the special funds to meet the pressing unemployment relief situation; and

Whereas, in his message he has served notice on the Legislature that he will veto all bills which do not provide for the repayment of the money borrowed from these funds, except those taken from the manufacturing fund, State insurance fund, State liquor stores; and

Whereas, the bills which he has promised not to veto provide for a total of $6,348,000; and

Whereas, he has suggested no provision for repayment of almost $15,000,000 in loans from funds he insists cannot be tapped unless we provide for repayment; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby demand that the Attorney General of the Commonwealth present a ruling not later than 12:01 a. m. September 14, on the legality of the proposed transfer; be it also

Resolved, that the Governor indicate to the Legislature how the money borrowed temporarily from the funds which demand repayment is to be raised; and, be it further

Resolved, that the Auditor General and State Treasurer submit within the above specified time a report of all unexpended balances in all State funds, together with a report on all allocations standing out against such balances, and an estimate of receipts expected from September 1, 1934 to January 1, 1935; and, be it further

Resolved, that it is the belief of this House that the Governor's Relief Program is a child of politics, born of deception and sired by trickery; and, be it further

Resolved, that this House now controlled by Republicans who will not be elected, be frank with the voters and adopt tax increase measures which will eventually be necessary to pay the bill we are asked to impose on the residents of the Commonwealth so that when they vote on November 6, they will know exactly how much that bill is going to be, instead of agreeing to pay something without knowing its cost.

RESOLUTION

REDUCING SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, The continuance of the economic depression has seriously affected the revenues of all forms of Government and necessitates the greatest economy and reduction in governmental costs possible in order that budgets may be balanced, and our unemployed cared for; and

Whereas, The salaries paid to public officers and employes constitute an appreciable part of the cost of government; and

Whereas, Industry and business has been forced to reduce salaries and wages in order to continue operation and provide employment; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That it is the sense of the General Assembly that the salaries, compensation and emoluments of office of all public officers and employes of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the State Government amounting to more than three thousand dollars per annum should be reduced, and that those agencies and officers of government charged with the fixing of salaries and compensation of public employes should reduce such salaries and compensation in accordance with the provisions of this resolution.

Resolved, That all public officers of the executive and judicial departments of the State Government whose salaries exceed the sum of three thousand dollars per annum be urged to agree voluntarily to accept reductions in their salaries, compensation and emoluments of office and return the same to the government or permit it to retain, the percentage of such salaries, compensation and emoluments of office as is provided for by this resolution.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the General Assembly that such reductions in salaries, compensation and emoluments of office should be twenty per cent. of the annual compensation payable to such officers and employes as of January first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three; be it further

Resolved, That it is the sense of the General Assembly, that if, for the protection of existing retirement rights, the salaries of State officers and employes are continued as at present, and in addition to the deductions made therefrom for payment into the State Employes' Retirement Fund, a further deduction is voluntarily made on payrolls equal to the above percentage for payment into the General Fund or into any special fund created and appropriated under any act of Assembly for unemployment relief purposes, the spirit of this resolution shall be deemed to have been compiled with.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be directed to forward a copy of this resolution to each member of the Executive Board of the State Government, to the Auditor General, State Treasurer, the heads of the several departments, and of the several independent administrative boards and commissions and to each of the judges of the Commonwealth.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the General Assembly that such reduction should become effective as of the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five.

Resolved, That in order that the General Assembly, may ascertain the amount of money which can be saved by the foregoing reductions, the Auditor General be directed to forward a copy of this resolution upon its final passage to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer and Secretary of Internal Affairs, to each member of the Executive Board of the State Government, to the heads of the several departments and of the several administrative boards and commissions, to each of the judges learned in the law of the Commonwealth, and to the officers and members of the General Assembly, with request that all persons affected thereby notify the Auditor General, in writing, within two weeks of such request of the acceptance of the provisions hereof and that requisitions of salary for such persons be drawn at the reduced rates, after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five, the case of the members of the executive and judicial branches of the government

Resolved, That this resolution is intended to be effective upon final passage.

RESOLUTION NO. 1

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time, Resolution No. 1, Printer's No. 1.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas Most of the persons receiving food vouchers in Pennsylvania are involuntarily unemployed and

Whereas The food voucher system greatly restricts the freedom of purchase by

1 Compelling the receiver to buy all supplies from the same merchant even though some articles can be bought more cheaply elsewhere

2 Preventing the purchase of fresh vegetables fruits eggs and dairy products directly from farmers

3 Denying the unemployed the right to buy many incidentals and services which in particular cases are almost as necessary as food and

Whereas The Director of the State Emergency Relief Board and many others actively engaged in the distribution of unemployment relief have publicly declared themselves in favor of cash relief and

Whereas Cash relief has always been one of the foremost demands of the organized unemployed and

Whereas It is socially desirable to maintain the morale and self-respect of the unemployed by preserving their freedom now therefore

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania that the funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed to the unemployed in cash instead of food vouchers

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, this resolution speaks pretty well for itself and I do not propose to tire you

with a very long speech, but I have a few remarks to make. The reading Clerk omitted two of the important paragraphs in reading this resolution. One was "Whereas the Director of the State Emergency Relief Board and many others actively engaged in the distribution of unemployment relief have publicly declared themselves in favor of cash relief," and the other was "Whereas cash relief has always been one of the foremost demands of the organized unemployed." Mr. Biddle, the Director of the State Emergency Relief Board in his report "Unemployment Relief in Pennsylvania, September 1, 1932 to October 31, 1933; Report of the Executive Director of the State Emergency Relief Board of Pennsylvania," has this to say on the subject of cash relief:

"The attempt to distribute relief in kind has resulted in an immensely cumbersome system which involves the issuing, auditing and disbursing for the millions of relief orders distributed monthly. It has been necessary to establish an elaborate control system in order to insure a proper safeguard of expenditures. Furthermore, this system of relief has created a tendency to think in terms of separate types of relief, rather than in terms of the total needs of the individual receiving relief. Relief grants made in cash instead of in kind is the only remedy.

"If there is any one left at this late date who would protest against cash relief as being a dole, let it be remembered that we are already giving a dole, whether it be in the form of relief orders for food or other necessities of life. Cash relief affords the family some opportunity for freedom and initiative and, as a matter of fact, has far less of the psychology of 'charity' than do the stereotyped orders for particular types of commodities."

He then went on to say at that time, which was October 15th, 1933, that they were not prepared to set up the machinery to distribute relief in cash but that in the course of a year he was sure that it could be done, and he has given the reasons why he thinks it would be more desirable.

Reasons which are more impelling than those of the Chairman of the State Emergency Relief Board can also be offered, although it is certain to be recognized that of all persons in the State of Pennsylvania he should be well qualified on this particular point. I know that the Relief Director of Berks County has openly expressed himself in favor of cash relief. The unemployed themselves—and when I speak of the unemployed in this connection I mean the groups of organized unemployed—have made this one of their foremost demands, namely, that relief should be paid in cash. The reasons for that are set forth under the first "whereas" clause.

At the present time it is impossible for certain persons on relief to obtain many necessary articles, which they require. For instance, I know that one of the large chain stores operating in eastern Pennsylvania refuses to give milk on relief vouchers. Now, in the case of families that have children they have a special milk order, but in the case of adults who are on relief they have to get their milk on their regular food vouchers and these chain stores will not give such families milk on food vouchers. That condition is most undesirable, milk being recognized as one of the most important foods for adults as well as for children. But the thing that is probably the worst about these food vouchers is the charitable aspect that it gives to the unemployed; that they have to take just what somebody else decides is good for them. I believe that the workers of Pennsylvania who are unfortunate enough to be unemployed are best qualified to determine what they should buy with the amount that is allowed them for relief and that we should not set up a group of social agencies and investigators and others to tell these people who have lived in working families all their lives, who know what it is to get along on their restricted budgets what is best for them to have. How would you like someone to tell you what is best for you to have? You may need something which the investigators perhaps do not think you need and which is not a need for somebody else. Naturally when they set up a system of vouchers they have to make them general for everybody and which naturally makes it difficult for those who have particular requirements. Some people are unable to eat certain sorts of food and are, therefore, not able to get the things that they require on a relief voucher. We want to preserve the morale of the unemployed; that is one of the biggest problems of unemployment relief. We do not want to make bums out of those who are unfortunate enough to be out of work at this time. We don't want to destroy their self respect and make it impossible to rehabilitate them if and when we get back to periods of prosperity and when we employ all of the workers.

Therefore, members of the House, I ask that you vote favorably upon this resolution. I have introduced it now because at the present time the legislation providing for the distribution of relief in Pennsylvania specifically provides that no relief shall be given in cash, and the bill which you have on your desk, and which was introduced by the administration yesterday House Bill No. 8, particularly has that provision in it, that no relief shall be given in cash except to those persons qualified to receive old age assistance. For this reason I have introduced this resolution which brings up the question of cash relief to the unemployed of Pennsylvania clearly and independent of everything else. There is nothing else involved. Are we in favor of cash relief or are we not? That is the issue. The unemployed in their speeches here this morning made this one of their foremost demands. That has been true of the demands of all of the unemployed organizations; they want cash relief. Let us give it to them.

On the question recurring

Will the House adopt the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Hoopes and Mrs. Wilson and were as follows:

YEAS—173

Andrews,	Hamilton,	McGrail,	Shettel,
Baker,	Harmuth,	McKay,	Shortz,
Baldi,	Harris,	McKinney,	Shreiner,
Barnhardt,	Hart,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Bechtel,	Hartman,	Merrell,	Simon,
Bennett,	Heffernan,	Mohn,	Sinwell,
Bernhard,	Hefferon,	Moore,	Snyder,
Blumberg,	Hermansen,	Munley,	Sowers,
Boyd,	Hester,	Myers,	Spann,
Brancato,	Hewitt,	Negley,	Stank,
Brennan,	Himes, H. E.,	O'Connor,	Sterling, R. B.,
Brown, J. E.,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Keefe,	Stevens,
Brown, W. L.,	Hoffman,	O'Neill,	Stiteler,
Brownfield,	Holmes, J. B.	Patterson,	Stone,
Cannon,	Hoopes,	Peelor,	Storb,
Caputo,	Horst,	Pennock,	Stott,
Carey,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Surface,
Carson,	Howard,	Perry, J. J.,	Tahl,
Chervenak,	Hutton,	Peters,	Terry,
Conner,	Jones,	Powell,	Trout,
Cooke,	Kane,	Powers,	Turner,
Cordier,	King,	Price,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Kinney,	Quinn,	Walker, W. A.,
Davies,	Labar,	Raub,	Wall,
DeFrehn,	Lane,	Rectenwald,	Wasserman,
Denning,	Laubach,	Reed,	Way,
Downey G. E.,	Lenahan,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Downey, J.,	Lewis,	Rhodes,	Welsh,
Dunmire,	Long,	Rice,	Westrick,
Ederer,	Lose,	Roan,	White,
Eroe,	Lovett, J. E.,	Root,	Wike,
Evans,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Williams, G. W.,
Fitzgerald,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Williams, J. J.,
Flanagan,	Lynch, M.,	Ruby,	Wilson, L. M.,
Fleisher,	Male,	Ruth,	Wilson, T. B.,
Forrest,	Malina,	Sarig,	Witkin,
Furman,	Maloney,	Sautter,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Marcks,	Schrock,	Woodside,
Gartner,	McBride,	Schwab,	Yeakel,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Schwartz,	Yourishin,
Green,	McClure,	Scorza,	Zimmerman,
Greenstein,	McCreary,	Scott,	Talbot,
Griffith,	McElwee,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Habbyshaw,	McGinnis,	Shenkel,	

NAYS—14

Craig,	Gorman,	McGregor,	Nothnagle,
Flinchbaugh,	Haines,	Meredith,	Shellenberger,
Flynn, J. M.,	Heffner,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Flynn, J. W.,	Lord,		

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION NO. 5

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 5, Printer's No. 5.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is the purchaser of countless tons of food stuffs for use in various State institutions and by the State Emergency Relief Board for distribution among the indigent unemployed and

Whereas The produce from Pennsylvania's farms equals that of any other state and the output of its packing and processing factories is surpassed by none and

Whereas The purchase of food stuffs grown packed and processed solely within the Commonwealth by the Commonwealth for use in the different institutions and for the relief of the unemployed within the Commonwealth would provide an enlarged market for these goods which would make for employment for many of those now without work and

Whereas An abundant crop of potatoes raised during the past season has resulted in the lowering of the price asked for this article of food and that the purchase by the various purchasing agencies of the Commonwealth of large quantities of potatoes would not only effect large savings for the Commonwealth through their acquisition at low prices but would tend also to raise the price received by the producer and mean a profit for him rather than a loss as made necessary by present prices therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the various purchasing agents charged with the purchase of food stuffs and other materials and merchandise for use in the various State institutions and the officers of the State Emergency Relief Board authorized to make purchases for the relief of the unemployed shall at all times favor food stuffs materials and merchandise grown packed or processed in Pennsylvania in awarding contracts for the purchase thereof and be it further

Resolved That the General Assembly hereby suggests to the said purchasing agencies and the said State Emergency Relief Board the advisability of purchasing po ıtoes in large quantities at present low prices and storing the same in proper places for use during the coming winter and be it further

Resolved That copies of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House to the Department of Property and Supplies and to the State Emergency Relief Board.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD CONTRACTS

Mr. FITZGERALD offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, The special session in 1933 appropriated twenty million dollars for unemployment relief from the anticipated profits of the liquor stores; and

Whereas, No profits have been derived from the liquor stores with which to meet this appropriation liability, and as a result of this failure, the present session of the Legislature had to be called; and

Whereas, The special session in 1933 levied a floor tax of two dollars per gallon on the liquor stored in Pennsylvania from which was anticipated a return of more than twenty million dollars; and

Whereas, The State was enjoined by a temporary injunction from the collection of this tax; and

Whereas, The contracts for the purchase of liquor including the floor tax, which contracts aggregated approximately forty million dollars; and

Whereas, At the present time, there is an existing indebtedness for liquor purchases of approximately fourteen million dollars and contingent liabilities on contracts for liquor of approximately thirty million dollars; and

Whereas, The liquor purchase contracts entered into with the various distillers included in the cost of said liquor the floor tax and thereby raised the cost of liquor in Pennsylvania to such exhorbitant prices that the bootlegger thrives today in spite of the repeal of prohibition; and

Whereas, As a result of the liquor purchase contracts entered into, there has been a failure on the part of the State to collect the tax anticipated, or to derive any profits from the operation of the liquor stores, which profits were to be utilized for unemployment relief; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That a Legislative Committee, consisting of two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and three members of the House to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, is hereby created to investigate the various contracts entered into by the Liquor Control Board, and the present condition of the financial affairs of the board, including the value of stock of liquor now in possession of the board, and to inquire into the manner and results of collecting the floor tax on liquor by the Department of Revenue.

That the committee or its employees are authorized to examine all records, books and papers in possession of the Liquor Control Board and the Department of Revenue as may be deemed necessary by it to further its investigation, and to employ such attorneys, stenographers or investigators as may be necessary.

That the committee shall organize immediately after its appointment and proceed with the investigation hereby authorized, and shall report its findings to the Governor of the Commonwealth not later than the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five, accompanying its report with its recommendations as to any action it believes advisable to be taken in the matter.

That said committee shall have power to issue subpoenas under the hand and seal of its chairman, requiring and commanding any person to appear before it and to answer such questions touching matters properly being inquired into by the committee and to produce such books, papers, records and documents as the committee may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any person and shall have the same force and effect as subpoenas issued out of the courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it. Any person who shall wilfully neglect and refuse to appear and testify before said committee, or to produce any books, papers, records or documents, shall be subject to the penalties provided by the laws of this Commonwealth in such cases.

That the committee is hereby authorized to expend the sum of three thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be needed for the purposes hereinbefore specified, which sum shall be inserted an as item in the appropriation bill for the payment of the expenses of this extraordinary session.

RESOLUTION NO. 2

Mr. McCREARY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 2, Printer's No. 2.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

We believe that never before in the history of the Commonwealth has the Legislature of Pennsylvania met either in Regular or Extraordinary Session during such grave serious and momentous times as those that now exist within and without its confines.

It is futile and unnecessary to enumerate the pitiable and humiliating condition into which millions of our reputable and law abiding citizens have been forced through no fault of their own but by reason of the circumstances growing out of the world wide depression. Every city village and hamlet of the Commonwealth has its full quota

of these unfortunates who for years have been compelled to reluctantly eat the bread of charity.

The purpose of this Extraordinary Session of the Legislature is to make available additional funds with which to provide food shelter and clothing for this great army of our fellow citizens

It is estimated that the Commonwealth will have to expend at least three million dollars per month for this purpose and to continue uninterruptedly this stream of giving for an indefinite period of time

In every business enterprise an unexpected or emergency expense is offset or equalized if possible by a reduction in operating cost therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That it is the belief of the Members of the Legislature that it should do the very same thing and cut its operating cost to the lowest possible limit and demonstrate to the citizens of the Commonwealth its willingness to share in some degree the sacrifices that so many others are compelled to make and be it further

Resolved That the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives of this Legislature hereby agree and bind themselves to accept from the Commonwealth for attendance at this Extraordinary Session only their actual necessary expenses incurred by reason of such attendance and that each member shall at the conclusion of the session file with the Secretary of the Senate or the Chief Clerk of the House an itemized statement of the exact expense so incurred and to receive the amount thereof as full compensation in lieu of the amount specified by law

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this Resolution be referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Andrews and Mr. John E. Brown and were as follows:

YEAS—137

Baker,	Haines,	McKinney,	Shortz,
Baldi,	Hamilton,	Meredith,	Shreiner,
Barnhardt,	Harris,	Merrell,	Simon,
Bechtel,	Hart,	Mohn,	Snyder,
Bennett,	Heffernan,	Moore,	Sowers,
Bernhard,	Hefferon,	Mumford,	Spann,
Blumberg,	Heffner,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Brennan,	Hermansen,	Myers,	Sterling, R. B.,
Brown, W. L.,	Hewitt,	Negley,	Stevens,
Brownfield,	Himes, H. E.,	Nothnagle,	Stevenson,
Carey,	Hoffman,	O'Connor,	Stiteler,
Conner,	Holmes, J. B.,	Patterson,	Storb,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	Peelor,	Stott,
Cordier,	Horst,	Pennock,	Surface,
Craig,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Tahl,
Davies,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
DeFrehn,	Jones,	Peters,	Turner,
Denning,	Kane,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
Downey, G. E.,	King,	Price,	Wall,
Downey, J.,	Laubach,	Rectenwald,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Reed,	Way,
Ederer,	Long,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Evans,	Lord,	Rice,	Welsh,
Fleisher,	Lose,	Roan,	White,
Flinchbaugh,	Lovett, W. S.,	Root,	Wike,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Williams, G. W.,
Flynn, J. W.,	Malina,	Ruby,	Williams, J. J.,
Forrest,	Maloney,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gartner,	Marcks,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gillette,	McBride,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Gorman,	McCandless,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Green,	McClure,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Greenstein,	McElwee,	Sheffer,	Yourishin,
Griffith,	McGregor,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Habbyshaw,	McKay,		Speaker.

NAYS—45

Andrews,	Harmuth,	McGinnis,	Schrope,
Boyd,	Hartman,	McGrail,	Schwab,
Brancato,	Hester,	McHenry,	Shenkel,
Brown, J. E.,	Himes, L. R.,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Hoopes,	O'Keefe,	Sinwell,
Carson,	Kinney,	Powers,	Stank,
Chervenak,	Labar,	Quinn,	Stone,
Cohen,	Lane,	Raub,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	Rhodes,	Walker, G. E.,
Fitzgerald,	Lovett, J. E.,	Ruth,	Westrick,
Flanagan,	Male,	Sarig,	Wilson, L. M.,
Furman,	McCreary,		

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the motion was agreed to.

REQUEST TO MAKE STATEMENT

Mr. McCREARY. Mr. Speaker, I wish to make a statement.

The SPEAKER. That is within the province of the House, the Chair informs the gentleman. Are there any objections to the gentleman from Erie making a statement? The Chair hears objection and consent is not granted.

RESOLUTION

RELIEF FUNDS TO BE USED FOR PAYMENT OF RENTS

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH (by request) offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Countless numbers of owners of real estate within this Commonwealth, who heretofore have received income therefrom through rentals, have been compelled to see their properties sold for taxes or on executions issued to collect liens thereon because of the unemployment of lessees who are unable to pay rent.

Adverse to ejecting those who, through no fault of their own, are unable to pay rent due for their occupancy, these owners have and are now without any income from such properties, and instead of being an asset, their properties have become liabilities.

Millions of dollars have been appropriated by this Commonwealth for the relief of the unemployed by providing them with food, clothing and shelter, but no thought has been given to the landlord who has furnished free the shelter that the State by its appropriations has assumed the responsibility of furnishing.

The landlord has thus been burdened with far more than his just share of the cost of relieving the unemployed, for in addition to the tax he pays, he pays too the amount he has lost in rentals; therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this House that moneys appropriated to the State Emergency Relief Board for relief of the unemployed and the furnishing of food, clothing and shelter can be used by that board and by local relief boards for the payment of rent of premises occupied by unemployed persons; and be it

Resolved, That this House requests said State Emergency Relief Board to immediately adopt a system whereby in furnishing shelter to the unemployed as provided for by appropriations made by this Legislature, some provision shall be made and carried into effect whereby rentals of properties occupied by such unemployed shall be paid directly to the owners of such properties by such boards; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Chief Clerk of the House to the said State Emergency Relief Board.

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO STUDY ADOPTION OF SYSTEM OF UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF

Mr. RUTH offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, The demands for legislation on the subject of unemployed relief are becoming more pressing day by day, and the feeling prevails in many circles that such a system, if established on a sound basis, will do more to relieve the effects of the economic depression than the pouring out of moneys for unemployment relief under existing systems; and

Whereas, Many studies on this subject have been made in other states which are in print and can no doubt be secured for information; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint a committee of five members of this House to study the feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State taking into consideration studies made and experiences, if any, in other states, and, if deemed feasible, to recommend to the Legislature in 1935 the type of legislation which is deemed appropriate for this State and such matters for the consideration of this House as the committee deems appropriate.

RESOLUTION NO. 6

Mr. LANE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this Time Resolution No. 6, Printer's No. 6.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Industry has created the "overlooked man"

He is the product of that system which recognizes that after the age of forty-five a man is no longer a profitable factor or part in the machine that makes for profitable production

In the office or the class room a man of forty-five has not yet reached the height of his development nor exhausted his source of value but in industry he has lost his usefulness and his further employment is uncertain

If for any reason he loses his job his re-employment in a similar position is almost impossible Industry employs only the physically capable

If employment and hope of it are gone there remains for him only the degradation that acceptance of charity carries with it

Between forty-five and the age at which the laws of the Commonwealth grant a monthly allowance to those who are in need there stretches a long period of twenty-five years to be lived in some way by these "overlooked men"

A wise and beneficent government must find some way to keep employed these men who are discriminated against only by reason of their age therefore be it

Resolved By this House that a study should be made by those now giving thought to the great problems of unemployment insurance and the correction of social errors in order to find some way of making the years that remain to the overlooked man of some value to the State and filled with happiness and security for him and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House to any committee or commission now existing or authorized to be created by this session of the Legislature for the purpose of studying any matter dealing with social legislation and to any such committee or commission of the Federal Government

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I raise the point of order, that under the call the subjects which we may consider are relief for the unemployed and indigent aged. This does not come within the province of the call and is, therefore, within the terms of the resolution adopted yesterday by the House.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, raises the point of order that the resolution as read by the Clerk does not come within the province of the call of His Excellency the Governor.

The Chair will now read from the resolution which was adopted yesterday:

"That when any action is being taken or is about to be taken on or in relation to any bill or resolution, any member of this House shall be privileged to raise a point of order that such bill or resolution is on a subject, consideration of which is prohibited under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution or both. Thereupon the Speaker shall submit the point of order to the House for decision. On such point of order the merits of the bill or resolution may not be debated, but debate shall be limited to the question whether the bill or resolution is on a subject which may be considered under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution."

The Chair, therefore, submits to the House the question raised on the point of order as to whether this resolution comes within the province of the call.

On the question,

Will the House sustain the point of order?

It was sustained.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred forty-eight thousand dollars ($548,000) is hereby transferred from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) is hereby transferred from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, entitled

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed from time to time between the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-four and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five to transfer from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund such sums not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of four million five hundred thousand dollars ($4,500,000) as the Governor shall direct Transfers shall be made hereunder upon warrants of the Auditor General upon requisition of the Governor

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend sec. 1, page 1, line 9, by striking out the word "four" and inserting in lieu thereof "five"

Amend sec. 1, page 1, line 9, by striking out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof: "one"

Amend sec. 1, page 1, line 10, by striking out, including the parenthesis, the following: "($4,500,000)" and insert in lieu thereof "($5,100,000)"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Motor License Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective on the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the moneys in the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund upon the effective date of this act are hereby transferred to the General Fund and that any moneys coming into the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund between the effective date of this act and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five shall be transferred to the General Fund immediately upont their payment into the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund But the total amount to be transferred under this section shall not exceed three million seven hundred sixty-six thousand dollars ($3,766,000)

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the moneys in the Liquor License Fund upon the effective date of this act are hereby transferred to the General Fund and that any moneys coming into the Liquor License Fund between the effective date of this act and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five shall be transferred to the General Fund immediately upon their payment into the Liquor License Fund But the total amount to be transferred under this section shall not exceed two million one hundred thirty-seven thousand dollars ($2,137,000)

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Liquor License Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 6, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one million three hundred thousand dollars ($1,300,000) is hereby transferred from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Fire Insurance Tax Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the moneys and the proceeds derived from the liquidation hereinafter required of the investments held in the State School Fund upon the effective date of this act are hereby transferred to the General Fund and that any moneys coming into the State School Fund between the effective date of this act and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five shall be transferred to the General Fund immediately upon their payment into the State School Fund But the total amount to be transferred under this section shall not exceed one million six hundred ten thousand dollars ($1,610,000)

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend sec. 1, page 2, line 2, by inserting after the figure "($1,610,000)" the following: "Provided, however, that the amount so transferred shall be only in such sum as will leave sufficient in said State School Fund to pay any allocations made by the State Council of Education from said Fund prior to the effective date of this act"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Upon the final enactment of this act the State Council of Education shall proceed immediately to dispose of all investments in the State School Fund for the best prices obtainable in order to effectuate the transfers authorized by this act

Section 3 The amounts transferred under this act from the State School Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the State School Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 4 This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen million dollars ($14,000,000) is hereby specifically appropriated from the General Fund to the State Emergency Relief Board to provide direct relief work relief and for administrative expenses as hereinafter provided Such appropriation shall be paid over to the board during the period beginning on the effective date of this act and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BLUMBERG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend sec. 1, page 2, line 4, by striking out the following: "dollars ($14,000,000)" and insert in lieu thereof: "four hundred thousand dollars ($14,440,000)"

Mr. SARIG offered amendments.

The SPEAKER. The Chair regrets to inform the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Sarig, that under our rules it is impossible to receive amendments in this form and further that it is necessary to have four copies, which are a part of the permanent record.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment offered by Mr. Blumberg?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The State Emergency Relief Board shall make allocations from time to time out of the moneys appropriated to it among the several counties of this Commonwealth on the basis of need

Section 3 The money so allocated to a county shall be available for expenditure in that county for relief as the State Emergency Relief Board shall determine

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 The amount available in any county over and above the sum set aside by the State Emergency Relief Board for work relief shall be available for expenditure for the purchase of food clothing fuel and shelter for the unemployed in such county through such public and private agencies as shall be designated by the State Emergency Relief Board and under such rules and regulations as the board shall adopt No relief shall be paid in cash except that unemployed persons entitled to old age assistance under the act approved the eighteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-two) entitled "An act providing for and regulating subject to certain restrictions limitations and liabilities assistance to and the burial of certain aged indigent persons and the administration of this act by the Department of Welfare the trustees who administer mothers' assistance in the several counties and others making counties liable for certain expenses providing penalties and making an appropriation" may receive cash

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BLUMBERG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend sec. 4, page 3, line 13, by striking out the word "may" and insert in lieu thereof: "shall"

Amend sec. 4, page 3, line 13, by inserting after the word "cash" at the end of the line, the following: "and the State Emergency Relief Board shall, beginning December first, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, pay to such local agencies as shall be designated by the Department of Welfare, such sums monthly as shall be needed to make payments to such persons"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Sec. 4, page 2, lines 21, 22, 23 and 24, by striking out the words "available for ex-" in line 21, all the words in lines 22 and 23, and the words "lic and private agencies as shall be designated" in line 24, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "paid to the unemployed in cash in such amounts and at such times as may be determined"

Amend Sec. 4, page 3, lines 2 to 13, by striking out the words "No relief shall be" in line 2, and all of lines 3 to 13 inclusive.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to ask the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Hoopes, in view of the fact that he refers to amendments in the pink bill if they are the same as the bill before us.

Mr. HOOPES. They are, Mr. Speaker.

POINT OF INFORMATION

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, may I rise a point of order or a point of information first?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of information.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, do I understand the amendments offered by Mr. Blumberg have been adopted?

The SPEAKER. That is correct.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I will ask the House to vote down the amendments proposed by Mr. Hoopes. While it is true that a short while ago this House went on record in favor of Resolution No. 1, and while I am thoroughly in accord with the principle involved in Resolution No. 1, nevertheless I do not feel that we should at this time endeavor to throttle or defeat the progress of the State Emergency Relief Board.

All of the members of the House know that the moneys that come from the Federal Government for relief are answerable for only by the Governor and can be paid out by him in such manner as he deems proper. Up to the present time the relief has been made available in the manner in which this bill sets forth. The amount of money appropriated by the State, which would be a much smaller sum than that allocated by the Federal Government, then would be confused with that of the Federal money and we would have two separate pots, so to speak; so much money given to the Governor who says it shall be paid out on relief orders, and so much money provided by the State to be paid out in cash if the amendment proposed by Mr. Hoopes be adopted.

What would be the net result? The net result would be that the unemployed would suffer and those receiving aid would be impeded in the progress of receiving aid at the present time. I believe, with the gentleman who offers the amendments, that the matter ought to be given careful consideration, and I believe when the time permits that we ought to change the system, so that cash is received instead of relief on orders. But I say now is not the time; it would be most confusing, it would tie up the work of the Emergency Relief Board. We don't have the time to do it; they don't have the time to change their methods. It would be confusing with respect to the money for which the Governor only is responsible, who has not yet changed his policy. Therefore, I ask you to vote down these amendments and I hope that the time will come in the next session of the Legislature when I can go along on this proposition. I ask you to vote "No" on the amendments submitted.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, this House by an overwhelming vote of 173 to 14, less than an hour ago, voted in favor of cash relief. This amendment to House Bill No. 8 Printer's No. 14, does absolutely nothing except to provide that unemployment relief shall be paid in cash. Now if you vote for one and against the other, I would like to know how you can logically support both votes.

The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Witkin, makes a very ingenious argument to the effect that because there are two sums to be distributed, one appropriated by the State and the other received from the Federal Government, both of which go into the same pot, that it is impossible to provide for cash relief, but that he is very much in favor of it, greatly delighted to do it, but now is not the time—let's put it off to some other day. I expect when some other day arrives he will want to put it off still further and the unemployed meanwhile will continue to get food orders. If I understand the Federal legislation correctly the money is allocated to the various states to be distributed by the Governors of those states without any strings as to the methods of distribution. In other words there is nothing in the Federal legislation which has been called to my attention which requires that the money provided shall be paid out in food vouchers instead of in cash. The Federal Administrator, Mr. Hopkins, has emphatically expressed himself in favor of cash relief. At the present time our appropriation bills definitely provide for the distribution of relief, as does this bill (Printer's No. 14) which is now before us, that no relief shall be paid in cash, but that it shall be distributed and used in the purchase of clothing, fuel, shelter, and so forth, which means that it must be distributed in food vouchers. Now, if we keep the present legislation and the Governor should decide that it would better to have cash relief and that the Federal funds should be distributed in cash, then we would be up against exactly the same situation that the gentleman from Philadelphia fears we would be up against if we passed this amendment and the Governor happened to change his plan and think the other way.

With this legislation on the books as it is and without the legislation proposed it would be very difficult for the Governor to distribute the Federal funds, for the reasons Mr. Witkin has so ably set forth, but if we pass these amendments and provide that the State fund may be distributed in cash, there is nothing to stop the Governor from allocating the Federal funds for distribution in cash and there will be no necessity for two separate funds to be set up.

The arguments for cash relief were given at the time we had the debate on the resolution. Almost all of the administrative officials who have had anything to do with the present system have said that it would be far better to distribute relief in cash; that it would be better for the morale of the unemployed, and that it would avoid many unpleasant situations which arise out of the present system. The unemployed themselves are demanding it. From all quarters of the State they have sent delegates in here to demand cash relief.

Since I spoke on the other resolution I was called back of the railing by representatives of the unemployed from Erie County who said they have come all the way down here for the very purpose of getting cash relief. The unemployed want it, they are entitled to it. It would be easier to administer it. So members of the House, having voted in favor of cash relief I ask that you be consistent and vote for the amendments. Mr. Speaker, I ask for a roll call.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, in reference to our adoption of Resolution No. 1, that simply expresses our view as to what we would like to see accomplished. I agree wholly with the remarks of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr.

Witkin; if it were practically possible to work out a system of cash relief, certainly I do not think anybody would be opposed to it, but I again call your attention to the fact that these moneys, in large bulk, come from the Federal Government to the Governor of this Commonwealth, and we have no control over those funds whatsoever, and the policy of the Governor, together with that of the Emergency Relief Board has been to distribute relief in the form of food orders. Therefore, for us to adopt the amendments of the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Hoopes, would simply confuse the matter at this time, present a program to the Emergency Relief Board which it is not at the present time in a position to carry out and would be contrary to the policy laid down by the Relief Board. We have no evidence before us at the present time that the Governor is not adhering to the policy which he has already laid down relative to the distribution of the Federal funds.

Therefore, I ask the members of this House to vote down the amendments.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Franklin permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HUTTON. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FITZGERALD. The remark was made, Mr. Speaker, by the gentleman from Franklin that the Governor had laid down his policy. I would like to ask the gentleman from Franklin whether it would not be possible for the Governor or the Emergency Relief Board to change their policy to conform to what seems to be the majority desire of the residents and the unemployed of our Commonwealth.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Fitzgerald, I would say that we have no evidence at the present time from any of the Relief Officers, the Governor included, that that can be done, and I might further state, in answer to his interrogation, that personally I would think that it would be rather difficult in the short period of time to readjust themselves.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I am not very competent in the art of black magic nor am I a statistician, but something tells me in reading over this bill that all is not well. I fear that we are going to give our people of this Commonwealth something which we have not. The estimated profits from the liquor stores, as I have heard them, seem to be something in the neighborhood of six millions———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is beginning to discuss the merits of the bill and not the amendments.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken and the gentleman will confine himself to the question before the House.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, in order to do that I must touch upon the necessity leading up to the amendments———

The SPEAKER. The Chair advises the gentleman from Erie that there is nothing before the House at this time except the question of the adoption of the amendments offered by the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Hoopes. The gentleman from Erie will confine himself to that subject.

Mr. FITZGERALD. All right, Mr. Speaker, we will confine ourselves to the subject of cash relief as carried in the amendment.

I merely want to state to the members of this House that when Resolution No. 1 was passed many facts could have been brought out that bear directly upon the amendments that Mr. Hoopes now offers in this respect: the merchants are complaining and the unemployed and the citizens, because it is depriving them of the commerce which should pass through the channels of their establishments, and, therefore, I feel that this amendment on the part of Mr. Hoopes is in good grace and in order, and I ask the members of this House to consider the stability and financial structure of the small merchants of this Commonwealth who are affected by not being able to sell their products. I ask the members of this House to consider what it means to these people, not only to the unemployed but to the business men who are the basis of the structure of this Commonwealth, and I ask them to accept this amendment on the part of Mr. Hoopes with the thought in mind that if this system is not properly set up, it can easily be remedied by those officially in charge of it.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Hoopes.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Hoopes, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOOPES. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, is it not the fact that the amendments as submitted by the gentleman from Berks would make it mandatory on the part of the State Emergency Relief Board to make distribution of the money in cash despite the fact that an investigation in that particular case or cases might indicate that the ends of relief would best be met by making it in a relief order.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I will answer the gentleman from Philadelphia by saying that this amendment does make the distribution in cash mandatory.

I will answer the latter part of his assumption by the statement that the Director of the State Emergency Relief Board and the Directors of many of the County Relief Boards and others who are best acquainted with the situation, after careful study and investigation, have said that cash relief would be much better for the unemployed and much more easily administered.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Berks in his reply indicated the fallaciousness of my argument by stating that if the Federal Government should decide that the moneys should only be paid in cash then there would be a conflict between the program presently existing of the Emergency Relief Board and the Federal Government. The gentleman from Berks did so state, did he not, Mr. Speaker?

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I did not so state. I stated that if the Governor should decide to change his policy of distribution of Federal funds from food vouchers to cash that then we would be up against—and you pass the bill without amendments, that we would be up against the same conflict that the gentleman from Philadelphia has stated would be the case if we change from food orders to cash and the Governor refused to go along. I further pointed out that there was nothing to prevent the Governor from changing if the Legislature provides for it as he has followed the provisions made by us previously for the distribution of the appropriations made here, and I have no reason to believe but that he will follow the express wishes of the Legislature in the future.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, there has been nothing in the Governor's program in the administration of the Federal relief money down to the present time to indicate any desire on his part to change the distribution of the relief from food orders to cash. May I ask if the gentleman from Berks agrees with me in that proposition, Mr. Speaker?

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I would say that there has been no expression one way or the other, except probably to follow the line of least resistance, namely, the policy laid down by the Legislature.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, may I ask the gentleman from Berks, in conclusion, whether he agrees with me that if the Governor continues to act in the future with respect to the distribution of Federal moneys, as he has in the past, and these amendments are adopted, making it mandatory upon the State Emergency Relief Board to distribute the relief in cash would there not be a conflict in the administration of the money?

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, in answering the gentleman from Philadelphia, I do not agree with him. If in the future the Gover-

nor does as he has in the past, namely, follows the policy laid down by this Legislature, there will be no conflict.

Mr. BLUMBERG. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call the attention of the House to a very important reason why I think these amendments now offered should be defeated.

I have studied very carefully all the bills on our calendar and have analyzed them to find whether some provisions have been made to take care of Old Age Assistance, the Act which we passed at the last session and which is to go into effect on December 1st, 1934. I was unable to find any direct reference to Old Age Assistance except in the House Bill now before us, House Bill No. 8, and there I found it only by inference—that the matter was sufficiently taken care of. This bill provides that relief to the aged may be made in cash. There is nothing in the title that refers to Old Age Assistance. Old Age Assistance is to be administered by the Department of Welfare through its local agencies and not by the State Emergency Relief Board. This bill applies only so far as the State Emergency Relief Board is concerned in its distribution for the unemployed. Therefore, in order to adequately take care of the appropriation that is going to be necessary beginning December 1st, 1934, in order to fulfill that obligation to the aged indigent I drew up the amendments which this House adopted just a short time ago. Those amendments first of all provide in the title that Old Age Assistance is taken care of in this bill and then go further and say that the State Emergency Relief Board shall beginning December 1st, 1934 pay over to the Department of Welfare through its local agencies such sums as may be necessary for the operation of the Old Age Assistance Fund. If you adopt the Hoopes amendment you will take out the section I have amended and then you have House Bill No. 8 in such condition that there will be no Old Age Assistance beginning December 1st, 1934. Mr. Hoopes in answer may say that if you adopt his amendments the relief will be paid in cash. Well, that is true so far as unemployment relief is concerned but the State Emergency Board does not take care of Old Age Assistance, the Department of Welfare does. In order, therefore, to properly carry out our obligation and our duty to the aged we will have to permit Section 4 of this Act to remain as it now stands before us. I therefore ask you to vote down these amendments.

Mr. SOWERS. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, the question that is before us has been before us in prior sessions. If I remember rightly at the committee meeting the reason the bills were drawn as they are drawn is to keep a check on the disbursing officers. If you disburse the money in cash there is really no check on the persons who disburse the money. They could add five or six names on their rolls and it would be hard to check up on them.

Now Mr. Hoopes' amendment would make it necessary for us to go to the Federal agencies and get them to agree to it. They have already agreed to the system that we have. If we change our system they might change their minds. Remember, Mr. Hoopes' amendment does not say "pay by check" but it does say "pay in cash," so there is no check up, and you are all familiar with the many army pay roll scandals that have occurred in the past and other pay roll scandals, and if the system were adopted as provided by this amendment, it would be a very easy thing to defraud this fund and cheat unemployment relief.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by Messrs. Turner, Fleisher, Rice, Shreiner, Woodside, Habbyshaw, Wike, Sheffer, Griffith, Schrock, Wall, John J. Perry, Scorza, Maloney, Cordier, Kane, Bennett, Cooke, Baldi, Baker, Laubach, Ederer, Forrest and others.

On the question,

Shall the main question be now put?

It was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Hoopes and Mrs. Wilson, and were as follows:

YEAS—66

Andrews,	Hartman,	McGinnis,	Schwab,
Bernhard,	Hermansen,	McGrail,	Shenkel,
Boyd,	Hester,	McHenry,	Shettel,
Brancato,	Himes, L. R.,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Brown, J. E.,	Holmes, J. B.,	Mohn,	Sinwell,
Brownfield,	Hoopes,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Cannon,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Sterling, R. B.,
Caputo,	Kinney,	O'Neill,	Stone,
Carson,	Labar,	Powell,	Tahl,
Chervenak,	Lane,	Powers,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Raub,	Welsh,
Eroe,	Lynch, M.,	Reilly,	Westrick,
Fitzgerald,	Male,	Rhodes,	Wilson, L. M.,
Flanagan,	Malina,	Ruth,	Yourishin,
Furman,	Marcks,	Sarig,	Zimmerman,
Harmuth,	McCreary,	Schrope,	

NAYS—126

Baker,	Haines,	Meredith,	Shortz,
Baldi,	Hamilton,	Marrell,	Shreiner,
Barnhart,	Harris,	Moore,	Simon,
Bechtel,	Hart,	Mumford,	Snyder,
Bennett,	Heffernan,	Munley,	Sowers,
Blumberg,	Hefferon,	Murphy,	Spann,
Brennan,	Heffner,	Myers,	Sterling, P.,
Brown, W. L.,	Hewitt,	Negley,	Stevens,
Carey,	Himes, H. E.,	Nothnagle,	Stevenson,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Patterson,	Stiteler,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	Peelor,	Storb,
Cordier,	Horst,	Pennock,	Stott,
Craig,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Surface,
Dane,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Terry,
Davies,	Jones,	Peters,	Trout,
DeFrehn,	Kane,	Price,	Turner,
Denning,	King,	Rectenwald,	Walker, W. A.,
Dunmire,	Laubach,	Reed,	Wall,
Ederer,	Lewis,	Rice,	Wasserman,
Evans,	Long,	Roan,	Way,
Fleisher,	Lord,	Root,	Weidemann,
Flinchbaugh,	Lose,	Ruth,	White,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Wike,
Forrest,	Maloney,	Royle,	Williams, G. W.,
Gallagher,	Mason,	Ruby,	Williams, J. J.,
Gartner,	McBride,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gorman,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Green,	McElwee,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McGregor,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McKay,	Sheffer,	Talhot,
Habbyshaw,	McKinney,	Shellenberger,	Speaker.

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 The State Emergency Relief Board may from time to time expend or authorize the expenditure of such sums as may be necessary out of the appropriation made by this act for investigation of applications for relief the cost of distributing food clothing fuel or shelter and the maintenance of proper records of receipts expenditures and other transactions of local relief distributing agencies

Section 6 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

The preamble was read as follows:

Whereas By the act approved the nineteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) the sum of twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) was appropriated to the State Emergency Relief Board out of

the net profits from the operation of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores to be paid over to the Board during the period beginning April first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five and

Whereas The profits of the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores have fallen below the estimates and it will not be possible to pay over to the State Emergency Relief Board out of said appropriation more than six million dollars ($6,000,000) prior to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

On the question,

Will the House agree to the preamble?

Mr. BLUMBERG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the second Whereas clause, page 2, lines 2 and 3 from top of page, by striking out the following: "six million dollars ($6,000,000)" and insert in lieu thereof: "five million six hundred thousand dollars ($5,600,000)"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the preamble as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BLUMBERG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by inserting after the word "relief" and before the word "work" the following: "including old age assistance"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for further amendment.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WITIKN. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, this is a most peculiar motion, peculiar in that we have just spent quite a long time on the very subject for which the gentleman desires that the bill be sent back to Committee. This bill was open for amendment. We have passed upon every amendment that has been submitted by every member of this House, and it seems to me that a motion at this time after we have had ample time for the purpose of amendments is a motion that must necessarily be made for the purpose of delaying the passage of this legislation. I say that most respectfully to the gentleman who has made the motion, but I can't for the life of me understand what amendments there are in his mind, because if there were amendments in his mind I know that he would have presented them for the consideration of this House. Now, not having presented them at the proper time he moves to send it back to committee to do just what we have concluded doing.

Therefore, members of this House, in order that this relief legislation may not be impeded, in order that it may be passed quickly, in order that there may be no delay, and in order that we may give the people of Pennsylvania speedy and business-like legislation, I ask you not to delay the affairs of this House by sending this bill back to committee. I ask you to vote the motion down.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I feel that I should explain to the House the reasons for my motion. When this bill was up and the first section was being considered I submitted amendments to that section raising the amount from fourteen million to twenty million dollars. Of course my amendments were ruled out but I now have them in proper form, but section one had been passed upon and I had no chance to again offer my amendments. My reasons are these; I feel that we have cheated ourselves and the people of Pennsylvania long enough about the profits of these liquor stores. We all know the condition the liquor stores are in———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Berks is not speaking on the motion before the House.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken and the gentleman will confine his remarks to the motion before the House to recommit.

Mr. SARIG. The motion before the House is to recommit, but without recommitting there is no opportunity to increase this appropriation, and in order that we may increase and grant the twenty million dollars which everybody agrees is necessary, it will be necessary to recommit it now to the Committee on Appropriations. That is the purpose in making the motion and I therefore ask you to support this motion, so that we may not again camouflage the situation and again kid ourselves and kid the rest of the people of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, the motion made by my friend from Berks, Mr. Sarig, is so clearly a dilatory motion and the remarks of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Witkin, so fully cover the situation, I certainly join with him in asking that you vote this motion down.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, for fear that there may be some misapprehension by reason of the remarks made by the gentleman from Berks, in wanting to raise the amount from fourteen million to twenty million dollars, I call the attention of the members of the House to the fact that our program calls for twenty million and not for fourteen million dollars. The other six million dollars is provided for in House Bill No. 8, being taken from the Liquor Stores Fund, reduced by amendment by four hundred thousand dollars and made up in another fashion. The impression might go forth that we were cutting the relief down from twenty million to fourteen million, and I wish that noted upon the record.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Sarig and Mr. Furman and were as follows:

YEAS—57

Andrews,	Flinchbaugh,	Male,	Rhodes,
Boyd,	Flynn, J. W.,	Malina,	Ruth,
Brancato,	Furman,	Marcks,	Sarig,
Brown, J. E.,	Harmuth,	McGinnis,	Schrope,

Brownfield,	Hartman,	McGrail,	Schwab,
Cannon,	Hester,	McHenry,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Holmes, J. B.,	Melchiorre,	Sinwell,
Carson,	Howard,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Chervenak,	Kinney,	O'Keefe,	Sterling, R. B.,
Cramer,	Labar,	O'Neill,	Stone,
Downey, G. E.	Lane,	Powers,	Wagner,
Eroe,	Lenahan,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
Fitzgerald,	Lovett, J. E.,	Raub,	Welsh,
Flanagan,	Lynch, M.,	Reilly,	Westrick,
			Wilson, L. M.,

NAYS—132

Baker,	Heffernan,	Mohn,	Simon,
Baldi,	Hefferon,	Moore,	Snyder,
Barnhardt,	Heffner,	Mumford,	Sowers,
Bechtel,	Hermansen,	Murphy,	Spann,
Bennett,	Hewitt	Myers,	Sterling, P.,
Bernhard,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Stevens,
Blumberg,	Hoffman,	Nothnagle,	Stevenson,
Brennan,	Holmes, J. L.,	Patterson,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L	Hoopes,	Peelor,	Storb,
Carey,	Horst,	Pennock,	Stott,
Conner,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Surface,
Cooke,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Jones,	Peters,	Terry,
Craig,	Kane,	Powell,	Trout,
Dane,	King,	Price,	Turner,
Davies,	Laubach,	Rectenwald,	Walker, W. A.,
DeFrehn,	Lewis,	Reed,	Wall,
Denning,	Long,	Rice,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Lord,	Roan,	Way,
Ederer,	Lose,	Root,	Weidemann,
Evans,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	White,
Fleisher,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Wike,
Flynn, J. M.	Maloney,	Ruby,	Williams, G. W.
Forrest,	Mason,	Sautter,	Williams, J. J.,
Gartner,	McBride,	Schrock,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Schwartz,	Witkin,
Gorman,	McClure,	Scorza,	Wood,
Green,	McCreary,	Scott,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McElwee,	Sheffer,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McGregor,	Shellenberger,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McKay,	Shenkel,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	McKinney,	Shortz,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	Meredith,	Shreiner,	Speaker.
Harris,	Merrell,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the extraordinary session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in extraordinary session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment in part of the salaries of the Senators at the rate of each and on account of the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10)

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra services in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of forty-one thousand two hundred eighty-six dollars thirty cents ($41,286.30) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment in part of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives at the rate of each and on account of the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House

For the payment of mileage of the Members

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment to the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each—($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proofreading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. TURNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend House Bill No. 9, Printers' No. 9, Section 1, page 3, lines 17 and 18, by striking out the words and figures, "forty-one thousand two hundred eighty-six dollars thirty cents ($41,286.30)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars ($143,433.00)"

Also on page 3, section 1, line 21, by striking out the words "in part"

Also on page 3, Section 1, lines 22, 23 and 24 by striking out the following: "At the rate of ..... each and ..... on account of ....." and inserting the word "and"

Also on page 4, Section 1, line 13, after the word "of," by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve," and in the same line by striking out "($200.)" and inserting in lieu thereof "($1200.)"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

An Act to provide for the expenses of the extraordinary session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mrs. WILSON. HOUSE BILL No. 22.

An act to amend Section twenty-three of the act, approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (P. L. 420), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," as amended, by extending the provisions of the act to include manufacturing, water, natural and artificial gas companies and every other company subject to the control of the Public Service Commission, as well as to persons, copartnerships, associations and corporations engaged in such businesses; and removing the exemption of taxicabs, motor buses and motor omnibuses.

Referred to the Committee on Public Utilities.

By Mr. HOOPES. HOUSE BILL No. 23.

An act to protect the lives and secure the safety and health of the people, by making it unlawful to evict persons from dwellings under certain conditions, requiring notice of intent to serve any writ of distress for rent or writ of possession to be served on occupant of dwelling, authorizing courts of common pleas to grant injunctions against the service of such writs, and in such cases to suspend payment by owner of premises of interest on liens, and to release such owner of liability for payment of certain taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HOOPES. HOUSE BILL No. 24.

An act entitled an act imposing a tax upon the net income of persons resident in the Commonwealth providing a method for the collection and payment of such tax and directing the disbursement of all proceeds of such tax to emergency relief and to the assistance of indigent aged citizens.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Friday morning, September 14, 1934, at 12.01 o'clock A. M.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 3.21 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until Friday, September 14, 1934, at 12.01 o'clock A. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FRIDAY, September 14, 1934

The House met at 12.01 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner offered the following prayer:

Our Father in heaven, we pause at the beginning of this legislative day to hold high communion with Thee. We seek Thy blessing upon our lives, that we may bless those who depend upon us. As Thou dost strengthen us, may we be spent in the service of our fellows, and as Thou dost enlighten our minds with truth, may our knowledge be transformed into guidance for the bewildered multitudes of our people.

As we approach the tasks which await us today, illumine our minds with wisdom from on high that we may quit ourselves as workmen that needeth not to be ashamed.

Make us worthier citizens of our great Commonwealth, with hearts ever sensitive to the sorrows and distress of our people and with hands more responsive to their appeals. Lift each one of our leaders to high endeavor, and especially do we pray for our Speaker, that his courage and patience may match the demands of these tangled days. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday.

The Clerk proceeded to the read the Journal of yesterday, when, on motion of Mr. Denning the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED

By Mr. EROE. HOUSE BILL No. 25.

An Act providing for unemployment work relief in townships; authorizing the State Emergency Relief Board to make payments out of State funds available for work relief to townships to enable them to avail themselves of Federal funds; and authorizing counties to appropriate money to townships for similar purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ANDREWS. HOUSE BILL No. 26.

An Act supplementing the act, approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (Appropriation acts 169), entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools, for two years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three; and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three," by abating unexpended balances of appropriations made thereby to the Executive Department and to certain judges and reappropriating the same to the State Emergency Relief Board for relief of the unemployed.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EROE and Mr. WELSH. HOUSE BILL No. 27.

A Joint Resolution providing for a committee to investigate matters relating to the employes of the State Emergency Relief Board; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FURMAN. HOUSE BILL No. 28.

An Act authorizing the abatement of certain tax penalties and interest on county, city, borough, town, township, poor and school taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

COMMUNICATION

ENDORSING STATE RECOVERY ACT

The SPEAKER laid before the House a telegram addressed to Hon. James L. Quinn from the Typothetae of Western Pennsylvania urging the importance of a State Recovery Act.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTION NO. 9

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 9, Printer's No. 18.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas The special session in 1933 appropriated twenty million dollars for unemployment relief from the anticipated profits of the liquor stores and

Whereas No profits have been derived from the liquor stores with which to meet this appropriation liability and as a result of this failure the present session of the Legislature had to be called and

Whereas The special session in 1933 levied a floor tax of two dollars per gallon on the liquor stored in Pennsylvania from which was anticipated a return of more than twenty million dollars and

Whereas The State was enjoined by a temporary injunction from the collection of this tax and

Whereas The contracts for the purchase of liquor including the floor tax which contracts aggregated approximately forty million dollars and

Whereas At the present time there is an existing indebtedness for liquor purchases of approximately fourteen million dollars and contingent liabilities on contracts for liquor of approximately thirty million dollars and

Whereas The liquor purchase contracts entered into with the various distillers included in the cost of said liquor the floor tax and thereby raised the cost of liquor in Pennsylvania to such exhorbitant prices that the bootlegger thrives today in spite of the repeal of prohibition and

Whereas As a result of the liquor purchase contracts entered into there has been a failure on the part of the State to collect the tax anticipated or to derive any profits from the operation of the liquor stores which profits were to be utilized for unemployment relief therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That a Legislative Committee consisting of two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and three members of the House to be appointed by the Speaker of the House is hereby created

to investigate the various contracts entered into by the Liquor Control Board and the present conditon of the financial affairs of the board including the value of stock of liquor now in possession of the board and to inquire into the manner and results of collecting the floor tax on liquor by the Department of Revenue.

That the committee or its employes are authorized to examine all records books and papers in possession of the Liquor Control Board and the Department of Revenue as may be deemed necessary by it to further its investigation and to employ such attorney stenographers or investigators as may be necessary.

That the committee shall organize immediately after its appointment and proceed with the investigation hereby authorized and shall report its finding to the Governor of the Commonwealth not later than the first day of February one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five accompanying its report with its recommendations as to any action it believes advisable to be taken in the matter.

That said committee shall have power to issue subpoenas under the hand and seal of its chairman requiring and commanding any person to appear before it and to answer such questions touching matters properly being inquired into by the committee and to produce such books papers records and documents as the committee may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any person and shall have the same force and effect as subpoenas issued out of the courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it. Any person who shall wilfully neglect and refuse to appear and testify before said committee or to produce any books papers records or documents shall be subject to the penalties provided by the laws of this Commonwealth in such cases.

That the committee is hereby authorized to expend the sum of three thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be needed for the purposes hereinbefore specified which sum shall be inserted as an item in the appropriation bill for the payment of the expenses of this extraordinary session.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Franklin will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, Resolution No. 9, Printer's No. 18, is within the inhibition of the resolution on resolutions as already adopted by this House and is not within the call of the Governor.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, raises the point of order that Resolution No. 9, Printer's No. 18, does not come within the province of the resolution on resolutions nor does it come within the province of the call of the Governor. Pursuant to the adoption of that resolution the Chair lays that question before this body.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask if the laying before this body by the speaker in the form of a motion is debatable or not.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will read the resolution as adopted.

"Resolved, That when any action is being taken or is about to be taken or or in relation to any bill or resolution, any member of this House shall be privileged to raise a point of order that such bill or resolution is on a subject, consideration of which is prohibted under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution or both. Thereupon the Speaker shall submit the point of order to the House for decision. On such point of order the merits of the bill or resolution may not be debated, but debate shall be limited to the question whether the bill or resolution is on a subject which may be considered under the terms of this resolution, or the Constitution."

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I shall be very brief in trying to explain to this House why I figure that this resolution is entirely within the call, by reason of the fact that the funds supposed to accrue were to be used for relief. I should like to know and I presume the ladies and gentlemen of this House should like to know, why those funds are so far below what was originally anticipated. I should like to know also whether or not these rumors that we hear floating around have any truth in connection with the contracts made to include this floor tax. I believe———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is not speaking on the point of order.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to give the gentleman from Erie as wide a latitude as possible but he must confine himself to the question that is before this body.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, the question before you is not a hypothetical question. It is very plain and simple. You must realize that I am confined to certain latitudes in an explanation as to whether or not my resolution is a subject included in the call. I believe it is an important function of relief to make it such. I cannot see how it can be misconstrued. I, therefore, ask you to consider the importance of the funds involved in this resolution. If you want to continue on and not know how your state government is functioning and permit these rumors to float around, then I shall be much surprised. I ask you in conclusion to give this resolution a chance. Let the committee appointed do the rest.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Fitzgerald and Mr. Sarig and were as follows:

YEAS—44

Boyd,	Flynn, J. W.,	McCreary,	Sarig,
Brancato,	Harmuth,	McGinnis,	Schrope,
Brown, J. E.,	Hartman,	McGrail,	Schwab,
Brownfield,	Himes, L. R.,	McHenry,	Shettel,
Cannon,	Holmes, J. B.,	Melchiorre,	Simon,
Caputo,	Hoopes,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Carson,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Stevens,
Chervenak,	Kinney,	Powers,	Stone,
Cohen,	Lane,	Quinn,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	Raub,	Welsh,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rhodes,	Westrick,
Eroe,	Lynch, M.	Ruby,	Wilson, L. M.,
Fitzgerald,	Male,	Ruth,	Yourishin,
Flanagan,	Marcks,		

NAYS—126

Andrews,	Habbyshaw,	McKinney,	Shreiner,
Baker,	Haines,	Meredith,	Snyder,
Baldi,	Hamilton,	Mohn,	Sowers,
Barnhardt,	Harris,	Moore,	Spann,
Bechtel,	Hart,	Mumford,	Sterling, P.,
Bennett,	Heffernan,	Munley,	Stevenson,
Bernhard,	Hefferon,	Myers,	Stitzer,
Blumberg,	Heffner,	Negley,	Storb,
Brennan,	Hermansen,	Nothnagle,	Stott,
Brown, W. L.,	Hewitt,	O'Neill,	Surface,
Carey,	Himes, H. E.,	Patterson,	Tahl,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peelor,	Terry,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	Pennock,	Trout,
Cordier,	Horst,	Perry, D. R.,	Turner,
Craig,	Hough,	Perry, J. J.,	Walker, W. A.,
Dane,	Hutton,	Peters,	Wall,
Davies,	Jones,	Powell,	Wasserman,
DeFrehn,	Kane,	Price,	Way,
Denning,	King,	Rectenwald,	Weidemann,
Dunmire,	Laubach,	Reed,	White,
Ederer,	Lewis,	Rice,	Wike,
Evans,	Long,	Roan,	Williams, G. W.,
Fleisher,	Lord,	Root,	Williams, J. J.,
Flinchbaugh,	Lose,	Roth,	Wilson, T. B.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Royle,	Witkin,
Gallagher,	Malina,	Sautter,	Wood,
Gartner,	Maloney,	Schrock,	Woodside,
Gillette,	McBride,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Gorman,	McClure,	Sheffer,	Zimmerman,
Green,	McElwee,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Greenstein,	McGregor,	Shortz,	Speaker
Griffith,	McKay,		

So the question was determined in the negative and the resolution was not adopted.

RESOLUTION

JOINT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF INVESTIGATORS

Mr. EROE offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a committee composed of five members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker and three senators to be appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate is hereby created, whose duty it shall be to investigate the employment of investigators and other employes of the State Emergency Relief Board with a view to ascertaining whether there is discrimination in such employment in that only those are employed who have attained a certain scholastic standing, or in that persons are employed who are not competent to perform the work for which they are employed, or in that soldiers and certain other classes of persons are discriminated against, or in any other respect. The committee shall report its findings to the session of the General Assembly convened in January, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five.

Resolved, That said committee shall have power to issue subpoenas under the hand and seal of its chairman, requiring and commanding any person to appear before it and to answer such questions touching matters properly being inquired into by the committee and to produce such books, papers, records and documents as the committee may deem necessary. Such subpoenas may be served upon any person and shall have the same force and effect as subpoenas issued out of the courts of this Commonwealth. Each member of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it. Any person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to appear and testify before said committee or to produce any books, papers, records or documents, shall be subject to the penalties provided by the laws of this Commonwealth in such cases.

Resolved, That the State Emergency Relief Board is hereby directed to furnish to the committee, not later than October first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, a complete list of all persons employed in any capacity in the distribution of relief funds to the unemployed, together with their addresses and the amount of compensation paid to them, the services performed and the time devoted to such services.

RESOLUTION NO. 4

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 4, Printer's No. 4.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The General Assembly reduced the salary paid members of the House and Senate from $3,000.00 to $2,500.00 for the elective term making possible a substantial reduction in expenditures and

Whereas, The General Assembly's economy program terminated with the reduction in legislative salaries and

Whereas, There is a possibility that similar reductions could be made in other directions without impairing the efficiency of the various departments and bureaus through which the State Government operates, Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Auditor General be requested to furnish this House with the following information:

First. What would be the annual reduction in expenditures if all salaries in excess of one thousand eight hundred dollars a year not fixed by statute were reduced from the January first one thousand nine hundred thirty-three level in the proportion that the salaries paid members of the General Assembly were reduced.

Second. What would be the reduction in expenditures if all state officers and state employes and members of the judiciary receiving statutory salaries were for the six months period beginning October first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four to be placed temporarily upon a drawing account basis receiving only sixty per cent of the amount regularly due them.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, Resolution No. 4, Printer's No. 4 is within the inhibition of the resolution on resolutions and is not within the call of the Governor. As it refers to a reduction of salaries, it is clearly not within the call of the Governor.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, raises the point of order that resolution No. 4, Printer's No. 4, does not come within the province of the resolution on resolutions nor within the province of the call of the Governor. The Chair submits the question to the House.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, I ask for a roll call.

The SPEAKER. Is there a second for the calling of the roll. The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the House sustain the point of order?

It was sustained.

RESOLUTION NO. 10

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 10, Printer's No. 19.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Countless numbers of owners of real estate within this Commonwealth who heretofore have received income therefrom through rentals have been compelled to see their properties sold for taxes or on executions issued to collect liens thereon because of the unemployment of lessees who are unable to pay rent.

Adverse to ejecting those who through no fault of their own are unable to pay rent due for their occupancy these owners have and are now without any income from such properties and instead of being an asset their properties have become liabilities.

Millions of dollars have been appropriated by this Commonwealth for the relief of the unemployed by providing them with food clothing and shelter but no thought has been given to the landlord who has furnished free the shelter that the State by its appropriations has assumed the responsibility of furnishing.

The landlord has thus been burdened with far more than his just share of the cost of relieving the unemployed for in addition to the tax he pays too the amount he has lost in rentals, therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this House that moneys appropriated to the State Emergency Relief Board for relief of the unemployed and the furnishing of food clothing and shelter can be used by that board and by local relief boards for the payment of rents of premises occupied by unemployed persons and be it

Resolved, That this House requests said State Emergency Relief Board to immediately adopt a system whereby in furnishing shelter to the unemployed as provided for by appropriations made by this Legislature some provision shall be made and carried into effect whereby rentals of properties occupied by such unemployed shall be paid directly to the owners of such properties by such boards and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Chief Clerk of the House to the said State Emergency Relief Board.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

RESOLUTION NO. 11

Mr. RUTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 11, Printer's No. 20.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 13, 1934.

Whereas, The demands for legislation on the subject of unemployment relief are becoming more pressing day by day and the feeling prevails in many circles that such a system if established on a sound basis will do more to relieve the effects of the economic depression than the pouring out of moneys for unemployment relief under existing systems and

Whereas, Many studies on this subject have been made in other states which are in print and can no doubt be secured for information therefore be it

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint a committee of five members of this House to study the feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State taking into consideration studies made and experiences if any in other states and if deemed feasible to recommend to the Legislature in one thousand nine hundred thirty-five the type of legislation which is deemed appropriate for this State and such matters for the consideration of this House as the committee deems appropriate.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, Resolution No. 11, Printer's No. 20, is within the inhibition of the resolution on resolutions and is not within the call of the Governor.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, raises the point of order that Resolution No. 11, Printer's No. 20, does not come within the province of the resolution on resolutions nor within the province of the call of the Governor. The Chair submits the question to the House.

On the question,

Will the House sustain the point of order?

It was sustained.

RESOLUTION NO. 7

(Resolution No. 7, Printer's No. 16 was expunged from the record in accordance with the motion following.)

RESOLUTION EXPUNGED FROM RECORD

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I regret exceedingly to arise at this time and to call your attention to the fact that this Resolution No. 7, Printer's No. 16, is highly scurrilous, insulting, defamatory and derogatory to the integrity of the Governor of this Commonwealth, the Attorney General and the members of this House, and I move you, Mr. Speaker, that it be stricken and expunged from the records.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN offered a resolution which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The Constitution of Pennsylvania recognizes the inherent right of the people to the management and alteration of their Government; and

Whereas, This Assembly is the creation of the people to facilitate, not to obstruct, representative government; and

Whereas, Our Assembly retains, regardless of The Holy Prophesy on the Capitol ceiling "Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall set you free," that relic of boss rule, the dark secret standing committee room, where it can figuratively be said the Political Blue Beard murders economy, welfare, school and other legislation which is in the public interest; therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives in accordance with the spirit of the New Deal orders the standing committee room doors to be kept open for the public and the representatives of the press, except for valid reasons according to available space, and that a stenographer keep a record of the proceedings of the committee and its members, which shall be accessible to the citizens at all times.

The SPEAKER. Referred to the Committee on Rules.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, at a caucus of the Democratic members of this House it was unanimously agreed that we oppose all bills making transfers of funds, such as this bill is. Our reasons for it are these:

We believe that to take these trust funds in the manner in which they are to be taken would be about the same as if a trustee would go to work and loot a trust fund and then leave a blank note to be signed by some succeeding trustee appointed by the Court later on.

If this House or this Legislature were to take these funds and promise and pledge itself to replace them during the life of this body, it would be a different proposition. As it is now we are in the position of simply shirking our responsibilities and passing them on to the succeeding Legislature.

I wish to call your attention to a statement made by Mr. Robert D. Dripps of the Pennsylvania Economic Council, in which he discusses this very situation, and on page 23, in the second to the last line he says:

"In the view of the Pennsylvania Economic Council the primary point to be derived from this whole situation is the fact that whatever arrangement is made is forced upon the various agencies involved at the present time as the logical outcome of the recent tendency of political leaders of the state to shift and evade responsibility rather than to face it squarely and work through to a sound, even if unpleasant solution."

Now, my views are just exactly the same. I feel that this Legislature should face its own responsibilities. We all know that the next House will have trouble enough. We do not know who of us will be back; there will be a number of us trying to come back; but we do know this: that the next Legislature will have a number of problems to face which the present Legislature did not have to face. We will be short the thirty-seven million dollars which were left over by the Fisher administration, we will be short the twenty-five million which we have used up from the recent loan that has been adopted, the fourteen million and some dollars from Dorrance Estate—inheritance tax—will also be non-recurrent; the nine and a half million dollars from the Delaware River Bridge Fund will be non-recurrent, so that those four items alone make something like eighty-five or eighty-six million dollars which will be non-recurrent in the next Legislature, and God knows the next Legislature will have enough to contend with and enough to face without any added burdens which may be thrown over to them from the present session. The Governor has said in his call, as you recall, that he would not sign a number of these bills unless a pledge was given or a declaration made by this body that they were to be returned at a certain stated time. Everyone here knows that this Legislature cannot, and has no authority to, bind the next Legislature. The proposition to me seems even childish; it seems to me that we are entirely attempting to evade the responsibility which is ours and to shift it on to the next Legislature. I plead with you and I say to you that the next Legislature will have plenty of troubles of its own. Even though we now assume our responsibilities and furnish the revenue, the next Legislature will still be short, adding to the deficit in the

General Fund this eighty-five million dollars, will be short in the neighborhood of something close to one hundred million dollars. Are we going to say to the next Legislature that although they will be shy to begin with one hundred million dollars, we are still going to saddle on them all of this responsibility which properly belonged to the present Legislature. Let us stand up like men; let us face our responsibilities; let us not shirk, because those of you and those of us, will be handed during the next session not only this one hundred million dollars shortage which is non-recurrent but they will on top of that will have to face what we are now throwing on them.

For us to go to work and leave a blank note unsigned and which nobody has any authority to sign at the present time, would surely, I believe you will all agree, be a shift of responsibility and it would be an evasion, and that is something I think should not be done by any responsible legislative body. If the people ridicule us and mock us it is our own fault. If we stand here like children and pass the buck instead of standing up and doing our duty as members of this body, we simply pass on the buck and say let the next legislature take care of it. I plead with you that we assume our own responsibilities, that we hoe our own row, and that we do not pile on the next Legislature, which God knows will have trouble enough of its own, this added burden.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, may I first state, would that the gentleman from Berks had been a member of Congress during this last session and make such an address before that body.

Let me show you how fallacious and how ridiculous is the argument of the gentleman from Berks. He starts off by saying that we are looting a fund. The first bill on the Calender is a bill wherein we are transferring from the State Insurance Fund $548,000. Apparently the Democratic Caucus does not know much about the law covering the State Insurance Fund. So I want to tell those gentlemen of the Democratic Caucus that under the law as it now is upon the statute books of Pennsylvania, the law provides that where this fund is in excess of one million dollars the money must be transferred to the General Fund. May I direct the attention of my learned friends of the Democratic Caucus to the fact that that fund now amounts to $1,548,000.00, so that under the law we are not looting a fund but we are transferring a fund that under the law must be transferred. May I also suggest that in their future caucuses they learn what they are talking about before they attempt to tell us what has happened in their caucus.

The next question that comes up is a statement that we are postponing the date of payment of a debt. Well, members of the House, we learned that from the Democratic administration in Washington. God knows, I agree with, that we are going to have our troubles in the next session of the Legislature, but if we are going to have our troubles then God only knows the troubles that the next Congress is going to have in Washington.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is not talking on the question.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will confine his remarks to the question before the House.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, we are told by the gentleman from Berks that we are signing a blank note. I say to you, members of the House, that this is no blank note, because unlike the Federal administration at Washington, in every bill of transfer that is before this body———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. The gentleman is not on the question; he is discussing a national question.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will confine his remarks to the question before the House.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I believe I was at the point of telling the members of the House and particularly the members of the Democratic Caucus when they admonish us that the Governor said that he would veto those measures unless there was provision made in the bills as to when the money shall be repaid. It is unfortunate that the Democratic Caucus did not examine the bills when they were before them for consideration, because if they had they would have found out that every fund that is being transferred and has to be repaid has such a provision stated in the bill, and the bills as they are before you provide when they shall be repaid, so that the statement that the Governor would veto such measures apparently could not have been given serious thought by the Democratic Caucus. We need not worry about that.

I am glad, however, to note that the gentleman from Berks—the minority leader of the Democratic Party—cries forth that it would be a great calamity if we did not have a balanced budget. Since when is the Democratic Party telling us that there ought to be a balanced budget. The gentleman from Berks would never reach Congress on a Democratic statement such as that. On the contrary we stand for a balanced judgment and it is because we stand for it that we make provision for the repayment of these moneys.

The gentleman from Berks further says that it would be a mistake to do something that we can't do during the life of this body. I challenge the Democratic Party to produce a single method in all the world wherein and whereby it would be humanly possible to raise between now and the 1st of January, 1935, twenty million dollars. They have not done it ,they wont do it and they know they can't do it.

What is the use for a learned gentleman, like the gentleman from Berks, the leader of the minority party, coming here and telling us that we ought to repay it during the life of this session? You know you can't do it, because if you could, I take it, you would have somebody in the Democratic Party in the whole state of Pennsylvania that would have given us such a system.

Members of this House, we are doing the only logical thing that the Commonwealth can do. The unemployed must be taken care of, and the twenty million dollars must be raised. We cannot raise it by taxation and make it available in time, so we are transferring funds that are either not in use or not immediately needed, and then in the cool, calm deliberation of a regular session we are going to make arrangements to repay that money.

I want to close by saying that I have taken much time on this bill; I hope it will not be necessary to do so on all the bills; but I am going to ask this body to vote affirmatively on these measures, the only sane measures that have been introduced by the majority party of this House, the only measures that have been introduced by either party in this House. The Democrats have not given us the means of raising the twenty million dollars between now and the first of January, they have not given us a single concrete thought. All they want to do is destroy. We are a constructive party and we will continue to be so. I say, in conclusion, my good friends of the Democratic Party, don't attack unless you know what you are talking about.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by Messrs. Cooke, Ruby, Spann———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, you will recall a few days ago I called your attention to a case just such as this. I believe in all fairness the least that could be done would have been to honor the request for the floor of the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Sarig. This is one occasion where I absolutely know that he made that request prior to the request of the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, and I think that that statement can be borne out by members in proximity to his seat and by some of the visitors. I am only asking for that which is fair and I ask that the Speaker in fairness give the seniority to his request which it deserves.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman arose on a point of order. Will the gentleman state his point of order.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is one that is beyond this House, it is one that is included in the Constitution of the United States, which says each and every citizen is of right and ought to be free and independent———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. WITKIN. The gentleman is not stating a point of order. He is making a speech.

The SPEAKER. The point of order of the gentleman from Philadelphia is well taken, and the Chair so rules. The Chair recognized the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, who moved the previous question.

Will the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton withdraw his motion for the previous question?

Mr. HUTTON. No, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman insists on the previous question.

The motion was seconded by Messrs. Laubach, Forrest, Ederer, Peters, Baldi, Bennett, Scorza, Maloney, Cordier, John J. Williams, Haines, Baker, Storb, Wike, Turner, Rice and others.

On the question,

Shall the main question be now put?

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I deplore the fact that there is all this controversy. I feel that we should have a right to debate these bills without any technical controversies, such as we have had here to-day.

I want to say simply in answer to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Witkin, because he has asked what plan we have, that I have already introduced legislation to provide the necessary revenue and that legislation is now in committee and is open for the House to act upon.

I also want to say that the Federal Relief Adminstration time and again stated the fact that if we assume a responsible position, that if we take up a responsible manner of providing this money they will take care of the relief situation until that money is realized.

On the other hand the gentleman from Philadelphia has said already that you are making a declaration of returning these funds. But what does that declaration mean? It is just like a blank note. It means nothing. It is only a gesture and nothing else. There is nothing here to show what plan the gentleman from Philadelphia has. He has not stated one plan by which he hopes to meet this situation. He has not told us how he proposes to raise the money to pay it back into these funds and without stating how he proposes to return this money and where he proposes to get it, he asks this House to simply hand over a blank check putting this House in a wholly irresponsible positon, in a positon where this House cannot expect the people of Pennsylvania to look on it as a responsible body.

What would you think of a man who comes to you and offers you a blank note in payment of a bill? You would consider him a cheat and a fraud, and I say if the Houses does that same thing which we would not countenance in an indivdual, we would place ourselves in the same positon of trying to cheat and defraud, promising to pay something and then merely handing over a blank note, which means nothing and which carries no responsiblity behind it.

I again plead with you, and I say to you that I have already introduced a measure, I have also introduced a companion appropriation bill for the twenty million dollars to be appropriated. We are trying to assume our responsibility, we are not trying to shirk it, and I hope that the other members of the House will take the same positon.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisons of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140

Andrews,	Harris,	Meredith,	Shortz,
Baker,	Hart,	Merrell,	Shreiner,
Baldi,	Heffernan,	Mohn,	Simon,
Barnhardt,	Hefferon,	Moore,	Snyder,
Bechtel,	Heffner,	Mumford,	Sowers,
Bennett,	Hermansen,	Munley,	Spann,
Bernhard,	Hewitt,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Blumberg,	Himes, H. E.,	Myers,	Stevens,
Brennan,	Hoffman,	Negley,	Stevenson,
Brown, W. L.,	Holmes, J. L.,	Nothnagle,	Stiteler,
Carey,	Hoopes,	Patterson,	Storb,
Conner,	Horst,	Peelor,	Stott,
Cooke,	Hough,	Pennock,	Surface,
Cordier,	Hutton,	Perry, D. R.,	Tahl,
Craig,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Dane,	Kane,	Peters,	Turner,
Davies,	King,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
DeFrehn,	Kinney,	Price,	Wall,
Denning,	Laubach,	Rectenwald,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Reed,	Way,
Ederer,	Long,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Evans,	Lord,	Rice,	White,
Fleisher,	Lose,	Roan,	Wike,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Root,	Williams, G. W.,
Forrest,	Lynch, J. R.,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Gallagher,	Maloney,	Royle,	Wilson, L. M.,
Gartner,	Mason,	Ruby,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gillette,	McBride,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Gorman,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Wood,
Green,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McCreary,	Scorza,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McElwee,	Scott,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Sheffer,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	McKay,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	McKinney,	Shenkel,	Speaker.

NAYS—51

Boyd,	Flanagan,	Malina,	McGinnis,
Brancato,	Flynn, J. W.,	Marcks,	Ruth,
Brown, J. E.,	Furman,	McGrail,	Sarig,
Brownfield,	Harmuth,	McHenry,	Schrope,
Caputo,	Hartman,	Melchiorre,	Schwab,
Carson,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Connor,	Shugarts,
Chervenak,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Keefe,	Sinwell,
Cohen,	Howard,	O'Neill,	Stank,
Cramer,	Lane,	O'Rourke,	Wagner,
Downey, G. E.,	Lenahan,	Powers,	Walker, G. E.,
Downey, J. J.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Quinn,	Welsh,
Eroe,	Lynch, M.,	Raub,	Westrick,
Fitzgerald,	Male,	Rhodes,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

REASONS FOR VOTE

While believing that the transfer of funds without providing for taxes to replace them, and to provide for immediate future needs is unwise, we are voting for these transfers in order that unemployment relief may continue. In view of the position taken by the majority of this House, we are forced to choose between voting for these transfers, or being on record as voting against unemployment relief. We therefore vote "Aye."

DARLINGTON HOOPES.
LILITH WILSON.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. MALINA. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. MALINA. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, just a few minutes ago you with ridicule defeated a resolution which has been sent on the floor of this House, and it has been said that it was an insult to the Governor and the Attorney General and to the rest mentioned therein. Let me quote paragraphs from the resolution presented which was defeated. "Resolved that the House of Representatives hereby demand that the Attorney General of the Commonwealth present a ruling not later than September 17th at 9.00 P. M. as to the legality of transferring these funds." I also quote further "Resolved that the Governor indicate to the Legislature how the money borrowed temporarily from the funds which demand repayment is to be raised———

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is not confining himself to a question of personal privlege but is endeavoring to do that which the House has just voted upon, to-wit: expunge from the record the contents of that resolution. The resolution having been expunged from the record the gentleman has no right to quote from that resolution.

The SPEAKER. As the Chair views the situation the point of order up to this time is not well taken. From the remarks of the gentleman, if the Chair has heard them correctly, he thinks that his integrity has been attacked. The gentleman will proceed confining himself to that question.

Mr. MALINA. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I repeat: "Resolved that the Governor indicate to the Legislature how the money borrowed temporarily from the funds which demand repayment is to be raised; and be it further resolved that the Auditor General and State Treasurer submit within the above specified time a report of all unexpended balances in all State Funds together with a report on all allocations standing out against such balances, and an estimate of receipts expected from September 1, 1934 to January 1, 1935."

Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentleman of the House, I think that you will agree with me that that resolution was not an insult. First we ask the Attorney General to come before this House and give us an opinion on the legality of transferring funds, and next we ask the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to give us figures as to whether we can really transfer those funds, whether there are sufficient funds to be transferred. Therefore——

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is not confining himself to a question of personal privilege. That is, as the Chair took it he took affront at the statement of the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton. The question of the resolution or its merits cannot be discussed by the gentleman on a question of personal privilege.

Mr. MALINA. Mr. Speaker, I believe my integrity in this House has been assailed. I believe I have a perfect right to present a resolution of this sort to which there is merit. Therefore I ask you, Mr. Speaker, and members of the House, unanimous consent in presenting the following resolution.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the gentleman that a resolution is not in order at this time.

Mr. MALINA. Asking unanimous consent, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair did not hear the gentleman.

Mr. MALINA. I said, Mr. Speaker, I am asking unanimous consent.

The SPEAKER. We are now on third reading bills and the resolution is out of order at this time.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136

Andrews,	Harris,	Meredith,	Simon,
Baker,	Hart,	Merrell,	Snyder,
Baldi,	Heffernan,	Mumford,	Sowers,
Barnhardt,	Hefferon,	Munley,	Spann,
Bechtel,	Heffner,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Bennett,	Hermansen,	Myers,	Stevens,
Bernhard,	Hewitt,	Negley,	Stevenson,
Blumberg,	Himes, H. E.,	Nothnagle,	Stiteler,
Brennan,	Hoffman,	O'Neill,	Storb,
Brown, W. L.,	Holmes, J. L.,	Patterson,	Stott,
Carey,	Hoopes,	Peelor,	Surface,
Conner,	Horst,	Pennock,	Tahl,
Cooke,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Terry,
Cordier,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Craig,	Jones,	Peters,	Turner,
Dane,	Kane,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
Davies,	King,	Price,	Wall,
DeFrehn,	Kinney,	Rectenwald,	Wasserman,
Denning,	Laubach,	Reed,	Way,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Ederer,	Long,	Rice,	White,
Evans,	Lord,	Roan,	Wike,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lose,	Root,	Williams, G. W.,
Forrest,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Gallagher,	Maloney,	Royle,	Wilson, L. M.,
Gartner,	Mason,	Ruby,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gillette,	McBride,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Gorman,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Wood,
Green,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McCreary,	Scorza,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McElwee,	Scott,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Shellenberger,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	McKay,	Shenkel,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	McKinney,	Shreiner,	Speaker.

NAYS—48

Boyd,	Flanagan,	Malina,	Sarig,
Brancato,	Flinchbaugh,	Marcks,	Schrope,
Brown, J. E.,	Flynn, J. W.,	McGinnis,	Schwab,
Brownfield,	Furman,	McGrail,	Shettel,
Cannon,	Harmuth,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Hartman,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Carson,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Keefe,	Stone,
Cohen,	Howard,	O'Rourke,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Raub,	Welsh,
Eroe,	Lynch, M.,	Rhoades,	Westrick,
Fitzgerald,	Male,	Ruth,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed from time to time between the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-four and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five to transfer from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund such sums not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of five million one hundred thousand dollars ($5,100,000) as the Governor shall direct Transfers shall be made hereunder upon warrants of the Auditor General upon requisition of the Governor

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Motor License Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective on the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—110

Baker,	Harris,	Mumford,	Sterling, P.,
Baldi,	Hart,	Myers,	Stevens,
Barnhardt,	Heffernan,	Negley,	Stiteler,
Bechtel,	Hefferon,	Nothnagle,	Storb,
Bennett,	Heffner,	Patterson,	Stott,
Bernhard,	Hermansen,	Peelor,	Surface,
Blumberg,	Hewitt,	Pennock,	Tahl,
Brennan,	Himes, H. E.,	Perry, D. R.,	Terry,
Brown, W. L.,	Holmes, J. L.,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Carey,	Hoopes,	Peters,	Turner,
Connor,	Horst,	Powell,	Wade,
Cooke,	Hutton,	Rectenwald,	Wasserman,
Cordier,	Jones,	Reed,	Way,
Craig,	Kane,	Rice,	Weidemann,
Dane,	King,	Roan,	White,
Davies,	Labar,	Roth,	Wike,
DeFrehn,	Laubach,	Royle,	Williams, G. W.,
Denning,	Lewis,	Ruby,	Williams, J. J.,
Dunmire,	Long,	Sautter,	Wilson, L. M.,
Ederer,	Lord,	Schrock,	Wilson, T. B.,
Evans,	Lose,	Scorza,	Witkin,
Forrest,	Lovett, W. S.,	Shortz,	Wood,
Green,	Lynch, J. R.,	Shreiner,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	Maloney,	Simon,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	Mason,	Snyder,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McCandless,	Sowers,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	McElwee,	Spann,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	McKinney,		Speaker.

NAYS—47

Andrews,	Fitzgerald,	Male,	Raub,
Boyd,	Flanagan,	Malina,	Rhodes,
Brancato,	Fleisher,	McClure,	Ruth,
Brown, J. E.,	Flynn, J. W.,	McGinnis,	Sarig,
Brownfield,	Gillette,	McGrail,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Harmuth,	McKay,	Sinwell,
Carson,	Hoffman,	Melchiorre,	Stank,
Chervenak,	Howard,	O'Connor,	Stone,
Cohen,	Lane,	O'Keefe,	Wall,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	O'Rourke,	Welsh,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Powers,	Westrick,
Eroe,	Lynch, M.,	Quinn,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—134

Andrews,	Hamilton,	Merrell,	Simon,
Baker,	Harris,	Mohn,	Snyder,
Baldi,	Hart,	Moore,	Sowers,
Barnhardt,	Heffernan,	Munley,	Spann,
Bechtel,	Hefferon,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Beech,	Heffner,	Myers,	Stevens,
Bennett,	Hermansen,	Negley,	Stiteler,
Bernhard,	Hewitt,	Nothnagle	Storb,
Blumberg,	Himes, H. E.,	Patterson,	Stott,
Brennan,	Hoffman,	Peelor,	Surface,
Brown, W. L.,	Holmes, J. L.,	Pennock,	Tahl,
Carey,	Hoopes,	Perry, D. R.	Terry,
Conner,	Horst,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Cooke,	Hough,	Peters,	Turner,
Cordier,	Hutton,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
Craig,	Jones,	Price,	Wall,
Dane,	Kane,	Rectenwald	Wasserman,
Davies,	King,	Reed,	Way,
DeFrehn,	Kinney,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Denning,	Laubach,	Rice,	White,
Dunmire,	Long,	Roan,	Wike,
Ederer,	Lord,	Root,	Williams, G. W.,
Evans,	Lose,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Fleisher,	Lovett, W. S.,	Ruby,	Wilson, L. M.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lynch, J. R.,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Forrest,	Mason,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gartner,	McBride,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Gorman,	McClure,	Sheffer,	Yeakel,
Green,	McCreary,	Shellenberger,	Yourishin,
Greenstein,	McElwee,	Shenkel,	Zimmerman,
Griffith,	McGregor,	Shettel,	Talbot,
Habbyshaw,	McKinney,	Shortz,	Speaker.
Haines,	Meredith,	Shreiner,	

NAYS—51

Boyd,	Flanagan,	McGinnis,	Sarig,
Brancato,	Flinchbaugh,	McGrail,	Schrope,
Brownfield,	Furman,	McKay,	Schwab,
Cannon,	Harmuth,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Hartman,	O'Connor,	Sinwell,
Carson,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Keefe,	Stank,
Chervenak,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Neill,	Sterling, R. B.,
Cohen,	Howard,	O'Rourke,	Stevenson,
Cramer,	Lane,	Powers,	Wagner,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
Downey, J. J.,	Lynch, M.,	Raub,	Welsh,
Eroe,	Male,	Rhodes,	Westrick,
Fitzgerald,	Malina,	Ruth,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, it is not my intention to delay these proceedings by making a speech, but I merely wish to call attention to the fact that this money goes back to the local districts and you all know how embarassed all of the local districts are because of the fact that there is such a heavy tax burden on real estate. To take this money away from them will still add further to the troubles of the local municipalities and the local bodies that are entitled to this money. We all know the real estate situation, we all know the local situation and the situation of the municipalities, and we know how badly they need this money, and for that reason I ask you to vote "No" on this bill.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I do not desire to make any extended speech, but merely want to answer my friend by saying that this bill, like these other bills, provides for the repayment to the municipalities of this money not later than December 31, 1935. It is merely a transfer of the money until the next session of the Legislature and is to be repaid. So like the other bills that we have already passed, this bill does not affect anybody and no money is being taken away from any municipality.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Witkin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WITKIN. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FITZGERALD. I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia how he intends to repay this money?

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman may I say that the way to repay this money in my judgment could be in two ways. One could be by taxation, if after the next Congress is in session they leave anything for us to tax, if they do not tax everything to make good the deficit of millions and billions dollars.

The next session of the Legislature will have to enable the repayment of this money by finding out a means of taxation that will affect most of the people the least. I also believe that economies can be affected in the state government and thereby prevent great additional taxation. This money is to be borrowed now and repaid at the next session, and in that manner I presume, and know, that it will be paid.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman in his answer to me give two theoretical expressions of what might be done. I would like to know if he has any assurance or any specific plan that can be enacted.

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I would answer that in the same way that I have answered the previous question. I take it that the necessity of the times have caused the administration at Washington to be without any specific plan of repayment, to do on a much larger scale that which we are doing on a very infinitesmal scale. The next Legislature, in their wisdom, will have to sit down and devise ways and means of raising this money. I am not the next Legislature. The next Legislature will well know what this Legislature has said and that this money must be paid by a specified time. The Legislature of Pennsylvania has never failed to fulfill their duties and have always maintained their honor and their integrity and I am sure that the next Legislature will be able to meet that situation, and if the gentleman from Erie comes back then I know that the problem will be solved.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, let me assure the gentleman from Philadelphia that the gentleman from Erie will not be back.

Mr. WITKIN. I have just found that out, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FITZGERALD. But that does not make any difference, Mr. Speaker. I want to thank the gentleman from Philadelphia for making that beautiful speech for me. I think the members all understand very good English and I am leaving it to you and asking you to consider the speech that the gentleman has made.

Mr. BENNETT. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, it is most unfortunate that a call, a special call, for an extraordinary session here should be made a kind of plaything, in an emergency where we are dealing with human misery, and hunger, and want and unemployment, and where many in the land, in a national sense, seem to wear a halo because of their assumed ability to wrestle with the problem, while others locally who subscribe to the same political convictions seem to stand in the middle of the road and ridicule the efforts that are being made here in the name of Pennsylvania and her ten millions of people.

I have the greatest affection, I have the greatest warmth of friendship for this kind old gentleman, Mr. Sarig, that sits and stands and adorns with his gifts and graces and sincerity, his ability and experience and training and temperament in this House as the leader of the opposition, and I compliment him in his statement of a little while ago when he said that the National Government had promised cooperation to carry on the state of Pennsylvania at the present and the demands that were made upon it for relief. But I say that it is really unfortunate that in his sincerity in making that statement he really wrote a blistering and devastating indictment against the man who carries the banners of his party at the present time under the name of their leadership. It is notoriously known, it is beyond dispute or cavil, it is beyond the realm of conjecture, that if the minority leaders of the state had cooperated with the sentiments expressed in Washington by their own national leaders and had set down in harmony in the conference in New York there would be no session here tonight; there would be no discussion as to when or where or how the money would be raised, but if in their political wisdom they saw fit——

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. O'KEEFE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. O'KEEFE. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is not confining his remarks to the bill.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will confine his remarks to the bill before the House.

Mr. BENNETT. Mr. Speaker, I will endeavor to confine my remarks to the bill that is at present under consideration and say this: that Pennsylvania has never shirked her obligations in blood or money to the nation; that the facts as distributed and published by our Federal agency show that in the last fiscal year—I hold the figures here in my hand—that in the last fiscal year her contribution to the Federal revenues showed an increase of seventy percent.

Let not the minority be disturbed as to where Pennsylvania will find the funds to return these loans that are now being made. They will be met and they will be repaid and the majority party in this House is not playing politics with the relief of the poor. They have cooperated one hundred percent with the national party and will contribute her share in the future without any halos and without any bands playing, and I think our friends are decent citizens, I think they are Pennsylvanians proud enough to go along at least and do this, because it has been an emergency that has been created, as far as this session is concerned, by whatever term they choose to call it in the leadership of their own party.

I ask you to vote for the passage of this bill in the name of the unemployed and the sick and the poor of Pennsylvania, and I do know that you know that this great state once, now, and always the Keystone State, will meet her financial obligations to herself, to her people and to the nation.

Mr. O'ROURKE. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, you have heard a learned Democrat oppose the transfer of the state

funds mentioned in this bill, and you have heard a learned Republican, Mr. Witkin, urge you to support that bill. Now, as a Republican who comes to this House by the largest vote of any candidate in Allegheny County, and with the exception of the two gentlemen from Delaware County, the largest vote in the entire state, I wish to go on record as being opposed to the transfer of any state funds, feeling that if we had the opportunity and the session were prolonged to give us that opportunity, we could pass legislation to raise twenty million dollars without passing the buck to the next session.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Bennett.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BENNETT. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia whether it is not possible and even plausible that the next Legislature might not fulfill its obligation, just as this legislature is not so doing now. Would it not then be possible for the next Legislature to pass the buck just as we are now passing it here.

Mr. BENNETT. Mr. Speaker, one part of that question is very broad and the other is a paradox. I do not submit to that latter part of the question, that we are passing the buck or shirking our duty.

Answering the last part of the question my answer about the next session of the Legislature is this; that history is the only true prophecy and I would feel deeply ashamed in my cold tomb, were I dead, if Pennsylvania were ever to go on record as shirking any of her duties in this or any legislature while she remains a part of this great sisterhood of states.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia in view of the actions just taken, can we have any reasonable assurance that this money will be repaid? What reasonable assurance would we have in view of the action of this House here tonight that the next legislature would do any better.

Mr. BENNETT. Mr. Speaker, I cannot cite a better precedent, and while I do not subscribe to it in toto, I believe in it, while it remains a national institution under the Constitution, the present Congress for the first time in history, not even in the great catastrophe of the Civil War, the present Congress has seen fit to abrogate its rights as a legislative body.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is not answering my question. He speaks of extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will confine himself to the matter before the House.

Mr. BENNETT. Mr. Speaker, I did not seek to put the words of the question into the mouth of my interrogator, and I do hope that he will extend to me the courtesy of allowing me, with my limited command of English, to answer his question. Our present national Congress has seen fit to take their hats off and let the Executive take over the rights and duties of the Legislative chamber. I cite this as a precedent; this glorious state will pay its debts as they are contracted.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—141

Baker,	Hart,	Mohn,	Simon,
Baldi,	Heffernan,	Moore,	Snyder,
Barnhardt,	Hefferon,	Mumford,	Sowers,
Bechtel,	Heffner,	Munley,	Spann,
Bennett,	Hewitt,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Bernhard,	Himes, H. E.,	Myers,	Stevens,
Blumberg,	Hoffman,	Negley,	Stevenson,
Brennan,	Holmes, J. L.,	Nothnagle,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L.,	Hoopes,	O'Neill,	Storb,
Carey,	Horst,	Patterson,	Stott,
Conner,	Hough,	Peelor,	Surface,
Cooke,	Hutton,	Pennock,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Jones,	Perry, D. R.,	Terry,
Craig,	Kane,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Dane,	King,	Peters,	Turner,
Davies,	Kinney,	Price,	Walker, W. A.,
DeFrehn,	Laubach,	Rectenwald,	Wall,
Denning,	Lewis,	Reed,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Long,	Reilly,	Way,
Ederer,	Lord,	Rice,	Weidemann,
Evans,	Lose,	Roan,	White,
Fleisher,	Lovett, W. S.,	Root,	Wike,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lynch, J. R.,	Roth,	Williams, G. W.,
Forrest,	Maloney,	Royle,	Williams, J. J.,
Gallagher,	Mason,	Ruby,	Wilson, L. M.,
Gartner,	McBride,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gorman,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Green,	McCreary,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McElwee,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McKay,	Sheffer,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McKinney,	Shellenberger,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	Meredith,	Shortz,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	Merrell,	Shreiner,	Speaker.
Harris,			

NAYS—50

Andrews,	Fitzgerald,	Lynch, M.,	Quinn,
Boyd,	Flinchbaugh,	Male,	Raub,
Brancato,	Flynn, J. W.,	Malina,	Rhodes,
Brown, J. E.,	Furman,	Marcks,	Ruth,
Brownfield,	Harmuth,	McGinnis,	Sarig,
Cannon,	Hartman,	McGrail,	Schwab,
Caputo,	Hermansen,	McGregor,	Shugarts,
Carson,	Himes, L. R.,	Melchiorre,	Sinwell,
Chervenak,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Cohen,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Lane,	O'Rourke,	Welsh,
Downey, G. E.,	Lenahan,	Powers,	Westrick.
Eroe,	Lovett, J. E.,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136

Andrews,	Hart,	Moore,	Shreiner,
Baker,	Heffernan,	Mumford,	Simon,
Baldi,	Hefferon,	Munley,	Snyder,
Barnhardt,	Heffner,	Murphy,	Sowers,
Bechtel,	Hewitt,	Myers,	Spann,
Bennett,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Sterling, P.,
Bernhard,	Hoffman,	Nothnagle,	Stevens,
Blumberg,	Holmes, J. L.,	Patterson,	Stevenson,
Brennan,	Hoopes,	Peelor,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L.,	Horst,	Pennock,	Storb,
Carey,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Stott,
Conner,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Surface,
Cooke,	Jones,	Peters,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Kane,	Powell,	Terry,
Craig,	King,	Price,	Trout,
Dane,	Kinney,	Rectenwald,	Walker, W. A.

Davies,	Laubach,	Reed,	Wall,
DeFrehn,	Lewis,	Reilly,	Wasserman,
Denning,	Long,	Rice,	Weidemann,
Dunmire,	Lord,	Roan,	White,
Ederer,	Lose,	Root,	Wike,
Eroe,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Williams, G. W.,
Evans,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Williams, J. J.,
Fleisher,	Mason,	Ruby,	Wilson, L. M.,
Flynn, J. M.,	McBride,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Forrest,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gartner,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Green,	McCreary,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Greenstein,	McElwee,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Griffith,	McGregor,	Sheffer,	Yourishin,
Habbyshaw,	McKay,	Shellenberger,	Zimmerman,
Haines,	McKinney,	Shenkel,	Talbot,
Hamilton,	Merrell,	Shettel,	Speaker.
Harris,	Mohn,	Shortz,	

NAYS—44

Boyd,	Flynn,	Lynch, M.,	Rhodes,
Brancato,	Flynn, J. W.,	Male,	Ruth,
Brown, J. E.,	Furman,	Malina,	Sarig,
Brownfield,	Gillette,	Marcks,	Schrope,
Cannon,	Gorman,	McGinnis,	Schwab,
Caputo,	Harmuth,	McGrail,	Shugarts,
Carson,	Hartman,	Melchiorre,	Sinwell,
Chervenak,	Hester,	O'Connor,	Stank,
Cohen,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Turner,
Cramer,	Lane,	O'Rourke,	Way,
Downey, G. E.,	Lenahan,	Powers,	Welsh,
Flinchbaugh,	Lovett, J. E.,	Raub,	Westrick,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, as follows:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the moneys and the proceeds derived from the liquidation hereinafter required of the investments held in the State School Fund upon the effective date of this act are hereby transferred to the General Fund and that any moneys coming into the State School Fund between the effective date of this act and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five shall be transferred to the General Fund immediately upon their payment into the State School Fund. But the total amount to be transferred under this section shall not exceed one million six hundred ten thousand dollars ($1,610,000). Provided however that the amount so transferred shall be only in such sum as will leave sufficient in said State School Fund to pay any allocations made by the State Council of Education from said Fund prior to the effective date of this act.

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly. To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified.

Section 2. Upon the final enactment of this act the State Council of Education shall proceed immediately to dispose of all investments in the State School Fund for the best prices obtainable in order to effectuate the transfers authorized by this act.

Section 3. The amounts transferred under this act from the State School Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the State School Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five.

Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately upon final enactment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140

Andrews,	Harris,	Merrell,	Shortz,
Baker,	Hart,	Mohn,	Shreiner,
Baldi,	Heffernan,	Moore,	Simon,
Barnhardt,	Hefferon,	Mumford,	Snyder,
Bechtel,	Heffner,	Munley,	Sowers,
Bennett,	Hermansen,	Murphy,	Spann,
Bernhard,	Hewitt,	Myers,	Sterling, P.,
Blumberg,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Stevens,
Brennan,	Hoffman,	Nothnagle,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L.,	Holmes, J. L.,	O'Neill,	Storb,
Carey,	Hoopes,	Patterson,	Stott,
Conner,	Horst,	Pennock,	Surface,
Cooke,	Hough,	Perry, D. R.,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Terry,
Craig,	Jones,	Peters,	Trout,
Dane,	Kane,	Powell,	Turner,
Davies,	King,	Price,	Walker, W. A.,
DeFrehn,	Kinney,	Rectenwald,	Wall,
Denning,	Laubach,	Reed,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Ederer,	Long,	Rice,	White,
Evans,	Lord,	Roan,	Wike,
Fleisher,	Lose,	Root,	Williams, G. W.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Forrest,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Wilson, L. M.,
Gallagher,	Maloney,	Ruby,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gartner,	Mason,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Gillette,	McBride,	Schrock,	Wood,
Gorman,	McCandless,	Schwartz,	Woodside,
Green,	McClure,	Scorza,	Yeakel,
Greenstein,	McCreary,	Scott,	Yourishin,
Griffith,	McElwee,	Sheffer,	Zimmerman,
Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Haines,	McKinney,	Shenkel,	Speaker.
Hamilton,	Meredith,		

NAYS—49

Boyd,	Flynn, J. W.,	McGrail,	Ruth,
Brancato,	Furman,	McHenry,	Sarig,
Brown, J. E.,	Harmuth,	McKay,	Schrope,
Brownfield,	Hartman,	Malchiorre,	Shettel,
Cannon,	Hester,	O'Connor,	Shugarts,
Caputo,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Keefe,	Sinwell,
Carson,	Lane,	O'Rourke,	Stank,
Chervenak,	Lovett, J. E.,	Peelor,	Stevenson,
Cohen,	Lynch, M.,	Powers,	Stone,
Downey, G. E.,	Male,	Quinn,	Way,
Eroe,	Malina,	Raub,	Welsh,
Fitzgerald,	Marcks,	Rhodes,	Westrick,
Flanagan,	McGinnis,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 8, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

Whereas, By the act approved the nineteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) the sum of twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) was appropriated to the State Emergency Relief Board out of the net profits from the operation of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores to be paid over to the Board during the period beginning April first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five and

Whereas, The profits of the Pennsylvania Liquor Stores have fallen below the estimates and it will not be possible to pay over to the State Emergency Relief Board out of said appropriation more than five million six hundred thousand dollars ($5,600,-

000) prior to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the sum of fourteen million four hundred thousand dollars ($14,400,000) is hereby specifically appropriated from the General Fund to the State Emergency Relief Board to provide direct relief work relief and for administrative expenses as hereinafter provided. Such appropriation shall be paid over to the board during the period beginning on the effective date of this act and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five.

Section 2. The State Emergency Relief Board shall make allocations from time to time out of the moneys appropriated to it among the several counties of this Commonwealth on the basis of need.

Section 3. The money so allocated to a county shall be available for expenditure in that county for relief as the State Emergency Relief Board shall determine.

Section 4. The amount available in any county over and above the sum set aside by the State Emergency Relief Board for work relief shall be available for expenditure for the purchase of food clothing fuel and shelter for the unemployed in such county through such public and private agencies as shall be designated by the State Emergency Relief Board and under such rules and regulations as the board shall adopt. No relief shall be paid in cash except that unemployed persons entitled to old age assistance under the act approved the eighteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-two) entitled "An act providing for and regulating subject to certain restrictions limitations and liabilities assistance to and the burial of certain aged indigent persons and the administration of this act by the Department of Welfare the trustees who administer mothers' assistance in the several counties and others making counties liable for certain expenses providing penalties and making an appropriation" shall receive cash and the State Emergency Relief Board shall beginning December first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four pay to such local agencies as shall be designated by the Department of Welfare such sums monthly as shall be needed to make payments to such persons.

Section 5. The State Emergency Relief Board may from time to time expend or authorize the expenditure of such sums as may be necessary out of the appropriation made by this act for investigation of applications for relief the cost of distributing food clothing fuel or shelter and the maintenance of proper records of receipts expenditures and other transactions of local relief distributing agencies.

Section 6. This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I simply want to arise and explain my vote on this bill. I propose to vote for this bill because I believe it is the best that we can get. I believe that in so far as the part that is to come out of the liquor stores is concerned, we are merely kidding ourselves. However, to take no chances I propose that the minority members vote for this bill.

The reason for so thinking is this: As I remember we have already appropriated four million dollars out of that fund for Old Age Assistance and also there is a liability of over a million dollars for pensions for the blind. In view of this, when it is admitted that only six million dollars is available, I feel that we are doing what we did in the last session, merely kidding ourselves about the profit from these liquor stores. We know that we kidded ourselves the last session, and now there is nothing here to show that there is really any profit, considering the condition in which the liquor stores now find themselves. I know that Mr. Dripps in his report of the Pennsylvania Economic Council seriously questions whether there is any profit or can be any profit as long as these stores are in debt the way they are. I feel that we are only kidding ourselves, but for the sake of the rest of the money that is involved I will ask the minority members to vote for this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisons of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190

Andrews,	Hamilton,	McKay,	Shellenberger,
Baker,	Harmuth,	McKinney,	Shenkel,
Baldi,	Harris,	Melchiorre,	Shettel,
Barnhardt,	Hart,	Meredith,	Shortz,
Bechtel,	Heffernan,	Merrell,	Shreiner,
Bennett,	Hefferon,	Mohn,	Shugarts,
Bernhard,	Heffner,	Moore,	Simon,
Blumberg,	Hermansen,	Mumford,	Sinwell,
Boyd,	Hester,	Murphy,	Snyder,
Brancato,	Hewitt,	Myers,	Sowers,
Brennan,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Spann,
Brown, W. L.,	Himes, L. R.,	Nothnagle,	Stank,
Brownfield,	Hoffman,	O'Connor,	Sterling, F.,
Cannon,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Keefe,	Sterling, R. B.,
Caputo,	Holmes, J. L.,	O'Neill,	Stevens,
Carson,	Hoopes,	O'Rourke,	Stevenson,
Chervenak,	Horst,	Patterson,	Stiteler,
Conner,	Hough,	Peelor,	Stone,
Cooke,	Howard,	Pennock,	Storb,
Cortier,	Hutton,	Perry, D. R.,	Stott,
Craig,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	Surface,
Cramer,	Kane,	Peters,	Tahl,
Dane,	King,	Powell,	Terry,
Davies,	Kinney,	Powers,	Trout,
DeFrehn,	Lane,	Price,	Turner,
Denning,	Laubach,	Quinn,	Wagner,
Downey, G. E.,	Lenahan,	Raub,	Walker, G. E.,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Rectenwald,	Walker, W. A.,
Ederer,	Long,	Reed,	Wall,
Eroe,	Lord,	Reilly,	Wasserman,
Evans,	Lose,	Rhodes,	Way,
Fitzgerald,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rice,	Weidemann,
Flanagan,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roan,	Welsh,
Fleisher,	Lynch, J. R.,	Root,	Westrick,
Flinchbaugh,	Male,	Roth,	White,
Flynn, J. M.,	Malina,	Royle,	Wike,
Flynn, J. W.,	Maloney,	Ruby,	Williams, G. W.,
Forrest,	Marcks,	Ruth,	Williams, J. J.,
Furman,	Mason,	Sarig,	Wilson, L. M.,
Gallagher,	McBride,	Sautter,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gartner,	McCandless,	Schrock,	Witkin,
Gillette,	McClure,	Schrope,	Wood,
Gorman,	McCreary,	Schwab,	Woodside,
Green,	McElwee,	Schwartz,	Yeakel,
Greenstein,	McGinnis,	Scorza,	Yourishin,
Griffith,	McGrail,	Scott,	Zimmerman,
Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Sheffer,	Talbot,
Haines,	McHenry,		Speaker.

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 9, as follows:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the extraordinary session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in extraordinary session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law.

For the payment in part of the salaries of the Senators at the rate of each and on account of the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators.

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50).

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10).

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500).

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the extraordinary session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate.

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate extraordinary session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the extraordinary session of the Legislature.

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the period of the extraordinary session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the extraordinary session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary.

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra services in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100).

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars ($143,433.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law.

For the payment of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives and the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House.

For the payment of mileage of the Members.

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50).

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the extraordinary session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment to the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each —($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proof-reading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I address myself tonight to the most difficult of all parliamentary tasks. Since I seek to modify—to change—the caucus verdict reached by a dominant organization. If majority and minority groups comprised the complete picture I would not be occupying your time tonight, but that is not the complete picture.

Millions of reaching hands, that is the picture. Millions of voices cajoling, beseaching, threatening, damanding, but all saying in substance, "We want ours."

Millions of civil employes—one person in every twelve in the United States—each one saying in effect, "We want ours." Highly paid relief organizations "We want ours." Servants of the people, presidents, judges, governors, administrators and gentlemen of the House—legislators—each one by action affirming the doctrine, "We want ours."

I do not appeal to you tonight on the ground that this bill may affect the fortunes of parties.

I do not argue that this measure should be considered in the light of your political futures.

I do not oppose this measure because a really significant sum of money is involved. A hundred thousand more or less in a game of billions ceases to be a matter of moment.

I oppose this measure because its enactment as it stands will impair public confidence in the willingness of this Legislature to render a disinterested service.

Society will not suffer an irreparable injury if individual political fortunes are affected by this bill. But society will suffer if by our action we persuade any considerable portion of the public to regard this House with cynical contempt.

Gentlemen of this House, we fail to grasp essential facts if we can be persuaded to utilize a public calamity as a financial windfall.

The state is practically bankrupt—or we would not be here. This is emergency service we are rendering. For whom? For the destitute unemployed. For the taxpayer—rapidly becoming destitute. Can we then afford—from the standpoint of leadership—to turn this situation to our advantage?

Somewhere there must be found leadership which is willing to share the load. So I appeal to you as leaders—as men who should show the way.

I do not ask you to serve without pay—although I would be willing so to do. But I do contend that a reasonable per diem plus traveling expenses is, under the conditions, all that is compatible with political decency.

I would ask you this question: In what position would the General Assembly be in if it passed the pending measure and His Excellency the Governor refused to approve the compensation clause in the full amount. And suppose that His Excellency the Governor in addition to reducing the appropriation were to verbally rap our greedy fingers. It is reasonable to suppose such an opportunity

would pass unnoted. Within a few hours the sun will rise. We the members of this House have the opportunity to help usher in a new day. We can reconsider our action of yesterday afternoon and redraft the pending measure so that at most the compensation we receive will represent a meagre wage. If we will do this we will purchase something that cannot be priced in terms of money—public confidence. We will set an example by which men in higher station may well profit, and we will be doing our part to still the mounting clamor of, "we want ours."

Redraft this measure, gentlemen. It is the politically expedient thing to do. But above all else by so doing we will establish this house in the confidence of the people and that is a thing well worth doing.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by Messrs. Laubach, Cooke, Baldi, Bennett, Scorza, Ederer, Forrest, Storb, Fleisher, Weidemann, Price, Turner, Wike, Rice, Shreiner, Habbyshaw, DeFrehn, Evans, Nothnagle, Peters and others.

On the question,

Shall the main question be now put?

It was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. There is nothing in order except the calling of the roll. The previous question having been put———

QUESTION OF PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. COHEN. Will the Speaker please refresh my memory as to the rule of the House relative to rising to a question of personal privilege?

The SPEAKER. The Chair will read Rule 67 under the head of personal privilege:

"Any member may rise and explain a matter personal to himself by leave of the Speaker, but he shall not discuss any pending question in such explanation."

Does that answer the gentleman's question insofar as a question of personal privilege is concerned?

Mr. COHEN. Am I now in order, Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is out of order. There is nothing before this body except the calling of the roll.

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, I still rise to a question of personal privilege under the rule that the Speaker has just read. If the Speaker refuses to let me rise to a question of personal privilege that is in the prerogative of the Speaker, but under the rule just read it would indicate that a question of personal privilege is at all times in order if the Speaker so desires.

The SPEAKER. The Chair has no alternative. The question on the main question was put and carried, therefore, the question recurs shall the bill pass finally. The roll was started to be called, and therefore, the Chair, even though he regrets it, must say that there is nothing before this body except the calling of the roll.

Mr. COHEN. I understand the Speaker's ruling to be that I am denied the question of personal privilege for reasons of the Speaker.

The SPEAKER. That is absolutely incorrect.

Mr. COHEN. May I ask the Speaker, if my interpretation of the rule on personal privilege is correct, as follows: that the right of personal privilege will be extended to the members of this House to speak upon a question personal to himself when he has the approval of the Speaker. Is that correct?

The SPEAKER. That is not correct.

Mr. COHEN. On what point do I err?

The SPEAKER. In that the main question having been ordered by the House there is nothing before this body except the calling of the roll.

Mr. COHEN. I thank the Speaker.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—137

Baker,	Hamilton,	Moore,	Shreiner,
Baldi,	Harris,	Mumford,	Snyder,
Barnhardt,	Hart,	Munley,	Sowers,
Bechtel,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Spann,
Bennett,	Hefferon,	Myers,	Sterling, P.,
Bernhard,	Heffner,	Negley,	Stevens,
Blumberg,	Hermansen,	Nothnagle,	Stevenson,
Brennan,	Hewitt,	O'Connor,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L.,	Himes, L. R.,	O'Neill,	Storb,
Brownfield,	Hoffman,	Patterson,	Stott,
Carey,	Holmes, J. L.,	Peelor,	Surface,
Conner,	Hough,	Pennock,	Tahl,
Cooke,	Hutton,	Perry, D. R.,	Terry,
Cordier,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	Trout,
Craig,	Kane,	Peters,	Turner,
Dane,	King,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
Davies,	Kinney,	Price,	Wall,
Denning,	Laubach,	Rectenwald	Wasserman,
Downey, J.,	Lewis,	Reed,	Way,
Dunmire,	Long,	Reilly,	Weidemann,
Ederer,	Lovett, W. S.,	Rice,	Welsh,
Eroe,	Lynch, J. R.,	Roan,	White,
Evans,	Male,	Root,	Wike,
Fleisher,	Malina,	Roth,	Williams, G. W.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Maloney,	Royle,	Williams, J. J.,
Forrest,	Mason,	Ruby,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gartner,	McBride,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Gillette,	McClure,	Schwartz,	Wood,
Gorman,	McElwee,	Scorza,	Woodside,
Green,	McGregor,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Greenstein,	McKay,	Sheffer,	Yourishin,
Griffith,	McKinney,	Shellenberger,	Zimmerman,
Habbyshaw,	Meredith,	Shenkel,	Talbot,
Haines,	Mohn,	Shortz,	Speaker.

NAYS—35

Andrews,	Flanagan,	Lynch, M.,	Ruth,
Boyd,	Flinchbaugh,	McCandless,	Sarig,
Brancato,	Flynn, J. W.,	McCreary,	Schrock,
Brown, J. E.,	Furman,	McGinnis,	Schrope,
Cannon,	Harmuth,	McGrail,	Schwab,
Caputo,	Holmes, J. B.,	Melchiorre,	Shettel,
Carson,	Hoopes,	O'Rourke,	Sinwell,
Chervenak,	Lane,	Powers,	Stank,
Cohen,	Lenahan,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
DeFrehn,	Lord,	Raub,	Westrick,
Downey, G. E.,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rhodes,	Wilson, L. M.,
Fitzgerald,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SHREINER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Monday evening, September 17, at nine o'clock.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The Rule of the House is:

"A motion for adjournment shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate, except that it cannot be received when the House is voting on another question, nor while a member is addressing the House."

Therefore there is nothing in order except the motion to adjourn until next Monday evening, September 17, at nine o'clock p. m.

The motion was agreed to and (at 2:53 o'clock a. m.) the House adjourned until Monday, September 17, 1934 at 9:00 o'clock p. m.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1934. No. 4.

SENATE

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1934

The Senate met at 9 o'clock, P. M.

The PRESIDENT Lieutenant-Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. William E. Howard, offered the following prayer:

Our Heavenly Father, we can perform aright no duty of life without Thy presence and Thy help. We pray that we may have Thy presence and also the presence of Thy Holy Spirit in what may be done this night.

May Thy blessing rest upon this Senate, upon the presiding officer and every member. Wilt Thou bless our great Commonwealth, the Governor, the members of his cabinet and all who are in authority.

As American citizens to-night we thank Thee for the privilege of observing the One Hundred Forty-Seventh Anniversary of the Ratification of the Constitution of this great nation. Help us who live today to follow in the footsteps of the fathers; and may we, O Father, remember the example they have set and the things that they have done. Make us brave and true and loyal American citizens, forgetting self and remembering only Thy glory and the welfare of humanity.

Be with us now during this session, and pour out Thy blessing upon us. In Jesus' name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. LANIUS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. BOYD asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Mercer, Mr. Fay.

Mr. CLARK asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Delaware, Mr. McClure.

PETITIONS

FAVORING APPROPRIATION FOR UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate telegram from the Executive Committee Association Philadelphia County Relief Board Employees favoring appropriation of funds to provide for the unemployed.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE CONFIRMATION OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION APPOINTEES

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate Petition from the Citizens' Protective League of Wyoming Valley protesting against the confirmation of the appointees to the Public Service Commission who are seeking confirmation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

PRAYING THAT PROPERTY OWNERS FURNISHING HOUSING FOR UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BE PAID FOR SAID HOUSING.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate Petition from the Hill District Taxpayers' Association of Pittsburgh praying that property owners furnishing housing for unemployed persons be paid for said housing.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 1, (Senate Bill No. 3), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 2, (Senate Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 3, (Senate Bill No. 5), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 4, (Senate Bill No. 6), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 5, (Senate Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 6, (Senate Bill No. 8), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 7, (Senate Bill No. 9), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 8, (Senate Bill No. 10), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief work, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended, and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State Departments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

House Bill No. 9, (Senate Bill No. 11), entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

DIRECTING PAYMENT OF UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF IN CASH

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows and referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas Most of the persons receiving food vouchers in Pennsylvania are involuntarily unemployed and

Whereas The food voucher system greatly restricts the freedom of purchase by

1 Compelling the receiver to buy all supplies from the same merchant even though some articles can be bought more cheaply elsewhere

2 Preventing the purchase of fresh vegetables fruits eggs and dairy products directly from farmers

3 Denying the unemployed the right to buy many incidentals and services which in particular cases are almost as necessary as food and

Whereas The Director of the State Emergency Relief Board and many others actively engaged in the distribution of unemployment relief have publicly declared themselves in favor of cash relief and

Whereas Cash relief has always been one of the foremost demands of the organized unemployed and

Whereas It is socially desirable to maintain the morale and self-respect of the unemployed by preserving their freedom now therefore

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania that the funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed to the unemployed in cash instead of food vouchers

PURCHASES OF FOOD STUFF AND MERCHANDISE FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS AND BY THE OFFICERS OF THE STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD TO BE FROM PENNSYLVANIA SOURCES

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows and referred to the Committee on Appropriations:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is the purchaser of countless tons of food stuffs for use in various State institutions and by the State Emergency Relief Board for distribution among the indigent unemployed and

Whereas The produce from Pennsylvania's farms equals that of any other state and the output of its packing and processing factories is surpassed by none and

Whereas The purchase of food stuffs grown packed and processed solely within the Commonwealth by the Commonwealth for use in the different institutions and for the relief of the unemployed within the Commonwealth would provide an enlarged market for these goods which would make for employment for many of those now without work and

Whereas An abundant crop of potatoes raised during the past season has resulted in the lowering of the price asked for this article of food and that the purchase by the various purchasing agencies of the Commonwealth of large quantities of potatoes would not only effect large savings for the Commonwealth through their acquisition at low prices but would tend also to raise the price received by the producer and mean a profit for him rather than a loss as made necessary by present prices therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the various purchasing agents charged with the purchase of food stuffs and other materials and merchandise for use in the various State institutions and the officers of the State Emergency Relief Board authorized to make purchases for the relief of the unemployed shall at all times favor food stuffs materials and merchandise grown packed or processed in Pennsylvania in awarding contracts for the purchase thereof and be it further

Resolved That the General Assembly hereby suggests to the said purchasing agencies and the said State Emergency Relief Board the advisability of purchasing potatoes in large quantities at present low prices and storing the same in proper places for use during the coming winter and be it further

Resolved That copies of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House to the Department of Property and Supplies and to the State Emergency Relief Board.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. HARVEY, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 10, (House Bill No. 8), entitled:

A Joint Resolution creating an Unemployment Insurance Investigation Commission, defining the powers and duties of said Commission, and making an appropriation.

BILLS RECOMMITTED

Mr. HARVEY. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 10, House Bill No. 8, the Bill just reported, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REAFFIRMING DEVOTION TO THE CONSTITUTION

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a Resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chairs hears none.

Mr. WOODWARD offered the following Resolution which was twice read and laid upon the table.

In the Senate, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, 147 years ago there was established a Constitution of this country, which declared:

"We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty, to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America," and

Whereas, No public service can be of more constant value than to familiarize our people with its content; therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House concurs), That we, the representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, do hereby reaffirm our devotion to this Constitution, together with its Bill of Rights, and that we urge the people of this Commonwealth to be always jealous of the rights and privileges bestowed upon us by this Constitution and its Bill of Rights.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate to now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was twice read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., September 17, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the date of confirmaiton:

BUTLER COUNTY

Allen D. Greene, Butler.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Cephas A. Willis, Lemoyne.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Thelma Dannels, Uniontown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James Ferguson, Comly & Milnor Sts., Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Minnie E. Holt, Pottsville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. KRAUSE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 11, (House Bill No. 9), entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 9, (House Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Mr. BRANDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 6, (House Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Mr. BOYD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 7, (House Bill No. 5), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Mr. HUNSICKER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 3, (House Bill No. 1), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 5, (House Bill No. 3), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Mr. FRAZIER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 8, (House Bill No. 6), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

Mr. PARKINSON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 4, (House Bill No. 2), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

Mr. HARVEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 10, House Bill No. 8), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

MOTION TO READ BILLS THE FIRST TIME

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that all bills reported from committees at today's session be read the first time.

Mr. KRAUSE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, (House Bill No. 1), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, House Bill No. 2). entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, (House Bill No. 3), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6, (House Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, (House Bill No. 5), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 8, (House Bill No. 6), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 9, (House Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 10, (House Bill No. 8), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the power and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 11, (House Bill No. 9), entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADDRESS BY HONORABLE CHARLES H. EALY

The PRESIDENT. The Chaplain has referred to this as being Constitution Day. The Chair recognizes the Chairman of the Committee on Judiciary General, the Senator from Somerset, Mr. Ealy.

Mr. EALY. Mr. President, members of the Senate and guests, as this is the anniversary of the adoption by the Convention in Philadelphia, in 1787, of the Constitution, it seems fitting that the Senate should take some formal notice of this great day. I had prepared a paper for another purpose, and it was suggested that I read it here this evening.

THE CONSTITUTION

The Revolutionary War was ended by the Treaty of Paris in 1783. It left the colonies free and independent of Great Britain, the mother country, but otherwise in a sad and deplorable condition. The stimulus of war was gone and the doubtful and dangerous period of reconstruction had come.

The Articles of Confederation, under which the National Government had been functioning, proved weak and insufficient. The government was powerless to cope with the internal and foreign problems to be solved; its money was worthless and its credit was gone. Washington, the illustrious Commander-in-Chief of the Army in the late war, was easily preeminent in favor in the colonies. In this critical period it was suggested that he become King—a proposal which, in his patriotic disinterestedness, he rejected. Had there really been any one to rival him in popular regard there might have been the usual story of personal ambition seeking the throne. Washington's action prevented others from attempting to seize what he declined to take.

A new form of government was necessary. Could the several States suppress their jealousies and form a permanent and substantial structure? That was the task to which Washington and his associates were called in that memorable convention which met in the City of Philadelphia in May, 1787.

The Treaty of Peace which closed the Revolutionary War had extended the boundaries of the country to the Mississippi River. No nation with such far flung territories had ever before succeeded as a democracy. It was freely predicted that America could not succeed as such. But that our country under a democratic form of government has grown from the original thirteen poverty stricken colonies along the Atlantic seaboard, with a total population only one and a half times as large as Philadelphia now has, to the mighty nation which lately dominated world affairs, was due to the unique form of government which, after long weeks of wearied effort, the members of the Constitutional Convention finally evolved.

Under the Constitution as drafted and adopted, the power was to remain with the people. It was to be a government of laws and not of men. And such it has heretofore remained, for never in its whole history has anyone in high station, through personal ambition, sought to overturn the orderly processes of government or to usurp unconstitutional powers.

The violent changes of political fortunes which overthrew the so-called Virginia and Massachusetts "dynasties" from Washington to John Quincy Adams and brought Andrew Jackson to the presidency; the unexpected turn of events which elevated Andrew Johnson, a Southern Democrat, to that office on the assassination of Lincoln; the assumption of that great station by Hayes after the heated contest with Tilden; and, lastly, the inauguration of Roosevelt, could scarcely have taken place in any other country without bloody riots and confusion. These things were accomplished in America with a complete absence of strife and discord. Democracy did succeed here for one hundred and fifty years.

James Bryce, the British writer of "The American Constitution," said that the people of the United States would make any form of government succeed. Such a statement might have seemed true in the day when Bryce wrote but would be doubted now. The success of America and the absence of any rebellion through the ambition of political leaders must have been due in large measure to the deep

regard which the people have had for the form of government provided in the Constitution drafted by the Convention of 1787.

Federal Judge John J. Parker, in an address before the American Bar Association in August, 1933, analyzes the reasons for the success of democracy in America and attributes it to three fundamental provisions of the National Constitution: (a) The guaranty of individual rights as against the State; (b) the federal or dual system of authority, thus preserving local self government; and (c) the division of powers between the legislative, executive and judicial branches.

Is the Constitution passing? Are its provisions no longer suitable or sufficient to cover modern conditions? Must our form of government be changed? This is a pertinent and vitally important question in these days when popular governments all over the world are succumbing to extreme socialism or communism on the one hand and to fascism or Nazi-ism on the other.

(a) The Federal Constitution, as its preamble states, was drafted in order (with other reasons) "to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity." It guarantees to every state a Republican form of government. In the Bill of Rights—the first ten amendments proposed by the first Congress, and promptly ratified by the States—the individual rights of the citizens were declared and protected. These rights had been generally supposed to be inherent in the people and protected by the original document although not specifically mentioned therein. But that there might be no mistake, that government might not infringe thereon, they were carefully enumerated in these ten amendments—freedom of worship; of speech and of the press; of peaceable assemblage; of the right of trial by jury; protection for the accused against double jeopardy and against being compelled to incriminate himself; and especially the provision that one may not be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law and that private property may be taken only for a public use and for a just compensation. Furthermore, the Federal Constitution prohibited the States from passing any law impairing the obligation of contracts.

The last Pennsylvania Constitution—that of 1874—reiterates the provisions of the National Constitution in language very similar, and begins with a "Declaration of Rights," the first section of which states that, "All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain and indefeasible rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, of acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation and of pursuing their own happiness."

The Declaration of Rights also asserts that "No ex post facto law nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts * * * shall be passed."

The security given to the individual and his property under Federal and State Constitutions does not mean that his rights are superior to the welfare of society as a whole. The State has always asserted the right to call upon its citizens to arm in its defense and to fight its battles; it has enjoined nuisances; taken private property for public purposes on proper compensation, and has punished those guilty of crimes.

But the State may not act acbitrarily to confiscate private property, or take it from one and give it to another. It may not enforce labor even on public works or imprison for so-called political offenses.

Just where the line shall be drawn in the relations between the State and the individual is hard to determine. Society today has become so complex that it has been felt necessary to create many Boards and Commissions which have been given authority to pass regulations governing the conduct of firms and of individuals in their various lines of business; but so hedged about has business become by these laws and regulations and so increasingly difficult is it to conduct its affairs that relief from the growing bureaucracy is speedily necessary.

One of the Constitutional problems arising out of the economic stringency is presented by the passage of State laws suspending the operation of contracts or granting a delay in payment of obligations.

In Minnesota Moratorium Mortgage Law Case, Chief Justice Hughes delivering the Majority opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States upholding the Minnesota law which extended the time for redemption under a mortgage (somewhat similar to the law passed by Pennsylvania at its last Session of the Legislature) declared that extraordinary occasions did not give the right to suspend the Constitution but that in interpreting this fundamental law consideration must be given to chinging conditions. Such indeed has been the method of construction from the beginning of our history. Chief Justice Hughes argued that in all agreements whether for the payment of money at a certain time or otherwise there must be read into the contract the superior right of the State to suspend the operation of the same in the public interest and welfare, and to protect the economic structure upon which the good of all depends. But that the case was not without doubt is shown by the fact that four members of the Court made a vigorous dissent from this doctrine and held the law an impairment of contract and therefore unconstitutional. The decision in the New York Milk Control Case followed on similar lines to the Minnesota Case.

In demanding laws to accommodate one class of persons as against another we often hear the expression human rights versus property rights. Those who use these terms have no clear understanding usually of what they mean. The right to life and liberty it is agreed stands on a higher footing than the right to possess property. But the right of property is a human right also. The possession of goods is one of the first developments of the savage in his progress toward civilization.

In the Constitution the right to life and liberty and the right to acquire property are joined, they are all natural or personal or human rights, and life and liberty are of little use without the other.

It is true that our humane law will not permit a debtor to be imprisoned for his debt, it will not permit one to charge an unreasonable rate of interest for his money loaned to another, it will also provide for the poor by supplying him food and shelter by taxing those who have acquired property. But the present tendency seems to be among a certain class to regard the possession of property as evidence of unlawful practices and the possessor as the fit subject for confiscatory legislation.

When we consider the dual or Federal system of our government we find the Constitution asserting that all rights not specifically granted to the National Government are reserved to the States. The doctrine of State rights once so frequently discussed is still a vital subject. It is a constitutional question more important now in the present day problems of Government than ever before. The party in power whether Federalist, Republican or Democrat has asserted in varying degrees the rights of the Federal as against State Governments and too often the States have been willing aids to the enlargement of National Powers. To many it seems that soon the State lines will mark merely the boundaries of administrative districts of Federal authority.

When the Federal Constitution was adopted it was intended that the Federal Government should exercise only those powers of National or International scope and that local affairs should be administered locally. It is hard to see how a democracy can exist here under any other system. The populous areas of the country would otherwise elect representatives which would control the internal and domestic affairs of the smaller districts. Such a system could only make for tyranny and political corruption, and the centralization of power would destroy the capacity for self government.

We have found that the prelude to the seizing of dictatorial power by Hitler was the abolition of the various German State Governments and concentration of authority at Berlin: then finally came the amazing spectacle when millions of the people supinely took the personal oath of loyalty which even the Hohenzollerns would not have attempted to exact, in these words, "I swear unshakeable fidelity to Adolf Hitler and unquestioning obedience to him and the leaders designated for me by him."

How different is that from the oath which every officer of the United States and of the States, as well as lawyers take, namely to protect and defend the Constitution of the United States from all enemies foreign and domestic and to bear true faith and allegiance to the same.

The powers of the Federal Government have been extended by construction by the supreme court, and also by amendments to the Constitution and more particularly have these powers been extended in the last two decades. The 16th Amendment adopted in 1913 permitted the Federal Government to levy direct taxes not based on population, such as an income tax. Perhaps it was wise to grant this power to the General Government but the ease with which the money was obtained in the days of prosperity led the Congress into extravagant and wasteful expenditures and more especially did it take away from the States a possible source of revenue. The Federal Government has also levied inheritance taxes, taxes on gasoline, on checks, deeds and other instruments—not as war measures but in times of peace—thus taking away from the States these sources of revenue and making it necessary for the States to call upon the Federal Government for aid in the relief of the hungry and unemployed. That the Government at Washington should concern itself with the paving of an alley in a small borough in Somerset County the wall of a room or painting a school house in Philadelphia open a field of speculation so far reaching that no one can foresee the ultimate end. In my poor reasoning such internal matters do not belong to the National Government—they are State and local affairs, and part of the money taken from the people of our State by the Federal Government by taxation should be returned to the State as a matter of right so that it—as a State and in its own way—might properly care for its own needy and unemployed, and its sovereignty properly maintained.

The concentration of power tends to the creation of more and more boards and bureaus which constantly seek to extend their authority over matters purely local and domestic, and at a continuously increasing cost to the tax payers—a study of this phase of government during the last fifteen or twenty years is so astonishing as to be scarcely believable. The departments by pamphlets, radio addresses and other forms of propaganda are endeavoring to justify themselves and their activities. Every one in business now has reason to know in many ways that there is a Federal Government at Washington watching him, whereas until recently he came in contact with such government only through the post office.

An illustration of the extent of activities of Federal agencies is furnished by the fact that the United States Department of Agriculture has a division of Home Economics which has issued pamphlets on how to make babies dresses.

A recent example of the surrender of State rights was furnished by the Pennsylvania Legislature when by a majority vote it ratified the Child Labor Amendment, thereby giving to the Federal Government the right to regulate, legislate concerning and absolutely prohibit all labor of minors under 18 years of age. Under such an amendment Congress might pass a law authorizing the President by his appointees to invade any household and prescribe how it shall be conducted. It is not enough to say that such a condition could not arise. Certainly our present Executive would not tolerate this procedure and it is unlikely that public opinion will permit legislation of such extreme character in the near future. But if we admit our incapacity for self government will we be able to protest against the acts of one attempting to seize dictatorial power? Three years ago no one in Germany believed that those intelligent people would in so short a space of time swear unquestioning obedience to the dictates of a foreign opportunist upstart.

Uniform state laws on the subject of child labor, even if a little longer in coming, would have preserved state sovereignty over their most important citizens.

In 1925 Governor Albert Ritchie of Maryland in a radio address expressed regret at the passage of Federal income tax laws and inheritance tax laws and other Federal measures infringing on State rights. He says in part:

There must be those who believe that American institutions were builded wisely and soundly. There must be those who believe that the American character and the American resources which were the proud products of the first century and a quarter of our governmental existence, reflected, in large measure at least, State fulfilment of State responsibilities.

What must those of you who believe this think when you behold a Federal Government which, in a short twelve years, has acquired the power to take as much of your earnings as it wants, while you live; and your property, if it wants, when you die; and which does both these things; and now reaches out to grasp the force and energy which make the wheels of all industry turn, and with this added to the control of transportation it already has, will hold within its hand not only the earnings and the property of the citizen but the industrial life of the nation as well.

And what of the individual's personal rights and freedom? For the destruction of State responsibility does more than destroy or imperil property rights; it destroys or imperils liberty and freedom too. Both these things—property rights and personal rights—are dependent upon the State. They can only be safe when the State is free to fulfil its responsibility of local self-government guaranteed by the Constitution. Neither is safe when control over them proceeds from a central source.

The advocates of Federal control over child labor are doing their part to strike down State responsibility. They will not trust the States to legislate fairly and humanely in this great field so clearly and so properly left to them by the Constitution. They seek to nationalize and standardize the control of the child.

The advocates of Federal control over education are doing their part to strike down State responsibility. They will not trust the States to educate their children as seems best to them, a right clearly and properly left to the States by the Constitution.

The advocates of Federal Aid are doing their part to strike down State responsibility. They will not leave the States to build their own roads and internal improvements, to develop their own agriculture, to exact their own health standards. They prefer instead that the Federal Government, in exchange for its munificence in paying back to the States money which it taxed them first to raise, should exact the right of Federal control and supervision over local works and local affairs which the Federal Government could not possibly exercise directly under the Constitution, or in any other way than through this subterfuge.

(c) The division of powers among the legislative, executive and judicial branches has been a peculiar feature of our Constitution which has preserved our nation as a Republic. The independence of the judiciary is a corner stone of this structure. To maintain its position it must be independent of the other branches of government and also free from sudden changes and impulses in popular sentiment. The characters of the men who have been elevated to the high position of judges of the Supreme Court have been without reproach. This has been fortunate for our nation. But even the Supreme Court may become subject to Congressional and Executive domination. We

have witnessed such an event at least once in our history. The number of justices on the Supreme Bench is subject to Congressional action. It may be increased as Congress wills and the President may appoint to fill the new positions thus created. The number of the Court was increased from seven to nine, it is said, to obtain a favorable majority to support the Administrations money policy in the reconstruction period following the Civil War. A Congress dominated by a strong executive may thus control this coordinate branch of the Government of our nation.

The result of all this discussion is simply this: Our present form of government and the liberty guaranteed to us thereunder depends on the people themselves. If they show themselves careless of their rights and incapable of self government then popular government will pass here as surely as in Italy and Germany. Already organizations of so-called American Fascisti are seeking members in our midst. An erstwhile candidate for President on the Communist ticket declared to a Congressional investigating committee that the only flag recognized by Communists in the United States is the red flag.

When the Constitution was adopted by the Convention, Benjamin Franklin expressed the belief that the Government organized thereunder "is likely to be well administered for a course of years, and can only end in despotism, as other forms have done before it, when the people shall be so corrupted as to need despotic Government, being incapable of any other."

In times like the present, the enemies of our institutions and our ideals and our principles get in their most effective work. Judge Black once said, "In times of war and civil commotion, we should double the guards upon the Constitution." Indeed, "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

ERRATUM

Page 3, column 2, after line 37, insert the following:

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ADAMS COUNTY

Dale G. Crum, Gettysburg.
Arthur R. Buehler, Gettysburgh.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. Burnett Abraham, West Elizabeth.
George W. Webster, Penn Twp.
Johnston B. Miller, Edgewood.
T. K. Bower, Bellevue.
Harold R. Kirk, Forest Hills.
Miss J. M. Moore, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Josephine E. Rea, Pittsburgh
Donald W. Evans, Pittsburgh.
Ed. M. Finn, Pittsburgh.
Thos. M. Jones, Pittsburgh.
George A. Meyers, Pittsburgh.
William F. Guffey, McKeesport.
Miss Mary J. Conway, Pittsburgh.
Miss Leola Beare, McKeesport.
Raymond J. Leahy, Pittsburgh.
W. L. Holmes, Pittsburgh.
C. C. Young, Pittsburgh.
Miss Doris E. Hahne, Pittsburgh.
Stanley F. Hoffman, Penn Twp.
Mrs. Alice L. Banks, Pittsburgh.
Miss Luella G. Blind, Pittsburgh.
Alan S. Christner, Pittsburgh.
Elmer E. Hanson, Pittsburgh.
Lynn R. Ramsey, Pittsburgh.
Miss F. A. Saville, Pittsburgh.
Ralph W. Taylor, Wilkinsburg.
Miss Sue R. Ferguson, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Kovach, Pittsburgh
C. L. Hoenshel, Pittsburgh.
C. N. Montague, Pittsburgh.
E. H. Williamson, Pittsburgh.
John H. Young, Jr., Verona.
Alexander C. Oberlin, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mary A. Rodgers, Pittsburgh.
Louis P. Maeder, Pittsburgh.
Miss H. L. Steinberg, Pittsburgh.
Frederick H. Lindsey, Neville Twp.
Earl L. Miller, Pittsburgh.
Miss I. Edith Bardella, Pittsburgh.
J. R. Studeny, Pittsburgh.
Henry F. Neuhaeusler, Pittsburgh.
Pearley A. Ullum, Homestead.
Percy W. Carrington, Pittsburgh.
Miss Lottie D. Poppe, Pittsburgh.
Miss S. N. Dillman, Pittsburgh.
James G. Wilhelm, Pittsburgh.
Philip McWilliams, Oakmont.
Miss Anne Lubin, Pittsburgh.
Kenneth P. Stewart, Plum Twp.
Miss Margaret Buchan, McKeesport.
Robert P. Graham, Jr., Bellevue.
Jno. D. Ragan, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ruth L. Underwood, Pittsburgh.
Robert A. Maier, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Nellie Hanson Morrow, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Freda E. Walker, Mt. Lebanon Twp.
E. F. McCarty, Pittsburgh.
Miss Winifred A. Moffitt, Pittsburgh.
Miss Louise M. Kerr, Pittsburgh.
Theodore E. Guckert, Pittsburgh.
Charles J. Chester, Jr., Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Anne M. Neu, Wilkinsburg.
Miss Harriet E. Pickard, Pittsburgh.
Miss Margaret M. Reardon, Pittsburgh.
Miss V. C. Justen, Pittsburgh.
Browne R. Sheppard, Swissvale.
M. J. Hayden, Pittsburgh.
Richard H. Browne, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ruth H. Junker, Pittsburgh.
Wm. J. Walls, Pittsburgh.
Miss Minnie Zeyfang, Pittsburgh.
Edgar C. Dehne, Wilkinsburg.
Fred Etter, Jr., Ross Twp.
Mortimer D. Levy, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Florence K. Walker, West View.
Everett C. Evans, Pittsburgh.
Miss Jeanette Green, Pittsburgh.
W. V. Hunter, Tarentum.
Mrs. Bernice E. Redman, Wilkinsburg.
William B. Reister, Pittsburgh.
Roy E. Scharpf, Coraopolis.
H. M. Brooks, Pittsburgh.
Miss Dorothy Colin, Brackenridge.
Miss Anna Fortun, Pittsburgh.
Russell T. Shafer, Turtle Creek.
Gordon W. Stuart, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Marie A. Heil, West View.

BEAVER COUNTY

William B. Brown, Rochester.
Fred R. Werner, Monaca.
James A. Darroch, Aliquippa.
Mrs. Ruth G. Crary, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Bertha M. Beyerle, Reading.
George D. Ermentrout, Reading.
Paul N. Loose, Boyertown.
Walter P. Kelchner, Fleetwood.
Charles H. Hunter, Reading.
Mrs. Bessie I. Kintzer, Robesonia.
Jay Russell Althouse, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Emma I. Humbert, Altoona.
Miss Helen L. Lingenfelter, Hollidaysburg.
Mrs. Kathryne R. McGuire, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Anna W. LaBarr, Sayre.
Miss Elizabeth Jefferson, Troy.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Edna K. Briggs, Doylestown.
Carl S. Walter, Riegelsville.
Miss Frances Patterson, Bristol.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Marie Maizland, Butler.
Miss Dorothy E. Ling, Zelienople.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss E. Marje Rutledge, Johnstown.
R. F. Burns, Johnstown.
Fred D. Darr, Johnstown.
Miss Loretta M. Weakland, Johnstown.
Mrs. Ellen Nastase, Summerhill Twp.
Miss Mabel E. Ankeny, Johnstown.
Emmett O'Donnell, Johnstown.
Miss Anna M. Johnson, Johnstown.
J. R. Thompson, Johnstown.
Miss Bernice A. Noon, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY

Daniel C. Rodgers, Lansford.
Wesley N. Boyer, Lehighton.
Miss Sadie R. Philip, Palmerton.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Carolyn F. Russell, Coatesville.
Miss Jean M. Wilson, Oxford.
P. S. Darlington, Jr., West Chester.
Mrs. Edith M. Ogden, West Chester.
Mrs. Helen U. Hoffman, Downingtown.
Miss Edith J. Hickman, West Chester.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Clara C. Fletcher, Washington Twp.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Howard M. McGarvey, Clearfield.
Melvin W. McClure, Curwensville.

CLINTON COUNTY

Clarence E. Moore, Lock Haven.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

A. E. Castleman, Cambridge Springs.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred L. Geyer, Shippensburg.
John M. Plough, Carlisle.
Mrs. Anna G. Diller, Carlisle.
George Clayton Hoopy, Lemoyne.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Emma F. Pentz, Harrisburg.
William B. Shartzer, Harrisburg.
Calvin F. Dahlin, Harrisburg.
Chas. A. Clouser, Harrisburg.
Miss Alice Abramson, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Adelle M. Miller, Harrisburg.
Edwin W. Trively, Harrisburg.
Miss Ruth A. Mills, Harrisburg.
John C. Durborow, Harrisburg.
Miss Lorraine E. Merrell, Harrisburg.
Dale Ettele, Harrisburg.
Miss S. Elizabeth Shank, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Anita A. Dare, Upper Darby Twp.
Wayne R. Donachy, Upper Darby Twp.
Miss Beatrice E. Abbs, Radnor Twp.
Mrs. Margaret Witsil Johnson, Chester.
Robert W. Cuthill, Springfield Twp.
Ernest Graf, Prospect Park.
Miss Elizabeth MacLean, Darby.
Edw. M. Underhill, Lansdowne.
Mrs. Mary McI. Carver, Radnor Twp.
John W. MacMullen, Darby Twp.
Robert R. Meadowcroft, Upper Darby Twp.
Merrill L. Blackburn, Haverford Twp.
V. J. Iovacchini, Upper Darby Twp.
D. C. Kriebel, Chester.
Arthur R. Shuman, Darby.
Thomas J. Ralston, Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Charles C. Collison, Darby.
Karl W. Johnson, Upper Darby Twp.
Robert J. MacBride, Jr., Collingdale.

ELK COUNTY

Robert E. Rice, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Alice E. Regner, Erie.
Mrs. Lucille E. MacDonald, Erie.
David S. Gifford, Erie.
Miss Henriette F. Weber, Erie.
M. G. McGinnis, Erie.
Paul C. Robnis, Erie.
Miss Martha B. Adam, Erie.
Mrs. Dorothy Dillon, Erie.
Paul A. Stephany, Erie.
Wilmer A. Joslin, Erie.
Miss Catherine C. Peterson, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Geo. E. O. McLeod, Masontown.
Miss Ermina F. Wandel, Uniontown.
Miss Flora Cefaratti, Uniontown.
Miss Femia Burrie, Uniontown.
Miss Loretta Shutterly, Uniontown.
Mrs. Cornelia R. Sherrick, Connellsville.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Lois M. Whiteman, Chambersburg.
Miss Verna Koser, Greencastle.

GREENE COUNTY

George H. Burnette, Carmichaels.

INDIANA COUNTY

Vinton D. Amond, Young Twp.
James C. Bovard, Marion Center.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Miss Mafalda V. Gigliotti, Punxsutawney.
Miss Maude M. Lucas, Brookville.
Miss J. B. Treharne, Punxsutawney.
Miss Helen M. Shannon, Brookville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Rose Pittock, Scranton.
Miss Ethel W. Brown, Scranton.
John J. Butler, Dunmore.
Joseph V. Phillips, Scranton.
John F. Shaughnessy, Scranton.
Miss Madalene J. Mathews, Scranton.
John G. Wasco, Scranton.
Albert J. Woelkers, Scranton.
Maurice E. Trexler, Scranton.
R. J. McAndrews, Blakely.
Miss Harriet E. Williams, Scranton.
Jacob Eckersley, Scranton.

Francis A. Hayden, Scranton.
James E. Hallock, Dunmore.
Thomas F. Gilboy, Olyphant.
Clair Caffrey, Archbald.
Joseph T. Philbin, Carbondale.
Louis Sottile, Scranton.
Martin Gramigna, Scranton.
Laurence F. Casey, Scranton.
Miss Mary H. Borr, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Sara H. C. Wertheimer, Lancaster.
Leroy T. Foultz, Manheim Twp.
Miss Jeanette Kochel, Lancaster.
Andrew E. Braungard, Lancaster.
R. W. Mann, Lititz.
Mrs. Susan L. Yeager, Lancaster.
Mrs. Fannie Enterline, West Donegal Twp.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Leroy K. Donaldson, New Castle.
Mrs. Mary E. Mollenkopf, New Castle.
Rudolf Theis, New Castle.
Sherman Kay Levine, New Castle.
Mrs. Florence D. McCann, Ellwood City.
Mrs. Gladys Blank Scheidelmantel, Ellwood City.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Amelia Zeller, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

John F. Frickert, Coplay.
John P. Creveling, Allentown.
Martin A. Reinsmith, Allentown.
Rodman D. Frankenfield, Allentown.
Miss Mildred Dougherty, Catasaqua.
John T. Stratton, Catasauqua.

LUZERNE COUNTY

John Petro, Wilkes-Barre.
John Fierro, Hazleton.
William H. Schutter, Hazleton.
Miss Martha M. Cesarz, Hazleton.
J. Earl Keating, Pittston.
Leroy K. Honeywell, Plymouth.
David E. Thomas, Edwardsville.
Richard C. Mooney, Wilkes-Barre.
Richard Stefanski, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss C. Marie Mannetti, West Pittston.
William Rescorla, Jr., Kingston.
Miss Anne Williams, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Helen M. Perdosky, Kingston.
Joseph J. Hagan, Kingston.
Miss Martha E. Woelfel, Freeland.
Miss Mary M. Finn, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Carmen M. Hersker, West Hazleton.
Michael M. Mulligan, Wilkes-Barre.
George Hrehach, Edwarsville.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Verus M. Kiess, Williamsport.
Miss Hazel J. Huggins, Williamsport.
Miss Margaret B. Sloan, Williamsport.
Fred B. Wetzel, Williamsport.
Miss Isobel Williams, Williamsport.
Guy L. Casner, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Leo J. Eaton, Eldred.
Gustine Cable, Bradford.
Miss Florence H. Scott, Bradford.
Mrs. Mary A. Keenan, Bradford.
Robert B. Apple, Smethport.
Miss V. E. Wilcox, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Sarah Orben, Farrell.
Miss Anna M. Boyle, Sharon.
Miss Ruth M. Eeckley, Greenville.
Vincent LaCamera, Farrell.
Oliver L. Furey, Sharon.
Mrs. Bertha B. Moon, Grove City.
Mrs. Gertrude H. Jordan, Grove City.
Miss Eunice L. Amos, Farrell.

MONROE COUNTY

Elmer J. Daniels, Barrett Twp.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Walter I. Clegg, Norristown.
Mrs. Hannah R. Neil, Whitemarsh Twp.
Mrs. Bertha R. Scholl, Pennsburg.
Gilbert J. Farrington, Jr., Bridgeport.
Anthony A. Hirst, Lower Merion Twp.
J. A. Cassidy, Ambler.
Asher M. Stoudt, Souderton.
Miss Mary J. Bradley, Pottstown.
Frank B. Flower, Upper Dublin Twp.
Miss Florence M. Detwiler, Norristown.
Clarence R. Corcoran, Pottstown.
Millard N. Wilfong, Norristown.
Miss Helen M. Luttrell, Lower Merion Twp.
E. William Pyle, Lower Merion Twp.
Miss Frances M. Burnett, Norristown.
Miss Margaret M. Hushen, Norristown.
Miss Bessie A. Leamy, Norristown.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Miss Dorothy J. Cortright, Danville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Albert C. Bonney, Wind Gap.
T. Price Daws, Wilson.
Mrs. Olga Edwards, Bethlehem.
Thomas F. Gaffney, Bethlehem.
Lloyd C. Milheim, Palmer Twp.
Miss Margaret Steckel, Easton.
Miss Adelaide L. Blake, Easton.
E. Albert Boyer, Easton.
H. A. Bachman, Bethlehem.
Miss Margaret A. Bentz, Easton.
Miss Wilma M. Zakocs, Bethlehem.
James E. Missmer, North Catasauqua.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Claire C. Dunlap, Mt. Carmel.
Raymond Schaffer, Sunbury.
John H. Cooper, Shamokin.
Harry G. Peters, Sunbury.

PERRY COUNTY

Donald H. Bemheisel, Tyrone Twp.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss F. Ray Boocock.
Stanley R. Polanski.
Arthur L. Berns.
Mrs. Tacy W. DeLany.
George Ewan Gaskill.
Charles T. McEnhill.
Miss Margaret T. Monahan.
Miss Margaret Sweeney.
Pascall Tortolani Vincent.
Anderson B. Coleman.
Miss Clara Miller.
Joseph Coward.
Miss Edna P. Hertler.
Samuel H. Landy.
Miss Helen A. Metzinger.
Mrs. Jo. Protzman.
Miss Ellen W. Nelson.

Albert H. Perks.
Miss Katharine C. Kryder.
Jacob P. Lesselbaum.
Mrs. Mabel S. Overholtzer.
John G. Dillon.
Thomas Bruno.
John E. Fredericks, Jr.
Raymond B. Johnson.
Miss Sara Myers.
Miss Gertrude Brody.
Miss Janet M. McGlynn.
Mrs. Louisa Booth.
Pietro DiPietro.
Leonid Jarus.
Harry F. Ruley.
Miss Yetta Shubin.
Ralph E. Hoyle.
Edwin F. Williams.
J. Hunter Limerick, Jr.
Peter Curreri.
Elmer H. Gillespie.
C. N. Haywood.
H. Ronald Paige.
Miss Isabelle Breining.
Samuel M. Israeli.
Miss Dora Zimmerman.
Louis Forman.
Miss Elsie Porter.
Joseph Campbell.
Miss Frances M. Steigerwald.
William W. Blakeney.
Miss Rosa J. Linton.
Miss Josephine F. Fogarty.
Frank Carugno, Jr.
M. Lawrence Daily.
W. J. Drummond.
H. E. Wilson.
Herbert Altemus.
Frank A. Gross.
Howard W. McFall.
August E. Nahm.
George H. Bayne.
Mrs. Grace S. Breeser.
Vito M. Carfagno.
Saul S. Rosenstein.
William Wrigley.
Mrs. Cecilia M. Newman.
John M. Duff, Jr.
Robert Alexander.
B. Russell Cowper.
Harold G. Dievler.
Connell J. Kane.
James L. Stever.
Miss Violet P. Christman.
Wilbert J. Morell.
George P. Darrow.
Henry W. Herbsleb.
Charles W. Hoffman.
Frederick J. Endres.
William R. Keane.
John G. N. Henderson.
Albert W. Keller, Jr.
Leon J. Rack.
Walter E. Wannemacher.
Miss Maria T. Ambs.
David J. Albert.
Miss Jean V. Bertele.
Miss Isabelle Y. Coxhead.
Mrs. Matilda Adler.
Mrs. Sadie V. Backhausen.
Robert M. Graham.
John F. Kennedy.
Meyer Stein.
James A. Hart.
Allen E. Smolen.
Eugene J. Donaghue.
Irving Standiford.
Mrs. Betty Demar.
Mrs. Celia A. Mahony.
Matthew Weinstein.
Raymond A. Nolen.
Maurice Druker.
Miss Julia W. Kirbyson.
Miss Valeria E. Coldren.
Charles W. Bentz.
Robert H. Hutchinson.
Joseph J. Schafle.
Warren D. Gotwals.
Thomas Bunting, Jr.
Bernard Axelman.
Miss Helen H. Wallace.
Henry E. Welsh.
Miss Ruth L. Boysen.
Miss A. E. Connell.
Miss Katherine H. Schwing.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miles G. Smith, North Manheim Twp.
Mrs. Helen M. Reynolds, St. Clair.
Dan Bavolack, Jr., McAdoo.
Ralph Freed, Pottsville.
Francis C. Dix, Shenandoah.
Mrs. Alma R. Rentschler, Tremont.
Wm. H. Sampsel, Shenandoah.
Nicholas Krutz, East Union Twp.
Mrs. Sally A. Drumm, Frackville.
Walter C. Roberson, Pottsville.

SOMERSET COUNTY

C. Cronin, Confluence.
Miss Margaret Williams, Boswell.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Lawrence Dunn, Colley Twp.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma A. Pentecost, Forest City.

TIOGA COUNTY

Charles W. Ross, Mansfield.

VENANGO COUNTY

Elmer E. Sloan, Emlenton.
Guy H. Kingsley, Sugarcreek Twp.
Mrs. Cecelia M. Brown, Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

C. Paul Arnold, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Eleanor L. Harris, Charleroi.
Joseph W. McCay, Charleroi.
Miss Melba M. Chivers, Washington.
Mrs. Freida V. Hammond, Washington.
B. E. McNary, Canonsburg.
William L. McVay, Washington.
Mrs. Sarah F. Norton, Donora.
Mrs. Lena L. Boyd, Monongahela.
Ralph L. Bell, Burgettstown.
Charles E. McKie, Claysville.

WAYNE COUNTY

Frederick A. Holbert, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Jane F. Gilligan, Latrobe.
Alfred L. Potthoff, Latrobe.
Henry E. Gregory, New Kensington.
Miss Irma H. Lucas, Greensburg.
Mrs. Stella J. Grabiak, Salem Twp.
John G. Hamberg, Irwin.
Miss Katherine K. Branthover, Greensburg.
John J. Radacsy, Monessen.
Joseph Vizza, North Belle Vernon.
G. Guy Yolton, Derry.
Harry A. Stein, New Kensington.
Mrs. Laura Stewart, New Kensington.
Mrs. Adeline Maraffi, Vandergrift.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Vivian M. Schroeder, York.
Miss Ruth I. Linebaugh, York.
William H. Zimmerman, York.
Miss Charlotte Monroe, York.
Miss Dorothy DeVine, York.
Mrs. Grace S. Eyster, York.
Miss Martha B. Deuel, York.
Mrs. Lillian S. Spangler, Hellam.
W. C. Drawbaugh, Dover.
Mrs. Margaret M. Kohler, York.
Mrs. Madge H. Hearn, Hanover.
Harry L. Bubb, New Freedom.
Miss Margaret E. Meckley, York.
Mrs. Ruth J. Benson, York.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:58 P. M. until Tuesday, September 18, 1934, at 11 o'clock A. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, September 17, 1934

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner, offered the following prayer:

Father God, we invoke thy divine blessing upon the Legislature of Pennsylvania, here assembled. Confronted as we are with knotty problems and perplexing issues, and desiring to "Do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly before God" we seek wisdom of Thee, who giveth liberally to all men and upbraideth not.

We pray for the people of the Commonwealth. We are profoundly concerned in their behalf. Multitudes of our people are bewildered and frustrated. They have been shorn of their self-confidence, many have lost confidence in our institutions and leadership; many are afraid and panicky, and all have lost the easy optimism of yesteryears. New situations have come upon us like a sudden squall upon a ship, we heave to clumsily in the face of the storm, but guided by Thee who has watched over the Ark and the Mayflower we fear not the storm nor the onset of the currents of the times.

Give to thy servants here assembled, the equipment and skill to meet the new situations thus confronting them today.

We ask in the Master's name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of Friday, September 14, 1934.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Friday, September 14, 1934, when, on motion of Mr. Wade the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to make a statement. The Speaker has always received extreme pleasure in presiding over the deliberations of the body, but tonight comes to him a rather peculiar pleasure in that we have sitting in his seat tonight one of our members who has served in the Pennsylvania Legislature, and has served this Commonwealth and its people faithfully for many years. I call attention to the fact that we have with us tonight the gentleman from Forest, Mr. Wheeler. I am asking the members to arise in respect to Mr. Wheeler.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE

Mr. Rice asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. SHREINER for tonight's session and tomorrow.

The Speaker asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. MALINA on account of an accident.

COMMUNICATION

ENDORSING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND OLD AGE PENSIONS

The SPEAKER laid before the House a resolution from the National Slovak Society of the U. S. A. addressed to Hon. Reuben Howard endorsing passage of legislation for unemployment insurance and pensions for the aged which was read by the Clerk as follows:

RESOLUTION

Resolved, That the National Slovak Society of The U. S. of A., a National Fraternal Benefit Society of Americans of Slovak ancestry with a membership of over forty-five thousand souls in its senior and junior branches, realizing the sacred obligation of the nation and the state towards its unemployed and its aged, and hoping to relieve their dire distress, wholeheartedly joins in the humane and sacred movement of insurance for the employed and pensions for the aged and, therefore, wholeheartedly supports and endorses all pending legislation the object of which is unemployment insurance and old age pensions, and

Be It Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution shall be transmitted to the several legislatures now in session in the various States of America and also to the House of Representatives and the Senate of the United States.

IMVICH PIVAVNIK,
President.
JOSEPH PASTERNAK,
Recording Secretary.
JOHN PIOVORCHY,
Financial Secretary.
MAX PLICHTA,
Treasurer.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. As the Speaker's eyes wander around the room he finds another former member sitting in his accustomed seat. I know that I speak for the members of the House, Mr. Emhardt, when I say that we are happy to see you tonight and am sorry that you are not taking part in these deliberations.

RESOLUTION

COMMEMORATING ANNIVERSARY OF SIGNING OF CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. McELWEE offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration:

The resolution was twice read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

One hundred and forty-seven years ago today, the delegates attending a convention called by Congress, for the purpose of framing a Constitution of the United States, signed their names to the finished task, and gave to the world that which has well been called "the most wonderful work ever struck off at a given time by the brains and purpose of man."

Jealous above all else of the liberty they had so lately and so dearly acquired, those delegates sought in every way to preserve and guaranty that liberty for future generations.

Every word written into that immortal document was weighed in the balance and no phrase or sentiment entered in unless it made more certain the purpose of that convention "to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity."

The result of their work justified all the hardships and all the

suffering of Valley Forge, and all the sacrifices of those brave patriots who paid with their lives for the liberty the Constitution sought to guaranty and preserve.

A prominent American has lately said that it is in the Legislative Halls that liberty commits suicide, so it follows that the greatest task and the gravest responsibility of any American legislative body is to keep inviolate that Constitution.

Liberty was too dearly bought to be lightly parted with, and we can best show our appreciation of its blessings by ever safeguarding it from attack; therefore be it

Resolved, That on this, the one hundred and forty-seventh anniversary of the signing of the Constitution of the United States by the authorized delegates of the States, we, the Members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, as representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, hereby pledge our efforts for the preservation of that liberty that they sought to secure to us and to our posterity, and we urge upon the people of this Commonwealth a renewal of their faith in and allegiance to that Constitution as a guaranty of liberty for themselves and their children.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

RESOLUTION

URGING REINSTATEMENT OF PHILADELPHIA SHIPYARD

Mr. CANNON offered a resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, This is an unemployment relief program, the unemployed at a hearing desired action by relief measures before this Body of the General Assembly; and

Whereas, The appropriations sought by this body shall prove insufficient unless employment is created for those seeking the same in this Commonwealth, rehabilitating closed industries which functioning would establish assistance that would actually prove a benefit; and

Whereas, At the Port of Philadelphia, since 1927, remains a defunct shipyard consisting of land, wetdocks, cranes, buildings, shipways, etc., as a going concern would be capable of bidding on contracts for ship construction; and

Whereas, Reemployment in this Commonwealth is a major issue of vital importance from which domestic happiness would arise including purchasing power to many skilled persons, improving conditions to other industries involved in the construction of a ship; and

Whereas, This Nation would and should be compensated by the creation of employment in general, specifically by the return to our Federal Government of funds granted to pay real wages on real work contracted as loans, by those who constitute the authority to establish proof that a non-operating plant could function by such a system; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania respectfully urge his honor the Mayor of Philadelphia the Chamber of Commerce no plan or project or otherwise should prevent carrying out so worthy a program set forth under this Administration and the National Recovery Act,

Resolved a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the proper authority to his Honor The President of the United States, his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia and the Chamber of Commerce.

RESOLUTION

STUDY OF CONDITION RESULTING IN OVERLOOKED MAN

Mr. LANE offered a resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

This Extraordinary Session of the Legislature was called for the purpose of affording further relief to the unemployed.

Various bills are well on their way to final passage which will result in the furnishing of relief to the unemployed, but more permanent and lasting relief can be assured by a thorough study of the causes of unemployment.

This study is now being made by various committees and commissions, and beneficial results should follow.

In the office of the class room, a man of forty-five has not yet reached the height of his development nor exhausted his source of value, but in industry he has lost his usefulness and his further employment is uncertain.

If for any reason he loses his job, his re-employment in a similar position is almost impossible. Industry employs only the physically capable.

Industry has created the "overlooked man."

He is the product of that system which recognizes that after the age of forty-five a man is no longer a profitable factor or part in the machine that makes for profitable production.

He is the most helpless, the most affecting, the most touching, the most pathetic of all the unemployed.

Between forty-five and the age at which the laws of the Commonwealth grant a monthly allowance to those who are in need, there stretches a long period of twenty-five years to be lived in some way by these "overlooked men."

In discharging its duty to relieve the unemployed, a wise and beneficent government must find some way to keep employed these men who are discriminated against and who are unemployed only by reason of their age; therefore be it

Resolved, By this House that a study of the conditions and causes resulting in this "overlooked man" should be made by those now giving thought to the great problems of unemployment relief and unemployment insurance and the correction of other social ills, in order to find some way of making the years that remain to this man of some value to the State, and to fill them, for him, with happiness and security; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House to any committee or commission now existing or authorized to be created by this session of the Legislature for the purpose of studying any matter dealing with the relief of the unemployed or other social legislation, and to any such committee or commission of the Federal Government.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Wednesday, September 19, 1934 at 10:30 o'clock P. M.

The motion was agreed to and (at 9:24 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until Wednesday, September 19, 1934 at 10:30 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1934. No. 5.

SENATE

TUESDAY, September 18, 1934

The Senate met at 11:00 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. William E. Howard, offered the following prayer:

Our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the rest of the past night and the light of this day. Help us to consecrate this day to Thy service, and us to Thyself.

Lead and guide this Senate in the deliberations of this day. Be very near unto him who presides, and to those who partake in the deliberations.

Grant unto us, day by day, to follow Thee more closely; and we pray Thee, O Father, for this our State and our nation; help us all to do everything within our power to make this a nation known and honored of God.

We ask in Jesus' name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WILLIAMSON, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. SCOTT asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Cumberland, Mr. Prince.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. BELL, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the following resolution, with request that it be printed in the Legislative Journal:

HILL DISTRICT TAXPAYERS ASSOCIATION

Pittsburgh, Penna.

At a regular meeting of the Hill District Taxpayers Association, a corporation of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, held in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania on September 16, 1934, the following resolution was presented by Morris M. Berger, duly seconded, and unanimously passed:

Whereas, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, known as the Talbot Act, it is provided that appropriations be made to political subdivisions of the State of Pennsylvania to provide food, clothing, fuel, and shelter for residents within their district who are without means of support; and

Whereas, since the existence of the aforesaid Talbot Act, allocations have been made for food, clothing, and fuel for such persons and no proper allocation has been made for shelter to the end and effect that unemployed and distressed persons have not paid for shelter, thrusting themselves upon the charity of property owners and causing great distress both to said unemployed and to the property owners whose homes are so occupied; and

Whereas, the only "relief" available to said property owners has been by the undesirable method of evistions which are distressful and an annoyance to said property owners as well as to the tenants evicted; and

Whereas, the said property owners have been unable to get the burdens of taxation and maintenance costs of their buildings as a result of said system which, in effect, has resulted in the practical confiscation of their property or the taking thereof without due process of law; and

Whereas, the system of eliminating the property owner from sharing in the appropriations under the Talbot Act has been in violation of the aforesaid law, and a discrimination against the said property owners; and

Whereas, a regulation now has been put in effect allocating to said property owners a sum equal to one and one-half times the actual taxation to be paid in monthly installments to said property owners on account of unemployed tenants; and

Whereas, all other appropriations for food, clothing, and fuel are not so allocated but are paid upon the basis of rental market prices for said commodities, even allowing a profit to the dealers and producers of said commodities; and

Whereas, the allocation of an arbitrary sum not equivalent to the value of the premises is not in accordance with the spirit of said Talbot Act and is unjust and unfair and a discrimination against said property owners.

Now therefore, be it resolved by the Hill District Taxpayers Association, in regular session and the same is hereby resolved:

1. That the property owners who are furnishing houses for unemployed persons who are without means of support be paid for said housing on the basis of the fair rental value for said housing and one the same basis as food, clothing, and fuel are purchased for said unemployed persons who are without means of support.

2. Be it also Resolved that any other means or manner of allocating funds to pay for housing of unemployed persons is unfair, unjust, discriminatory, confiscatory, and unacceptable by the property owners.

3. Be it also Resolved that unless proper and just relief, is given in accordance with this resolution, without further delay, the property owners who have been forced to have billetted upon them unemployed persons will immediately take the necessary action and steps to regain possession of their properties.

4. And be it Further Resolved that copies of this resolution be sent to the Hon. E. C. Shannon, President of the Senate, the Hon. Grover C. Talbot, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Mr. Eric Biddle, and Mrs. George S. Mills.

I, William Lando, President of the Hill District Taxpayers Association hereby certify that the above resolution is a correct copy of the resolution unanimously passed at the meeting of the Hill District Taxpayers Association at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, September 16, 1934.

HILL DISTRICT TAXPAYERS ASSN.

WM. LANDO,
President

(Seal) MORRIS L. MARCUS,
Secretary

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, (House Bill No. 1), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, (House Bill No. 2), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, (House Bill No. 3), as follows:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed from time to time between the fifteenth day of December on thousand nine hundred thirty-four and January thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five to transfer from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund such sums not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of five million five hundred thousand dollars ($5,500,000) as the Governor shall direct Transfers shall be made hereunder upon warrants of the Auditor General upon requisitions of the Governor

The purpose of this transfer is to provide funds for the payment of the appropriation for unemployment relief made by this session of the General Assembly To the extent to which this transfer makes it necessary the use of the transferred fund for its ordinary purposes shall be postponed but not otherwise modified

Section 2 The amounts transferred under this act from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund shall be repaid to the Motor License Fund out of the General Fund not later than December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 3 This act shall become effective on the fifteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6, (House Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, (House Bill No. 5), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 8, (House Bill No. 6), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 9, (House Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 10, (House Bill No. 8), as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments

Whereas By the act approved the nineteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) the sum of twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) was appropriated to the State Emergency Relief Board out of the net profits from the operation of Pennsylvania Liquor Stores to be paid over to the Board during the period beginning April first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five and

Whereas The profits of the Pennsylvania Liquor Store have fallen below the estimates and it will not be possible to pay over to the State Emergency Relief Board out of said appropriation more than five million six hundred thousand dollars ($5,600,000) prior to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen million four hundred thousand dollars ($14,400,000) is hereby specifically appropriated from the General Fund to the State Emergency Relief Board to provide direct relief work relief and for administrative expenses as hereinafter provided Such appropriation shall be paid over to the board during the period beginning on the effective date of this act and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirty-five

Section 2 The State Emergency Relief Board shall make allocations from time to time out of the moneys appropriated to it among the several counties of this Commonwealth for work relief and

direct relief on the basis of need and payments shall be made under such system of requisitioning and accounting as the Governor Auditor General and State Treasurer shall determine

Section 3 The money so allocated to a county shall be available for expenditure in that county for relief as the State Emergency Relief Board shall determine

Section 4 The amount available in any county over and above the sum set aside by the State Emergency Relief Board for work relief shall be available for expenditure for the purchase of food clothing fuel and shelter for the unemployed in such county through such public and private agencies as shall be designated by the State Emergency Relief Board and under such rules and regulations as the board shall adopt No direct relief shall be paid in cash except that unemployed persons entitled to old age assistance under the act approved the eighteenth day of January one thousand nine hundred thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-two) entitled "An act providing for and regulating subject to certain restrictions limitations and liabilities assistance to and the burial of certain aged indigent persons and the administration of this act by the Department of Welfare the trustees who administer mothers' assistance in the several counties and others making counties liable for certain expenses providing penalties and making an appropriation" shall receive cash and the State Emergency Relief Board shall beginning December first one thousand nine hundred thirty-four pay to such eligible persons as shall be designated by the Department of Welfare such sums monthly as shall be needed to make payments to such persons

Section 5 The State Emergency Relief Board may from time to time expend or authorize the expenditure of such sums as may be necessary out of the appropriation made by this act for investigation of applications for relief the cost of distributing food clothing fuel or shelter and the maintenance of proper records of receipts expenditures and for such othe ruses as the State Emergency Relief Board may in its discretion deem necessary to carry out the purposes for which the appropriation is made under this act

Section 6 This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I understand this bill was reported out as amended by the committee. I am not familiar with the amendment, but in view of the fact that we have but two legislative days remaining I call the attention of the Senate to the fact that Section 4 of this bill is inconsistent with Resolution No. 1. If Resolution No. 1 is to be passed, then we will have this Senate Bill No. 10 in a position where the relief Board will not be able to carry out the purpose of House Resolution No. 1.

House Resolution No. 1 suggests that the relief be paid in cash; Section 4 of this Senate Bill No. 10 provides that the relief shall be paid in food and clothing. I want to call your attention to the fact that it depends entirely upon what we do with House Resolution No. 1 as to what will happen to Section 4 of Senate Bill No. 10. We do not know what we will do with that resolution under those circumstances. I call attention to the fact that this is the time, if the bill should be amended, to lodge discretion in the Relief Administration to pay in cash if they see fit.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, for the information of the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Shapiro, and other Senators, I do not think it is any breach of confidence to say that the resolution of which the Senator speaks has been indefinitely postponed by the committee.

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, that indefinitely answers my question.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in Committee of the Whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 11, (House Bill No. 9), as follows:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the extraordinary session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in Extraordinary Session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of forty-six thousand nine hundred forty-three dollars ($46,943.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment of the salaries of the Senators

each and and the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10)

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature.

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra serivces in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars ($143,433.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives and the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House

For the payment of mileage of the Members

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid

on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment to the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each ($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proofreading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 18, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the date of confirmation:

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Lewis Gerber, Philadelphia, 355 N. 3rd St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Eurith Schmucker, Holsopple.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. COYNE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. PARKINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. PARKINSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations, reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth:

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ADAMS COUNTY

Dale G. Crum, Gettysburg.
Arthur R. Buehler, Gettysburgh.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

J. Burnett Abraham, West Elizabeth.
George W. Webster, Penn Twp.
Johnston B. Miller, Edgewood.
T. K. Bower, Bellevue.
Harold R. Kirk, Forest Hills.
Miss J. M. Moore, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Josephine E. Rea, Pittsburgh.
Donald W. Evans, Pittsburgh.
Ed. M. Finn, Pittsburgh.
Thos. M. Jones, Pittsburgh.
George A. Meyers, Pittsburgh.
William F. Guffey, McKeesport.
Miss Mary J. Conway, Pittsburgh.
Miss Leola Beare, McKeesport.
Raymond J. Leahy, Pittsburgh.
W. L. Holmes, Pittsburgh.
C. C. Young, Pittsburgh.
Miss Doris E. Hahne, Pittsburgh.
Stanley F. Hoffman, Penn Twp.
Mrs. Alice L. Banks, Pittsburgh.
Miss Luella G. Blind, Pittsburgh.
Alan S. Christner, Pittsburgh.
Elmer E. Hanson, Pittsburgh.
Lynn R. Ramsey, Pittsburgh.
Miss F. A. Saville, Pittsburgh.
Ralph W. Taylor, Wilkinsburg.
Miss Sue R. Ferguson, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Elizabeth A. Kovach, Pittsburgh.
C. L. Hoenshel, Pittsburgh.
C. N. Montague, Pittsburgh.
E. H. Williamson, Pittsburgh.
John H. Young, Jr., Verona.
Alexander C. Oberlin, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mary A. Rodgers, Pittsburgh.
Louis P. Maeder, Pittsburgh.
Miss H. L. Steinberg, Pittsburgh.
Frederick H. Lindsey, Neville Twp.
Earl L. Miller, Pittsburgh.
Miss I. Edith Bardella, Pittsburgh.
J. R. Studeny, Pittsburgh.
Henry F. Neuhaeusler, Pittsburgh.
Pearley A. Ullum, Homestead.
Percy W. Carrington, Pittsburgh.
Miss Lottie D. Poppe, Pittsburgh.
Miss S. N. Dillman, Pittsburgh.
James G. Wilhelm, Pittsburgh.
Philip McWilliams, Oakmont.
Miss Anne Lubin, Pittsburgh.
Kenneth P. Stewart, Plum Twp.
Miss Margaret Buchan, McKeesport.
Robert P. Graham, Jr., Bellevue.
Jno. D. Ragan, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ruth L. Underwood, Pittsburgh.
Robert A. Maier, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Nellie Hanson Morrow, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Freda E. Walker, Mt. Lebanon Twp.
E. F. McCarty, Pittsburgh.
Miss Winifred A. Moffitt, Pittsburgh.
Miss Louise M. Kerr, Pittsburgh.

Theodore E. Guckert, Pittsburgh.
Charles J. Chester, Jr., Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Anne M. Neu, Wilkinsburg.
Miss Harriet E. Pickard, Pittsburgh.
Miss Margaret M. Reardon, Pittsburgh.
Miss V. C. Justen, Pittsburgh.
Browne R. Sheppard, Swissvale.
M. J. Hayden, Pittsburgh.
Richard H. Browne, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ruth H. Junker, Pittsburgh.
Wm. J. Walls, Pittsburgh.
Miss Minnie Zeyfang, Pittsburgh.
Edgar C. Dehne, Wilkinsburg.
Fred Etter, Jr., Ross Twp.
Mortimer D. Levy, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Florence K. Walker, West View.
Everett C. Evans, Pittsburgh.
Miss Jeanette Green, Pittsburgh.
W. V. Hunter, Tarentum.
Mrs. Bernice E. Redman, Wilkinsburg.
William B. Reister, Pittsburgh.
Roy E. Scharpf, Coraopolis.
H. M. Brooks, Pittsburgh.
Miss Dorothy Colin, Brackenridge.
Miss Anna Fortun, Pittsburgh.
Russell T. Shafer, Turtle Creek.
Gordon W. Stuart, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Marie A. Heil, West View.

BEAVER COUNTY

William B. Brown, Rochester.
Fred R. Werner, Monaca.
James A. Darroch, Aliquippa.
Mrs. Ruth G. Crary, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY

Miss Bertha M. Beyerle, Reading.
George D. Ermentrout, Reading.
Paul N. Loose, Boyertown.
Walter P. Kelchner, Fleetwood.
Charles H. Hunter, Reading.
Mrs. Bessie I. Kintzer, Robesonia.
Jay Russell Althouse, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY

Miss Emma I. Humbert, Altoona.
Miss Helen L. Lingenfelter, Hollidaysburg.
Mrs. Kathryne R. McGuire, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Mrs. Anna W. LaBarr, Sayre.
Miss Elizabeth Jefferson, Troy.

BUCKS COUNTY

Mrs. Edna K. Briggs, Doylestown.
Carl S. Walter, Riegelsville.
Miss Frances Patterson, Bristol.

BUTLER COUNTY

Miss Marie Maizland, Butler.
Miss Dorothy E. Ling, Zelienople.

CAMBRIA COUNTY

Miss E. Marje Rutledge, Johnstown.
R. F. Burns, Johnstown.
Fred D. Darr, Johnstown.
Miss Loretta M. Weakland, Johnstown.
Mrs. Ellen Nastase, Summerhill Twp.
Miss Mabel E. Ankeny, Johnstown.
Emmett O'Donnell, Johnstown.
Miss Anna M. Johnson, Johnstown.
J. R. Thompson, Johnstown.
Miss Bernice A. Noon, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY

Daniel C. Rodgers, Lansford.
Wesley N. Boyer, Lehighton.
Miss Sadie R. Philip, Palmerton.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Carolyn F. Russell, Coatesville.
Miss Jean M. Wilson, Oxford.
P. S. Darlington, Jr., West Chester.
Mrs. Edith M. Ogden, West Chester.
Mrs. Helen U. Hoffman, Downingtown.
Miss Edith J. Hickman, West Chester.

CLARION COUNTY

Mrs. Clara C. Fletcher, Washington Twp.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Howard M. McGarvey, Clearfield.
Melvin W. McClure, Curwensville.

CLINTON COUNTY

Clarence E. Moore, Lock Haven.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

A. E. Castleman, Cambridge Springs.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Mildred L. Geyer, Shippensburg.
John M. Plough, Carlisle.
Mrs. Anna G. Diller, Carlisle.
George Clayton Hoopy, Lemoyne.

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Mrs. Emma F. Pentz, Harrisburg.
William B. Shartzer, Harrisburg.
Calvin F. Dahlin, Harrisburg.
Chas. A. Clouser, Harrisburg.
Miss Alice Abramson, Harrisburg.
Mrs. Adelle M. Miller, Harrisburg.
Edwin W. Trively, Harrisburg.
Miss Ruth A. Mills, Harrisburg.
John C. Durborow, Harrisburg.
Miss Lorraine E. Merrell, Harrisburg.
Dale Ettele, Harrisburg.
Miss S. Elizabeth Shank, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY

Mrs. Anita A. Dare, Upper Darby Twp.
Wayne R. Donachy, Upper Darby Twp.
Miss Beatrice E. Abbs, Radnor Twp.
Mrs. Margaret Witsil Johnson, Chester.
Robert W. Cuthill, Springfield Twp.
Ernest Graf, Prospect Park.
Miss Elizabeth MacLean, Darby.
Edw. M. Underhill, Lansdowne.
Mrs. Mary McI. Carver, Radnor Twp.
John W. MacMullen, Darby Twp.
Robert R. Meadowcroft, Upper Darby Twp.
Merrill L. Blackburn, Haverford Twp.
V. J. Iovacchini, Upper Darby Twp.
D. C. Kriebel, Chester.
Arthur R. Shuman, Darby.
Thomas J. Ralston, Jr., Upper Darby Twp.
Charles C. Collison, Darby.
Karl W. Johnson, Upper Darby Twp.
Robert J. MacBride, Jr., Collingdale.

ELK COUNTY

Robert E. Rice, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY

Mrs. Alice E. Regner, Erie.
Mrs. Lucille E. MacDonald, Erie.
David S. Gifford, Erie.
Miss Henriette F. Weber, Erie.
M. G. McGinnis, Erie.
Paul C. Robnis, Erie.
Miss Martha B. Adam, Erie.
Mrs. Dorothy Dillon, Erie.
Paul A. Stephany, Erie.
Wilmer A. Joslin, Erie.
Miss Catherine C. Peterson, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Geo. E. O. McLeod, Masontown.
Miss Ermina F. Wandel, Uniontown.
Miss Flora Cefaratti, Uniontown.
Miss Femia Burrie, Uniontown.
Miss Loretta Shutterly, Uniontown.
Mrs. Cornelia R. Sherrick, Connellsville.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Lois M. Whiteman, Chambersburg.
Miss Verna Koser, Greencastle.

GREENE COUNTY

George H. Burnette, Carmichaels.

INDIANA COUNTY

Vinton D. Amond, Young Twp.
James C. Bovard, Marion Center.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Miss Mafalda V. Gigliotti, Punxsutawney.
Miss Maude M. Lucas, Brookville.
Miss J. B. Treharne, Punxsutawney.
Miss Helen M. Shannon, Brookville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Rose Pittock, Scranton.
Miss Ethel W. Brown, Scranton.
John J. Butler, Dunmore.
Joseph V. Phillips, Scranton.
John F. Shaughnessy, Scranton.
Miss Madalene J. Mathews, Scranton.
John G. Wasco, Scranton.
Albert J. Woelkers, Scranton.
Maurice E. Trexler, Scranton.
R. J. McAndrews, Blakely.
Miss Harriet E. Williams, Scranton.
Jacob Eckersley, Scranton.
Francis A. Hayden, Scranton.
James E. Hallock, Dunmore.
Thomas F. Gilboy, Olyphant.
Clair Caffrey, Archbald.
Joseph T. Philbin, Carbondale.
Louis Sottile, Scranton.
Martin Gramigna, Scranton.
Laurence F. Casey, Scranton.
Miss Mary H. Borr, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY

Mrs. Sara H. C. Wertheimer, Lancaster.
Leroy T. Foultz, Manheim Twp.
Miss Jeanette Kochel, Lancaster.
Andrew E. Braungard, Lancaster.
R. W. Mann, Lititz.
Mrs. Susan L. Yeager, Lancaster.
Mrs. Fannie Enterline, West Donegal Twp.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Leroy K. Donaldson, New Castle.
Mrs. Mary E. Mollenkopf, New Castle.
Rudolf Theis, New Castle.
Sherman Kay Levine, New Castle.
Mrs. Florence D. McCann, Ellwood City.
Mrs. Gladys Blank Scheidelmantel, Ellwood City.

LEBANON COUNTY

Mrs. Amelia Zeller, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY

John F. Frickert, Coplay.
John P. Creveling, Allentown.
Martin A. Reinsmith, Allentown.
Rodman D. Frankenfield, Allentown.
Miss Mildred Dougherty, Catasaqua.
John T. Stratton, Catasauqua.

LUZERNE COUNTY

John Petro, Wilkes-Barre.
John Fierro, Hazleton.
William H. Schutter, Hazleton.
Miss Martha M. Cesarz, Hazleton.
J. Earl Keating, Pittston.
Leroy K. Honeywell, Plymouth.
David E. Thomas, Edwardsville.
Richard C. Mooney, Wilkes-Barre.
Richard Stefanski, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss C. Marie Mannetti, West Pittston.
William Rescorla, Jr., Kingston.
Miss Anne Williams, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Helen M. Perdosky, Kingston.
Joseph J. Hagan, Kingston.
Miss Martha E. Woelfel, Freeland.
Miss Mary M. Finn, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Carmen M. Hersker, West Hazleton.
Michael M. Mulligan, Wilkes-Barre.
George Hrehach, Edwarsville.

LYCOMING COUNTY

Verus M. Kiess, Williamsport.
Miss Hazel J. Huggins, Williamsport.
Miss Margaret B. Sloan, Williamsport.
Fred B. Wetzel, Williamsport.
Miss Isobel Williams, Williamsport.
Guy L. Casner, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY

Leo J. Eaton, Eldred.
Gustine Cable, Bradford.
Miss Florence H. Scott, Bradford.
Mrs. Mary A. Keenan, Bradford.
Robert B. Apple, Smethport.
Miss V. E. Wilcox, Bradford.

MERCER COUNTY

Miss Sarah Orben, Farrell.
Miss Anna M. Boyle, Sharon.
Miss Ruth M. Eeckley, Greenville.
Vincent LaCamera, Farrell.
Oliver L. Furey, Sharon.
Mrs. Bertha B. Moon, Grove City.
Mrs. Gertrude H. Jordan, Grove City.
Miss Eunice L. Amos, Farrell.

MONROE COUNTY

Elmer J. Daniels, Barrett Twp.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Walter I. Clegg, Norristown.
Mrs. Hannah R. Neil, Whitemarsh Twp.
Mrs. Bertha R. Scholl, Pennsburg.
Gilbert J. Farrington, Jr., Bridgeport.
Anthony A. Hirst, Lower Merion Twp.
J. A. Cassidy, Ambler.
Asher M. Stoudt, Souderton.
Miss Mary J. Bradley, Pottstown.
Frank B. Flower, Upper Dublin Twp.
Miss Florence M. Detwiler, Norristown.
Clarence R. Corcoran, Pottstown.
Millard N. Wilfong, Norristown.
Miss Helen M. Luttrell, Lower Merion Twp.
E. William Pyle, Lower Merion Twp.
Miss Frances M. Burnett, Norristown.
Miss Margaret M. Hushen, Norristown.
Miss Bessie A. Leamy, Norristown.

MONTOUR COUNTY

Miss Dorothy J. Cortright, Danville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

Albert C. Bonney, Wind Gap.
T. Price Daws, Wilson.
Mrs. Olga Edwards, Bethlehem.

Thomas F. Gaffney, Bethlehem.
Lloyd C. Milheim, Palmer Twp.
Miss Margaret Steckel, Easton.
Miss Adelaide L. Blake, Easton.
E. Albert Boyer, Easton.
H. A. Bachman, Bethlehem.
Miss Margaret A. Bentz, Easton.
Miss Wilma M. Zakocs, Bethlehem.
James E. Missmer, North Catasauqua.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

Mrs. Claire C. Dunlap, Mt. Carmel.
Raymond Schaffer, Sunbury.
John H. Cooper, Shamokin.
Harry G. Peters, Sunbury.

PERRY COUNTY

Donald H. Bernheisel, Tyrone Twp.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss F. Ray Boocock.
Stanley R. Polanski.
Arthur L. Berns.
Mrs. Tacy W. DeLany.
George Ewan Gaskill.
Charles T. McElhill.
Miss Margaret T. Monahan.
Miss Margaret Sweeney.
Pascall Tortolani Vincent.
Anderson B. Coleman.
Miss Clara Miller.
Joseph Coward.
Miss Edna P. Hertler.
Samuel H. Landy.
Miss Helen A. Metzinger.
Mrs. Jo. Protzman.
Miss Ellen W. Nelson.
Albert H. Perks.
Miss Katharine C. Kryder.
Jacob P. Lesselbaum.
Mrs. Mabel S. Overholtzer.
John G. Dillon.
Thomas Bruno.
John E. Fredericks, Jr.
Raymond B. Johnson.
Miss Sara Myers.
Miss Gertrude Brody.
Miss Janet M. McGlynn.
Mrs. Louisa Booth.
Pietro DiPietro.
Leonid Jarus.
Harry F. Ruley.
Miss Yetta Shubin.
Ralph E. Hoyle.
Edwin F. Williams.
J. Hunter Limerick, Jr.
Peter Curreri.
Elmer H. Gillespie.
C. N. Haywood.
H. Ronald Paige.
Miss Isabelle Breining.
Samuel M. Israeli.
Miss Dora Zimmerman.
Louis Forman.
Miss Elsie Porter.
Joseph Campbell.
Miss Frances M. Steigerwald.
William W. Blakeney.
Miss Rosa J. Linton.
Miss Josephine F. Fogarty.
Frank Carugno, Jr.
M. Lawrence Daily.
W. J. Drummond.
H. E. Wilson.
Herbert Altemus.
Frank A. Gross.
Howard W. McFall.
August E. Nahm.
George H. Bayne.
Mrs. Grace S. Breeser.
Vito M. Carfagno.
Saul S. Rosenstein.
William Wrigley.
Mrs. Cecilia M. Newman.
John M. Duff, Jr.
Robert Alexander.
B. Russell Cowper.
Harold G. Dievler.
Connell J. Kane.
James L. Stever.
Miss Violet P. Christman.
Wilbert J. Morell.
George P. Darrow.
Henry W. Herbsleb.
Charles W. Hoffman.
Frederick J. Endres.
William R. Keane.
John G. N. Henderson.
Albert W. Keller, Jr.
Leon J. Rack.
Walter E. Wannemacher.
Miss Maria T. Ambs.
David J. Albert.
Miss Jean V. Bertele.
Miss Isabelle Y. Coxhead.
Mrs. Matilda Adler.
Mrs. Sadie V. Backhausen.
Robert M. Graham.
John F. Kennedy.
Meyer Stein.
James A. Hart.
Allen E. Smolen.
Eugene J. Donaghue.
Irving Standiford.
Mrs. Betty Demar.
Mrs. Celia A. Mahony.
Matthew Weinstein.
Raymond A. Nolen.
Maurice Druker.
Miss Julia W. Kirbyson.
Miss Valeria E. Coldren.
Charles W. Bentz.
Robert H. Hutchinson.
Joseph J. Schafle.
Warren D. Gotwals.
Thomas Bunting, Jr.
Bernard Axelman.
Miss Helen H. Wallace.
Henry E. Welsh.
Miss Ruth L. Boysen.
Miss A. E. Connell.
Miss Katherine H. Schwing.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miles G. Smith, North Manheim Twp.
Mrs. Helen M. Reynolds, St. Clair.
Dan Bavolack, Jr., McAdoo.
Ralph Freed, Pottsville.
Francis C. Dix, Shenandoah.
Mrs. Alma R. Rentschler, Tremont.
Wm. H. Sampsel, Shenandoah.
Nicholas Krutz, East Union Twp.
Mrs. Sally A. Drumm, Frackville.
Walter C. Roberson, Pottsville.

SOMERSET COUNTY

C. Cronin, Confluence.
Miss Margaret Williams, Boswell.

SULLIVAN COUNTY

Lawrence Dunn, Colley Twp.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

Mrs. Thelma A. Pentecost, Forest City.

TIOGA COUNTY

Charles W. Ross, Mansfield.

VENANGO COUNTY

Elmer E. Sloan, Emlenton.
Guy H. Kingsley, Sugarcreek Twp.
Mrs. Cecelia M. Brown, Franklin.

WARREN COUNTY

C. Paul Arnold, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Miss Eleanor L. Harris, Charleroi.
Joseph W. McCay, Charleroi.
Miss Melba M. Chivers, Washington.
Mrs. Freida V. Hammond, Washington.
B. E. McNary, Canonsburg.
William L. McVay, Washington.
Mrs. Sarah F. Norton, Donora.
Mrs. Lena L. Boyd, Monongahela.
Ralph L. Bell, Burgettstown.
Charles E. McKie, Claysville.

WAYNE COUNTY

Frederick A. Holbert, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY

Miss Jane F. Gilligan, Latrobe.
Alfred L. Potthoff, Latrobe.
Henry E. Gregory, New Kensington.
Miss Irma H. Lucas, Greensburg.
Mrs. Stella J. Grabiak, Salem Twp.
John G. Hamberg, Irwin.
Miss Katherine K. Branthover, Greensburg.
John J. Radacsy, Monessen.
Joseph Vizza, North Belle Vernon.
G. Guy Yolton, Derry.
Harry A. Stein, New Kensington.
Mrs. Laura Stewart, New Kensington.
Mrs. Adeline Maraffi, Vandergrift.

YORK COUNTY

Miss Vivian M. Schroeder, York.
Miss Ruth I. Linebaugh, York.
William H. Zimmerman, York.
Miss Charlotte Monroe, York.
Miss Dorothy DeVine, York.
Mrs. Grace S. Eyster, York.
Miss Martha B. Deuel, York.
Mrs. Lillian S. Spangler, Hellam.
W. C. Drawbaugh, Dover.
Mrs. Margaret M. Kohler, York.
Mrs. Madge H. Hearn, Hanover.
Harry L. Bubb, New Freedom.
Miss Margaret E. Meckley, York.
Mrs. Ruth J. Benson, York.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. Buckman,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The years and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Scott,
Aron,	Einstein,	Miller,	Shapiro,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Norton,	Snyder,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Sones,
Bell,	Graff,	Parkinson,	Sordoni,
Bennett,	Harris,	Pethick,	Staudenmeier,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Thompson,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Quigley,	Trainer,
Buckman,	Howell,	Reed,	Williamson,
Chapman,	Hunsicker,	Rice,	Woodward,
Clark,	Krause,	Roberts,	Ziesenheim,
Coyne,	Lanius,	Salus,	

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. PARKINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PARKINSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN

(Miss Florence L. Sanville, Westtown, from Jan. 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until her successor is qualified.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME

Chester W. Zerbe, from Feb. 15, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. Buckman,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Scott,
Aron,	Einstein,	Miller,	Shapiro,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Norton,	Snyder,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Sones,
Bell,	Graff,	Parkinson	Sordoni,
Bennett,	Harris,	Pethick,	Staudenmeier,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Thompson,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Quigley,	Trainer,
Buckman,	Howell,	Reed,	Williamson,
Chapman,	Hunsicker,	Rice,	Woodward,
Clark,	Krause,	Roberts,	Ziesenhelm,
Coyne,	Lanius,	Salus,	

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. GELDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ERRATUM

Page 67, Colume 1, after line 29, insert the following:

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO RE-AFFIRMING DEVOTION TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39, which requires resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended, and that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution offered by me at to-days' session.

The PRESIDENT. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, 147 years ago there was established a Constitution of this country, which declared:

"We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfact union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty, to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America," and

Whereas, No public service can be of more constant value than to familarize our people with its content, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House concurs), That we, the representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, do hereby reaffirm our devotion to this Constitution, together with its Bill of Rights, and that we urge the people of this Commonwealth to be always jealous of the rights and privileges bestowed upon us by this Constitution and its Bill of Rights.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow evening at 9 o'clock. (Eastern Standard Time).

Mr. ARMSTRONG. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:48 A. M. until Wednesday, September 19, 1934, at 9 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1934. No. 6.

SENATE

WEDNESDAY, September 19, 1934

The Senate met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Harry B. Scott) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. William E. Howard, offered the following prayer:

O Thou Great Jehovah, Lord of Heaven and of Earth, the only True and Living God, this night, with angels and archangels and all the hosts of heaven, we laud and magnify Thy Name, ever praising Thee and saying, "Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty." All the earth is filled with Thy glory. At the very morning dawn of law and civilization Thou didst call Thy servant to the mountain-top and give unto him a code of laws to rule and govern his chosen people.

This night wouldst Thou help those who bear the responsibility of making laws to ascend the mountain top of revelation and hearken unto Thy voice. Bless all that may be said and done during this session, and may Thy Name be honored and glorified and Thy cause magnified in the world.

Bless every member of this Senate, bless him who presides, and bless those who take part in the deliberations; and Thy Name shall have the honor and the glory, world without end. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. BUCKMAN, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

CONSIDERATION OF THE CALENDAR

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the calendar.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3 (House Bill No. 1), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Sordoni,
Aron,	Ealy,	Krause,	Staudenmeier,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Mansfield,	Thompson,
Bell,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Trainer,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Boyd,	Graff,	Prince,	Woodward,
Brandt,	Harris,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Buckman,	Harvey,	Reed,	Scott,
Clapman.	Homsher,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Clark,	Howell,	Shapiro,	

NAYS—6

Baumer,	Rice,	Snyder,	Sones,
Lanius,	Roberts,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4 (House Bill No. 2), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Ealy,	Krause,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Mansfield,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Graff,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harris,	Prince,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Harvey,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Homsher,	Reed,	Scott,
Clark,	Howell,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—6

Baumer,	Rice,	Snyder,	Sones,
Lanius,	Roberts,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5 (House Bill No. 3), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to, and the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Daly,	Krause,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Mansfield,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Graff,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harris,	Prince,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Harvey,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman	Homsher,	Reed,	Scott,
Clark,	Howell,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—7

Baumer,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,
Lanius,	Rice,	Snyder,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6 (House Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I do not know just how captious the Chair and members of the Senate will be toward the position which I am about to take concerning this particular bill. I think we all measure the importance of the matter by the fact that this bill upon which we are about to vote is a part of what some people have termed a relief programme. I have, of course, been concerned about all of these bills in a three-fold way at least; and when I say that I am going to ask the indulgence of the members of the Senate, in view of the fact that I may have something to say about the bills on the calendar—and if anybody wishes to be exacting and captious, I certainly can be ruled back into place, and then I may have something to say about the remaining bills on the calendar.

It is obvious to me that in a discussion of this kind there is not anything like obtaining complimentary votes. My position with reference to this bill reminds me of what happened to Congressman Jones who was out on his vacation, and he happened to be passing through the home town of Congressman Johnson, a very good friend of his; and while it was midnight, he thought it would be proper for him to call at the home of Congressman Johnson and pay his respects. He arrived at the house and found it in darkness, but he went to the front door and rapped. A lady came to the door whom he did not know, at the time, and he said to her, "Does Congressman Johnson live here?" She said to him, "Yes, he does; you might just as well bring him in."

I have an idea that perhaps, if you will bear with me,—perhaps as my parting gesture, in my short Senatorial career,—and I ask that indulgence now—I wish to speak very briefly, not only on this bill but on the remaining bills of what we have been told was a relief programme. There is something about the legality of it, which the lawyers in this body will certainly consider. I cannot escape the provisions of the Act of Assembly of 1929, which have a direct bearing upon the bill under consideration. May I read into the record at least a portion of that Act of Assembly?

"One-half cent per gallon of the tax collected under the provisions of this Act shall be paid into the Liquid Fuel Tax Fund of the State Treasury and shall on the first days of August and February of each year be paid to the respective counties in which the tax was collected and shall be used by them only for the purpose of construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of roads and highways and for the payment of the interest on County Bonds issued for road purposes."

Mr. President, in rather a sweeping fashion, is it not true that we have more or less already, and I suspect we may, in the future, in our activities of this night, turn our backs upon prior Legislatures? I hold that it is correct logic to say that when gentlemen in the past, who served the Commonwealth as they deemed it right to do a thing, and one which perhaps met popular approval to the same extent that our efforts may have met, they established certain funds, and they laid a basis for the distribution of the money in those funds. Without question, we are turning our backs entirely upon the action taken by such a Legislature whenever the Act may have been passed. In this case it was 1929.

This bill, gentlemen, is but a link in the chain of what has been known as a relief programme. When we consider any such programme is it not true that we think of it from three points of view? First, the source of the programme; then the merits of it; and, later on, the effect of it. This bill is a part of a programme which has been in the making; it is a part of a programme which was submitted; it is a part of a programme which was definitely stated by the Governor in his presentation to the General Assembly.

Somebody tried to convince me, and I turned my deaf ear to the proposition, that the source of this programme was of a political character. Mark you, I turned a deaf ear to that proposition. Somebody tried to tell me that there was a mere reversal of position taken, and that the Governor of the Commonwealth had within recent months made the statement that this programme was unworkable, with particular reference to the transfer of funds from one particular department; that it was insufficient and inadequate. I do not stand here as a partisan, to take advantage of any reversal of opinion; nor do I question the motive. It does not make a bit of difference to me whether a programme was submitted in New York or Washington, whether a gentleman of distinction in Washington might now say, reversing himself also, that this programme is now adequate, when at least the public press informed me that it was inadequate when considered originally. I am a Pennsylvanian, and am proud of it. I like to stand in my position here as representing a great county in this Commonwealth. I have a high regard, however, for the wishes of those who occupied our places before I came into this Senate. I believe it was, at least in their opinion, in this particular case, the establishment of a fund upon which a trust was impressed which we should not violate.

What is the use of in one moment preaching about home rule, about the benefits that might be derived by local municipalities and counties, if you please, and then, in sweeping fashion, deprive them of those rights and those benefits? I ask you, therefore,—and at this point I will admit, right now, and so announce to any member of the Senate who wishes to call my attention to the fact that I

should be limited to the discussion of this bill; but if you will bear with me, and I have some degree of respect for your patience—I argue right now, I say that in at least three particular instances we should, before we pass a programme of this kind, have some regard to what has happened in the past, the trusts that were impressed upon moneys which have been paid in. Unless we do that we will here establish a precedent of which none of us in later years will be proud. I am more alarmed about the precedent which is established by this action than I am about anything else.

Assuming, for the moment, that the day might come,—and I predict that it will come,—when these vexing problems of unemployment relief and burdensome taxation will be carefully studied, when sufficient time will be taken to establish a policy of permanency in the study,—because I may be wrong in my conception of these problems, all of these arguments I am pressing may be valueless, but one thing I know all of us will agree to—that these two problems I here mention are facts and are here to stay for quite sometime to come. The uncertainty of it all, the delays connected with the providing of funds for unemployment relief have made people anxious, have driven people, perhaps, to desperation once in a while; it has driven, I say, out of the Commonwealth—the uncertainty of it all has driven out of the Commonwealth the old fashioned pioneer spirit and self reliance which must prevail.

Now then, if it is uncertainty, there must be some time, as I have predicted there will be, a definite policy established; and at such a day, my colleagues of the Senate, there will be established, by means of a tax of some sort a definite fund upon which, I believe, the Commonwealth can rely for furnishing unemployment relief to those who deserve unemployment relief. To those who prefer America, to those who will not turn in a spirit of hatred and in the spirit of threat to the other Legislatures and try to force sympathy and kindness and understanding, there will come such a day; and, if we have not, with established business, and if with the impress upon that fund and trust, as has been done by these funds to which I have referred, we will very much regret if some future Legislature, in order to win a skirmish and, perhaps, lose the battle, would lay aside whatever deliberation that may have had the purposes in mind and divert such a fund,—with your indulgence let me call your attention to another Act of Assembly which is, briefly, the Act of November 29, 1933, in which all of us, I think, had a part, which provides,

"All moneys in the Liquor License Fund shall on the first days of February, May, August and November of each year, be paid by the Board to the respective municipalities excepting townships of the second class in which the respective licensed places are situated, in such amounts as represent the aggregate license fees collected from licensees in such municipalities during the preceding period."

Definite instructions there, gentlemen, and again the relief, I say, may prove to be very inadequate and the action that we take fraught with danger. I can conceive of the possibility, as I will later on, I think, to your entire satisfaction, point out. The first of January, 1935, is not yet here, and you may be called back into Extraordinary Session to provide relief. I resent the idea that there may be interference from Washington. If there is an advocate of State rights in an humble way, that is the theory of government that I would cling to; but mark you, gentlemen of the Senate, that the quickest way to obtain interference by a strong Federal government, the quickest way to invite paternalism from Washington, is to lean upon Washington, to ask favors. I want Pennsylvania, even now in days of distress, or days of recovery, if you will, to stand up for Pennsylvania. Let us do our own thinking in this particular regard, and there will be less interference, there will be less opportunity to talk about interference, there will be less need to assert our old fashioned, time proven theories of State rights, if you will lean less upon the Government of the United States; but in the next instance I am even more alarmed for this reason, and here I am particularly directing my remarks to the members of the Senate who are members of the bar. At this time I am somewhat distressed to see the school fund disturbed and I will tell you why. In this particular instance you are dealing with something which, of course, is close to the heart of every one of us, and, if you will pardon me, let me refer to two significant portions. Section 2702 of the Act of 1933,—and here is language, gentlemen, which we cannot escape, not only in the clarity of its meaning but in the prophecy of effects, coming certainly true in the future, if the action which is contemplated here is taken.

"All moneys accruing to said fund shall always be promptly paid to the State Treasurer and kept by him in a separate account, subject to the disposition of the said Board of Education as herein provided . . . all income derived from any investment of the State School Fund shall be paid to the State Treasurer and kept deposited as herein provided in a separate account subject to the order of the State Board of Education. The State Treasurer and his bondsman shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and account for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth.

"Section 2703—The State Board of Education shall promptly invest and keep invested as constantly as possible to the best advantage of the State School Fund all receipts derived from or on account of the State Forest Reservations and all proceeds from the sales of real estate received by the State Treasurer together with all appropriations, devises, gifts and other receipts for this purpose as a permanent State School Fund whose income only may be expended."

What was this money to be used for, gentlemen of the Senate? Again definitely revealed and explained:

"(a) To make advancements to School Districts temporarily in need; (b) to further and promote education and the conservation of natural resources.

"All of the income not thus used shall be annually added to the principal of said fund."

Gentlemen, I am particularly interested in that for this reason: I do not want any action taken here that will in any way involve this Commonwealth in additional difficulty as far as the relief programme is concerned. The effect of it—I have spoken of the source of the programme and, briefly, of the merits; and, may I say this: I am convinced—and I am going to ask my colleagues in the Senate to agree with me—that this programme is bristling with elements of inadequacy, that it is bristling with some elements of illegality, and that we are breaking faith, if you please, sir, with at least three classes of people—with the legislators who in their honest convictions impressed these funds with a trust which they did not want broken in the future, with the unemployed for the simple reason that this relief, I say, is inadequate. Why can we speak of an appropriation of six million dollars, which is sort of left outside but spoken of as coming from the State Liquor Stores when the language of the law says the money shall come from the profits? There cannot be any profits available unless you turn your backs upon the action which was taken here last year to give people of old age pensions and blind people pensions; and, after all, it is a sane business proposition, is it not, that when the language of the act says "take money from profits" the profits must be there? Perhaps there is more truth in my prediction that we may be called in Extraordinary Session again before the year is over than I myself realized.

It is bristling with unfairness to the unemployed because of the inadequacy and uncertainty, and it is bristling with injustice to the taxpayers of Pennsylvania, because they know, as you and I know, that there must be some kind of taxation to replace these funds. They know, as you and I know, that that taxation must fall upon somebody. They have a right to know just as soon as there will

be certainty and a definite policy established, just that soon will we no longer have to give here, to those who take advantage of the unemployed and lead them into these threats, into these thoughts of obstreperousness if not of rebellion.

What the State of Pennsylvania needs, and always will need, and that is my particular thought to you, my colleagues of the Senate, in a non-partisan sense, is to establish a policy of certainty on problems of taxation and unemployment relief, and then hope and pray for government having first of all shown a sympathetic understanding and a spirit of liberality and fairness. Then pray for and hope for a government which will be strong enough—which will not lend a friendly ear to those who would lead boisterous parades, but which will insist upon a return in the State of Pennsylvania of the old spirit of the pioneer and respect for the laws of this land.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I do not want to prolong this argument, but I cannot refrain from getting on my feet. I have always had high admiration for the Senator from Lehigh, and it is certainly pleasing to me and to every Republican member of the Senate to know there still remains in Pennsylvania a Democrat who is a Democrat.

Mr. FRAZIER. Mr. President, I have some hesitancy in discussing this bill and the other bills on our calendar tonight in view of my very high admiration for the Senator from Lehigh County and my high regard for his distinguished ability both as a lawyer and a Senator; but he has, in his remarks tonight, made one statement which I think is important for us to consider in determining whether we shall go through with this programme or not. He said we must decide upon a tax of some sort if we do not go through with this programme. I am somewhat reminded of an occurrence which took place recently after four or five rainy days. I was in a store where umbrellas and parasols were for sale, and there was quite a rush on the umbrellas; and someone in the store said to the proprietor, "Well, you are doing quite a business with your umbrellas, aren't you?" The proprietor said, "Yes, but look at the parasols; I haven't sold one." And so, that is the situation which confronts us today. We have a lot of profit from our umbrellas probably, but the parasols are not selling very rapidly.

Should we go out and create new taxation, or borrow more money, when we have in these various funds sufficient to take care of the situation which confronts us today? And what caused the situation which confronts us today? Why are we all here in this Extraordinary Session?

Let me tell you the reason for these bills, briefly. If I may take you back to the early summer of this year, you may recall that our distinguished Democratic State leader, David Lawrence, and the distinguished candidate for United States Senator, on the Democratic ticket, Mr. Guffey, went to Washington in an effort to avoid this Special Session. I do not suppose they were playing politics on relief; I presume they went down there with the honest intention of obviating the necessity for this Special Session; and they came back and gave us poor deluded Republicans the idea that we were not going to have a Special Session.

The next step was the trip of our distinguished Governor to Washington, which made it necessary, at the request of Mr. Hopkins, to invite the Democratic candidate for Governor, the Democratic State Chairman, and the Republican candidate and the Republican State Chairman, to a conference in New York. That invitation went out on Wednesday, August 29th. The distinguished millionaire polo player, bustard stalker was then in Scranton. That evening he went to Wilkes-Barre. On that afternoon David Lawrence was in Harrisburg. The public press says, and I assume it is correct, that David Lawrence, up until three o'clock Wednesday afternoon, had said, "I will attend the conference in New York that Mr. Hopkins wants, and I will see that George Earle is there." George Earle went to Wilkes-Barre and met the distinguished Postmaster General, and changed his mind or had it changed.

I have in my home a beautiful little replica of a fix terrier, and underneath it are the words "His Master's Voice." It came from Camden. In Merchantville we have a very distinguished citizen who is the editor and publisher of The New York Post, an independent paper, The Camden Courier, a strong Republican paper, and The Philadelphia Record, a strong Democratic paper. I am wondering, in my own mind, whether the Master's Voice in that instance came from Merchantville. In any event, on Wednesday, the 29th of August, a very lengthy political telegram was sent to Governor Pinchot, declining to attend this conference in New York; but nobody knew what the conference would be for. Our distinguished Governor sent another telegram on Thursday to the distinguished candidate on the Democratic ticket, for Governor of this State, asking him to reconsider his decision of Wednesday.

I am informed that on Thursday this distinguished gentleman took all day, chewing the end of a lead pencil, to say, "No" to Governor Pinchot, that he would not change his mind. It might be quite possible that he could not get in touch with him who wrote the very lengthy, two column telegram on Wednesday. In any event, what happened was that the Conference was held without the Democrats being there; and in New York, on Friday, August 31st, it was said, "You must have a session of your Legislature as a gesture of good intention"—not "You must do something", but "You must call your Legislature together, Governor, as an evidence of good intention." And we had to do that.

Now, we are here with a programme which we believe will be adequate for the needs, making it possible to dispense with the necessity at this time of a lengthy session having to do with the question of taxation; and I submit to you, Mr. President, and to you, members of the Senate, that it is our duty, our bounden duty to go on with this programme.

In conclusion, let me say this: I was very much astonished at the distinguished Senator from Lehigh taking the attitude he did tonight, because I rather felt—and I said to him before we adjourned our Special Session last December, "Senator, I have the keenest regard for you and the highest regard for your ability, and I believe the Democratic party would make no mistake if you were chosen as the carrier of their banner, their standard, next fall." And he was, as you recall, a candidate; and I rather felt that sometime before the election in November we might have the privilege of having him in the Republican party, because, on April 27, 1934, he wrote to the distinguished Democratic candidate for Governor the following letter:

"Assuming that you share with me the sincere desire for Democratic victory in November and believing that you can best serve the the cause of our party to which you recently turned, I am hereby respectfully requesting you to consider withdrawal of your candidacy for the office of Governor. Among the reasons for such action I submit the following:

"Until recently you have been antagonistic to the principles of Democracy.

"Your indorsement by the State Committee was accomplished in a manner violating the purposes of our primary election laws.

"You have not refuted false statements that President Roosevelt desires your nomination.

"You have become a party to the scheme which would disregard qualified Democrats who have rendered real and loyal service to our party.

"Your candidacy is looked upon with favor by Republican bosses who desire failure of our party in Pennsylvania.

"Trusting that you will receive and consider this letter in the spirit which has inspired its writing, I am, yours for Democracy,"—signed by Senator Snyder.

I am wondering whether, in view of all the circumstances, the fact that we have been forced to come here, much against the desire of our Governor, much against the expressed wish of all our Republicans, whether it is not a wise thing now, as long as we have this programme before us, to go through with it.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I had not intended to speak on this or any other measure tonight, but it has been stated in my presence, here today, by other members of the Senate, and elsewhere, that speeches in the Senate of Pennsylvania never change a vote. My vote tonight will refute that statement, for I had made up my mind to vote against this bill now under consideration; but in view of the fact that the Senator from Lehigh has made a party issue of it, I shall vote for it.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I did not know until this moment that I had made a party issue of anything; but since this has been made a party issue I hope I shall reserve sufficient good judgment to do the proper thing at this moment. The Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Salus, was kind enough to say—if I understood him correctly—that I was a Democrat and that he was glad that I was a Democrat, or words to that effect. My colleague, the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Frazier, said he had hopes that some day I might be a Republican; and he explained, or, at least, attempted to explain to us, why we are here tonight.

I did not pay very much attention to the preliminaries before we were called into this Session; in fact, I had not very much time to do so. However, whether it may have been the fault of the State Chairman or of the candidate for Governor, or whether it may have been the fault of the Administration at Washington, I do not know; but the entire matter was cleared up in my mind when I listened to the Governor's speech to the General Assembly when we first met, in which speech you will find the statement that the reason for our being here is the failure of profits from the State Liquor Stores, and I suspect that I should take his word as being final, because I suspect that this body here, in the deliberations of this evening, will assume his attitude. I further suspect that in the actions to be taken upon this programme, perhaps, and in other actions, his word will be taken, and his purpose taken, as correct.

As far as candidacies are concerned, I had no idea that I would, in the closing hours of this Session, have any private correspondence of mine read into the record. I think that is quite a compliment. I have also written letters to some Republicans. But I believe I want to take the hint, which was certainly given in a friendly way by the Senator from Bucks, Mr. Buckman, by keeping politics out of the picture. I shall, at any time, however, if my colleague from Philadelphia, my friend, Senator Frazier, deems it advisable, in the coming campaign, to discuss these issues, or the letter, or anything else that he may suggest, at a given time and place, so that we may now slow up the deliberations of this Assembly. I shall be very happy to do that, and I believe that both he and I can remain friends; and I do hope that the electorate will be benefitted to a slight degree.

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I have no hesitancy in speaking on these bills. I do not know what the fact is with regard to those people who are responsible for bringing us here. I do know we are here for a definite purpose, and that is to try to solve the problem which confronts a great many people. The political situation does not interest me. I am interested in the solving of that problem. I have been here two weeks now watching the calendar for somebody to suggest some method of furnishing money to the people who cannot receive it unless we give it to them.

The only programme I find in the calendar, in spite of the fact that the halls are open to any Senator to submit bills,—the only programme I find on the calendar is the one here tonight. No one has suggested any new method; and no one, whether he be Democrat or Republican, is proposing to us something that will help in, and be different from, the one that appears here on the calendar tonight.

I speak because I am concerned, with the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Snyder. We are dealing with trust funds, and are violating a trust, and all the rest of it. So, if the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Snyder, will examine these bills, and if he will examine the programme, he will find a complete answer that will satisfy him.

While there was a trust created on the liquid fuel tax, it was only a partial trust, of a portion of the money coming into the State. Secondly, if he will examine the first three bills he will see that where there is a trust imposed on a fund, the Legislature has paid no more attention to the act than merely to make the transfer; but in every one of the funds he talks about a trust being imposed there is another imposed again on the funds that we are taking and an obligation imposed on the Senate of Pennsylvania, as well as on the House. That trust reads, if you will take Bill No. 3, in transferring money from the Motor License Fund, that the amount transferred by this act shall be repaid to the Motor License Fund out of the General Fund not later than December 31, 1935.

In dealing with the Liquid Fuel Tax the same provision is in Section two. In dealing with the Liquor License Fund you find the same trust, and the same provision for repayment, provided for by this Legislature which created the trust in the first instance. And I say to the Senate of Pennsylvania that until the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Snyder, has a constructive programme to offer, in sufficient time to feed the hungry, we would better stick to the only programme there is, and not concern ourselves further about it.

Mr. FRAZIER. Mr. President, I would like to say this to the Chair, that the statement that I had read from a private letter from the Senator from Lehigh is probably an error on his part, because the letter that I quoted was released to the Associated Press on April 27, 1934.

Mr. HARRIS. Mr. President, it is regrettable that the very thing that we hoped to avoid has occurred,—that partisan politics is being discussed on this floor when relief bills should be discussed; and I want to say now that both sides are guilty, and if there is another word about politics tonight on this floor, from any member, I will ask that the rules be enforced, and that they be permitted to discuss nothing but the subject matter of the bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Kiause,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Owlett,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Parkinson,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Graff,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harris,	Prince,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Harvey,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Homsher,	Reed,	Scott,
Clark,	Hunsicker,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Lanius,	Rice,	Snyder,
Howell,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7 (House Bill No. 5), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Krause,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Einstein,	Mansfield,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Gelder,	Parkinson,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Graff,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Harris,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Prince,	Woodward.
Buckman,	Homsher,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Howell,	Reed,	Scott,
Clark,	Hunsicker,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Coyne,			

NAYS—7

Baumer,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,
Lanius,	Rice,	Snyder,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 8 (House Bill No. 6), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Ealy,	Krause,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Owlett,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Parkinson,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Graff,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harris,	Prince,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Harvey,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Homsher,	Reed,	Sones,
Clark,	Howell,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Mansfield,	Rice,	Snyder,
Lanius,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 9 (House Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39

Armstrong,	Coyne,	Krause,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Sordoni,
Batchelor,	Einstein,	Owlett,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Parkinson,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pethick,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Harris,	Pierson,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Prince,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Howell,	Reed,	Scott,
Clark,	Hunsicker,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Lanius,	Rice,	Snyder,
Graff,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 10 (House Bill No. 8), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, including old age assistance work, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to, and the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Shapiro,
Aron,	Einstein,	Miller,	Snyder,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Sones,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Parkinson,	Sordoni,
Bell,	Graff,	Pethick,	Staudenmeier,
Bennett,	Harris,	Pierson,	Thompson,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Prince,	Trainer,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Quigley,	Williamson,
Buckman,	Howell,	Reed,	Woodward,
Chapman,	Hunsicker,	Rice,	Ziesenheim,
Clark,	Krause,	Roberts,	Scott,
Coyne,	Lanius,	Salus,	Pres. Pro Tem.

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 11 (House Bill No. 9), entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to, and the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—11

Aron,	Frazier,	Krause,	Pierson,
Batchelor,	Homsher,	Miller,	Reed,
Clark,	Hunsicker,	Pethick,	

NAYS—36

Armstrong,	Einstein,	Parkinson,	Sordoni,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Prince,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Graff,	Quigley,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Harris,	Rice,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Roberts,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Howell,	Salus,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Lanius,	Shapiro,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Mansfield,	Snyder,	Scott,
Coyne,	Owlett,	Sones,	Pres. Pro Tem.
Ealy,			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a Resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, directing Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives to make arrangements for postage to mail the Legislative Journal.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of four years to compute from the date of confirmation:

BUTLER COUNTY

W. F. Shakely, Butler.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Myers, Waynesboro.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

William Ungerleider, Easton.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the appointment of Glenn A. Arnold, of Clarksville, Greene County, as Justice of the Peace in the Borough of Clarksville, Greene County, vice John W. Dalby, deceased, until the first Monday in January, 1936.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

which nominations were referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 11

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four.

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "no."

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion, with the understanding that the bill will be referred back to Committee.

Mr. PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I voted "no."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, in order that the members of the Senate may fully realize the effect of the vote to reconsider or not to reconsider this bill, let me state that this bill carries the entire expense of this Special Session of the Legislature, and if this vote to reconsider now, which, as has been said by the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Salus, is for the purpose of recommitting the bill to the Committee on Appropriations for further consideration, is defeated, the bill is dead and there will be no appropriation to pay any of the employees, or any other expenses of this Special Session. I would, therefore, in view of that serious situation to our employees, and not to ourselves, respectfully ask that a vote be taken on this motion to reconsider.

Mr. HUNSICKER. Mr. President, what is the purpose of reconsidering the bill?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, so that it can be fixed up in a manner satisfactory to the members of the Senate.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

A division being called for, thirty-two Senators voted in the affirmative and sixteen in the negative, whereupon the question was decided in the affirmative.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 11, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. PARKINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PARKINSON, from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with favorable recommendation, the following nominations made by His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth:

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of fours years to compute from the date of confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Miss Mary Charlier, Pittsburgh, 530 Fourth Ave.
Miss Elizabeth Hayes, Pittsburgh, 4800 Friendship Ave.
Joseph J. Jerome, Tarentum.
Ray F. Lackner, Pittsburgh, 811 Jones Law Bldg.
Miss Ruth M. Morton, Pittsburgh, 908 Farmers Bank Bldg.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

G. G. Hotaling, Kittanning.

BEAVER COUNTY

Miss Loretta G. Hogue, Beaver.

CHESTER COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Bray, West Chester.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY

Miss Mae U. Jordan, Scranton.

LEHIGH COUNTY

Miss Josephine S. Hess, Allentown.

McKEAN COUNTY

Mrs. Harriet E. Bellman, Bradford.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Miss Jessie B. Crispin, Philadelphia, 1214 Locust St.
Raymond S. Denby, Philadelphia, 1412 Fairmount Ave.
Ralph L. Malony, Philadelphia, Pier 9, North Wharves.
Frank J. Wendy, Philadelphia, 1229 N. 2nd St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Nellie K. Glessner, Somerset.
P. P. Williamson, Davidsville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of fours years to compute from the date of confirmation:

BUTLER COUNTY

W. F. Shakely, Butler.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Miss Helen M. Myers, Waynesboro.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

William Ungerleider, Easton.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 13, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of fours years to compute from the date of confirmation:

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Leon Ackerman, Philadelphia, Commercial Tr. Bldg.
Miss Agnes M. Pentland, Philadelphia, 1616 Walnut St.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Catherine E. Crosby, Frackville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 17, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of fours years to compute from the date of confirmation:

BUTLER COUNTY

Allen D. Greene, Butler.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

Cephas A. Willis, Lemoyne.

FAYETTE COUNTY

Miss Thelma Dannels, Uniontown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

James Ferguson, Philadelphia, Comly and Milnor Sts.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY

Miss Minnie E. Holt, Pottsville.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 18, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons for appointment as Notaries Public, for terms of fours years to compute from the date of confirmation:

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY

Lewis Gerber, Philadelphia, 355 N. 3rd St.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Mrs. Eurith Schmucker, Holsopple.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CONNELLSVILLE STATE HOSPITAL

F. E. Younkin, Connellsville, from Aug. 14, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE FOREST COMMISSION

(Mrs.) Mary Flinn Lawrence, Sharpsburg, from Dec. 22, 1933, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until her successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF FISH COMMISSIONERS

George E. Gilchrist, Lake Como, from Feb. 9, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

Harold J. Dorrance, Pittsburgh, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY

John M. Woodside, Philadelphia, from Apr. 2, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBERS OF THE FLAGSHIP NIAGARA COMMISSION

Merle C. Quay, Erie, from Feb. 9, 1934, until annulled.
G. Lynn Brotherson, Erie, from Feb. 27, 1934, until annulled.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY

Henry D. Saylor, Pottstown, from Feb. 28, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.
Herbert M. Goddard, Philadelphia, from May 24, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES

Joseph R. Burns, Philadelphia, from Feb. 14, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.
John C. Lesniak, Scranton, from July 25, 1934, until the third Tuesday of January, 1935, or until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

Dr. Ralph P. Baker, of Lancaster, Lancaster County, from September 10, 1934, for the term of four years.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME

Royal C. Davis, of Erie, Erie County, from September 10, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF FARVIEW STATE HOSPITAL

Elwood R. Regan, Carbondale, from May 3, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

MEMBER OF THE STATE REGISTRATION BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

A. B. Clemens, Scranton, from Jan. 25, 1934, for the term of six years.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE

Robert W. Balderston, Media, from Jan. 25, 1934, until July 1, 1935.
D. Glenn Moore, Washington, from Feb. 27, 1934, until July 1, 1936.
(Mrs.) Hannah McK. Lyons, Lincoln University, from June 25, 1934, until July 1, 1936.

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Frederick P. Gruenberg, Philadelphia, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1940.
P. Stephen Stahlnecker, Harrisburg, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1942.
C. Jay Goodnough, Emporium, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1943.
Herman J. Goldberg, Wilkes-Barre, from Dec. 22, 1933, until July 1, 1937.
Thomas C. Egan, Philadelphia, from May 28, 1934, until July 1, 1941.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF BLOSSBURG STATE HOSPITAL

William R. Straughn, Mansfield, from Apr. 3, 1934, for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, Sept. 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following persons:

Glenn A. Arnold, Clarksville, Greene County, as Justice of the Peace in the Borough of Clarksville, Greene County, vice John W. Dalby, deceased, until the first Monday in January, 1936.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at todya's Session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported, excepting the nominations of Public Service Commissioners.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Salus,
Aron,	Einstein,	Miller,	Scott,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Norton,	Shapiro,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Snyder,
Bell,	Graff,	Parkinson,	Sones,
Bennett,	Harris,	Pethick,	Sordoni,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Prince,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Howell,	Quigley,	Trainer,
Chapman,	Hunsicker,	Reed,	Williamson,
Clark,	Krause,	Rice,	Woodward,
Coyne,	Lanius,	Roberts,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ACTING PRESIDENT, PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Clarence J. Buckman) IN THE CHAIR.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONERS

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations of Frederick P. Gruenberg, as a member of the Public Service Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Krause,	Salus,
Aron,	Einstein,	Lanius,	Scott,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Mansfield,	Shapiro,
Bell,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Sordoni,
Bennett,	Graff,	Parkinson,	Staudenmeier,
Boyd,	Harris,	Pethick,	Thompson,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Trainer,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Prince,	Williamson,
Clark,	Howell,	Quigley,	Woodward,
Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Reed,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Miller,	Rice,	Snyder,
Chapman,	Norton,	Roberts,	Sones,

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of P. Stephen Stahlnecker, as a member of the Public Service Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Krause,	Reed,
Aron,	Einstein,	Lanius,	Salus,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Mansfield,	Scott,
Bell,	Gelder,	Miller,	Shapiro,
Bennett,	Graff,	Owlett,	Sordoni,
Boyd,	Harris,	Parkinson,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Pethick,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Pierson,	Trainer,
Clark,	Howell,	Prince,	Williamson,
Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Norton,	Roberts,	Sones,
Chapman,	Rice,	Snyder,	Woodward,

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of C. Jay Goodnough, as a member of the Public Service Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Krause,	Salus,
Aron,	Einstein,	Lanius,	Scott,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Mansfield,	Shapiro,
Bell,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Sones,
Bennett,	Graff,	Parkinson,	Sordoni,
Boyd,	Harris,	Pethick,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Prince,	Trainer,
Clark,	Howell,	Quigley,	Williamson,
Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Reed,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Miller,	Rice,	Snyder,
Chapman,	Norton,	Roberts,	Woodward,

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

A motion was made by Mr. FRAZIER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Herman J. Goldberg, as a member of the Public Service Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Krause,	Reed,
Aron,	Einstein,	Lanius,	Salus,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Mansfield,	Scott,
Bell,	Gelder,	Miller,	Shapiro,
Bennett,	Graff,	Owlett,	Sordoni,
Boyd,	Harris,	Parkinson,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Pethick,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Pierson,	Trainer,
Clark,	Howell,	Prince,	Williamson,
Coyne,	Hunsicker,	Quigley,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—8

Baumer,	Norton,	Roberts,	Sones,
Chapman,	Rice,	Snyder,	Woodward,

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

A motion was made by Mr. MILLER,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination of Thomas C. Egan, as a member of the Public Service Commission.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41

Armstrong,	Einstein,	Lanius,	Salus,
Aron,	Frazier,	Mansfield,	Scott,
Batchelor,	Gelder,	Miller,	Shapiro,
Bell,	Gráff,	Owlett,	Sordoni,
Bennett,	Harris,	Parkinson,	Staudenmeier,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Pethick,	Thompson,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Pierson,	Trainer,
Buckman,	Howell,	Prince,	Williamson,
Clark,	Hunsicker,	Quigley,	Woodward,
Coyne,	Krause,	Reed,	Ziesenheim,
Ealy,			

NAYS—7

Baumer,	Norton,	Roberts,	Sones,
Chapman,	Rice,	Snyder,	

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

Mr. FRAZIER. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now rise.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Harry B. Scott) in the Chair.

RECESS

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for fifteen minutes, to allow the Appropriations Committee to hold a meeting.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 3

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 8

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

BILLS SIGNED

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Edward C. Shannon) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGES

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO REAFFIRMING DEVOTION TO CONSTITUTION

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate, as follows:

In the Senate, Septemeber 17, 1934.

Whereas, 147 years ago there was established a Constitution of this country, which declared:

"We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty, to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America," and

Whereas, No public service can be of more constant value than to familiarize our people with its content, therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concurs), That we, the representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, do hereby reaffirm our devotion to this Constitution, together with its Bill of Rights, and that we urge the people of this Commonwealth to be always jealous of the rights and privileges bestowed upon us by this Constitution and its Bill of Rights.

RESOLUTION URGING THE OPENING OF SHIPYARD AT THE PORT OF PHILADELPHIA

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was read as follows and laid upon the table:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, This is an unemployment relief program the unemployed at a hearing desired action by relief measures before this Body of the General Assembly and

Whereas, The appropriations sought by this body shall prove insufficient unless employment is created for those seeking the same in this Commonwealth rehabilitating closed industries which functioning would establish assistance that would actually prove a benefit and

Whereas, At the Port of Philadelphia since 1927 remains a defunct shipyard consisting of land wetdocks cranes buildings shipways etc as a going concern would be capable of bidding on contracts for ship construction and

Whereas, Reemployment in this Commonwealth is a major issue of vital importance from which domestic happiness would arise including purchasing power to many skilled persons improving conditions to other industries involved in the construction of a ship and

Whereas, This Nation would and should be compensated by the creation of employment in general specifically by the return to our Federal Government of funds granted to pay real wages on real work contracted as loans by those who constitute the authority to establish proof that a nonoperating plant could function by such a system therefore be it

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania respectfully urge his honor the Mayor of Philadelphia the Chamber of Commerce no plan or project or otherwise should prevent carrying out so worthy a program set forth under this Administration and the National Recovery Act

Resolved a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the proper authority to his Honor The President of the United States his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia and the Chamber of Commerce

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. PARKINSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PARKINSON, from the Committee on Executive nominations, reported, with favorable recommendation, the following nomination made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In conformity with law, I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following:

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD

W. Worrell Wagner, Philadelphia, from March 7, 1934, for the term of two years, and until his successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN.

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Sessions, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Armstrong,	Ealy,	Mansfield,	Salus,
Aron,	Einstein,	Miller,	Scott,
Batchelor,	Frazier,	Norton,	Shapiro,
Baumer,	Gelder,	Owlett,	Snyder,
Bell,	Graff,	Parkinson,	Sones,
Bennett,	Harris,	Pethick,	Sordoni,
Boyd,	Harvey,	Pierson,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Homsher,	Prince,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Howell,	Quigley,	Trainer,
Chapman,	Hunsicker,	Reed,	Williamson,
Clark,	Krause,	Rice,	Woodside,
Coyne,	Lanius,	Roberts,	Ziesenheim,

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

Mr. GELDER. Mr. President, I move that the Executive Session do now arise.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION URGING THE OPENING OF SHIPYARD AT THE PORT OF PHILADELPHIA

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended, and that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of House Resolution No. 14.

The PRESIDENT. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, This is an unemployment relief program, the unemployed at a hearing desired action by relief measures before this Body of the General Assembly; and

Whereas, The appropriations sought by this body shall prove insufficient unless employment is created for those seeking the same in this Commonwealth, rehabilitating closed industries which functioning would establish assistance that would actually prove a benefit; and

Whereas, At the Port of Philadelphia, since 1927, remains a defunct shipyard consisting of land, wetdocks, cranes, buildings, shipways, etc., as a going concern would be capable of bidding on contracts for ship construction; and

Whereas, Reemployment in this Commonwealth is a major issue of vital importance from which domestic happiness would arise including purchasing power to many skilled persons, improving conditions to other industries involved in the construction of a ship; and

Whereas, This Nation would and should be compensated by the creation of employment in general, specifically by the return to our Federal Government of funds granted to pay real wages on real work contracted as loans, by those who constitute the authority to establish proof that a non-operating plant could function by such a system; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania respectfully urge his honor the Mayor of Philadelphia the Chamber of Commerce no plan or project or otherwise should prevent carrying out so worthy a program set forth under this Administration and the National Recovery Act,

Resolved a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the proper authority to his Honor The President of the United States, his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia and the Chamber of Commerce.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOMSHER, from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 11 (House Bill No. 9), entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 3 o'clock (Eastern Standard Time).

Mr. BAUMER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:58 P. M. until Thursday, September 20, 1934, at 3 o'clock A. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, September 19, 1934

The House met at 10.30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner offered the following prayer:

Our Divine Father in heaven, we invoke thy blessing upon us as we assemble in these Legislative halls tonight. Impress upon us that thou are the Father and lover of all mankind. Arouse us to a consciousness of the breadth of our human relationships, that we may rid ourselves of any shackles of greed, selfishness, hatred or provincial pride, and in the spirit of mutual helpfulness establish conditions of real brotherhood thruout the Commonwealth.

May we be guided in the use of our strength, knowledge and wealth to support the weak, the less favored, the poor and needy.

Bind all classes of our people together by the ties of sympathy, respect and service, help us to be appreciative of each other's virtues, and to have forbearance in our differences, that we may be united into one great brotherhood according to thy purpose. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday, when on motion of Mr. Wall, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from McKean will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, on September 12th, at the first meeting of the House, I made a motion at the time that the Speaker handed over the table, the request of the Chief Clerk of the House, Mr. Eugene F. White, for leave of absence, that he be granted leave of absence without pay until the next regular session of the Legislature in 1935. The Speaker of the House so put the motion. I find on looking at page 14 of the Journal of September 12th that the motion is not as made, and only grants the Chief Clerk leave of absence during the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature. I am particularly anxious that this should not be other than the way the House passed it. I would feel very much chagrined if after the Session was over the Chief Clerk returned and drew his salary, and members of the House would think that they had not been properly treated, in that the motion as passed by the House was that the Chief Clerk be granted leave of absence until the next regular session of the Legislature in 1935. Therefore, Mr. Speaker, I ask that this motion be corrected in the Journal, so that it will read as made: That Mr. Eugene F. White, Chief Clerk of this House, be granted leave of absence without pay until the 1935 regular session of the Legislature.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the Journal.

COMMUNICATIONS

RESOLUTION ASKING PAYMENT OF RELIEF IN CASH

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication and resolution which was read by the Clerk as follows:

September 19, 1934.

Honorable Grover C. Talbot, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.
My dear Speaker Talbot:—

I submit herewith a Resolution as adopted at the Biennial Convention of District No. 7, United Mine Workers of America, at the request and direction of the delegates.

Very truly yours,
JOHN YOURISHIN.

Y:M
Enc.

Coaldale, Pennsylvania,
September 19, 1934.

Whereas, In the last few years the State Government and later the Federal Government entered upon the relief of the idle in our State, and

Whereas, This type of relief has for the most part been confined to food relief orders with a supplemental clothing and shoe distribution of recent period, and

Whereas, In the last year a highly centralized control of this State work has been set up, with welfare workers gaining positions of power in the work and at high expense to the state, and

Whereas, There has also been proposals that work relief projects be instituted shortly with compulsory work being a basis of obtaining said relief, therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the delegates to the 27th Consecutive and 11th Biennial Convention of District No. 7 U. M. W. of A., acting for 20,000 miners in the Lehigh field of the anthracite industry set forth the following conclusion on these subjects and direct that our District Secretary Treasurer John Yourishin Member of the House of Representatives for the 1st Luzerne District, submit this document to the legislature.

First, That we ask payment of relief in cash in lieu of present food orders.

Second, That we ask consideration be given to payment of rentals for shelter.

Third, That any work relief projects not be made compulsory for getting relief that the said work be paid for in cash and at the prevailing rate of wages for the class of work performed.

Fourth, That we protest the present system of control of this work and urge immediate steps be taken to restore this work to the local agencies as previously obtained and in accordance with the promises of the Republican State Platform. The means of immediate carrying out this idea are at hand.

Fifth, That we urge there be larger allotments for relief.

Sixth, That we protest strongly the importation of workers to administer the State relief and that the local agencies be utilized wherever possible. That wherever possible the investigators and other employees of relief offices be enrolled from homes of families on relief.

Seventh, That we request and urge an investigation of the reports that politics have been played in the administration of the relief.

And that copies of this action be forwarded to State Administrator Eric H. Biddle and Federal Administrator Hopkins.

CONDITION FOR USE OF MOTOR LICENSE FUND

The SPEAKER laid before the House a telegram which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Western Union

1934 Sep 17 PM 10 12

PB667 69 1 Extra NL Greensburg Penn 17
Grover C. Talbot
Speaker of the House of Representatives, Harrisburg Penn

In our opinion the Motor License Fund should be used only for road improvement this fund is paid by motorists who use the roads and it furnishes employment for many thousands impairing this Fund will place more people on relief a loan from the Motor Fund may be acceptable only upon condition that a definite method of repayment is enacted and loan paid back within a few months

GREENSBURG MOTOR CLUB
W. M. Kahanowitz, President.

RECOMMENDING CASH PAYMENT TO DEPENDENTS

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Organization for the Abolition of Poverty
Philadelphia, Pa., 830 S. 49th St.
Geo. D. Evans, Secy.

Sept. 11, 1934.

Pennsylvania House of Representatives
In Special Session.
Harrisburg, Pa.
Gentlemen.

I take pleasure in submitting for your consideration, and recomendation to President Roosevelt, the proposal that he pay to every family having to depend upon Organized Welfare Organizations for an existance, and all other families, in need of same, the sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, and also the immediate payment to the Veterans of their Adjusted Compensation Certificates, with Full Legal Tender United States Treasury Notes, as outlined in the enclosed Circular entitled "DO YOU NEED $500", and will be glad to come to Harrisburg at any time to further elucidate or explain the proposition to your Committee.

Very truly,
GEO. D. EVANS.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. JOHN L. HOLMES. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. JOHN L. HOLMES. Mr. Speaker. In looking over the Legislative Journal of September 14th relative to the vote on House Bill No. 9, I am recorded as voting aye. I voted "no" and desire to be so recorded.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker. I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I notice that the Legislative Journal on September 14 recording the vote on Bills 3, 6, 7 and 9, does not have me recorded as having voted. I was present on the floor of the House when my name was called and in each instance distinctly voted. I desire corrections made as follows:

On page 52, I am not recorded as having voted on House Bill No. 3; I voted "No."

On page 55, I am not recorded as having voted on House Bill No. 6; I voted "No."

On page 55, I am not recorded as having voted on House Bill No. 7; I voted "No."

On page 58, I am not recorded as having voted on House Bill No. 9; I voted "No."

I ask that these corrections be made.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. LANE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. LANE. Mr. Speaker, on House Bill No. 8 I was not recorded as voting for it either way. I wish to be recorded as voting "no."

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, in the Journal for September 14th, on House Bills No. 1, 4, 5, 6 and 9 I was recorded as not voting. I voted in the negative on these bills, and I desire to be so recorded.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 17, 1934.

Whereas, 147 years ago there was established a Constitution of this country, which declared:

"We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty, to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America," and

Whereas, No public service can be of more constant value than to familarize our people with its content, therefore be it

Resolved, (if the House concur), That we, the representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, do hereby reaffirm our devotion to this Constitution, together with its Bill of Rights, and that we urge the people of this Commonwealth to be always jealous of the rights and privileges bestowed upon us by this Constitution and its Bill of Rights.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 1.

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

HOUSE BILL No. 2.

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

HOUSE BILL No. 4.

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE BILL No. 5.

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE BILL No. 6.

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE BILL No. 7.

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 3.

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, page 1, line 10, by striking out the word: "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word: "five"; also in the same line by striking out the figures: "$5,100,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures: "$5,500,000."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—120

Baker,	Haines,	McElwee,	Sheffer,
Baldi,	Hamilton,	McGregor,	Shellenberger,
Barnhardt,	Harris,	McKay,	Shortz,
Bechtel,	Hart,	McKinney,	Shreiner,
Bennett,	Heffernan,	Meredith,	Simon,
Bernhard,	Hefferon,	Merrell,	Sowers,
Blumberg,	Heffner,	Mohn,	Sterling, P.,
Brennan,	Hermansen,	Moore,	Stiteler,
Brown, W. L.,	Hewitt,	Munley,	Storb,
Carey,	Himes, H. E.,	Murphy,	Stott,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Myers,	Surface,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	Negley,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Hoopes,	Nothnagle,	Turner,
Craig,	Horst,	Patterson,	Wade,
Dane,	Hough,	Peelor,	Wasserman,
Davies,	Hutton,	Pennock,	Way,
Denning,	Jaffe,	Perry, D. R.,	Weidemann,
Downey, J.,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	White,
Dunmire,	Kane,	Peters,	Wike,
Ederer,	Kinney,	Powell,	Williams, G. W.,
Evans,	Laubach,	Price,	Williams, J. J.,
Fleisher,	Lewis,	Rectenwald,	Wilson, L. M.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Long,	Reilly,	Wilson, T. B.,
Forrest,	Lord,	Rice,	Witkin,
Gallagher,	Lose,	Roan,	Woodside,
Gartner,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roth,	Yeakel,
Gillette,	Lynch, J. R.,	Royle,	Yourishin,
Green,	Maloney,	Ruby,	Zimmerman,
Greenstein,	Mason,	Sautter,	Talbot,
Griffith,	McBride,	Schwartz,	Speaker.
Habbyshaw,	McCandless,	Scott,	

NAYS—71

Andrews,	Flynn, J. W.,	McCreary,	Shenkel,
Beech,	Furman,	McGinnis,	Shettel,
Boyd,	Harmuth,	McGrail,	Shugarts,
Brancato,	Hartman,	McHenry,	Sinwell,
Brown, J. E.,	Hester,	Melchiorre,	Snyder,
Brownfield,	Himes, L. R.,	Mumford,	Stank,
Cannon,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Connor,	Sterling, R. B.,
Caputo,	Howard,	O'Keefe,	Stevens,
Carson,	King,	O'Rourke,	Stevenson,
Chervenak,	Labar,	Powers,	Stone,
Cohen,	Lane,	Quinn,	Trout,
Cramer,	Lenahan,	Raub,	Wagner,
DeFrehn,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rhodes,	Walker, G. E.,
Downey, G. E.,	Lynch, M.,	Ruth,	Walker, G. E.,
Eroe,	Male,	Sarig,	Wall,
Fitzgerald,	Malina,	Schrock,	Welsh,
Flanagan,	Marcks,	Schrope,	Westrick,
Flinchbaugh,	McClure,	Schwab,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REASONS FOR VOTE

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I feel constrained to vote no on this bill No. 3, Printer's No. 9 for the following reasons:

First. I believe that so far as possible, all relief should be work relief. I think the State and the United States are making a serious mistake when they are distributing millions of money in relief and getting no tangible or practical results thereform. So long as there are swamps to be drained, forests to be cleared, bridges to be built, highways to be improved, slum conditions to be bettered, I feel it is impracticable and unwise to give relief orders to able bodied men who are capable of doing manual labor. I am especially opposed to diverting any of the motor license fees and gas tax to any other purpose than the construction and maintenance of highways. In the rural districts especially highway improvement has been a great blessing to thousands of workmen who otherwise would be on direct relief. The five and a half millions of dollars which it is proposed to borrow temporarily from the highway funds would build a cheap type of hard surface highway reaching across the entire state and back again, would employ thousands in construction work for many months. Not only would it employ those who are directly engaged in construction work but it would also employ men in the quarries, men in the transportation of materials, and it would open a market for gas and oil, machinery, create a demand for tires, picks, shovels, etc., and would stimulate business in a very marked degree wherever this construction work would take place.

I appreciate the fact that this money is only to be borrowed temporarily, but at the outset, it could not be returned within the next six months at least. Meanwhile, instead of increasing employment by the diverting of highway funds for direct relief, a great many people now employed would be placed upon the unemployed lists. For this and other reasons I am voting "NO" on this motion.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 8.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 2, page 2, line 16, by inserting after the syllable "wealth" the words "for work relief and direct relief"; also by inserting after the word "need" the words "and payments shall be made under such system of requisitioning and accounting as the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer shall determine."

Amend Section 4, page 3, line 6, by inserting after the word "No" the word "direct"; also in line 20, by striking out after the word "such" the words "local agencies" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "eligible persons."

Amend Section 5, page 4, line 1, by striking out the entire line as follows: "other transactions of local relief distributing agencies" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "for such other uses as the State Emergency Relief Board may in its discretion deem necessary to carry out the purposes for which the appropriation is made under this act."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. WITKIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189

Andrews,	Greenstein,	McClure,	Sheffer,
Baker,	Griffith,	McCreary,	Shellenberger,
Baldi,	Habbyshaw,	McElwee,	Shenkel,
Barnhardt,	Haines,	McGinnis,	Shettel,
Bechtel,	Hamilton,	McGrail,	Shortz,

Beech,	Harmuth,	McGregor	Shreiner,
Bennett,	Harris,	McHenry,	Shugarts,
Bernhard,	Hart,	McKinney,	Simon,
Blumberg,	Hartman,	Melchiorre,	Sinwell,
Boyd,	Heffernan,	Meredith,	Snyder,
Brancato,	Hefferon,	Merrell,	Sowers,
Brennan,	Heffner,	Moore,	Stank,
Brown, W. L.,	Hermansen,	Mumford,	Sterling, P.,
Brown, J. E.,	Hester,	Munley,	Sterling, R. P.
Brownfield,	Hewitt,	Myers,	Stevens,
Cannon,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Stevenson,
Caputo,	Himes, L. R.,	Nothnagle,	Stiteler,
Carey,	Hoffman,	O'Connor,	Stone,
Carson,	Holmes, J. L.,	O'Keefe,	Storb,
Chervenak,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Rourke,	Surface,
Cohen,	Hoopes,	Patterson,	Terry,
Conner,	Horst,	Peelor,	Trout,
Cooke,	Hough,	Pennock,	Turner,
Cordier,	Howard,	Perry, D. R.,	Wade,
Craig,	Hutton,	Perry, J. J.,	Wagner,
Cramer,	Jaffe,	Peters,	Walker, G. E.,
Dane,	Jones,	Powell,	Walker, W. A.,
Davies,	Kane,	Powers,	Wall,
DeFrehn,	King,	Price,	Wasserman,
Denning,	Kinney,	Quinn,	Way,
Downey, G. E.,	Labar,	Raub,	Weidemann,
Downey, J. J.,	Lane,	Rectenwald,	Welsh,
Dunmire,	Laubach,	Reilly,	Westrick,
Ederer,	Lewis,	Rhodes,	White,
Eroe,	Long,	Rice,	Wike,
Evans,	Lord,	Roan,	Williams, G. W.
Fitzgerald,	Lose,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Flanagan,	Lovett, J. E.,	Royle,	Wilson, L. M.,
Fleisher,	Lovett, W. S.,	Ruby,	Wilson, T. B.,
Flinchbaugh,	Lynch, M.,	Ruth,	Witkin,
Flynn, J. M.,	Male,	Sarig,	Wood,
Flynn, J. W.,	Malina,	Sautter,	Woodside,
Forrest,	Maloney,	Schrock,	Yeakel,
Furman,	Marcks,	Schrope,	Yourishin,
Gallagher,	Mason,	Schwab,	Zimmerman,
Gartner,	McBride,	Schwartz,	Talbot,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Scott,	Speaker.
Green,			

NAYS—1

Murphy,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. HARRY E. HIMES. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. HARRY E. HIMES. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, on page 58 of the Lefiislative Journal of September 14th, on House Bill No. 9 I was recorded as not voting. I was in my seat at that time and I voted "aye." I wish to be so recorded.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. SHORTZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. SHORTZ. Mr. Speaker, in the Legislative Journal of September 14th, on page 51, on the vote on House Bill No. 2, I have not been recorded as voting. I voted "aye" and I request that I be so recorded in the Journal.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, in the Legislative Journal of September 14th, on the last line of the 48th page, the Speaker is recorded as having referred to the Committee on Rules the resolution which I introduced that date. As I recall, the Speaker said instead that it was to be laid aside for printing under the rules.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to ask the gentleman from Washington whether he called this resolution up.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. No, sir; I did not. The House adjourned before I had an opportunity to do so, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to state to the gentleman, first, that the Chair did not refer this resolution to the Committee on Rules. If the gentleman from Washington will give us a little time to check, we will be glad to give him the desired information.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Brown, that we will not pass the order of resolution until we have obtained the information for him.

RESOLUTION

REQUESTING AID FOR VETERANS

Mr. POWERS offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 19, 1934.

Whereas, The long continued economic depression has left many soldiers and sailors, who served their country during times of war, in a destitute condition; and

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has always heretofore taken care of its war veterans, and if speculations of conditions during the coming winter are correct, there will be urgent need to protect many of those who served this Commonwealth and the United States; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Department of Military Affairs and the State Veteran's Commission be requested by the House of Representatives to keep informed as to the needs of any soldiers and sailors in this Commonwealth, and to certify to the State Emergency Relief Board the name and address of any soldier or sailor who is in need of food, clothing and shelter in order that aid may be extended to him and his family from appropriations made by the General Assembly and the Government of the United States for such purposes.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Department of Military Affairs and the State Veteran's Commission by the Acting Chief Clerk of the House.

RESOLUTION NO. 14

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 14, Printer's No. 27.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

Whereas This is an unemployment relief program the unemployed at a hearing desired action by relief measures before this Body of the General Assembly and

Whereas The appropriations sought by this body shall prove insufficient unless employment is created for those seeking the same in this Commonwealth rehabilitating closed industries which functioning would esablish assistance that would actually prove a benefit and

Whereas At the Port of Philadelphia since 1927 remains a defunct shipyard consisting of land wetdocks cranes buildings shipways etc as a going concern would be capable of bidding on contracts for ship construction and

Whereas Reemployment in this Commonwealth is a major issue of vital importance from which domestic happiness would arise including purchasing power to many skilled persons improving conditions to other industries involved in the construction of a ship and

Whereas This Nation would and should be compensated by the creation of employment in general specifically by the return to our Federal Government of funds granted to pay real wages on real work contracted as loans by those who constitute the authority to establish proof that a non-operating plant could function by such a system therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania respectfully urge his honor the Mayor of Philadelphia the Chamber of Commerce no plan or pro-

ject or otherwise should prevent carrying out so worthy a program set forth under this Administration and the National Recovery Act

Resolved a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the proper authority to his Honor The President of the United States his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia and the Chamber of Commerce

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION NO. 15

Mr. LANE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resodultion No. 15, Printer's No. 28.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

This Extraordinary Session of the Legislature was called for the purpose of affording further relief to the unemployed

Various bills are well on their way to final passage which will result in the furnishing of relief to the unemployed but more permanent and lasting relief can be assured by a thorough study of the causes of unemployment .

This study is now being made by various committees and commissions and beneficial results should follow

In the office or the class room a man of forty-five has not yet reached the height of his development nor exhausted his source of value but in industry he has lost his usefulness and his further employment is uncertain

If for any reason he loses his job his re-employment in a similar position is almost impossible Industry employs only the physically capable

Industry has created the "overlooked man"

He is the product of that system which recognizes that after the age of forty-five a man is no longer a profitable factor or part in the machine that makes for profitable production

He is the most helpless the most affecting the most touching the most pathetic of all the unemployed

Between forty-five and the age at which the laws of the Commonwealth grant a monthly allowance to those who are in need there stretches a long period of twenty-five years to be lived in some way by these "overlooked men"

In discharging its duty to relieve the unemployed a wise and beneficient government must find some way to keep employed these men who are discriminated against and who are unemployed only by reason of their age therefore be it

Resolved By this House that a study of the conditions and causes resulting in this "overlooked man" should be made by those now giving thought to the great problems of unemployment relief and unemployment insurance and the correction of other social ills in order to find some way of making the years that remain to this man of some value to the State and to fill them for him with happiness and security and be it further

Resolved That a copy of this resolution shall be transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House to any committee or commission now existing or authorized to be created by this session of the Legislature for the purpose of studying any matter dealing with the relief of the unemployed or other social legislation and to any such committee or commission of the Federal Government

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted.

RESOLUTION NO. 13

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Brown, that his resolution was laid over for printing under the rules. The Chair is of the opinion that our recording clerks, when the Chair made the statement "The resolution lies over for printing under the rules" erred presumably, but the resolution is on file and it is privileged to be called up if the gentleman so desires.

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 13, Printer's No. 26.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 12, 1934.

Whereas, The Constitution of Pennsylvania recognizes the inherent right of the people to the management and alteration of their Government and

Whereas, This Assembly is the creation of the people to facilitate not to obstruct representative government and

Whereas, Our Assembly retains regardless of The Holy Prophesy on the Capitol ceiling "Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall set you free" that relic of boss rule the dark secret standing committee room where it can figuratively be said the Political Blue Beard murders economy welfare school and other legislation which is in the public interest therefore be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives in accordance with the spirit of the New Deal orders the standing committee room doors to be kept open for the public and the representatives of the press except for valid reasons according to available space and that a stenographer keep a record of the proceedings of the committee and its members which shall be accessible to the citizens at all times

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

RESOLUTION REFERRED

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that Resolution No. 13, Printer's No. 26, be referred to the Committee on Rules.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. JOHN E. BROWN. Mr. Speaker, I can not understand why this resolution should be referred to the Committee on Rules. It would only delay the passing of this resolution. It is a very good resolution, very much in the public interest. A large group of the Democratic women of the State of Pennsylvania has approved this as their own child and we want to get it passed, and I can't see why it should be referred to the Committee on Rules as it is not a rule; it is just a sentiment. We have no rule in the State of Pennsylvania that requires these committees to meet with closed dors. I am simply attempting to bring the State government just a little closer to the people. The chances are if those doors were left open the people would not come anyhow, and for the reason that it is not a rule, that it is not laid down as a rule, why should it be referred to the Rules Committee. It would be out of their jurisdiction.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Hutton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HUTTON. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Franklin if his purpose in making this motion was to delay the passage of this resolution.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, this is a matter that should be considered carefully by the Committee on Rules and I can assure the gentleman it will receive due consideration.

Mr. HOOPES. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Franklin to answer the question: Whether or not his purpose in referring the resolution to the Committee on Rules was to delay its passage.

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I have answered the question.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. FLINCHBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, in the Legislative Journal under date of September 14th, page 52, on House Bill No. 3, my name does not appear either among the ayes or the nays. I was

present in my seat and voted "no" on House Bill So. 3, and desire the correction made in the Journal.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the journal.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. TURNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Delaware will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. TURNER. Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, if the hands of the clock were left alone during the next few minutes we would pass from this day into the day of September 21, 1934.

We mark many birthdays on the national calendar and many of our people celebrate the birthdays of famous men, and I want to talk for just a few moments about a birthday that may not now be marked by many people but which in the hearts of his friends is marked at the present and may some day be marked as that of other famous men.

On September 21, 1884, in the state renowned for its historians, for its poets and baked beans, was born to Yankee parents a baby boy. The lusty wailing of that new born babe, I might say, were the only wailing and the only loud utterances of that boy from that day to this. He served his country during the World War overseas and returning, after the war, to take up his residence in the State of Pennsylvania, where in the community in which he now lives he is rearing a family that is a credit to the community, where as a citizen of that community he is a credit where he has established himself as one of the foremost business men of that community and where they have elected and reelected him time and time again to membership in this House.

In this House he has established a precedent following that of another great New Englander from the state of Vermont, the great Republican "Silent Cal." Here he has established himself as one of the great, strong and silent men of this House.

Those of us who have had close contact with him, those of us who are of the same political faith have known his value in councils, have known the value of his strong will, have known the value of his vision and his opinion. He is the chairman of one of our important committees, that on Highways. He has rendered to the State of Pennsylvania not only as a member of this body a great service, but in the leadership on that committee in the way he has handled its affairs has stamped himself as one of the men upon whom this State must look with a great feeling of pride and a great feeling that here is a man who is rendering service to his people.

I do not think that we who are here today and who in a very short time are about to adjourn, perhaps, should let the occasion pass without paying a tribute to that friends of ours, the gentleman from Montgomery, the Honorable Fred C. Peters.

Mr. Speaker, in my family and I think in the families of many others, it is customary on the occasion of birthdays to have someone skilled in the art to make a cake and on the top of that cake to place many candles. I wish we could have here tonight something of that kind, so that we could offer our tribute to our good friend from Montgomery County. While we can not give him anything tangible here tonight but the well wishes of the House, in the spirit of friendship whether it be on the other side, the Democratic side, or our side, we are all tendering to him tonight a cake that in its sweetness alone is shown the well wishes of the members. In place of the candles on the birthday cake, we can well substitute the beautiful candles in these chandeliers. I know that there are far too many for the cake, but nevertheless as my old friend Ned Nothnagle has said "The first fifty years is the hardest." So we say to him if the first fifty years are the hardest, we hope he has another fifty years coming to him, another fifty years in which he may be among us, and in which the people of Pennsylvania may benefit from his service.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege may be spread upon the Journal.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montgomery, Mr. Peters. I might say that this is the gentleman's maiden speech.

Mr. PETERS. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I do not chose to speak at this time.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman will be spread in full upon the Journal.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

Bills numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 1.

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund

HOUSE BILL No. 2.

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

HOUSE BILL No. 3.

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE BILL No. 4.

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

HOUSE BILL No. 5.

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

HOUSE BILL No. 6.

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

HOUSE BILL No. 7.

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money

HOUSE BILL No. 8.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House signed the same.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections the Chair is about to declare a recess for one-half hour. Are there objections? The Chair hears none and declares a recess for one-half hour.

AFTER RECESS

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The time of recess having expired the House will be in order.

COMMUNICATIONS

URGING RELIEF FOR PROPERTY OWNERS

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Pittsburgh, Penna.

At a regular meeting of the Hill District Taxpayers Association, a corporation of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, held in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania on September 16, 1934, the following resolution was presented by Morris M. Berger, duly seconded, and unanimously passed:

Whereas, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, known as the Talbot Act, it is provided that appropriations be made to political subdivisions of the State of Pennsylvania to provide food, clothing, fuel, and shelter for residents within their district who are without means of support; and

Whereas, since the existence of the aforesaid Talbot Act, allocations have been made for food, clothing, and fuel for such persons and no proper allocation has been made for shelter to the end and effect that unemployed and distressed persons have not paid for shelter, thrusting themselves upon the charity of property owners and causing great distress both to said unemployed and to the property owners whose homes are so occupied; and

Whereas, the only "relief" available to said property owners has been by the undesirable method of evictions which are distressful and an annoyance to said property owners as well as to the tenants evicted; and

Whereas, the said property owners have been unable to get the burdens of taxation and maintenance costs of their buildings as a result of said system which, in effect, has resulted in the practical confiscation of their property or the taking thereof without due process of law; and

Whereas, the system of eliminating the property owner from sharing in the appropriations under the Talbot Act has been in violation of the aforesaid law, and a discrimination against the said property owners; and

Whereas, a regulation now has been put in effect allocating to said property owners a sum equal to one and one-half times the actual taxation to be paid in monthly installments to said property owners on account of unemployed tenants; and

Whereas, all other appropriations for food, clothing, and fuel are not so allocated but are paid upon the basis of rental market prices for said commodities, even allowing a profit to the dealers and producers of said commodities; and

Whereas, the allocation of an arbitrary sum not equivalent to the value of the premises is not in accordance with the spirit of said Talbot Act and is unjust and unfair and a discrimination against said property owners.

Now therefore, be it resolved by the Hill District Taxpayers Association, in regular session and the same is hereby resolved:

1. That the property owners who are furnishing houses for unemployed persons who are without means of support be paid for said housing on the basis of the fair rental value for said housing and on the same basis as food, clothing, and fuel are purchased for said unemployed persons who are without means of support.

2. Be it also Resolved that any other means or manner of allocating funds to pay for housing of unemployed persons is unfair, unjust, discriminatory, confiscatory, and unacceptable by the property owners.

3. Be it also Resolved that unless proper and just relief, is given in accordance with this resolution, without further delay, the property owners who have been forced to have billetted upon them unemployed persons will immediately take the necessary action and steps to regain possession of their properties.

4. And be it Further Resolved that copies of this resolution be sent to the Hon. E. C. Shannon, President of the Senate, the Hon. Grover C. Talbot, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Mr. Eric Biddle, and Mr. George S. Mills.

I, William Lando, President of the Hill District Taxpayers Association hereby certify that the above resolution is a correct copy of the resolution unanimously passed at the meeting of the Hill District Taxpayers Association at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, September 16, 1934.

HILL DISTRICT TAXPAYERS ASSN.

WM. LANDO,
President

(Seal) MORRIS L. MARCUS,
Secretary

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR

The Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor, which was read as follows.

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILLS NOS. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 AND 8

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 19, 1934.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed the following:

House Bill No. 1, Printer's No. 7, entitled, "An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund."

House Bill No. 2, Printer's No. 8, entitled, "An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund."

House Bill No. 3, Printer's No. 29, entitled, "An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money."

House Bill No. 4, Printer's No. 10, entitled, "An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money."

House Bill No. 5, Printer's No. 11, entitled "An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money."

House Bill No. 6, Printer's No. 12, entitled "An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money."

House Bill No. 7, Printer's No. 21, entitled, "An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money."

House Bill No. 8, Printer's No. 30, entitled, "An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief including old age assistance work relief and expenses defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments."

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. HUTTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn until Thursday morning, September 20, 1934, at 10:00 A. M.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 1:41 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned until Thursday, September 20, 1934, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Extraordinary Session of 1934.

Vol. 17. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1934. No. 7.

SENATE

THURSDAY, September 20, 1934

The Senate met at 3 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. William E. Howard, offered the following prayer:

Thy Word, our Heavenly Father, teaches us that God is light, and in Him is no darkness at all. As this Senate now convenes in the early morning, before the shadows of night are lifted, we pray that the light of Thy countenance may be shed upon us, and that we may do that which is well pleasing in Thy sight. We ask it in Thy Name. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. ARON, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 11 (House Bill No. 9), as follows:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in Extraordinary Session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of thirty-four thousand four hundred and forty-three dollars ($34,443.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment in part of the salaries of the Senators at the rate of two hundred fifty dollars ($250.00) each and the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10)

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature.

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra services in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of ninety-two thousand nine hundred and thirty-three dollars ($92,933.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment in part of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives at the rate of two hundred fifty dollars ($250.00) each and the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House

For the payment of mileage of the Members

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment to the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each ($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proof-reading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36

Armstrong,	Einstein,	Norton,	Shapiro,
Bell,	Frazier,	Owlett,	Sordoni,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Parkinson,	Staudenmeier,
Brandt,	Graff,	Pierson,	Thompson,
Buckman,	Harris,	Prince,	Trainer,
Chapman,	Harvey,	Quigley,	Williamson,
Clark,	Homsher,	Reed,	Woodward,
Coyne,	Krause,	Salus,	Ziesenheim
Ealy,	Mansfield,	Scott,	

NAYS—10

Aron,	Lanius,	Rice,	Snyder,
Baumer,	Miller,	Roberts,	Sones,
Howell,	Pethick,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 10:00 o'clock this morning.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

SENATE INSISTS UPON ITS AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 9

Mr. STAUDENMEIER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments made to House Bill No. 9, non-concurred in by the House.

Mr. FRAZIER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE INSISTS ON ITS NON-CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

And has appointed Messrs. Laubach, Munley and Hewitt a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

Mr. STAUDENMEIER. Mr. President, I move that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a Committee of the House of Representatives (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. FRAZIER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Staudenmeier, Clark and Baumer be said Committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO RETURNING SALARY CHECKS TO THE STATE TREASURER

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 20, 1934.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That any member of this General Assembly who does not desire to receive from the Commonwealth the full amount payable by law as his or her compensation for attendance at this Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, may return all or any part of the amount received to the State Treasurer within fifteen days following the approval of this resolution and the State Treasurer is authorized to receive the same and pay any amounts so received into the General Fund.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39, which requires that concurrent resolutions be referred to appropriate committees, be suspended, and that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objection.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39, which requires resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee, be suspended, and that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the resolution just read.

Mr OWLETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the Resolution?

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I do not mind voting for a resolution that means something, but I do not think we should be called upon to vote on a resolution that does not mean anything; it is a waste of our time. Certainly, anybody can present a check to the State Treasurer; it does not require a resolution to tell me that. If the resolution had stated "everybody shall present his check to the State Treasurer," we would have had something to vote on; but for the resolution to state that anybody may present a check to the State Treasurer for $500. seems to me to be playing with something that ought to receive careful consideration.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I agree with the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Shapiro. I want to say on this floor, right now, that any money I receive for my services will go to charity; but this resolution we have before us tries to tell us we may do what we want to do. I hope the members of the Senate are intelligent to know that we may do as we desire; and to put a resolution like this before the body seems to me like going back and playing with marbles or reading Chatterboxes and children's stories in fairyland—things like that; very, very childish. It does not rise to the dignity of a resolution to be passed by the Senate of Pennsylvania. We may do, and then again we may not do.

Every man ought to be the judge of his own kindly feeling toward the unemployed or the needy; and if I am to devote my money to any charitable cause, I want to have at least the satisfaction of knowing that Senator Salus gave it away, and not some hocus-pocus resolution passed in the Senate.

Mr. SHAPIRO. Mr. President, I should like to correct my friend. I am not objecting because it ties my hands but I am objecting, first, because it is an innocuous resolution; and, secondly, in addition to that, it puts the members of this Senate in this position: that when we want to give our money to someone else we are met with the proposition that someone may understand that this is a law,—we may give it to the State Treasurer but not to anyone else; and I do not want to have my own hands tied. Personally, I do not think we should be made to look more ridiculous than we already appear in the situation.

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the resolution?
It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. BATCHELOR. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Beaver, Mr. Batchelor, will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. BATCHELOR. Mr. President and members of the Senate, some years ago this Legislature authorized the appointment of a special board to secure the improvement of certain rivers in the Western part of the State. I learn that in twenty years this Legislature has appropriated a considerable sum of money to be paid for the expenses of that board.

We now face the amazing spectacle of seeing one member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board "fired" because he dared to do his duty under his oath of office, and another member of the same board commended because he violated his oath of office and refused to do his duty.

The people of this Commonwealth, as well as this Legislature, were misrepresented at a hearing before the United States Army Engineers, held at the city of Washington, on Monday of this week, September 17th. The meeting was held in connection with the construction of the Ohio River-Lake Erie Canal, utilizing the Beaver, Mahoning and Shenango Rivers to the Ohio state line, near the town of Struthers, and thence to Lake Erie, at a point in Ohio, near the mouth of Indian Creek.

It appears that at said meeting in Washington, one L. H. Gavin, represented himself as being authorized to speak for the Governor of this Commonwealth, this Legislature, and the people of Pennsylvania.

This man Gavin is a member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board, which board was created by an Act of 1913, as amended by the Act of 1915, and took the oath of office to perform his duties as a member of that board. The primary and sole function of that board was the construction of a canal from the town of Beaver on the Ohio River, to Lake Erie at a point in Ohio.

The said act of Assembly definitely fixes the location and description of said proposed canal as follows:

"A navigable interestate canal or waterway, having a depth of not less than nine feet, from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers, in the State of Pennsylvania; thence, by way of the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers in the State of Pennsylvania, and the Mahoning River, in the State of Ohio, to a point in Trumbull County, either at or near Niles, Ohio, or a short distance west of Warren, Ohio; thence, northwardly through the State of Ohio, to a terminal on Lake Erie, at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio."

Pursuant to the authority of said act of Assembly, a board was created for the furtherance of this project, and in 1931, the said L. H. Gavin was appointed a member of that board.

In the Session of 1933, a Concurrent Resolution was passed by this Legislature, memorializing the President and Congress of the United States, and urging them to construct said canal. Said Concurrent Resolution passed the Senate on April 10, 1933, and the House on April 13, 1933, and the same reads as follows:

"Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That, Whereas, the Public Works Program of the President of the United States for the relief of the unemployed is restricted to public works that are essential to the people of the community, and

Whereas, The Rivers and Harbors Committee of the House of Representatives of the United States and the Army Engineers of the United States have under consideration a project for improving the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers from the junction of the Beaver River with the Ohio River at the Borough of Rochester, northward in Pennsylvania, by making these rivers navigable to barge traffic, and

Whereas, The improvement of the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers would be one of the most useful and outstanding public works that the government could find in any community, and

Whereas, This improvement would make available large quantities of raw material and render more secure the continuation of the industries along said rivers, in which hundreds of thousands of people depend for employment and support, and

Whereas, The improvement of these rivers would furnish substantial employment to thousands of persons residing in the State of Pennsylvania, which are now unemployed.

Therefore, Be it resolved that the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby memorialize and request the Congress of the United States to authorize the immediate improvement of the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers, both for the unemployment relief which would thereby be furnished, and for the permanent continuation of the industries located in Western Pennsylvania, which are dependent upon these rivers being navigable.

Be it further resolved, That copies of this resolution be transmitted by the Clerk of the Senate to the President of the United States, to both United States Senators and each Member of Congress from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

At the same session of the Legislature in 1933, another resolution was passed, also memorializing the President and Congress of the United States to build a canal, utilizing the upper Allegheny River and French Creek, and connecting with Lake Erie at another point. The proponents of the first resolution did not consider the second resolution inconsistent with the first, and did not oppose the second resolution. The two resolutions were not inconsistent.

We are informed by the newspaper publications and by another member of that board, who was present in Washington on September 17th, that the said L. H. Gavin suppressed the resolution memorializing the President and Congress to build a canal from the town of Beaver in Pennsylvania to a point on Lake Erie in the State of Ohio, on the location prescribed by the act of Assembly of Pennsylvania in 1915, and presented the second resolution relating to the canal utilizing the Allegheny River and French Creek, and urging that by reason of the passage of said second resolution relating to the Allegheny River and French Creek, the State of Pennsylvania was definitely committed to his pet scheme, to the exclusion of the route utilizing the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers.

We also understand that he presented to said meeting a telegram, purporting to have been sent to him by Governor Gifford Pinchot, which is said to read as follows:

"You are authorized to represent the Governor and the Legislature and the people of Pennsylvania in the canal hearing. Any protest to the contrary you will please disregard. This goes.

GIFFORD PINCHOT."

His Excellency, the Governor, may have authorized the said L. H. Gavin, to act contrary to the provisions of his oath of office as a member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board, and oppose the building of the very canal for which this board was created, but His Excellency, the Governor, was without authority or jurisdiction to authorize him to represent this Legislature and misrepresent the actions of this Legislature, both in violation of the statute laws of this Commonwealth and the Concurrent Resolution approving and urging the same above referred to, and he was equally without authority to authorize him to misrepresent the people of this Commonwealth.

If the said L. H. Gavin does not desire to perform the duties of his office as a member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board, in accordance with his official oath, we deem it his duty to resign, and not to any further misrepresent either this Legislature or the people of this Commonwealth in regard to the building of the canal from the Ohio River to Lake Erie on the route prescribed by the act of Assembly of this Commonwealth utilizing the Beaver and Mahoning Rivers, to the Ohio State line.

The greatest affront to common decency came when His Excellency, the Governor, fired W. Y. English from the said board. His "offense" was that he tried to do his duty. He did not misrepresent either this Legislature or the people of this Commonwealth. He did not misinform the Army Engineers at Washington. He stood firm in the course of duty and right.

It is actions like the firing of Mr. English that undermine our system of government, make "reds," and defeat justice.

Mr. CHAPMAN. Mr. President, this affects not only Senator Batchelor's district, but also my district, and also in my district this is a controversial subject; and I move that it be laid upon the table.

Mr. BATCHELOR. Mr. President, these remarks that I have made to the Senate I would like to have printed in the Legislative Journal under a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The point is well taken, and the remarks will be noted in the Journal.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION TO APPOINT COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE TO INFORM THE GOVERNOR THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IS READY TO ADJOURN SINE DIE.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MANSFIELD offered the following Resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, September 20, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE HOUSE THAT THE SENATE IS READY TO ADJOURN SINE DIE

Mr. BATCHELOR. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BATCHELOR offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, September 20, 1934.

Resolved, That the Senate appoint a committee of three to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate is ready to adjourn sine die at 2:30 o'clock P. M. this day.

The PRESIDENT: The Chair appoints as such committee Messrs. Batchelor, Frazier and Roberts.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION CONCERNING THE PRINTING OF THE JOURNALS OF THE TWO HOUSES

Mr. PETHICK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PETHICK offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have the copy of the Journals of the two Houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Director of the Bureau of Publications within ten days after the close of the session, and the Director of the Bureau of Publications is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within sixty days after the receipt of the copy therefor.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECESS

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, the House has taken a recess until 1:30, and I move you that the Senate do now take a recess for forty minutes.

Mr. ARON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGE

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing

the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

The report was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

respectfully submit the following bill as our report:

C. W. STAUDENMEIER
W. H. CLARK
(Committee on the Part of the Senate.)
E. E. HEWITT
PALMER LAUBACH
W. J. MUNLEY
(Committee on the Part of the House of Representatives.)

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in Extraordinary Session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of forty-six thousand nine hundred forty-three dollars ($46,943.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law.

For the payment of the salaries of the Senators and the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators.

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50).

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10).

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500).

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate.

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature.

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary.

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra services in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100).

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars ($143,433.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law.

For the payment of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives and the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House.

For the payment of mileage of the Members.

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50).

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment to the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each ($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proof-reading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31

Aron,	Clark,	Mansfield,	Shapiro,
Batchelor,	Coyne,	Owlett,	Staudenmeier,
Bell,	Frazier,	Pethick,	Thompson,
Bennett,	Gelder,	Pierson,	Trainer,
Boyd,	Graff,	Quigley,	Williamson,
Brandt,	Harvey,	Reed,	Woodward,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Salus,	Ziesenheim,
Chapman,	Krause,	Scott,	

NAYS—14

Armstrong,	Harris,	Parkinson,	Roberts,
Baumer,	Howell,	Prince,	Snyder,
Ealy,	Lanius,	Rice,	Sones,
Einstein,	Miller,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I understand that the report of the Committee of Conference, that we have just passed, voted $500 to the members of this Legislature.

The PRESIDENT. So the Chair understands.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I want to go on record now as telling the members of this Legislature, and especially of the Senate, that I purpose giving my money to the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension Funds of Philadelphia,—to be distributed between those two funds.

NOTIFICATION THAT HOUSE IS READY TO ADJOURN

Messrs. Roan, Fitzgerald and Hewitt, a Committee of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House of Representatives will be ready to adjourn sine die and were extended the thanks of the Senate.

ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE

Mr. BUCKMAN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly adjourn sine die Thursday, September 20, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION IN REFERENCE TO HARRY L. HOPKINS

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a Resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WOODWARD. offered the following Resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Whereas, Harry L. Hopkins of Washington, D. C. ordered an Extraordinary Session of the General Assembly at additional cost to taxpayers of $300,000;

Resolved, That the said Harry L. Hopkins deserves some recognition from somebody for his statesmanship;

Resolved, That we the Senate of Pennsylvania regret that said recognition cannot be accorded to Harry L. Hopkins because there is no time to fittingly express our admiration of Mr. Hopkins' statesmanship.

HOUSE MESSAGES

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION TO APPOINT COMMITTEE TO INFORM THE GOVERNOR THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IS READY TO ADJOURN SINE DIE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented communication from the House informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 20, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as such committee Messrs. Mansfield, Bennett and Sones.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION CONCERNING THE PRINTING OF THE JOURNALS OF THE TWO HOUSES

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have the copy of the Journals of the two Houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Director of the Bureau of Publications within ten days after the close of the session, and the Director of the Bureau of Publications is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within sixty days after the receipt of the copy therefor.

VOTE OF THANKS TO THE PRESIDENT, PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE AND OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, AND TO THE PRESS.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate extend a vote of thanks to the President of the Senate, to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, to the officers and employes, and to the representatives of the press for their uniform courtesy and helpfulness during the session.

Mr. WILLIAMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE HOUSE THAT THE SENATE IS READY TO ADJOURN

Mr. PARKINSON. Mr. President, the committee appointed to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is ready to adjourn sine die desires to report to the Senate that they have fulfilled the duties of their appointments.

The PRESIDENT. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, the committee appointed to act with a like committee from the House of Representatives to wait upon His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth desires to report that they have fulfilled the duties of their appointment, and that the Governor has indicated to your committee that he has no further communication to deliver to this session of the Legislature.

The PRESIDENT. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION FOR ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly adjourn sine die Thursday, September 20, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

BILLS SIGNED

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Edward C. Shannon) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, assembled September twelfth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, in pursuance of the proclamation

of the Governor of the Commonwealth, dated the eighth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Edward C. Shannon) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORT OF CHIEF CLERK ON COMPARING BILLS

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, on behalf of the Chief Clerk, I desire to report having compared and found correct bills number and entitled as follows, as having passed both branches of the Legislature and signed by the presiding officers thereof:

House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund.

House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund.

House Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requiring the State Council of Education to liquidate the investments in the State School Fund, and providing for the subsequent return from the General Fund of the transferred money.

House Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, including old age assistance, work relief, and expenses; defining the purposes for which such moneys may be expended; and prescribing the powers and duties of the State Emergency Relief Board and of certain State departments.

House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

ADJOURNMENT

The PRESIDENT. The business of the session having been transacted, the Chair waits the pleasure of the Senate.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn sine die.

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. This being the day and hour fixed by concurrent resolution for the final adjournment, and the hour two-thirty o'clock P. M. having arrived, I hereby declare the Senate adjourned sine die.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THURSDAY, September 20, 1934.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. George F. Conner offered the following prayer:

Dear Lord, we pause at the beginning of another day. Send Thy divine favor upon our lives, our homes and our commonwealth and our country. Thou hast called us to places of high trust and grave responsibility as Thy partners in the administration of Thy Word. Strengthen Thou Thy servants for their tasks and grant that every representative may be faithful in his stewardship this day and transact the business of this session to the glory of God. Amen.

JOURNAL APPROVED

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday, when on motion of Mr. Weidemann, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

RESOLUTION

JOINT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE TEXTILE INDUSTRIES

Mr. MALINA offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over under the rules:

In the House of Representatives, September 20, 1934.

Whereas, This Extraordinary Session of the Legislature has been called for the purpose of providing relief for the unemployed and

Whereas, The best way of helping the unemployed is to put them to work or keep them at work and

Whereas, There are several thousand textile workers unemployed at the present time because the owners of the establishments in which they should be working have refused to comply with the Code of their industries and

Whereas, The attitude of these employers has increased the burden the taxpayers of Pennsylvania must shoulder the relief for the unemployed and

Whereas, It is generally believed that the owners of the textile mills have combined themselves together in a union of the same character as that which they will not allow their employees to join and

Whereas, This association of mill owners is reputed to have stocked up so much material that they can defy the striking employees by closing down their mills because they have products on hand sufficient to supply the demand for several months, therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by the legislature with all the powers that a Joint Legislature may have to subpoena witnesses books and records to make a thorough investigation of conditions in the textile industries in this Commonwealth, the said investigation is to cover the mills engaged in the manufacture of cotton, silk, woolen, hosiery, carpets and rayon and other similar industries and be it further resolved that this committee be composed of three appointed by the president of the United Textile Workers incorporated, three by the officially elected representatives of the textile mill owners in this State and one by the Governor of the Commonwealth and be it further

Resolved, That this committee report its findings to the next regular session of the Legislature not later than the second Wednesday in January, nineteen hundred thirty-five.

SENATE MESSAGE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Mr. McHENRY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. McHENRY. Mr. Speaker, in the Legislative Journal of Friday, September 14th, I am recorded as not voting on the following House Bills: Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9. I was in my seat and voted in the negative on each of these bills and would like to be so recorded.

The SPEAKER. The remarks of the gentleman under his question of personal privilege will be spread upon the Journal.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair is about to declare a recess, but before doing so requests that the Republican members of the House go to the House Caucus Room immediately after the recess.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections the Chair will declare a recess until 11:15 o'clock A. M. Are there objections? The Chair hears none and a recess was declared until 11:15 o'clock A. M.

AFTER RECESS

The House reconvened at 11:15 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL NO. 9.

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 1, page 2, line 4, by inserting after the word "of" the words and figures "thirty-four thousand four hundred and forty-three dollars ($34,443.00)"; Also in line 8, by inserting after the word "of" the words and figures "two hundred fifty dollars ($250.00)"; Also in line 9, by striking out at the beginning of said line as follows: "on account of"; Also on page 3, lines 20 and 21, by striking out the following: "one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three ($143,433.00)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "ninety-two thousand nine hundred and thirty-three dollars ($92,933.00)" Also on line 25, by inserting after the word "Representatives" the words "at the rate of two hundred fifty dollars ($250.00) each".

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do non concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION

RETURN OF MEMBER'S SALARY

Mr. JOSEPH R. LYNCH offered the following resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration:

In the House of Representatives, September 20th, 1934.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That any member of this General Assembly who does not desire to receive from the Commonwealth the full amount payable by law as his or her compensation for attendance at this Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, may return all or any part of the amount received to the State Treasurer within fifteen days following the approval of this resolution and the State Treasurer is authorized to receive the same and pay any amounts so received into the General Fund.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Witkin and Mr. Ederer and were as follows:

YEAS—191

Andrews,	Griffith,	McGinnis,	Shellenberger,
Baker,	Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Shenkel,
Baldi,	Haines,	McHenry,	Shettel,
Barnhardt,	Hamilton,	McKay,	Shortz,
Bechtel,	Harmuth,	McKinney,	Shreiner,
Beech,	Harris,	Melchiorre,	Shugarts,
Bennett,	Hart,	Meredith,	Simon,
Bernhard,	Hartman,	Merrell,	Sinwell,
Blumberg,	Heffernan,	Mohn,	Snyder,
Boyd,	Hefferon,	Moore,	Sowers,
Brancato,	Heffner,	Mumford,	Spann,
Brennan,	Hermansen,	Munley,	Stank,
Brown, J. E.,	Hester,	Murphy,	Sterling, P.,
Brown, W. L.,	Hewitt,	Myers,	Sterling, R. B.,
Brownfield,	Himes, H. E.,	Negley,	Stevens,
Cannon,	Himes, L. R.,	Nothnagle,	Stevenson,
Carey,	Hoffman,	O'Connor,	Stiteler
Carson,	Holmes, J. B.,	O'Keefe,	Stone,
Chervenak,	Holmes, J. L.,	O'Neill,	Storb,
Cohen,	Hoopes,	O'Rourke,	Stott,
Conner,	Horst,	Patterson,	Surface,
Cooke,	Hough,	Peelor,	Tahl,
Cordier,	Howard,	Pennock,	Terry,
Craig,	Hutton,	Perry, D. R.,	Trout,
Cramer,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	Turner,
Dane,	Kane,	Peters,	Wade,
Davies,	King,	Powell,	Wagner,
DeFrehn,	Kinney,	Powers,	Walker, G. E.,
Denning,	Lane,	Price,	Walker, W. A.,
Downey, G. E.,	Laubach,	Quinn,	Wall,
Downey, J.,	Lenahan,	Raub,	Wasserman,
Dunmire,	Lewis,	Rectenwald,	Way,
Ederer,	Long,	Reed,	Weidemann,
Eroe,	Lord,	Reilly,	Welsh,
Evans,	Lose,	Rhodes,	Westrick,
Fitzgerald,	Lovett, J. E.,	Rice,	White,
Flanagan,	Lovett, W. S.,	Roan,	Wike,
Fleisher,	Lynch, J. R.,	Roth,	Williams, G. W.,
Flinchbaugh,	Lynch, M.,	Royle,	Williams, J. J.,
Flynn, J. W.,	Male,	Ruth,	Wilson, L. M.,
Flynn, J. M.,	Malina,	Sarig,	Wilson, T. B.,
Forrest,	Maloney,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Furman,	Marcks,	Schrock,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Mason,	Schrope,	Woodside,
Gartner,	McBride,	Schwab,	Yeakel,
Gillette,	McCandless,	Scorza,	Yourishin,
Gorman,	McClure,	Scott,	Zimmerman,
Green,	McCreary,	Sheffer,	Talbot,
Greenstein,	McElwee,		Speaker.

NAYS—0

NOT VOTING—1

Cannon,

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, at the present moment I desire to be recorded as voting aye.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will be so recorded.

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

MR. HUTTON IN THE CHAIR

The SPEAKER. The House will be at ease.

THE SPEAKER (GROVER C. TALBOT) IN THE CHAIR.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE INSISTS UPON AMENDMENTS NON-CONCURRED IN BY HOUSE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House insists upon its non-concurrence to the amendments made by the Senate and that a Committee of Conference be appointed.

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee of Conference Messrs. Hewitt, Laubach and Munley.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

And has appointed Messrs. Staudenmeier, Clark and Baumer a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (already appointed) on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 17, 1934.

Whereas This is an unemployment relief program the unemployed at a hearing desired action by relief measures before this Body of the General Assembly and

Whereas The appropriations sought by this body shall prove insufficient unless employment is created for those seeking the same in this Commonwealth rehabilitating closed industries which functioning would establish assistance that would actually prove a benefit and

Whereas At the Port of Philadelphia since 1927 remains a defunct shipyard consisting of land wetdocks cranes buildings shipyards etc as a going concern would be capable of bidding on contracts for ship construction and

Whereas Reemployment in this Commonwealth is a major issue of vital importance from which domestic happiness would arise including purchasing power to many skilled persons improving conditions to other industries involved in the construction of a ship and

Whereas This Nation would and should be compensated by the creation of employment in general specifically by the return to our Federal Government of funds granted to pay real wages on real work contracted as loans by those who constitute the authority to establish proof that a non-operating plant could function by such a system therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania respectfully urge his honor the Mayor of Philadelphia the Chamber of Commerce no plan or project or otherwise should prevent carrying out so worthy a program set forth under this Administration and the National Recovery Act

Resolved a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the proper authority to his Honor The President of the United States his Honor the Mayor of Philadelphia and the Chamber of Commerce

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 20th, 1934.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That any member of this General Assembly who does not desire to receive from the Commonwealth the full amount payable by law as his or her compensation for attendance at this Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, may return all or any part of the amount received to the State Treasurer within fifteen days following the approval of this resolution and the State Treasurer is authorized to receive the same and pay any amounts so received into the General Fund.

RECESS

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections the Chair is about to declare a recess until 1:30 o'clock P. M. Are there objections? The Chair hears none, and declares a recess until 1:30 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS

The House reconvened at 1:30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Grover C. Talbot) in the Chair.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

Mr. HEWITT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 9.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the membership that we are about to receive the report of the Conference Committee on House Bill No. 9, and if the members will refer to their desks they will find it under Printer's No. 31. Due to the changes that have been made in the conference committee a reprint of the entire bill is not necessary.

The report was read by the Clerk as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 9, entitled:

"An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four," respectfully submit the following bill as our report:

C. W. STAUDENMEIER
W. H. CLARK
(Committee on the Part of the Senate.)
E. E. HEWITT
PALMER LAUBACH
W. J. MUNLEY
(Committee on the Part of the House of Representatives.)

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature assembled in Extraordinary Session the twelfth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

TO THE SENATE

The total sum of forty-six thousand nine hundred forty-three dollars ($46,943.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment of the salaries of the Senators and the extra compensation allowed by law to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate

For the payment of the mileage of the Senators

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to each Senator the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of ten dollars ($10)

To the chief clerk for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred thirty-four the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same the chairman to file an account with the Auditor General thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) or as much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of extra services in connection with the compilation of the history of the legislation in the Senate during the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The total sum of one hundred forty-three thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars ($143,433.00) or as much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

For the payment of the salaries of the Members of the House of Representatives and the extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House

For the payment of mileage of the Members

For the postage allowed by law to each Member the sum of fifty dollars ($50)

To the chief clerk and assistants for the payment of postage the sum of twenty dollars ($20)

To the chief clerk for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives during and for the completion of the work of the Extraordinary Session also for the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives Extraordinary Session of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1200) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the committee on the presentation of his requisition for the same said chairman to file an account with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature

For the contingent expenses including extra clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the period of the Extraordinary Session the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) or so much thereof as may be necessary and for the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk during the Extraordinary Session the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

For the payment of the chief clerk of the Senate and chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices of the journal of each House for the Extraordinary Session the sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars each—($250)

For the work of the Legislative Journal officials after the close of the Extraordinary Session on the Legislative Journal also proofreading of appendix and index thereto as provided by law the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal of the Extraordinary Session in accordance with the act establishing said Journal the sum of two hundred fifty dollars ($250)

Section 2 This act shall become effective immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?

Mr. HEWITT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 9, be adopted.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—143

Baker,	Hamilton,	McKinney,	Shreiner,
Baldi,	Harris,	Meredith,	Shugarts,
Barnhardt	Hart,	Merrell,	Simon,
Bechtel,	Heffernan,	Mohn,	Snyder,
Bennett,	Hefferon,	Moore,	Sowers,
Bernhard,	Heffner,	Mumford,	Spann,
Blumberg,	Hermansen,	Munley,	Sterling, R. B.,
Brennan,	Hewitt,	Murphy,	Stevens,
Brown, W. L.,	Himes, H. E.,	Myers,	Stevenson,
Brownfield,	Himes, L. R.,	Negley,	Stiteler,
Carey,	Hoffman,	Nothnagle,	Storb,
Conner,	Holmes, J. B.	O'Connor,	Stott,
Cooke,	Holmes, J. L.,	O'Neill,	Surface,
Cordier,	Horst,	Patterson,	Tahl,
Craig,	Hough,	Peelor,	Terry,
Dane,	Howard,	Pennock,	Trout,
Davies,	Hutton,	Perry, D. R.,	Turner,
Denning,	Jones,	Perry, J. J.,	Walker, W. A.,
Downey, J.,	King,	Peters,	Wall,
Dunmire,	Kinney,	Powell,	Wasserman,
Ederer,	Laubach,	Price,	Way,
Eroe,	Lewis,	Rectenwald,	Weidemann,
Evans,	Long,	Reed,	Welsh,
Flanagan,	Lose,	Reilly,	White,
Flynn, J. M.,	Lovett, W. S.,	Rice,	Wike,
Flynn, J. W.,	Lynch, J. R.,	Roan,	Williams, G. W.,
Forrest,	Malina,	Roth,	Williams, J. J.,
Gallagher,	Maloney,	Royle,	Wilson, T. B.,
Gartner,	Mason,	Sautter,	Witkin,
Gillette,	McBride,	Schrock,	Wood,
Gorman,	McCandless,	Schwartz,	Woodside,
Green,	McClure,	Scott,	Yeakel,
Greenstein,	McCreary,	Sheffer,	Zimmerman,
Griffith,	McElwee,	Shellenberger,	Talbot,
Habbyshaw,	McGregor,	Shenkel,	Speaker.
Haines,	McKay,	Shortz,	

NAYS—47

Andrews,	Downey, G. E.,	Lynch, M.,	Sarig,
Beech,	Fitzgerald,	Male,	Schrope,
Boyd,	Flinchbaugh,	Marcks,	Schwab,
Brancato,	Furman,	McGinnis,	Shettel,
Brown, J. E.,	Harmuth,	McGrail,	Sinwell,
Cannon,	Hartman,	McHenry,	Stank,
Caputo,	Hester,	O'Keefe,	Stone,
Carson,	Hoopes,	Powers,	Wagner,
Chervenak,	Lane,	Quinn,	Walker, G. E.,
Cohen,	Lenahan,	Raub,	Westrick,
Cramer,	Lord,	Rhodes,	Wilson, L. M.,
DeFrehn,	Lovett, J. E.,	Ruth,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the report of the Committee of Conference was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 20, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That a committee of three members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives be appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die this day at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee on the part of the House to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the Senate to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly is ready to adjourn sine die this day Messrs. George W. Williams, Nothnagle and Meredith.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have the copy of the Journals of the two Houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Director of the Bureau of Publication within ten days after the close of the session, and the Director of the Bureau of Publications is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within sixty days after the receipt of the copy therefor.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate, September 19, 1934.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly adjourn sine die Thursday, September 20, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION NO. 16

Mr. POWERS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Resolution No. 16, Printer's No. 33.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 19, 1934.

Whereas, The long continued economic depression has left many soldiers and sailors who served their county during times of war in a destitute condition and

Whereas The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has always heretofore taken care of its war veterans and if speculations of conditions during the coming winter are correct there will be urgent need to protect many of those who served this Commonwealth and the United States therefore be it

Resolved That the Department of Military Affairs and the State Veteran's Commission be requested by the House of Representatives to keep informed as to the needs of any soldiers and sailors in this Commonwealth and to certify to the State Emergency Relief Board the name and address of any soldier or sailor who is in need of food clothing and shelter in order that aid may be extended to him and his family from appropriations made by the General Assembly and the Government of the United States for such purposes

Resolved That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Department of Military Affairs and the State Veteran's Commission by the Acting Chief Clerk of the House

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

It was adopted

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. It is the hope of the Chair that we will be able to adjourn sine die in half an hour upon the receipt of messages from the Senate.

NOTIFICATION THAT SENATE IS READY TO ADJOURN SINE DIE

The Committee on the part of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate is ready to adjourn sine die at 2:30 o'clock P. M. this day.

The SPEAKER. The Chair thanks the Committee on the part of the Senate for the information.

SENATE MESSAGE

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 9

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on the subject of the difference existing between the two Houses on House Bill numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 9.

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

RESOLUTION

COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON SENATE

Mr. ROAN offered a resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was twice read, considered and adopted as follows:

In the House of Representatives, September 20, 1934.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House is ready to adjourn sine die this day, September 20, 1934, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO WAIT UPON SENATE

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House is ready to adjourn sine die, Messrs. Roan, Fitzgerald and Hewitt.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR

Mr. GEORGE W. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, Your committee appointed to act with a similar committee on the part of the Senate to wait upon the Governor and advise him the General Assembly is ready to adjourn sine die this day has performed its duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair receives the report and the Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

Bill numbered and entitled as follows having been prepared for presentation to the Governor, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

HOUSE BILL No. 9.

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Extraordinary Session of the Legislature assembled September twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four in pursuance of the proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth dated the eighth day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirty-four

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE SENATE

Mr. ROAN. Mr. Speaker, the committee appointed by you to inform the Senate that the House is ready to adjourn sine die at 2:30 o'clock this day has performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Chair on the part of the House thanks the Committee and discharges it.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. At the request of the Acting Chief Clerk, will the members leave their keys in their mail boxes as they leave.

The Chair believes that within a half hour the Governor will sign House Bill No. 9, known as the Appropriation Bill, and the members can then visit the Chief Clerk's Office.

The Chair, in closing this Session, wishes every member of the House a safe journey home and God speed and success that their aspirations may be fulfilled.

ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE

This being the day and hour fixed by concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives as the time when the General Assembly shall adjourn sine die and the hour of 2:30 o'clock P. M. having arrived, I declare this Extraordinary Session of the House of Representatives of 1934 adjourned without day.

APPENDIX

TO THE

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1934

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APPENDIX

TO THE

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1934

REASONS FOR PARDONS GRANTED BY THE GOVERNOR FROM DECEMBER 20, 1933 TO SEPTEMBER 12, 1934

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Governor's Office, Harrisburg, September 12, 1934.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have the honor to present herewith the reasons for pardons granted by me from December 20, 1933 to date.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Wills Harding—No. 162

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Willis Harding, convicted of Breaking penitentiary and attempt to escape therefrom, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on January 20, 1933, be commuted from Four and one-half years to one year, expiring on January 20, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant is serving a sentence of from 4½ to 9 years for attempted escape from the penitentiary. He has been continuously confined, with the exception of three months, since 1919.

The trustees of the penitentiary state that the reasons for the application are unquestionably commendable. The trial judge states, "I have no objection to your merciful consideration of his (the applicant's) application." Doctor B. L. Scott, Director of the Bureau of Corrections has informed us that the applicant is at the point where he has the most possibility of making good.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured in Michigan. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Maley—No. 174

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the life sentence of Frank Maley, convicted of Murder First Degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on June 24, 1913, be commuted from Life imprisonment to twenty years, seven months, expiring on January 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree in 1911, and was sentenced to death. This sentence was commuted to life imprisonment in 1913.

The trial judge states, "It is my opinion that the ends of justice would dictate that his (the applicant's) sentence could now be commuted with safety to the public." The Warden of the Western State Penitentiary states, "Frank Maley (the applicant) has now served an imprisonment of over twenty years, is a citizen of Jugo-Slavia, and asks commutation that he may voluntarily return to his native country, a condition of his commutation of sentence to be that before his release on a life parole, he arranges for transportation, passport, etc., and any return to the United States would constitute a violation of the terms of his parole. On account of the nervous temperament of this petitioner, should he again be refused favorable consideration, it is likely that in time he would have to be transferred to Farview and become a permanent charge of the State."

Our recommendation is contingent upon applicant's return to Jugo-Slavia.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Andrew Speck—No. 975

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Andrew Speck,

convicted of Burglary and Statutory Burglary, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Northampton County, on February 22, 1926, be commuted from ten years to eight years expiring on February 22, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, when only 21 years of age, pleaded guilty to several charges of burglary, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He has served almost 8 years of his sentence. He has had a good institutional conduct and work record. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Magaro—No. 1079

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Magaro, convicted of Soliciting for a house of prostitution, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on June 8, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, eight months expiring on February 8, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In June, 1932, the applicant was convicted of soliciting for a house of prostitution and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years.

The trial district attorney recommended a commutation after one year's imprisonment. The trial judge is in accord with this recommendation. The supervisor of paroles also recommends clemency.

The applicant's father, a merchant in the city of Harrisburg, is ill and unable to manage his business. The applicant will be placed in charge if clemency is granted.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Dominick Sparango—No. 1117

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Dominick Sparango, convicted of Robbery by holdup at point of gun; conspiracy to rob; C.C.D.W.—loaded revolver; Suspicion of larceny of automobile, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on December 9, 1929, be commuted from ten years to four years, two months, expiring on February 9, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, when only 17 years of age, pleaded guilty to several charges of robbery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for a term of from 10 to 20 years. This was his first offense. One accomplice of the same age, received a sentence of from 5 to 10 years in the Philadelphia County Prison. He was released on parole in May, 1932. Another accomplice, 23 years of age, and with a criminal record was sentenced to the county prison for from 3½ to 7 years, but was discharged and placed on probation a few days later. A third accomplice, 26 years of age, and with a record was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years. The applicant has served over 4 years of his sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1949. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Samuel Benjamin—No. 1219

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Samuel Benjamin, convicted of Arson, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on January 6, 1931, be commuted from three and one-half years to three years, expiring on January 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of arson and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 3½ to 7 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(1) This was the applicant's first offense.

(2) He has served over five-sixths of his minimum sentence.

(3) His employment and conduct records prior to, and during his incarceration have been excellent.

(4) The District Attorney of Allegheny County states that the applicant's brother is a reliable member of the Bar of Allegheny County, and will be personally responsible for the applicant's good behavior.

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been guaranteed.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Samuel C. Pintzuk—No. 1279

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Samuel C. Pintzuk, convicted of Conspiracy to publish fraudulent railroad tickets, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on September 30, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, four months, expiring on January 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to conspiracy to publish fraudulent railroad tickets. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 5 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(1) This was the applicant's first offense.

(2) He was not the principal conspirator.

(3) The accomplices who were employees of the railroad company were not prosecuted.

(4) He has served over one-half of his minimum sentence.

(5) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

(6) The trial judge and supervisor of paroles are of the opinion that the prisoner has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant's father and father-in-law have died since his imprisonment leaving his wife and step-mother in destitute circumstances.

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Brown—No. 1314

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Brown, convicted of Breaking, Entering, Larceny, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Warren County, on October 18, 1932 be commuted from four and one-half years to one year, three months, expiring on January 18, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to breaking and entering and larceny in 1932, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4½ to 10 years.

The trial judge and trial district attorney recommend favorable consideration. The supervisor of paroles concurs in these recommendations.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Harry Kamin—No. 1518

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Harry Kamin, convicted of larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on May 1, 1931, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, a 16 year old son of a rabbi was allowed none of the privileges enjoyed by boys of his age. He stole small amounts of money from his mother's purse in order to indulge in entertainments. His father upon discovering the thefts severely punished him and then had him arrested for larceny and aggravated assault and battery, alleging that his son had hit him when resisting punishment. The applicant pleaded guilty to the charges. Sentence was suspended and he was placed on probation for five years. Some months later the father made another complaint against the boy and the order of probation was rescinded, and the applicant was committed to the Pennsylvania Industrial School. He was held there for twenty months and according to the superintendent of the school had a perfect record.

Because of the convictions the applicant will be deported unless a pardon is granted. He is only 19 years of age, and all his relatives and friends are in this country.

We believe deportation would be unnecessarily harsh punishment not contemplated by the applicant's father or the trial judge.

The Jewish Welfare Society of Philadelphia and the Hias are assisting the applicant to become a useful citizen.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Thomas Bethea—No. 1521

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum sentence of Thomas Bethea, convicted of Robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on October 27, 1924, be commuted from twenty years to seven years, two months, expiring on January 20, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1924, the applicant was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 20 years for robbery. He was released on parole in 1929. In 1931, he was sentenced to serve three months in the Philadelphia County Prison for possessing and selling intoxicating liquor. Upon his release he was returned to the Western State Penitentiary as a parole violator. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge and the supervisor of paroles recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Our recommendation

is contingent upon the securing of employment and a responsible sponsor.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Carson M. Pyles—No. 1524

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Carson M. Pyles, convicted of Larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County, on January 30, 1932 be commuted from four to two years, expiring on January 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to the larceny of a few chickens. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 4 to 9 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. He will have served over 2 years of his minimum sentence. The prosecutor recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Gugliardo Leonardi—No. 1543

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Gugliardo Leonardi, convicted of statutory rape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County, on February 15, 1932, be commuted from five years to two years, expiring on February 15, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of statutory rape on the testimony of a girl who was arrested for being an inmate of a bawdy house. The crime was alleged to have occurred nine months prior to the bringing of the charge. The applicant was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 15 years. There is considerable doubt in our minds as to his guilt. He has served almost 2 years of his sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1947. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Louis Miller—No. 1549

December Session, 1933.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Louis Miller, convicted of Sodomy, Bribery and Extortion, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on May 22, 1930, be commuted from five years to three years, eight months, expiring on January 22, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of sodomy, bribery and extortion and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for a term of from 5 to 10 years. He has served over 3½ years of his minimum sentence. These were his first offenses. His institutional conduct and work records are excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1940. Employment has been assured by S. Bolder & Company of Philadelphia.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Wm. C. Montgomery—No. 397

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Wm. C. Montgomery, convicted of Burglary, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Montgomery County, on September 27, 1929, be commuted from five years to four years, six months, expiring on March 27, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In June, 1929, the applicant was tried on several charges of felonious entry and larceny, and burglary. The jury was unable to reach a verdict and was discharged. Several months later the applicant was retried on the same charges and a verdict of guilty was

returned. He was then sentenced to serve a term of imprisonment in the Eastern State Penitentiary of from 5 to 10 years. From the time of his voluntary surrender to the time of his sentence to the penitentiary, he was imprisoned for approximately six months. If his sentence had been made to run from the time of commitment, he would be eligible for release on parole. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble.

We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1939. Our recommendation is contingent upon his securing legitimate employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of George S. Hadad—No. 411

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of George S. Hadad, convicted of Arson, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on July 18, 1929, be commuted from five years to four years, eight months, expiring on March 18, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant and another were convicted of arson and conspiracy to defraud an insurance company. Sentences of from 5 to 10 years were imposed. The accomplice's sentence was commuted in July, 1933. This was the applicant's first offense. He has served over four and one-half years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1939. He has sufficient funds to establish himself in business.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Burr Wallace Ross—No. 434

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Burr Wallace Ross, convicted of Statutory Rape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Sullivan County, on June 13, 1928, be commuted from seven and one-half years to five years, nine months, expiring on March 15, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1928 the applicant was convicted of statutory rape and was sentenced to from 7½ to 15 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. He has served over six and one-half years of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1943. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paoli Cappadona—No. 566

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Paoli Cappadona, convicted of Robbery, Receiving Stolen Goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on April 12, 1928, be commuted from ten years to five years, eleven months, expiring on March 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1928, the applicant was convicted of robbery and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He is a native of Italy. A detainer for deportation has been lodged by the United States Immigration authorities.

The trial district attorney, trial judge, trustees of the penitentiary and supervisor of paroles recommend clemency for deportation. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to Italy.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Junius Alston—No. 691

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the life sentence of Junius Alston, convicted of murder first degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Chester County, on June 16, 1916, be commuted from life to 17 years, 1 month, expiring on March 23, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree in 1916, and was sentenced to death. This sentence was commuted to life imprisonment in 1917.

The trial district attorney states, "I personally tried the case and was surprised at the verdict of guilty of murder of the first degree. My thought was that the jury would return a verdict of guilty of murder of the second degree * * * Junius Alston made a mistake and he has paid, in my judgment, his full debt to society. I, therefore, strongly recommend that he be paroled." The present district attorney, Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary and the supervisor of paroles recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole for the remainder of his life. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to North Carolina.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Andrew J. Helvink—No. 734

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Andrew J. Helvink, convicted of Conspiracy to rob, Robbery, being armed, A. & B. to kill, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on February 15, 1928, be commuted from fifteen and one-half years to six years, expiring on February 15, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant and three others pleaded guilty to several charges of robbery, conspiracy to rob and assault and battery. They were sentenced in 1928 to terms of from 15½ to 30 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. The sentence of one accomplice was commuted in July, 1933. This was the applicant's first offense. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1958. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Lewis Page—No. 832

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the Life sentence of Lewis Page, convicted of Murder First Degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Fayette County, on December 31, 1918, be commuted from Life to fourteen years, three months, expiring on March 23, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1918, the applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree and was sentenced to death. This sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

The trial district attorney, who is now a judge states, "If any properly convicted prisoners serving life sentences are to receive clemency I would be inclined to think that this application will be found to have greater merit and appeal and should receive more favorable consideration than most of them." The Board of Trustees, Warden of the Western State Penitentiary and supervisor of paroles recommend clemency. The applicant has been incarcerated over 15 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole for life. Employment and a good home have been assured in Virginia. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Guido Bottari—No. 935

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the Minimum sentence of Guido Bottari, convicted of Pandering in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on March 30, 1931, be commuted from five years to three years, expiring on March 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of pandering and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 10 years. The trial judge states that the applicant was convicted upon testimony given as the result of spite or hard feeling arising out of differences between the witness and the defendant's wife, and, "if I had this information at the trial I would not have imposed so severe a sentence, notwithstanding the jury's verdict of guilty. In addition, I note the defendant has alredy served two and one-half years of his minimum sentence, which to my mind would have been ample punishment had I known then the facts of which I have since been informed." The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. Our recommendation is contingent upon his securing legitimate employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John H. Channell, Sr.—No. 1144

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the life sentence of John H. Channell, Sr., convicted of Murder First Degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Q. S. of Lancaster County, on January 29, 1927, be commuted from life imprisonment to seven years, one month, expiring on February 28, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree in 1927, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for life.

Judge Groff, shortly before his death told three officials of the Eastern State Penitentiary that he would recommend the applicant's release after he had served six years of his sentence. The applicant has served over seven years of his sentence.

The trustees of the penitentiary and the supervisor of paroles recommend favorable consideration.

The applicant will be on parole for the remainder of his life. He has an excellent home to which he can go. He has saved approximately three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) from the manufacture and sale of beaded articles.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Pasquale Santaniello—No. 1177

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Pasquale Santaniello, convicted of aggravated assault and battery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Monroe County, on Sept. 25, 1922, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1922, the applicant was convicted of aggravated assault and battery and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 3 years. He was paroled in 1924, and was given a final discharge from parole in 1925. He is a native of Italy and unless a pardon is granted, he will be deported because of the conviction. His relatives and friends are residents of this country. He desires to become a citizen of the United States.

The applicant has been employed by the Radio Corporation of America, in Camden, N. J.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Thomas Baxter—No. 1208

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Thomas Baxter, convicted of arson, burning chattels with intent to defraud insurers, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Fayette County, on December 1, 1931, be commuted from three and one-half years to two years, three months, expiring on March 1, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of arson in 1931, and was sentenced to serve a term of from 3½ to 7 years in the Western State Penitentiary. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. He has served almost two-thirds of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Robert Landymore—No. 1305

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Robert Landymore, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on August 10, 1931, be commuted from seven and one-half years to two years, seven months expiring on March 10, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to several charges of robbery and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 25 years.

Judge Lencher states, "I am anxious to place on record my opinion that this young man has been sufficiently punished, so far as actual imprisonment is concerned, for the offenses upon which he was indicted * * *. His family is able to exercise all the care needed for him on probation, and they are also financially able to see to his needs and wants." The supervisor of paroles and trustees of the penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Thomas J. O'Gara—No. 1310

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Thomas J. O'Gara, convicted of entering with intent to steal; larceny; having burglary tools in possession, A. and B. with intent to kill, assault with intent to kill, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on March 17, 1927, be commuted from fifteen years to seven years expiring on March 17, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1927, the applicant pleaded guilty to several charges of entering with intent to steal, larceny, and assault and battery with intent to kill. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 15 to 30 years.

The report of the Board of trustees of the penitentiary states, "He has made an honest effort to adjust himself, ***. It is questionable whether continued imprisonment would better his condition."

The applicant will be on parole until 1957. He has an excellent home to which he can go, and has sufficient funds to establish himself in business.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Louis C. Statler—No. 1385

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Louis C. Statler, convicted of breaking and escaping penitentiary, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre County, on March 3, 1931, be commuted from one and one-half years to six months expiring on March 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In March, 1919, the applicant was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 2 years 11 months to 3 years. In May of the same year, he escaped and was at liberty until 1931. He was then sentenced to a term of fro: 1½ to 3 years for breaking and escaping. He has served the maximum term of his original sentence, and practically one-third of his sentence for breaking and escaping. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. He has sufficient funds to maintain himself for over six months.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Chester C. Beach—No. 1506

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Chester C. Beach, convicted of forgery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Q. S. of Tioga County, on July 25, 1932, be commuted from three years to one year, seven months, expiring on February 25, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to forgery and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 3 to 10 years. The trial judge states, "I believe his (the applicant's) application to be meritorious and that such consideration as is permissable may justly be given to his family which is especially worthy." The Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary report, "We feel that further confinement could do nothing to his rehabilitation. His family conditions are gravely effected by his absence." The applicant's conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. He has served over one-half of his minimum term. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Louis Brass—No. 1554

January Session, 1934

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Louis Brass, convicted of arson, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Luzerne County, on June 14, 1926, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of arson and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. In October, 1930, the sentence was commuted to a term of from 4 years, 8 months, to 20 years, and he was released on parole. While on parole he supported his wife and family until he was injured in an accident, which resulted in a paralysis of his lower right extremity. The applicant believes, and has been informed, that an operation by Dr. Lorenz, of Vienna, Austria, might restore his faculties. A pardon will enable him to secure a passport.

The applicant was never involved in any other trouble and his conduct during his incarceration and since his release on parole has been excellent.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Bronislaw Oplak—No. 1559

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Bronislaw Oplak, convicted of entering a building and aggravated assult and battery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on November 26, 1930, be commuted from five years to three years, three months, expiring on Febrauary 28, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, when only 20 years of age, was convicted of entering a building and of aggravated assault and battery. He was sentenced to from 5 to 10 years in the penitentiary. The aggravated assault and battery charges grew out of a drunken brawl in which the applicant administered a beating with his fists to a married man who had been given the applicant's job, and who was running around with the applicant's girl. In our opinion the entering charge was not substantiated by the evidence. The applicant has served over one-half of his minimum sentence.

The sentencing judge states, "It is our opinion that Oplak's application for release on parole is meritorious and, in my judgment, this applicant can be safely released from prison." The supervisor of paroles also recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1940.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY.
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Horace James McKinley—No. 1565

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Horace James McKinley, convicted of murder second degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Montgomery County, on January 6, 1933, be commuted from five years to one year, five months, expiring on March 8, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1932, the applicant shot and killed a man who had forcibly entered a house in which he was a guest. He was convicted of murder of the second degree and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 20 years. After a careful examination of the records in the case, it is our opinion that he shot in self-defense. He has served over one year of his sentence. Many responsible citizens of the community in which this unfortunate occurrence took place have urged us to recommend clemency. The applicant had been employed for over nine years by the Bell Telephone Company, and enjoyed an excellent reputation.

The application will be on parole until 1953. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor,

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Joseph Matje—No. 1566

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Joseph Matje, convicted of conspiracy to rob, robbery being armed, assault and battery to kill, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on February 15, 1928, be commuted from fifteen and one-half years to six years expiring on February 15, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant and three others pleaded guilty to several charges of robbery, conspiracy to rob and assault and battery. They were sentenced in 1928 to terms of from 15½ to 30 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. The sentence of one accomplice was commuted in July, 1933. This was the applicant's first offense. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1958. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of William J. Ehinger—No. 1572

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of William J. Ehinger, convicted of conspiracy to publish fraudulent railroad tickets, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County on September 30, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, six months, expiring on March 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to conspiracy to publish fraudulent railroad tickets. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 5 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(1) This was the applicant's first offense.
(2) He was not the principal conspirator.
(3) The accomplices who were employees of the railroad company were not prosecuted.
(4) He has served over one-half of his minimum sentence.
(5) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.
(6) The trial judge and supervisor of paroles are of the opinion that the prisoner has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Marion McKinley Wilson—No. 1576

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Marion McKinley Wilson, convicted of accessory after the fact to robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Forest County, on May 15, 1933, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant's brother and an accomplice robbed a bank. After the robbery they went to the applicant's home and requested him to drive them to Akron, Ohio. The applicant learned of the robbery and while he suspected his brother, he complied with the request. Later he was charged with accessory after the fact to robbery. He pleaded guilty. Sentence was suspended and he was placed on parole for one year. The applicant enjoyed en excellent reputation and was never involved in any other crime.

The trial judge states, "In my judgment the application is a meritorious one and favorable action will be justified and very much appreciated by the community in which the applicant lives." The associate judges also recommend a pardon.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of George Paul—No. 1589

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of George Paul, convicted of felonious entry and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on March 25, 1933, be commuted from one and one-half years to one year, expiring on March 25, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, when only 17 years of age, pleaded guilty to felonious entry and larceny and was sentenced to from 1½ to 3 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. By the time he can be released he will have served two-thirds of his minimum sentence.

The trial district attorney states that the applicant is entitled to clemency. The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1636. He has an older brother who will be responsible for his conduct. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Millard David Stottlemyer—No. 1592

January Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Millard David Stottlemyer, convicted of robbery, A. and B. with intent to ravish, A. and B. with intent to kill, forgery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Q. S. of Franklin County, on December 6, 1924, be commuted from ten years to nine years, three months, expiring on March 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1924, the applicant was convicted of larceny, assault and battery with intent to ravish, assault and battery with intent to kill and forgery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He has served over nine years of his sentence.

The board of trustees of the penitentiary report, "After reviewing the previous history and behavior while in here, we consider him a favorable case for recommendation and commutation." The supervisor of paroles also recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1934. He has saved over $450.00, and employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Albert Bollinger—No. 364

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of

Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Albert Bollinger, convicted of breaking and entering and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Juniata County ,on September 2, 1930, be commuted from four years to three years, six months, expiring on March 2, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to breaking and entering and larceny in 1930, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4 to 9 years. He has served five-sixths of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. His mother and two children are in urgent need of his support. The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1939. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Irving A. Friedman—No. 468

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Irving A. Friedman, convicted of attempted arson, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Northumberland County, on September 8, 1930, be commuted from six years to three years, six months, expiring on March 8, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1930, the applicant was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 6 to 12 years for attempted arson.

The trial judge states, "On the eighth day of September, 1930, I, as Trial Judge, imposed a minimum sentence of from six to twelve years upon one, Irving A. Friedman, convicted of attempted arson. At the time of the imposition of the sentence I was not aware of the fact that the Act of April 25, 1929, P. L. 767, had been passed wherein the Legislature had expressed its thought of a proper punishment for this offence. In view of the Act of April 25, 1929, I think the sentence imposed and endured by the defendant to this time amply satisfied the demands of justice."

The supervisor of paroles also recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of James Kelly—No. 608

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of James Kelly, convicted of rape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Bucks County, on April 12, 1929, be commuted from ten years, six months, to four years, eleven months, expiring on March 12, 1934

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of rape and aggravated assault and battery in 1929, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years.

The Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary report, "His behavior (the applicant's) while here has been good and his chances for adjustment outside should be good, and we feel that he should be given consideration." The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paul Harris—No. 679

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Paul Harris, convicted of felonious rape, robbery, burglary, and receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on October 26, 1921, be commuted from sixteen years to twelve years, five months, expiring on March 26, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1921, the applicant was convicted of several charges and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 25 to 32 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant served over 12 years of his minimum sentence.

(b) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

(c) He has never been convicted of any other crimes.

The applicant will be on parole until 1953. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Maxwell K. Boyer—No. 721

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Maxwell K. Boyer, convicted of rape; assault and battery with intent, indecent assault, pandering, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Lehigh County, on January 11, 1930, be commuted from ten years to four years, two months, expiring on March 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1930, the applicant was convicted of rape, indecent assault and pandering. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for a term of from 10 to 20 years.

The Board of trustees of the penitentiary report, "He (the applicant) has a good work and conduct record while in the institution and showed a tendency to better himself while confined. He should be capable of adjusting outside. We recommend consideration of his case." The applicant has served over four years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1950. He will engage in his father's business.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Marion S. Bush—No. 1537

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Marion S. Bush, convicted of larceny, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Erie County, on June 8, 1927, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1927, the applicant pleaded guilty to larceny. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4 to 8 years. In 1931, he was released on parole. The applicant had never been involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records prior to, during, and subsequent to his incarceration have been excellent.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Alpha Omega Moore—No. 1575

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Alpha Omega Moore, convicted of burglary, larceny and receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Delaware County, on March 3, 1930, be commuted from seven years to four years, two months, expiring on March 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1930, the applicanet pleaded guilty to burglary, larceny and receiving stolen goods. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 7 to 14 years. The applicant has tuberculosis in advanced stages.

The report of the Board of Trustees of the penitentiary states, "Owing to this man's physical condition, we recommend his release * * *." The applicant's home is in New York City. His family have made arrangements to have him admitted to a sanitarium.

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to New York.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Faldute—No. 1581

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Frank Faldute, convicted of felonious wounding, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County, on March 28, 1930, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of felonious wounding in 1930, and was sentenced in the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 1½ to 7 years. The applicant was released on parole in September, 1931. He was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records prior to, during, and subsequent to his incarceration have been excellent.

The applicant desires to return to Italy, his native country, to assist in the settlement of his mother's estate. He also wishes to bring his wife and child back with him to this country. A pardon will enable him to secure a passport.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paul A. Brunner—No. 1609

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Paul A. Brunner, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on January 14, 1931, be commuted from five years to three years, two months, expiring on March 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant and three others pleaded guilty to robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon. The applicant and two accomplices were sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 10 years. The two accomplices' sentences were later reduced to from 3 to 6 years. The third accomplice was placed on probation for 3 years. The applicant has served over 3 years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge states, "* * * I regard his (the applicant's) application for pardon as meritorious and that he may now safely be released." The supervisor of paroles also recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. Our recommendation is contingent upon his securing legitimate employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Matyuf—No. 1614

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Frank Matyuf, convicted of arson, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Washington County, on August 17, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, seven months, expiring on March 17, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of arsen and was sentenced to the Washington County Prison for from 2 to 4 years. He has served over one-half of his minimum sentence.

The trial district attorney states, "This defendant's (applicant) behavior in jail has been very good, and I have no hesitancy in saying that in my opinion he will not again offend, and that his application is meritorious and should be acted upon favorably."

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Howard Ludwig—No. 1617

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum and maximum sentence of Howard Ludwig, convicted of burglary, receiving stolen goods and escape in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on Feb. 20, 1934, and April 21, 1925, be commuted from seventeen years to ten years, expiring on March 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1924, the applicant pleaded guilty to burglary and receiving stolen goods. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary from 6 to 12 years. On April 21, 1925, he escaped from the penitentiary. He was recaptured the following morning. He was sentenced to from 5 to 10 years on the escape charge. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant has been incarcerated for over ten years.

(b) He never was involved in any other trouble.

(c) His conduct and employment records during his imprisonment have been excellent.

(d) The sentences of three of the accomplices in the escape have been commuted.

(e) The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of George Keul—No. 1622

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of George Keul, convicted of breaking, entering, larceny, receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Beaver County, on December 12, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, three months, expiring March 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1932, the applicant pleaded guilty to breaking and entering, larceny, and receiving stolen goods. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years.

The trial judge states, "I have talked the matter over with the district attorney and we are satisfied that under the conditions it will probably be best to release him (the applicant) on parole." The applicant's conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936 Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Bonczek—No. 1626

February Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Bonczek, convicted of conspiracy and arson, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Washington County, on August 17, 1932, be commuted from three years to one year, seven months, expiring March 17, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of conspiracy and arson and was sentenced to the Allegheny County Workhouse for from 3 to 6 years. He has served over one-half of his minimum sentence.

The trial district attorney states, "Defendant's (applicant's) frank confession of guilty, coupled with the fact that that confession was of material assistance to the officers in their investigation, merits consideration." The Warden of the Washington County Jail, to which the applicant was transferred states that the applicant can safely be released. The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of William J. Mulholland—No. 462

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of William J. Mulholland, convicted of robbery, being armed, larceny, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on September 26, 1927, be commuted from ten years to six years, eight months, expiring on May 26, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery in 1927. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 30 years. He has served over 6½ years of his sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles and the Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1957. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Joseph Daniel White—No. 574

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Joseph Daniel White, convicted of Robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on June 10, 1930, be commuted from seven years to three years, eleven mos., expiring on May 10, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery in 1930. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. By the time he can be released he will have served approximately 4 years of his sentence. The applicant had an exceptionally good work record prior to his incarceration. His conduct and employment records during his imprisonment have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1950. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Grover C. Maxwell—No. 675

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Grover C. Maxwell, convicted of murder second degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Westmoreland County, on June 14, 1926, be commuted from ten years to seven years, eleven months, expiring on May 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree in 1926. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. By the time he can be released he will have served approximately 8 years of his sentence.

The Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary in their report made a special recommendation which reads as follows:

> "On June 14, 1934, applicant will have completed eight (8) years of the ten (10) year minimum sentence imposed by the Court. In view of the cooperative attitude Maxwell has shown during his incarceration, his prospect of immediate employment, and the earnest request of his daughters that he be restored to them, would recommend favorable consideration of this application."

Honorable O. M. Deibler, Honorable Dan E. Dunmire, B. H. Thompson, Esquire, and other responsible persons recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Samuel Bender—No. 1143

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Samuel Bender, convicted of entering with intent to rob, robbery by holdup at point of gun, assault, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on June 28, 1927, be commuted from ten years to six years, eleven mos., expiring on May 28, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant when only 19 years of age pleaded guilty to robbery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. By the time he can be released he will have served over seven years of his sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1947. Employment has been assured with the Franklin Woolen Mills, Philadelphia, Pa.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Grant Slade—No. 1185

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Grant Slade, convicted of felonious entry and larceny, breaking, entering and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean and Potter Counties, on December 8, 1930, be commuted from five years to three years, five months, expiring on May 8, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 5 to 16 years in 1930, on several charges of breaking and entering and larceny. The applicant's conduct and employment records during his incarcaration have been excellent.

The trial judge states, "* * * if this applicant has made a good prison record, I see no reason why the commutation of the minimum sentence might not answer all the demands of justice." The supervisor of paroles and Board of Trustees of the penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. He will be employed by his father.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Ernest Adel—No. 1330

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Ernest Adel, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on July 2, 1930, be commuted from five years to three years, ten months, expiring on May 2, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery in 1930. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 20 years. Two accomplices had criminal records and were the instigators of the crime. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His employment and conduct records during his incarceration have been excellent. By the time he can be released he will have served almost four-fifths of his sentence.

The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation.

The applicant will be on parole until 1950. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Jose Rumler—No. 1612

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Jose Rumler, convicted of extortion, blackmail and conspiracy, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Delaware County, on October 15, 1932, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of extortion, blackmail and conspiracy in 1932. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 10 years and to the Delaware County Jail for from 1 to 2 years. The applicant was of material assistance as a witness and informant for the Federal Government in its prosecution of a number of persons who had violated Federal Laws.

The Honorable Chet A. Keyes, Special Assistant to the United States Attorney General stated in a letter to us, "My own investigation and the evidence in the case convinced me that Rumler was not fairly convicted of the crime for which he is now serving a sentence in the Eastern State Penitentiary * * *. As a result of this conviction, Rumler has been ordered deported. I might add that I am personally asking the Commissioner of Immigration at Washington to review the deportation matter to the end that the deportation order be revoked and set aside. I feel that an injustice has been done Rumler in this connection and will do all in my power to prevent this deportation."

A pardon will prevent the applicant's deportation.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Edward Cleveland Gaynor—No. 1643

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Edward Cleveland Gaynor, convicted of assault being armed with an offensive weapon and robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on November 12, 1926, be commuted from twenty years to seven years, six months, expiring on May 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant when only 20 years of age was convicted of assault being armed with an offensive weapon and robbery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 20 to 40 years. He has served over 7 years of his sentence.

Col. F. Dickinson Shaw and Col. Joseph K. Nicholls of Philadelphia, Pa., visited the applicant frequently and told us that in their opinion no good can be accomplished by further confinement. They strongly urge the granting of the commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1966. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Basilio Mozzo—No. 1654

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Basilio Mozzo, convicted of murder, second degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Westmoreland County, on February 14, 1926, be commuted from ten years to eight years, three months, expiring on May 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree in 1926. He was sentenced in the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He has served over 8 years of his sentence. He never was involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his imprisonment have been excellent.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. He has sufficient funds to maintain himself for at least six months.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Sam Piscione—No. 1659

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Sam Piscione, convicted of incestuous rape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Beaver County, on June 2, 1927, be commuted from seven and one-half years to six years, eleven months, expiring on May 2, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to incestuous rape in 1927. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant was never involved in any other trouble.

(b) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

(c) By the time he can be released he will have served approximately 7 years of his sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to New Jersey.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Walter L. Reinecker—No. 1661

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Walter L. Reinecker, convicted of maintaining and conducting a lottery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on June 11, 1929, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to maintaining and conducting a lottery in 1929. He was sentenced to the Allegheny County Jail for from 3 to 6 months. He was released after having served 15 days in jail.

Justice Drew, the trial judge, states, "* * * my own opinion is that he (the applicant) should be now granted his request."

The applicant prior to, during and subsequent to his incarceration had excellent conduct and employment records.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Wilbert Shaffer—No. 1663

March Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Wilbert Shaffer, convicted of larceny, receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of York County, on February 27, 1933, be commuted from two years to one year, three months, expiring on May 27, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to larceny and receiving stolen goods in 1933. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years. By the time he can be released he will have served over two-thirds of his minimum sentence. He was never involved in any other trouble. His behavior during his incarceration has been excellent.

The trial judge states, "My impression is that he (the applicant) ought to be given consideration and parole according to the usual rules."

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Edward Humphrey—No. 160

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum sentence of Edward Humphrey, convicted of statutory rape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on April 9, 1929, be commuted from fifteen years to a minimum of 5 years, 1 month, and maximum of 15 years, expiring on May 9, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of statutory rape in 1929, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7 to 15 years. In October, 1931, on our recommendation the minimum sentence was commuted to 2 years, 5 months, and the applicant was released on parole. In September, 1932, he was convicted of carrying firearms. Sentence was suspended and he was returned to the Western State Penitentiary for violation of his parole. Because of the conviction, he will not be eligible for reparole unless his maximum sentence is commuted. He has been imprisoned for over 20 months for the parole violation. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation.

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Employment has been assured. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to Ohio.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Lattari—No. 725

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Frank Lattari, convicted of murder first degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on May 23, 1918, be commuted from life imprisonment to 16 years, expiring on May 23, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1917, the applicant, an epileptic, was teased and abused by two persons until he became violently angry. A fight ensued and the applicant in the excitement grabbed a revolver from a drawer and fired three shots, fatally wounding two persons. The applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death. In April, 1918, the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. We believe the applicant has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant was never involved in any other trouble.
(b) He has been incarcerated for almost 17 years.
(c) His conduct and employment records since his imprisonment have been excellent.
(d) He has shown no symptoms of epilepsy since 1926.

The supervisor of paroles and the Board of Trustees of the penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole for life. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Machamer—No. 807

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Machamer, convicted of larceny, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on September 4, 1928, be commuted from ten years to five years, eight months, expiring on May 4, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of breaking and entering with intent to steal, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He has served over 5½ years of his sentence. His conduct and employment during his incarceration have been excellent.

The supervisor of parole recommends a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1948. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Reed Ford—No. 893

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Reed Ford, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on December 20, 1929, be commuted from five years to four years, five months, expiring on May 20, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery in 1929, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 16 years. This was his first offense. He has served over 4½ years of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles and Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1945. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Salvatore Passante—No. 915

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum sentence of Salvatore Passante, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on February 2, 1923, be commuted from twenty years to a minimum of 9 years, 9 months, and a maximum term of 20 years, expiring on May 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery in 1923, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. In 1930, his sentence was commuted to 7 years, 4 months, and he was released on parole. In 1932, he was convicted of counterfeiting and was sentenced to the county jail for 59 days, but because of doubt as to the applicant's guilt, the sentence was made effective as of the date of arrest, expiring on the day sentence was imposed.

The trial judge, supervisor of paroles and Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary recommend clemency. Warden Ashe states, "* * * in view of his excellent record here and the doubt as to his (the applicant's) intent to commit crime when returned for parole violation, I feel that this application deserves special mention."

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Kenopski—No. 1017

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Frank Kenopski, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland County, on May 11, 1931, be commuted from three and one-half years to three years, expiring on May 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1931, the applicant pleaded guilty to robbery. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years. This sentence was subsequently reduced to from 3½ to 7 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records since his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of George Vidonish—No. 1021

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of George Vidonish, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland County, on May 11, 1931, be commuted from three and one-half years to three years, expiring on May 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1931, the applicant pleaded guilty to robbery. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years. This sentence was subsequently reduced to from 3½ to 7 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records since his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Costa Benedict—No. 1130

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Costa Benedict, convicted of highway robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Montgomery County, on November 30, 1928, be commuted from seven and one-half years to five years, six months, expiring on May 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery in 1928, and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 20 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) This was the applicant's first conviction.

(b) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

(c) He has served over 5½ years of his minimum sentence.

The trial district attorney and the supervisor of paroles recommend a commutation.

The applicant will be on parole until 1940. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Patrick Colderone—No. 1133

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Patrick Colderone, convicted of felonious rape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Huntingdon County, on April 11, 1931, be commuted from seven years to three years, one month, expiring on May 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1931, the applicant was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for felonious rape for from 7 to 14 years. He has been incarcerated for over 3 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge states, "I believe, from my knowledge of this case and after considerable thought about it, that executive clemency should be extended to this applicant." The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation. The report of the Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary states, "There is no evidence that this was a true rape case. Investigation reveals prosecutrix cooperated and that the charge is only technically correct."

The applicant will be on parole until 1945. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Charles Wyatt—No. 1301

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Charles Wyatt, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on June 24, 1927, be commuted from ten years to six years, eleven months, expiring on May 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery in 1927. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. By the time he can be released he will have served over 7 years of his sentence. This was the applicant's first offense. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles and trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1947. Our recommendation is conditioned upon his receiving satisfactory employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Anthony Messina—No. 1335

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Anthony Messina, convicted of pandering, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Lackawanna County, on February 2, 1924 be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted in 1924 for pandering. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 20 years. He was released on parole in 1929.

In February of this year he was granted a final discharge from parole. The supervisor of paroles reports that his parole record was good.

The applicant will be deported unless he receives a pardon. All his friends and relatives live in this country.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John J. Majewski—No. 1424

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John J. Majewski, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on October 31, 1929, be commuted from ten years to four years, seven months, expiring on May 31, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery in 1929, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. The applicant has served over 5½ years of his sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

Andrew T. Park, Esquire, District Attorney of Allegheny County states, "I am in accord with the trial judge in this case who believes the sentence imposed upon above defendant (the applicant) should be commuted."

The applicant will be on parole until 1948. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frank Rodi—No. 1426

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Frank Rodi, convicted of voluntary manslaughter, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on December 12, 1930 be commuted from six years to three and one-half years, expiring on June 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant a native of Italy, was convicted in 1930 of voluntary manslaughter. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 6 to 12 years.

The trial district attorney, trial judge, supervisor of paroles and the Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary recommend a commutation for deportation.

Our recommendation is contingent upon his deportation to Italy.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Edward Stern—No. 1665

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Edward Stern, convicted of robbery and receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Beaver County, on December 24, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, five months, expiring on May 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant in 1932, was convicted of robbery and receiving stolen goods and he was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 10 years. The amount taken in the holdup was only $8.00. He was never involved in any other trouble.

The trial district attorney and trial judge both state that the applicant should have a "new chance." The Recorder of Deeds of Allegheny County recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1942. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Charles Zumbo—No. 1672

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Charles Zumbo, convicted of felonious assault, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on May 22, 1933, be commuted from two years to one year, expiring on May 22, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1933, the applicant was involved in a typical Italian fight. He was convicted of felonious assault and sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years. He has served over 1 year of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant's wife is seriously ill and his family is in urgent need of his support.

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Antonio Palma—No. 1675

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Antonio Palma, convicted of murder, first degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County, on January 25, 1921, be commuted from life imprisonment to thirteen years, four months, expiring on May 25, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1919, the applicant was convicted of murder in the first degree and was sentenced to death. In January 25, 1921, his sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. He has been incarcerated for over 15 years. The applicant's wife and two children live in Italy his native country.

Our recommendation is conditioned upon the applicant's permanent removal to Italy.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Lillian Wallari—No. 1691

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Lillian Wallari, convicted of shoplifting, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Erie County, on February 20, 1919, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1919, the applicant, when only 17 years of age, was convicted of larceny. In 1920, she was pardoned. In 1922, a final discharge from parole was granted. Her conduct since her release has been exemplary. She successfully competed with honors a course in chiropracty. The applicant desires to become a citizen of the United States. A pardon from her conviction will enable her to become a citizen.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Harry Irvin Klingler—No. 1693

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Harry Irvin Klinger, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Berks County, on June 9, 1928, be commuted from ten years to five years, eleven months, expiring on May 9, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1928, the aplpicant pleaded guilty to robbery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years.

The trial district attorney states, "* * * in my judgment this application is meritorious and believe that applicant can safely be released from prison at this time." The trial judge states, "I have been in touch with this case on many occasions since sentence was imposed and have long been of the opinion that the minimum term of ten years fixed by me was excessive."

The supervisor of paroles recommends a hearing and commutation.

The applicant will be on parole until 1948. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Charles Weaver—No. 1712

April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Charles Weaver, convicted of attempted rape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Wyoming County, on April 14, 1932, be commuted from two and one-half years to two years, one month, expiring on May 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1932, the applicant was convicted of attempted rape and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2½ to 5 years. The applicant has served over two years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial district attorney states that the application has merit, the applicant can safely be released, and the applicant's family really require his assistance.

The applicant will be on parole until 1937. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Cleveland Bradybaugh—No. 1715
April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Cleveland Bradybaugh, convicted of statutory rape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean County, on December 15, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, five months, expiring on May 15, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1932, the applicant pleaded guilty to statutory rape. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 2 to 4 years. He has served over 18 months of his minimum sentence. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge states, "I desire to say that in my judgment the application is meritorious and he (the applicant) can be safely released from prison and I recommend favorable action of the Pardon Board." The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Francis Anthony O'Brien—No. 1722
April Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Francis Anthony O'Brien, convicted of murder, second degree, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on April 26, 1918, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1918, the applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 18 to 20 years. In 1931, he was released on parole. His conduct and employment records during and subsequent to his incarceration have been excellent.

The supervisor of paroles and trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend that a pardon be granted.

The applicant is employed by the Atlantic Refining Company as a quartermaster on one of their tankers. He desires to take an examination for a commission in the United States Merchant Marine as a third officer. He can take this examination only if he secures a pardon.

A letter has been received from P. F. Martin, of P. F. Martin, Inc., stating, "* * * he (the applicant) has the seamanship to qualify as an officer, and I guarantee him immediate employment in that capacity when he has secured his license. But I can do this only if he secures a full pardon prior to taking the examination for his license."

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Joseph Lydzinski—No. 173

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Joseph Lydzinski, convicted of statutory rape and sodomy, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on May 24, 1929, be commuted from twelve years to five years, one month, expiring on June 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of statutory rape and sodomy. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 12 to 24 years.

The trial judge states, "* * * As I have previously said had the character and unsavory reputation of the girls involved been known at the time of sentence, the sentence would have been less. I believe this applicant has served sufficient time to adequately punish him for any crime for which he was convicted." The trial district attorney states, "I spoke to him (the applicant) for almost an hour and was most favorably impressed with his intelligence and clear concept of his wrong. I am fully satisfied that this man is ready to take his place in society and make himself a law-abiding citizen. In view of the sentence imposed upon a co-defendant and the not guilty verdict of two other defendants tried at the same time, I feel that this applicant has been sufficiently punished." The supervisor of paroles and Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1953. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of George E. Dennis—No. 686

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of George E. Dennis, convicted of rape, aggravated assault and battery to ravish, aggravated assault and battery to kill, and robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on February 24, 1922, be commuted from thirteen and one-half years to twelve years, four months, expiring on June 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of rape, aggravated assault and battery to ravish, aggravated assault and battery to kill, and robbery in 1922. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 21¾ to 27 years. Under the Act of June 22, 1931, P. L. 864, the minimum sentence was reduced to 13½ years. We believe the applicant has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant has served approximately 12½ years of his sentence.

(b) His conduct and employment records have been very good.

The supervisor of paroles and Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1949. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Raymond Stewart Dugan—No. 846

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Raymond Stewart Dugan, convicted of murder second degree, and robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on April 25, 1925, be commuted from eighteen years to nine years, two months, expiring on June 21, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1925, the applicant was convicted of murder in the second degree and robbery. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 18 to 36 years.

The District Attorney of Allegheny County states, "* * * I have talked with Raymond Dugan's (the applicant's) father concerning his possibilities for the future and in view of my recommendation in the Pottmeyer case, I should also recommend commutation for this young man."

The applicant will be on parole until 1961. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Pete Vidonish—No. 1018

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Pete Vidonish, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland County, on May 31, 1931, be commuted from three and one-half years to three years, one month, expiring on June 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1931, the applicant pleaded guilty to robbery. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years. This sentence was subsequently reduced to from 3½ to 7 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records since his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Harry A. Reimer—No. 1164

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Harry A. Reimer, convicted of forgery and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on November 19, 1931, be commuted from four years to two years, seven months, expiring on June 19, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1931, the applicant was convicted of forgery and larceny. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 4 to 9 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble.

The trial district attorney states, "* * * I am strongly of the opinion that this defendant has been sufficiently punished."

The applicant will be on parole until 1940. Our recommendation is contingent upon his legitimate employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Owen Alexander—No. 1393

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Owen Alexander, convicted of larceny and arson, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Tioga County, on November 21, 1927, be commuted from nine years to six years, seven months, expiring on June 21, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of larceny and arson in 1927. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 9 to 23 years. He has served over two-thirds of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1950. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of William H. Brenner—No. 1465

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of William H. Brenner, convicted of conspiracy and robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on February 18, 1929, be computed from ten years to five years, four months, expiring on June 18, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of conspiracy and robbery. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant was never convicted of any other crime.

(b) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

(c) He has served over 5 years and 4 months of his minimum sentence.

The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation.

The applicant will be on parole until 1949. He has an excellent home to which he can go if released, and sufficient funds to establish in business.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Ralph Rentz—No. 1474

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Ralph Rentz, convicted of embezzlement and altering records, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Blair County, on February 6, 1933, be computed from one and one-half years to one year, four months, expiring on June 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty in 1933, to embezzlement and altering records. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 1½ to 3 years. He has served almost 1 year and 4 months of his sentence. He was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been very good. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Harry Bernstein—No. 1495

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum and minimum sentence of Harry Bernstein, convicted of robbery and escape, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Berks and Allegheny Counties, on September 21, 1921 and April 21, 1925, be computed from thirteen years and six years to twelve years, eight months and one month, expiring on May 21, 1934 and June 21, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was one of seven men indicted for the robbery of the Peoples Trust Company of Wyomissing. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 12 to 13 years. In 1925, he attempted to escape from the Western State Penitentiary, to which he had been transferred. He received a sentence of from 6 to 12 years on the attempted escape charge. The applicant has served, with the exception of 3 months, the original maximum sentence of 13 years.

A number of responsible residents of Pittsburgh recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been secured in Detroit, Michigan. Our recommendation is continent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paul Briggman—No. 1634

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum and maximum sentence of

Paul Briggman, convicted of receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on September 18, 1930, be computed from five to ten years to one and one-half to three years, expiring on March 18, 1934, and September 18, 1935.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1930, the applicant was convicted of receiving stolen goods. He was sentenced to a term of from 5 to 10 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary, sentence to begin September 18, 1932. The maximum sentence for receiving stolen goods is from 1½ to 3 years. (Act of April 23, 1909, P. L. 159, Section 1).

The trial judge states, "In the matter of the application of Paul Briggman, (the applicant) who was sentenced September 18, 1930, to a term of from five to ten years, I am of opinion that the applicant's statement is correct. The Act of April 29, 1929, P. L. 854, unfortunately does not provide for increased sentences for subsequent convictions in cases of receiving stolen goods and the Court overlooked that in imposing this sentence which we thought the prisoner deserved because of his previous record."

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Charles Edwin Rozea—No. 1713

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Charles Edwin Rozea, convicted of robbery being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bradford County, on January 24, 1927, be computed from fourteen years to seven years, five months, expiring on June 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon in 1927. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 14 to 28 years. He has served approximately 7½ years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1955. He is a native of New York State. Employment has been assured in Franklinton, New York. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Maurice J. Cleary—No. 1726

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Maurice J. Cleary, convicted of sodomy, permitting a violation of the motor code, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on May 22, 1933, be computed from two and one-half years to one year, one month, expiring on June 22, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to sodomy, and permitting a violation of the Vehicle Code in 1933. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2½ to 5 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble.

The trial judge states, "I am in receipt of your letter notifying me that the application of Maurice J. Cleary (the applicant) will be heard at the April meeting of the Board. I am personally responsible for his application for a pardon. After conferring with many of his friends and acquaintances I feel that his plea of guilty was premature and that the sentence I imposed was unnecessarily severe. I recommend that his application for a pardon receive the approval of the Pardon Board."

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. He had been employed by the Kingan Provision Company of Harrisburg for 16 years. They will re-employ him immediately upon his release.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Frederick F. Heiman—No. 1724

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Frederick F. Heiman, convicted of assault and battery with intent to ravish and rape, in the Court of Over and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on May 27, 1921, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was indicted in 1921, on bills charging him with assault and battery with intent to ravish and rape. He pleaded guilty to fornication, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $100.00, and costs of prosecution. The fine was paid and the applicant discharged. He has lead an exemplary life for over 13 years and for the greater part of the time has been employed.

In 1929, the applicant passed an examination to become a member of the Philadelphia Police force. His application was refused because of the conviction. On several other occasions lucrative employment was refused for the same reason.

The supervisor of paroles recommends a pardon.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Barnett Bichovsky—No. 1734

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommends that Barnett Bichovsky, convicted of fraudulently making a written instrument, uttering and publishing and conspiracy, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on March 22, 1928, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1929, the applicant was adjudged guilty of fraudulently making a written instrument, uttering and publishing and conspiracy. He was sentenced to the Philadelphia County Prison for from 2 to 5 years. He was paroled at the expiration of the minimum sentence. Prior to his arrest he had never been involved in any trouble. Since his release he has conducted himself in an exemplary manner.

The supervisor of paroles, Superintendent of the Philadelphia County Prison and a number of responsible citizens of Philadelphia recommend a pardon.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Gasper Penicaro—No. 1743

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Gasper Penicaro, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Montgomery County, on January 12, 1934, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

On January 12, 1934, the applicant was convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 1½ to 10 years.

The trial judge states, "I feel strongly that this is a case where a pardon should be granted, in order that an innocent man may not suffer because of a legal mistake."

The trial district attorney sent us the following telegram: "We urge the pardon of Gasper Penicaro our opinion based on facts found by this office after new trial was refused stop investigation disclosed that wrong man was convicted therefore this telegram stop Judge Knight joins in this request."

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Chester L. Irvin—No. 1746

May Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Chester L. Irvin, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of York County, on February 24, 1930, be computed from five years to four years, four months, expiring on June 24, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 10 years. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. He has served over two-thirds of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles, trial district attorney and Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1940. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Rocco Augustino—No. 21

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Rocco Augustino, convicted of murder, second degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Greene County, on September 14, 1923, be computed from ten years to two years, eleven months, expiring on August 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of voluntary manslaughter in 1918, and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4 to 12 years. He served the minimum sentence and was paroled. In 1923, he was convicted of murder of the second degree and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years. He has served the eight years of his unexpired parole term, and approximately three years of the sentence for second degree murder.

The applicant is a native of Italy. A detainer for deportation has been filed by the United States Immigration Authorities. Our recommendation is contingent upon the applicant's deportation to Italy.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Angello Giardino—No. 189

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Angello Giardino, convicted of murder, second degree, felonious assault, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Blair County, on January 14, 1925, be computed from twelve years to nine years, six months, expiring on July 14, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree and felonious assault in 1925. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 12 to 24 years. He has served over nine and one-half years of his minimum sentence. He was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We beleive he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge states that this is a meritorious case.

The applicant will be on parole until 1949. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paul Mileshaskas—No. 578

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Paul Mileshaskas, convicted of second degree murder, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County, on April 20, 1928, be computed from eight years to six years, three months, expiring on July 20, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree in 1928. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 8 to 16 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge states, "The crime for which he (the applicant) was convicted was not a vicious one and I believe that the imprisonment already undergone meets the ends of justice." The trial district attorney and supervisor of paroles recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1944. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Marion A. Elliotte—No. 1020

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the life sentence of Marion A. Elliotte, convicted of murder, first degree in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on November 10, 1927, be commuted from life imprisonment to ten years to twenty years, expiring on November 10, 1937,—November 10, 1947.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1920, the applicant and three others were involved in a robbery and murder. The three accomplices were captured within a few weeks time. The one accomplice was convicted of murder of the second degree. He was sentenced to 19½ years in the Eastern State Penitentiary and was released on parole after serving approximately ten years of his sentence. The second accomplice pleaded guilty to being an accessory after the fact. He was sentenced to 18 months in the Philadelphia County Prison and served 14 months, 6 days of his sentence. The third accomplice was acquitted.

Six years after the murder, the applicant was arrested and brought to trial. He was convicted of murder of the first degree and was sentenced to death. The sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. His conviction was obtained through the testimony of an accomplice who has since been convicted of perjury, and murder of the first degree, and who, at the present time, is under sentence of death in another State. From after-discovered evidence we believe the applicant was not the actual killer. In our opinion, he will be sufficiently punished if he is incarcerated for ten years.

Accordingly we recommend that the sentence of life imprisonment be commuted to from 10 to 20 years.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Edward F. Staples—No. 1086

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Edward F. Staples, convicted of sodomy, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on February 28, 1930, be commuted from eight years to four years, five months, expiring on July 28, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of sodomy in 1930. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 8 to 20 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant has served approximately 4½ years of his sentence.

(b) He was never convicted of any other crime.

(c) His institutional record has been excellent.

The supervisor of paroles and the Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1950. He has sufficient funds and equipment to reestablish himself in the practice of dentistry.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Eugene H. Kuhn—No. 1156

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Eugene H. Kuhn, convicted of murder, second degree, (2) in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Westmoreland County, on September 12, 1919, be commuted from thirty-six years to fourteen years, ten months, expiring on July 12, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1918, the applicant, in a fit of anger and believing his life to be in danger, fired a number of shots killing two persons. He was convicted of murder of the second degree and was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 36 to 40 years. We believe he has been sufficiently punished. Our reasons follow:

(a) The applicant has been incarcerated for over 16 years.

(b) He was never involved in any other trouble.

(c) His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

The supervisor of paroles, Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary and many responsible citizens recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1959. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Charles Sherman—No. 1190

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Charles Sherman, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on March 19, 1931, be commuted from twelve and one-half years to three years, four months, expiring on July 19, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery in 1931. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 12½ to 25 years. The trial judge states, "From the information presently before me, I would be inclined to parole him."

The applicant's conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1956. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Nick Ghinda—No. 1425

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Nick Ghinda, convicted of receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Beaver County, on December 23, 1931, be commuted from two and one-half years to three months, expiring on July 27, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of robbery and receiving stolen goods in 1921. He was sentenced to a term of from 5 to 40 years in the Western State Penitentiary. He has served over one-half of his minimum sentence. The applicant is a native of Roumania and a detainer for deportation has been lodged at the Western State Penitentiary by the United States Immigration Authorities.

Our recommendation is contingent upon the applicant's deportation to his native country.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Bruce H. Knowles—No. 1485

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Bruce H. Knowles, convicted of breaking, entering and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Lackawanna County, on November 6, 1931, be commuted from four years to two years, eight months, expiring on July 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to breaking and entering and larceny in 1931. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 4 to 10 years. He has served over two-thirds of his minimum sentence. He was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Martin Keul—No. 1487

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Martin Keul, convicted of breaking and entering and larceny, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Beaver County, on December 3, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, seven months, expiring on July 3, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant, his brother George, and another pleaded guilty to breaking and entering and larceny in 1932. They were sentenced to serve terms of from 2 to 4 years in the Western State Penitentiary. The brother's sentence was commuted in February, and he was released on parole. The applicant was never involved in any other trouble. His conduct and employment records during his imprisonment have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Harry James Goss—No. 1529

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Harry James Goss, convicted of escape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre County, on December 25, 1925, be commuted from four years to nine months, expiring on July 28, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1925, the applicant was convicted of breaking and entering and larceny. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4 to 8 years. He was transferred to the Rockview Farm Prison from which place he escaped. He was captured and returned to the Western State Penitentiary, and was sentenced to serve from 4 to 8 years on the escape charge. He has served the maximum term of his original sentence and over 8 months on the escape charge. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. A brother has assured him employment in California. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Albert Miller—No. 1530

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Albert Miller, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, on January 16, 1931, be commuted from six years to three years, six months, expiring on July 16, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery in 1931. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 6 to 12 years. He has served over 3½ years of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1943. Employment has been assured in Florida, and our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John J. Deacon—No. 1544

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John J. Deacon, convicted of larceny as bailee and fraudulent conversion, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland County, on December 6, 1932, be commuted from two years to one year, seven months, expiring on July 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of larceny as bailee and fraudulent conversion in 1932. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 2 to 6 years. He has served approximately two-thirds of his minimum sentence. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles and the Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of William E. McMullen—No. 1708

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of William E. McMullen, convicted of rape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County, on December 16, 1932, be commuted from six years to three years, expiring on December 16, 1935.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1932, the applicant was convicted of rape. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 6 to 15 years. After carefully reviewing the facts in the case, we seriously doubt the applicant's guilt. We believe he will be sufficiently punished if he serves three years.

The supervisor of paroles recommends clemency.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Paul Molko—No. 1731

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Paul Molko, convicted of felonious entry and larceny, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County, on March 25, 1933, be commuted from one and one-half years to one year, four months, expiring on July 25, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant when only 18 years of age pleaded guilty to felonious entry and larceny. He was sentenced to from 1½ to 3 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. He has served over three-fourths of his minimum sentence. His institutional record has been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Arthur W. Peirson—No. 1769

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Arthur W. Peirson, convicted of rape, assault and battery with intent to rape and indecent assault, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Lehigh County, on February 4, 1929, be commuted from seven and one-half years to five years, five months, expiring on July 4, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1929, the applicant was convicted of rape, assault and battery with intent to rape and indecent assault. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 7½ to 15 years.

Judge Gearhart, who was the trial district attorney states, "However, weighing the matter dispassionately, and considering the fact that the defendant previous to this act bore a spotless reputation and was well regarded in the community, the sentence did at that time, and does now, seem to have been unduly severe. * * * He has now served 5½ years in the penitentiary, and as he stated in his petition, I have no doubt but that this was a desperate punishment, of incalculable mental torture to a man of his type. You have asked me my opinion. It is that this man should be paroled."

The supervisor of paroles and Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1936. His brother has assured him employment in Wisconsin. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to that State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Michael Kunchinski—No. 1776

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Michael Kunchinski, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Lackawanna County, on February 11, 1928, be commuted from fifteen years to six years, five months, expiring on July 11, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1928, the applicant pleaded guilty to robbery and was sentenced to from 15 to 30 years in the Eastern State Penitentiary. He has served over six years of his minimum sentence. His sister who lives in Alaska has secured employment for him and will pay for his transportation to Alaska.

The applicant will be on parole until 1958. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to Alaska.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Leroy Lindermuth—No. 1782

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Leroy Lindermuth, convicted of assault with intent to murder and assault with intent to rob, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Jefferson County, on December 20, 1930, be commuted from twenty years to three years, seven months, expiring on July 20, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to assault with intent to murder and assault with intent to rob in 1930. He was sentenced to from 20 to 40 years in the Western State Penitentiary. He was never convicted of any other crime. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent.

The trial judge, trial district attorney, supervisor of paroles and Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary recommend clemency.

The applicant will be on parole until 1970. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Curry—No. 1787

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the life sentence of John Curry, convicted of murder, first degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of York County, on May 23, 1929, be commuted from life imprisonment to from ten to twenty years, expiring on May 23, 1939-May 23, 1949.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In the fall of 1928, the applicant, a boy 14 years of age, accompanied by William Blymyer, 33 years of age, and Wilbert G. Hess, 18 years old, went to the bungalow of Nelson Rehmyer, a recluse living on a farm in York County, for the purpose of securing a lock of hair from the head of Rehmyer, and a book on witchcraft entitled "Long Lost Friend." Blymyer, who in 1923 was confined in the Harrisburg State Hospital, as insane, and who had escaped from that institution, testified at the trial, that he was under the spell of witchcraft which Rehmyer had placed upon him, and that he was advised by "hex" doctors that if he secured a lock of hair from Rehmyer and the book, the spell would be removed. Blymyer persuaded Hess and the applicant to go with him to the Rehmyer bungalow. A fight ensued in an attempt to secure the lock of hair and the book, during which Rehmyer was killed.

The applicant and Blymyer were convicted of murder in the first degree, and were sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for life. Hess was convicted of murder in the second degree and was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 10 to 20 years.

The trial district attorney stated at the open hearing that the applicant did not deserve any more punishment than Hess, and that in his opinion applicant deserved less punishment.

We are in accord with the trial district attorney's opinion that the applicant should not have received more punishment than Hess. Accordingly, we recommend that the sentence to life imprisonment be commuted to from 10 to 20 years, the maximum for which the applicant could have been sentenced for murder of the second degree.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Nick D'Agostino—No. 1791

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum sentence of Nick D'Agostino, convicted of murder, second degree, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, on January 10, 1919, be commuted from 20 years to a minimum of 13 years, 7 months and maximum of 20 years, expiring on July 11, 1934-Dec. 11, 1940.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1919, the applicant was convicted of murder of the second degree. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 19 to 20 years. He was transferred to the Western State Penitentiary, and in 1931, he was released on parole. In 1933, he was arrested for maintaining premises for prostitution. After being imprisoned for seven weeks in the Cape May County Jail, N. J., he pleaded non vult contendre and was found guilty. He was

sentenced to seven weeks imprisonment, to run from time of commitment and placed on probation for one year. He was returned to the Western State Penitentiary.

The Prosecutor of the Pleas of the County of Cape May told us that there is considerable doubt as to the applicant's guilt.

The trial judge on the murder charge states, "Such an offense does not indicate a resumption of the prisoner's former habit of serious crime. Since you ask me, I should say the present application has merit." The supervisor of paroles states that he believes the applicant to be innocent, and recommends a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1940. Our recommendation is contingent upon his securing legitimate employment.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re application of Harold Taylor—No. 1798

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of Harold Taylor, convicted of larceny, assault and battery with intent to kill and aggravated assault and battery, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Warren County, on March 6, 1930, be commuted from eight years to four years, four months, expiring on July 6, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was sentenced to from 8 to 16 years in the Western State Penitentiary in 1930 for larceny, assault and battery with intent to kill and aggravated assault and battery.

The trial judge states, "I believe that at this time the application for clemency of Harold Taylor (the applicant) is meritorious, and I believe that the applicant can safely be released from prison. This young man and his brother, with others got in wrong, but since the Board of Pardons released his brother, the young man has come home and gone to work."

The applicant has served over four years of his minimum sentence. His institutional record has been excellent. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The applicant will be on parole until 1946. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John Golya—No. 1804

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John Golya, convicted of robbery, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County on April 27, 1931, be commuted from five years to three years, three months, expiring on July 27, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant and another pleaded guilty to robbery in 1931. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 10 years. The accomplice's sentence was commuted and he was released on parole on March 18, 1933. The applicant's conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. He has served over 3 years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles and the Board of Trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1941. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of William Hastings—No. 1805

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of William Hastings, convicted of robbery, burglary, receiving stolen goods and entering a building, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on June 30, 1921, be commuted from twenty years to thirteen years, one month, expiring on July 30, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1921, the applicant pleaded guilty to robbery, burglary, receiving stolen goods and entering a building. He was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 20 to 28 years. His conduct and employment records during his incarceration have been excellent. He was never involved in any other trouble. He has served over 13 years of his minimum sentence. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1949. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Herbert Montgomery King—No. 1815

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the maximum sentence of Herbert Montgomery King, convicted of robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon and assault and battery with intent to kill, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Chester County, on February 3, 1922, be commuted from 17 years to a minimum of 7 years, 7 mos. and maximum of 17 years, expiring on July 14, 1934-Dec. 14, 1943.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant pleaded guilty to robbery, being armed with an offensive weapon and assault and battery with intent to kill. He was sentenced to the Eastern State Penitentiary for from 5 to 17 years. He was released on parole in 1927. In 1931, he was convicted for violating the National Prohibition Act and was sentenced to serve 9 months in the workhouse at Occoquan, Virginia. On December 18, 1931, he was returned to the Western State Penitentiary to complete the unexpired term of his original sentence. He has served over two and one-half years for violation of his parole. We believe he has been sufficiently punished.

The trial judge and supervisor of paroles recommend a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1943. Employment has been assured in Washington, D. C. Our recommendation is contingent upon his removal to Washington.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of Saul Klein—No. 1819

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that Saul Klein, convicted of violating the election laws, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, on Sept. 29, 1932, be pardoned.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

The applicant was convicted of violating the election laws in 1932. Sentence was suspended.

The District Attorney of Allegheny County states, "The above applicant was convicted of participation in an election fraud. Ordinarily I would be much opposed to the granting of a pardon on a charge of this type. However, in this particular case defendant's participation was so remote that the Court rather than impose sentence, suspended sentence. This applicant has been a member of the Pittsburgh Fire Department for more than eighteen years. During that period of time he has never even been censored in connection with his work as a fireman. A few years ago this applicant risked his life and at a great sacrifice of health saved the lives of eight children in an abandoned coal mine. In view of splendid reputation and of his excellent record as a City Fireman, I would respectfully recommend that this pardon be granted."

The trial judge and supervisor of paroles also recommend the granting of a pardon.

We are in accord with these recommendations.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

BOARD OF PARDONS

In re Application of John L. Corman—No. 1822

June Session, 1934.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sir: The above application having been heard, upon due public notice, in open session, the undersigned members of the Board of Pardons recommend that the minimum sentence of John L. Corman, convicted of escape, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre County, on April 3, 1928, be commuted from three years to two years, one month, expiring on July 4, 1934.

Our reasons for making this recommendation are as follows:

In 1922, the applicant was sentenced to the Western State Penitentiary for from 4½ to 6 years, for receiving stolen goods. He was transferred to the Rockview Farm Prison from which institution he escaped on July 10, 1924. In 1925, he was arrested in Michigan and was sentenced to from 3 to 5 years in the penitentiary at Marquette. He was paroled after having served 2½ years of his sentence, and was returned to Pennsylvania. He was sentenced to serve an additional term of from 3 to 6 years on the escape charge. The applicant has completed the maximum term of the original sentence and over 2 years of his minimum sentence for escape.

The Board of Trustees of the Western State Penitentiary state, "* * * because of good institutional record and prospects of rehabilitation, would probably recommend if applying for parole." The supervisor of paroles recommends a commutation of sentence.

The applicant will be on parole until 1938. Employment has been assured.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. SHANNON,
Lieutenant Governor.

RICHARD J. BEAMISH,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WM. A. SCHNADER,
Attorney General.

PHILIP H. DEWEY,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

The above recommendation is approved:

GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Governor.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SEVENTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

338-344 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 2, 1934

FRANCIS S. GUTHRIE, President, WM. E. Von BONNHORST, Treasurer, ELMER S. STANIER, Secretary, HENRY H. LATSHAW, Ass't Secy. and Ass't Treas.

Clerk of the House of Representatives,
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Harrisburg, Penna.

Dear Sir: In accordance with the provision of our Charter, Section 10, we enclose herewith list of depositors with this Institution who have not made a deposit within two years and whose dividends, which have not been entered in their pass books, amount to at least Five (5) dollars.

We also enclose three copies of our semi-annual report as of December 1, 1933.

Yours truly,

E. S. STANIER.
Secretary.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SEVENTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

December 1, 1933

STATEMENT, DECEMBER 1, 1933

ASSETS

Cash in Banks and on Hand	$ 2,688,466.73
United States Government Bonds	6,447,926.75
First Mortgages on Real Estate	14,864,192.18
Bonds of Municipalities in State of Pennsylvania	15,239,457.09
Railroad Bonds	5,778,553.28
Railroad Equipment Trust	2,736,433.06
Public Utility Bonds	479,757.50
Industrial Bonds	858,907.50
Collateral Loans	12,500.00
Loans to Depositors secured by their Pass Books	129,498.80
Bank Building and Lot	200,000.00
Real Estate	531,741.81
Real Estate (Sold under agreement)	22,160.71
Miscellaneous Assets	324,684.63
Total Assets	$50,314,280.04

LIABILITIES

Amount due Depositors December 1, 1933	46,306,574.20
Miscellaneous Liabilities	682.18
Surplus	4,007,023.66
Total Liabilities	$50,314,280.04

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully reports that they have examined the assets of the Bank and find them to correspond with the foregoing report.

WM. S. DALZELL
JAMES C. REA
GEORGE L. COLLORD
C. H. CURRY
WM. E. EVANS
FRANCIS B. NIMICK
A. C. POLLOCK
Auditing Committee.

Pittsburgh, Pa., December 12, 1933.

THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

Organized in 1855 for the purpose of encouraging thrift and the habit of saving, is a mutual savings bank and is operated solely for the benefit of its depositors. There are no stockholders, the deposits and earnings belong to the depositor; therefore, after expenses of operation are paid and a suitable amount set aside for surplus, interest or dividends will be paid on deposits at as high a rate as good management and conservative policy will permit.

THE GROWTH OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK FROM 1855 TO 1933

Amount due depositors December 1, 1855	$ 7,627.28
Amount due depositors December 1, 1865	1,774,425.94
Amount due depositors December 1, 1875	4,185,326.35
Amount due depositors December 1, 1885	9,433,662.01
Amount due depositors December 1, 1895	14,871,537.53
Amount due depositors December 1, 1905	22,881,443.87
Amount due depositors December 1, 1915	33,866,689.01
Amount due depositors December 1, 1925	38,240,665.81
Amount due depositors December 1, 1933	46,306,574.20

THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

338-344 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

President
Francis S. Guthrie

Vice-Presidents

Chas. E. Beeson
David F. Collingwood
Robert R. Gordon
Howard A. Noble
Henry A. Phillips
Alfred C. Pollock
James R. Sterrett
Wm. E. Von Bonnhorst

Trustees

J. Judson Brooks, Jr.
Hill Burgwin
Charles F. Chubb
George L. Collord
G. Greer Coolidge
James W. Cree, Jr.
Charles H. Curry
William S. Dalzell
Harry Dangerfield
John C. Dilworth
William E. Evans
B. G. Follansbee
William Frew
Franklin C. Irish
Henry H. Latshaw
Chas. L. McCune
David W. McNaugher
H. Lee Mason, Jr.
William L. Monro
Francis B. Nimick
Augustus K. Oliver
L. M. Plumer
James C. Rea
George P. Rhodes

Elmer S. Stanier

Treasurer: Wm. E. Von Bonnhorst
Secretary: Elmer S. Stanier
Ass't Secy. and Asst. Treas.: Henry H. Latshaw
Solicitor: Hill Burgwin

LIST OF DEPOSITORS OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., WHO HAVE NOT MADE A DEPOSIT WITHIN TWO YEARS, AND WHOSE DIVIDENDS, WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ENTERED UPON THEIR PASS BOOKS, AMOUNT TO AT LEAST FIVE DOLLARS. THIS STATEMENT IS PUBLISHED ANNUALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER.

A

232277	Auron, Annie	1.081.74
238072	Abraham, Dora V.	633.76
407596	Atkinson, Catherine	36.51
409235	Armstrong, Margretta M.	33.75
412568	Arnold, Simon H.	26.42
312794	Arthurs, Stella M.	156.23
420566	Aalborg, Herbert K.	1,133.57
420757	Ashworth, David C.	4.209.94
420798	Acheson, Jane	306.82
74453	Adams, Esther E.	22.99
173413	Anderson, Clara M.	730.44
206385	Anglock, Henry L.	566.78
389552	Armstrong, Wm. F.	17.20
390200	Aschmann, A. F.	60.85
391630	Anderson, Anna	20.25
393163	Allen, Jesse H.	38.07
369453	Ayres, Rob't.	23.17
394711	Augustine, Elizabeth	59.26
399002	Atkinson, Avis. A.	57.74
399285	Allen, Mellie A.	782.97
401974	Aiello, Mary	30.97
402090	Andriessen, Louisa	139.26
422272	Applegate, Eliza J.	553.88
364173	Amos, Annie M.	1.274.36
283902	Altvater, Henry	119.66
295802	Anke, Clara L.	1,903.76
350078	Appel, Ethel F.	18.59
375448	Aiken, Audrey K.	140.63
414145	Adams, Wm. C.	33.86
424564	Adams, Andrew J.	379.45

B

232892	Bott, Louis P.	189.51
237635	Boon, George C.	150.56
240551	Besser, Luella H.	83.19
241847	Barton, Hugh A.	817.07
242114	Bischoff, Mary L.	7.078.00
257278	Butterworth, Sarah	1.955.00
406034	Brown, Elizabeth	1,808.15
406250	Beall, Mary A.	95.45
407127	Biaty, George	4.227.48
407703	Bulewicz, John	1.414.04
407820	Baldwin, Ida	34.27
408034	Barrett, James W.	763.41
409157	Burga, Angela	3.350.25
409668	Bruggeman, Chas. A.	108.92
409814	Bostrom, Chas. J.	7,893.44

409207	Boon, Albert T.	852.26
410100	Boltz, Laura S.	1,048.26
410297	Baker, Jane	33.58
410506	Brady, Della	57.18
412218	Brooks, Annie E.	1,196.97
425536	Brown, Mary A.	214.70
425549	Braunn, Wm.	1,159.47
222175	Bowstead, Bessie H.	21.61
269690	Bucher, Clara E.	98.11
271014	Bucher, Chas. J.	916.90
275578	Bulford, Harriet M.	42.89
300835	Brunton, Flora	15.45
312266	Busler, Wm. M.	91.33
316181	Burchardt, Heinrich	56.34
332901	Bell, Robert C.	565.42
333159	Boynes, Mattie	1,497.31
335096	Brooks, Jas. B.	696.30
338004	Brenner, Simon	440.93
338722	Baines, John W.	1,944.11
339604	Becker, Elizabeth	2,475.70
352337	Binns, R. H., Jr.	120.81
353177	Berglund, Mabel D.	48.70
353619	Beabout, Sophie	1,105.06
353634	Baughman, Jas.	15.09
353698	Balmain, Margaretta A.	1,023.73
356222	Burk, Nellie	1,174.71
356399	Barr, Sella K.	485.92
357128	Bell, Clara I.	1,896.62
359942	Butkarte, Urszula	1,477.03
67528	Blythe, Mary E.	17.17
74323	Blair, Elizabeth S.	48.34
109994	Brown, John A. S.	309.80
117491	Boyer, Rachel L.	111.53
139070	Benham, Margt. L.	3,805.91
142785	Boggs, Mary E.	21.30
150075	Bowman, Chas. W.	498.01
152015	Barclay, John	131.56
193115	Baker, M. Gertrude	31.40
203568	Brannon, Helen T.	922.54
216818	Belnap, Lena	56.61
386731	Bartley, Ethel	5,359.21
386775	Burke, E. L.	139.81
386940	Baker, Alda V.	29.12
388329	Buchner, Lucille	45.17
390772	Burk, Mary	67.24
391490	Blankette, Ruth	129.64
415612	Burgo, Angelo	1,230.87
415714	Becker, Charles	2,773.52
416438	Burns, Thos. J.	718.11
289576	Byers, Adele	434.54
292398	Broadhead, Mary E.	183.77
293980	Borland, Jennie A.	1,025.86
294263	Bontempo, Tony	59.65
297880	Brady, Ellen B.	1,330.27
298041	Bailey, Nancy J.	443.20
298438	Borovety, Harry	1,212.64
342463	Breakirow, Wm. H.	23.17
344851	Beebe, Mary E.	68.01
346242	Beck, Joseph A.	333.35
346519	Bertrilacchi, Italio	24.58
346522	Brown, Emma M.	260.37
347691	Bechtel, Wm. M.	33.69
350480	Barks, Emma	64.48
350522	Baumgartel, D. H.	1,292.64
371641	Bonenberger, Agnes	109.84
372423	Benney, G. A.	23.82
373085	Brown, Nellie W.	141.07
375115	Bjurstrom, Carl F.	173.23
375913	Bornscheuer, Clara	191.42
404360	Bender, August R.	73.59
405640	Braun, Walter L.	128.32
414454	Beltzhoover, Charlotte B.	109.81
414869	Bornscheuer, Robt.	41.53
423604	Boggs, Henrietta	2,478.54
424907	Bromme, Clara	540.32
376392	Byers, Fred E.	60.63
377238	Baldwin, Della	163.05
378635	Boggs, Martha A.	700.80
378937	Bleichner, Annie	32.46
379248	Bonchire, Louis	480.77
362224	Behen, Mary E.	405.57
362316	Brenneman, Geo. E.	94.01
362594	Butler, Nora	18.77
364240	Brady, Mary F.	1,471.04
365615	Boyts, Emily S.	31.07
368491	Besso, Lina	1,782.73
368306	Bell, Fred L.	17.08
370295	Burgess, Jennie	29.56
323033	Brenneman, Martha E.	163.89
324243	Bradley, Jos. M.	62.56
327303	Barber, Geo. G.	423.45
330853	Brady, Annie R.	3,098.66
381942	Bynane, Elizabeth	41.99
333831	Besterman, Elizabeth	80.58
385526	Borkoski, Katherine	238.23
394779	Brehler, Martin	330.06
395155	Boss, Fred R.	66.01
395479	Barth, Katie	189.76
395563	Ball, Gordan H.	1,353.98
396168	Boynes, John P.	1,607.09
397259	Betz, Katherine A.	35.06
397984	Beggs, Emily H.	524.01
399227	Beardsley, Hannah	199.10
399888	Bicom, Margt.	294.86
399928	Burke, Dorothy E.	1,447.31
400201	Boyle, Harvey J.	24.83
400288	Berdych, Edw. W.	65.38
402349	Butler, Abe	30.46
402854	Brenan, Anna P.	22.56
422187	Birmingham, Gertrude P.	330.94
422291	Bauman, John	446.74
422577	Borovetz, Rebecca	110.27

C

21327	Cooper, Chas. A.	164.08
124737	Cornman, Henry	81.47
130961	Carroll, Edw. F.	202.42
132574	Connelly, Katie	34.26
142816	Church, Wm. F.	24.87
160189	Cleary, Grace	46.00
163253	Craig, Chas. L.	2,336.70
179263	Craig, George L.	32.82
185609	Clark, Harriet	1,446.00
186053	Collins, Ida B.	132.00
204855	Cohen, Jacob	1,753.40
214888	Cassidy, Jane	332.03
387349	Capuano, Rosala	235.42
388981	Coates, Iola M.	27.15
389450	Cronin, Margaret T.	105.14
393476	Csuk, Anna	1,730.27
415221	Connare, Nellie T.	53.28
415775	Cuddebach, Thos. J.	45.70
200154	Coyle, Maggie T.	1,493.18
387909	Cherry, Fannie	2,115.32
221667	Crider, George H.	2,525.72
223202	Christy, Blanche M.	935.04
233827	Costello, Nellie	173.01
233934	Connelly, S. Agnes	56.78
241793	Coyne, John W.	778.70
246988	Clouse, John	48.72
247109	Crawford, Nora O.	447.39
403548	Colteryahn, Wm. C.	466.78
407763	Cooper, Margaret R.	250.86
407835	Chaney, Harry G.	213.37
407954	Counahan, Nora B.	293.06
408362	Collett, John C.	44.67
408506	Coyle, Christopher	138.73
411010	Cukrzynska, Bronislowa	230.91
411371	Cracnoff, Alek	371.82
267206	Crider, Georgia E.	476.86
275931	Condren, Bridget	164.62
311751	Campbell, Emma V.	879.75
338963	Counahan, Nellie A.	73.99
353223	Crowley, Bridget	5,790.48
354423	Campbell, Eva	354.22
356665	Cross, Georgiana	1,105.77
419361	Colteryahn, Louise E.	1,154.68
419430	Corcoran, Wm.	6,228.62
419516	Crowley, Vernie	1,883.72
420947	Champion, Merle L.	470.11
361012	Crowley, Cathrine	17.34
361583	Campbell, Bella M.	863.04
362412	Carspecken, Henry L.	374.87
370031	Conway, Catherine	44.15
370315	Connare, Jas. C.	87.00
370416	Cleeland, Minnie R.	203.55
321332	Collison, Alma	303.84
330647	Calhoun, John C.	1,350.24
330794	Clark, Marg't	45.60
384484	Clark, Ella S.	1,067.99
385373	Cacsavale, Wm.	19.20
385777	Craib, Ellen McB.	1,019.32
394745	Campbell, Florence	208.94
401436	Coleman, Leo D.	1,383.71
402277	Cain, Mary	67.38
402664	Coldwell, Geo. F.	1,710.19
403425	Cabaj, Maria	10,750.07
422285	Cohen Lazurus	112.55
422727	Conley, Mary B.	62.21
422851	Croone, Jacob L.	381.80
282783	Choinski, Mary F.	153.88
294816	Cowan, Elizabeth	4,072.34
296291	Cook, Rosa L.	83.24
343184	Carr, Ellen	378.31
343736	Clifton, Gertrude	71.38
348585	Clemmens, Louise S.	310.89
373424	Conley, Mary B.	106.68
404876	Crilley, Mary	5,050.05
405031	Cable, Howard A.	63.64
413109	Carney, Clara H.	25.41
413455	Carson, Harry F.	3,088.12
413485	Carson, Germaine	56.87
413522	Corbett, Anna E.	1,883.66
413868	Chisler, Grover C.	252.48
414337	Cook, Volney R.	554.99
414702	Connolly, Mary	146.18
423361	Cupps, Sarah	273.76
423733	Coupland, Agnes M.	4,369.10
423938	Calloway, Nellie	221.39
377642	Cowan, Porter H.	259.67
378148	Ciana, Arthur	132.20
378930	Chalmers, Anna Q.	30.46

D

41706	Davison, Catherine A.	753.28
41714	Davison, Matilda G.	1,103.02
65730	Dezouche, Arthur L.	409.71
77151	Dickson, Edward	3,914.63
93997	Dilworth, Wm. B.	37.33
95527	Dilworth, Mary E.	31.41
149029	Daudo, Rachel H.	339.15
157171	Donaldson, Peter C.	187.50
157525	Dalzell, Susie L.	66.56
159412	Devlin, Marie A.	84.79
163269	Dewar, Mgt. J.	72.74
164958	Donahoe, Wm.	18.15

15[illegible]7	[illegible]ne, Maria	[illegible]7.71
19[illegible]25	Dalsell, Lila A. J.	[illegible]32.77
23[illegible]20	Dwyer, Mary	646.97
215951	Duncan, Mary	3,078.85
338375	Dean, Anna M.	398.95
390519	Davidson, Lloyd B.	66.90
393115	Dorman, Terris E.	16.76
393640	Dekany, Lizzie	2,474.60
893631	Dewalt, Chas.	4,696.17
416963	Dolan, A. W.	179.47
229324	Donaldson, Thos I.	32.52
233429	Dibble, Rebecca	182.35
251752	Dwyer, John R.	7,718.42
407431	Davis, Sarah Ann	83.62
407952	DeSipio Augusta	374.40
408831	Davie, Marie E.	277.17
409407	Duff, Margt. H.	199.62
411818	Donnelly, Mildred A.	200.82
271820	Dwyer, Delia	3,279.21
274800	Demain, Frank A.	472.32
307400	Devine, Margaret	40.20
303619	Durrette, Bessie B.	135.30
309376	Duffy, Mary	2,702.71
314030	Deakyne, Wm. J.	20.60
314591	Davis Nathan	74.75
317147	Duffy, Kathryn	451.47
317479	Danielson, Josephine A.	628.18
320340	Dalton, Peter M.	135.97
332442	Dreisbach, Rush A.	6,517.75
332879	Darbous, Minnie A.	314.05
335818	Donaldson Nan S.	551.69
355817	Delaney, Allye A.	41.55
357951	Ductor, Paul	15.42
359959	Doyle, Helen M.	121.02
420781	Dickson, Geo E.	71.72
2651[illegible]	Douglas, Wm. C.	116.87
35[illegible]33	Daley, James T.	47.60
37[illegible]31	Doyle, Patrick E.	269.93
38[illegible]37	Downing, Mary	1,600.38
339[illegible]11	Dickson, Frank H.	388.29
340[illegible]91	DeGraff Eleanor S.	16.56
370389	Dickson, Vera	32.15
323772	Dowd, Marg't	12,357.80
323851	DeLucia, Rosina	15.54
394233	Donnelly, Anna	728.28
397763	Dunn, Marion L. B.	138.42
377727	Dunn, Jean M.	149.48
403572	Dow Harry G.	198.19
421132	Dawson Sarah B.	242.10
420814	Davis, Annie	1,126.01
329567	Dillon, Annie	421.43
232863	Devine, Martin	138.22
291593	DiRenna, Angela M.	210.98
342220	Darney, Daniel J.	958.54
372013	Devlin, Mary	70.47
344[illegible]63	Daniel, Abe	47.03
3[illegible]376	Duffy, Agnes	346.83
401030	Davis, Ellen	102.40
403[illegible]29	[illegible]erney, Hannah R.	223.83
41[illegible]09	Doberson, Josephine C.	1,434.71
4228[illegible]2	Devlin, John R.	387.72
404541	Detrick, John W.	216.83
373230	Douglas, Earl M.	48.65

E

161691	Ehmann, Jas. F.	10,373.60
388162	Ebert, Anna M.	2,292.41
390374	Ebbert, Jas. K.	49.98
391263	Elterich, L. W.	324.24
4082[illegible]7	Enonen, Mary	598.33
409351	Evans, Elizabeth B.	53.87
391621	Evans, Lena	123.64
340279	Enright, Katherine G.	348.25
357687	Elder, Laura L.	799.30
417482	Elterich, Chas. F.	355.44
343125	Evans, Esther H.	215.89
350944	Emery, Caroline K.	1,034.94
422081	Eckert, Hannah	1,037.66
423327	Eberle, Atlee C.	438.37
377815	Elkin, Margaret	830.79
321453	Edmonds, Jas.	84.39
384783	Erickson, Maria	4,914.63
409322	Estep, Margt.	941.10
400562	Elmore, Daniel	38.53
421231	Elrick, George W.	1,377.55
422265	Edgar, Clara	2,217.53
422286	Edgar, Mary L.	3,320.79
397559	Evans, Alan S.	16.16

F

263124	Flaherty, Mary	80.54
312224	Ferguson, Johanna	475.07
317122	Fellman, Heinrich	1,218.40
334590	Fleming, Mary K.	53.33
335826	Friedman, Anna	646.40
329111	Fried, W. F.	44.83
359474	Fisch, Theodor	18.15
418310	Fording, Arthur O., Agent	63.94
419303	Farrell, Ida	94.76
318734	Foster, Dora	13,974.60
104323	Flood, Francis R.	37.29
156220	Fleming, R. K.	18.77
194973	Ferree, Ralph N.	41.44
398413	Fay, Phillis	23.03
393572	Fisher, Myt. M.	92.72
221081	Fitzgibbon, Mary A.	230.40
406432	Felix, Anne E.	113.30
403263	Finney, Edith Mosena	136.99
[illegible]4	Feeney, Mary	41.37
383251	Flaherty, Annie	2,093.37
369129	Fischer, Harry P.	33.61
370433	Ferguson, Jessie	47.67
322605	Ferguson, Sam'l J.	493.09
325024	Ferree, Rebecca J. T.	2,458.07
395496	Foster, Louis	2,499.24
393172	Fisher, Hyman	15.39
402547	Fitzsimmons, Anna M.	152.85
403785	Flood, Edward F.	546.28
421578	Fahey Marg't	141.30
421597	Ferris, James M.	135.80
421689	Fisher, John G.	335.07
369393	Friedman, Ida	576.29
396116	Firmin, Olive C.	109.84
290199	Friedman, Solomon	1,347.55
293737	Flagg, Lucius C.S.	209.32
297885	Franz, John	172.51
298089	Fisher, Cora E.	208.96
343218	Fawcett, Charlotte O.	83.08
350953	Fehrenbach, Chas.	675.64
373349	Foster, Sarah	17.24
404037	Flynn, Michael	173.01
423507	Friedman, Anna	3,276.52
377236	Fierst, Helen A.	55.06
377244	Fink, Bella	13.49
379036	Feeney, Bridget	234.42

G

16368	Grant, Margaret H.	1,145.56
98128	Gamwell, Roland G.	26.54
102664	Glenn, Frank D.	82.23
118950	Gallagher, Frank	7,382.10
120937	Gillespie, Robt. A.	22.99
158540	Gotthart, Ella	326.74
163935	Glenn, Jos. E	269.89
176894	Greene, Sara P.	222.05
182309	Greiner, Albert	2,415.13
184474	Gilliland, Josephine	36.86
387193	Gilliland, E. H.	254.54
388255	Gavan, Catherine	1,121.90
392114	Guest, Sidney	60.32
415915	Graham, Elmer	131.10
260473	Gilfillen, Gertrude C.	28.95
269234	Greenwood, Chas. H.	18.43
302074	Gray, Emma	231.78
303264	Grove, Katherine E.	30.77
323671	Grabowski, Veronika	22.80
335839	Gonowski, Sophia	611.24
337790	Goode, Robt. B.	579.33
355243	Grow, Chas. O.	94.73
356233	Gray, Eliza L.	77.49
356729	Gumpenberg, Mathilda	372.90
359302	Griffiths, Nellie P.	407.73
359536	Grifiith, Edgar A.	659.36
417324	Gimperle, Margt. S.	2,720.34
417858	Grosman, Genevieve B.	734.99
418331	Gilmore, John R.	59.99
420210	Griffin, Delia	2,079.63
420910	Gingold, Jesse	229.69
223347	Getty, James C.	3,360.10
227022	Geyer, Clara	861.11
230911	Graham, Emilie K.	94.27
234472	Gordon, Laura A.	4,677.99
234785	Gillander, Jean	76.72
235993	Greiner, G. F.	4,169.20
403042	Glover, Marie	32.85
407683	Gallagher, Anna	170.42
412960	Gallagher, Chas F.	81.36
425321	Gray, Sarah H.	538.56
249022	Garrigan, Jos D.	21.89
361139	Gates, George E.	61.91
364514	Gray, Eliza L	61.30
364956	Glaser, Chas. W.	107.36
367511	Greve, Mary E.	32.25
370191	Gallagher, John J.	113.03
323150	Green, Anna M.	55.56
325236	Gelb, Frances	319.77
322150	Ganghan, Bridgid T.	56.40
330756	Goehringer, Chas. J.	1,643.41
381675	George, Zale R.	25.50
395185	Giesey, George A.	165.32
398760	Goldenson, Dora B.	91.99
401215	Grimm, Clara J.	216.52
402012	Greves, Alice	42.55
402771	Gibbs, Ralph W.	1,240.43
402911	Glynn, Martin N.	28.71
403323	Goetz, Arthur F.	166.23
403420	Gallagher, Anna	291.64
421492	Graham, Madeline M.	165.52
361254	Gullidge, Helen	501.10
284065	Gerding, G. Henry	12.72
289082	Gunselman, Anna	1,819.75
293999	Gross, Frank	1,299.95
299215	Gill, William	1,268.65
343088	Gray, Eliza L.	44.08
344386	Gardelle, Bartolomes	1,300.28
350069	Guthrie, Kath. E.	41.75
350152	Gullett, Essie V.	70.96
350246	Gamble, Martha	65.89
372037	Graham, Maria	2,549.74
373054	Griffith, Evan C.	13.36
373292	Grubbs, Adam M.	551.31
373778	Gilday, Dan	123.01
375053	Green, Anna M.	27.65
375145	Gallagher, John J.	97.25
375210	Grow, Chas. O.	85.12
275636	Geve, Edgar E.	1,059.01
405203	Gies, Martha B.	44.66

[illegible]	[illegible]	65.58
42[illegible]	Goldsmith, Edgar E.	10[illegible]
3[illegible]	Gott, Wm. E.	[illegible]
2[illegible]	Gentile, Mary	72.51
286097	Graham, Anna C.	242.69
380964	Green, Anna M.	90.49
380347	Grubbs, Elmer G.	150.64

H

22401	Herbster, Chas. extr	1,203.72
111034	Hambright, Della K.	1,340.50
111[illegible]	Haverty, J.	3,981.[illegible]
124[illegible]	Hayden, Mary E.	[illegible]
136229	Hemmilrich, Rosa G.	31.91
147031	Hamilton, Belle J.	1,019.24
154111	Harrison, Wm. O.	826.12
170[illegible]	Hershberger, Edith K.	508.12
182[illegible]	Hughes, Anna A.	2,272.93
184035	Hunter, Sarah Jane	543.57
197279	Hilker, Charlotte L.	2,369.63
199164	Herbick, Marie K.	1,287.39
207145	Hite, M. Virginia	1,703.43
387[illegible]	Hughes, Helene	22.78
287292	Havey, Mary J.	1,435.57
390[illegible]	Herlehy, Allan R.	75.52
389679	Holmes, Sarah G.	74.46
415[illegible]	Hildebrand, Sam'l E.	367.91
416[illegible]	Heard, Elizabeth A.	199.85
416781	Hungerman, B. G.	55.22
397633	Hill, Eula M.	2,513.93
228[illegible]	Henry, Effie May	31.33
286[illegible]	Harrison, Robert	51.21
2[illegible]	Hepplewhite, Ida J.	3,[illegible]
2[illegible]	Howell, Helen P.	1[illegible]
2[illegible]	Hilty, Nellie	12.07
8[illegible]	[illegible] Jarvis B.	286.74
[illegible]	Hughey, Louis	580.[illegible]
48[illegible]	Hughey, Charles A.	107.17
3[illegible]	Hughey, Mary	42.52
417[illegible]	Hess, Annie	1,476.73
28[illegible]	Hickey, Elizabeth	176.68
277[illegible]	Harmon, Ruth E.	30.93
277[illegible]	Helmbuecher, Simon J.	127.43
12[illegible]	Henderson, Alice	59.31
31[illegible]	Hudson, Walter D.	18.31
320320	Henry, Agnes	63.76
320321	Hartley, Alice DeKee	663.99
332[illegible]	Henderson, [illegible]	126.20
333049	Hoover, Emily J.	69.21
334095	Hays, Nell M.	153.21
334[illegible]	Hilliard, Raymond	253.58
336[illegible]	Heath, Frances A.	83.40
337[illegible]	Hagerty, Julia	1,673.25
338561	Henry, Arthur E.	82.10
3[illegible]	Heppenstall, Minnie M.	253.65
3[illegible]	Hutchinson, Lucia L.	50.50
3[illegible]	Hart, Gertrude P.	69.46
3[illegible]	Holland, [illegible]	1[illegible]
3[illegible]	Hamilton, Lewis J. Jr.	8.[illegible]
418[illegible]	Ha[illegible] Orie [illegible]	[illegible]
419[illegible]	Huddy, Catherine	569.24
420[illegible]	Horovitz, Harold M.	123.15
420061	Hahne, David	523.61
231670	Hartman, Lillian	121.55
294723	Hartman, Edw. V.	1,203.42
344[illegible]	Hamill, Mary	61.56
2[illegible]	Hyland, Patrick	2,150.27
3[illegible]	Hallett, Annie M.	693.11
349[illegible]	Hoover, Miles H.	120.00
350[illegible]	Hartung, Nicklas C.	23.53
350[illegible]	Hays, Etta	10.74
350535	Heineman, Edw. R.	221.67
350739	Harmon, Helen	277.01
372142	Hendrickson, Amanda	13.89
374[illegible]	Humpstead, Wm.	29.94
374080	Henry, Arthur B.	83.95
413[illegible]	Heller, Goldie	100.43
414[illegible]	Harris, Kathryn M.	5,[illegible]
423503	Henning, Nathan W.	1,[illegible]
423539	Hartman, Odessa J.	233.21
424097	Hopkins, Dodie	320.57
378192	Hilscher, Ernest	191.02
379964	Hirschfield, Henry	97.76
380382	Hasley, A. Mary	92.43
361978	Hill, Eliza	58.91
368279	Hoffman, Ralph D.	46.39
370095	Hill, Ephraim H.	48.23
370298	Halley, Jean	133.92
321742	Herbick, Nicholas	220.33
323300	Hess, Minnie F.	240.06
325677	Horgan, Mary	85.69
329265	Hekett, Nora	1,454.94
330546	Hartill, Nancy	131.87
382140	Heard, Elizabeth A.	1,303.65
384395	Hamilton, Jas. C.	1,015.54
394128	Haworth, Marg't M.	519.95
394492	Hajnatska, Martha	7,631.12
396721	Hares, Jas.	2,[illegible]
398[illegible]	Hutchison, Mary E.	19.69
401021	Holsinger, Marg't.	93.19
402492	Harte, Blanche R.	89.25
403[illegible]	Huber, Wm. F.	29.51
403[illegible]	Heckerl, Elizabeth	109.84
388335	Hechswender, Davis M.	27.11
369246	Heeren, Mame J.	15.51

I

177303	Ivol, Mary	17.10
425244	Ingram, Hannah	107.[illegible]
341233	Imhoff, Mary J.	749.41
327961	Irwin, George R.	205.94

J

279697	Johnson, Archer A.	505.70
316997	Jachumsen, John M.	153.69
319[illegible]	Johnston, Anna	83.83
332091	Jennings, Dorothy E.	75.[illegible]
333729	Joyce, Mary	3,653.[illegible]
335978	Johnston, Edwin A.	82.[illegible]
351272	Jenkins, Anna G.	85.[illegible]
353271	Jacob, Anna W.	53.48
359294	Jordan, Margaret	67.01
420381	Jones, Geneva C.	373.10
228155	Jackson, Lily	76.97
233897	Jones, Amos	6,703.50
237011	Jones, Beatrice M.	485.05
407930	Johnston, Rose B.	1,382.85
224315	Jenkins, Nevada	15.49
96437	Jackson, Annie	2,[illegible]
129825	Johnston, Agnes G.	18.72
133366	Jubb, George S.	61.19
170305	Jellison, Alice B.	1,211.33
200968	Jones, Marg't R.	167.92
214551	Jackson, Clarence C.	37.92
416176	Jones, Floy C., Jr.	62.50
352140	Johnston, Josephine Z.	75.46
363385	Jones, Daisy E.	49.72
322097	Junker, Maria	4,018.71
381485	Jolliff, Emma	151.[illegible]
382655	Joyce, Mary	348.10
383382	Johnston, Mary E.	164.11
385643	Jorden, Margaretha S.	57.[illegible]
386[illegible]	Jarratte, Myrtle	31.16
3[illegible]365	Johnston, Catherine	32.31
3[illegible]278	Junge, Sadie S.	169.09
422549	Johnston, Elizabeth L.	5,718.07
403362	Jack, Sam'l S	37.49
292284	Jones, James W.	81.34
292543	Joyce, Mary	19.00
315111	Junker, Jacob	20.15
401349	Jackubov, John	38.42
423703	James, Susie F.	272.84
423830	Johnstin, Lou H.	163.04
424031	Johnstin, Ruth	162.07

K

99899	Kirkpatrick, Mary B.	54.94
143398	Knost, Jennie	272.90
157623	Keiser, Louise	89.54
158639	Krider, Conrad	203.54
159574	King, Annie	121.39
135275	Kirchner, Andrew D.	356.33
135769	Kremer, Barbara	192.04
194970	Kennedy, Anna B.	21.99
198703	Kleber, Fredericka	20.92
219635	Kinsley, Sarah	191.79
389272	Kornetz, Fred A.	121.91
333948	King, Ida E.	253.75
393024	Kaufman, Helen G.	30.31
387453	Kohn, Beatrice	330.45
390267	Kennedy, Frank T.	160.76
234269	Kidd, Jesse A.	87.38
237793	Keller, Alfred	150.69
277541	Kenaan, Mary A.	1,336.42
303349	Kennedy, Isabel	96.83
319800	Kaltenhouser, Nellie	272.65
319[illegible]	Krause, Verna E.	43.52
337393	Koch, Julius	879.27
338281	Kimes, Arthur W.	655.49
354534	Krings, John C.	10.10
417891	Kaufmann, Edward	715.34
419023	Kessler, Elsie F.	40.16
420043	Koefe, Mary	267.04
252724	Kenna, Ed. J.	16.63
320162	Kelley, Jettie I.	142.15
320317	Kohler, Clara I.	11.87
222461	Kline, George	229.14
231960	King, Katie	35.[illegible]
232054	Keck, Will	172.37
403613	Kredel, Ella	33.63
403071	Kearns, Mary Jane	49.15
403188	Kessler, Morris	332.40
403441	Kunn, Thos. Ray	33.85
403790	Kranek, Elizabeth	125.99
412192	Knauber, Henry	2,[illegible]
425267	Kohle, Mary	2,[illegible]
425349	Kilgore, Ellen C.	10[illegible]
293983	Kelly, Annie	2,552.01
348039	Knuth, Bertha	39.[illegible]
371328	Killer, John C.	110.13
342928	Kincaid, Anna M.	87.[illegible]
401035	Kaiserman, Rebecca	163.19
404730	Kenner, Chas. P.	75.[illegible]
414755	Kenny, Myrle	31.04
424292	Keil, David	6[illegible]
424421	Kantz, Morris	10[illegible]
377355	Kirkwood, Bertha J.	77.[illegible]
361434	Krapf, Albertina S.	6[illegible]
362113	Keller, John C.	38.62
362914	Kilpatrick, Grace	2[illegible]
266272	Kline, Jos.	12.[illegible]
369745	King, Mariannie	81.78
370002	Keegan, John	2,[illegible]

370249	Kraus, Jos F. A.	19.15
321255	Keenan, Mary R.	280.89
326156	Kelly, Ellen	30.37
385173	Kanline, Marg't A.	100.69
398210	Kress, Clara E.	220.85
399126	Kerigan, Anna M.	299.51
399846	Klein, Hanna D.	319.23
401443	Koceski Lieon	1,408.63
402711	Kreps, Ida B.	384.10
422034	Kritberg, Mollie	945.50
422706	Kline, Rose L.	121.88

L

224024	Laverty, Mary E.	344.58
240502	Leitzell, Mary A.	300.02
253071	Lynn, Caroline	1,799.29
407220	Lowry, Ellen	84.10
410210	Leightner, Verna R.	96.32
410245	Levine, Murray M.	292.67
410421	Leventon, Morris	465.10
411156	Long, John	216.26
411536	Low, Mary Maude	749.47
425655	Link, Stuart M.	1,073.58
264576	Loughrey, John E.	113.36
274049	Lauth, Matilda	228.91
278153	Leventon, Frank	235.68
278621	Lee, Anna A.	21.14
301068	Leibhart, Rosa	17.56
333899	Lacher, Katy	43.19
351595	Littman, Bessie	67.98
354144	Lippert, Adam J.	358.83
355716	Lewis, Harry G.	176.68
357161	Lewis, Jessamine DeH.	31.40
358809	Livingston, John	116.75
359147	Lowe, Mary V.	111.08
359939	Langhans, Eliza	155.97
417006	Lieberman, Bessie R.	3,009.70
417086	Linz, Marg't	105.87
418717	Lehman, Annie L.	183.20
419807	Lawson, Jean H.	46.64
88428	Lawson, Bella D.	2,519.90
117365	Lawson, Viola C.	3,096.79
140483	Ludwick, Alise E.	809.86
172347	Leach, Mary J.	618.14
186866	Lacock, Clara D.	564.78
204097	Lamb, Elbridge H.	104.12
386683	Lutz, M. Catherine	69.90
387358	Lands, Carrie	31.10
388532	Lowman, A. R.	66.00
389741	Lowe, Orton	236.47
390850	Leventon, Rose	455.23
392446	Lentz, Catherine M.	1,250.54
415658	Logan, Bert	753.94
416171	Low, Mary M.	656.21
286017	Liebschnir, Amelia	958.18
295287	Levitin, Minnie	519.97
296058	Lynn, Annie	3,111.44
341596	Lewis, Wilhelmina	1,121.10
342873	Logan, Carrie M.	3,744.71
343299	Lechner, Anna M.	59.45
405006	Lowry, Dorothy S.	1,798.75
413182	Lotz, Grace E.	208.40
413484	Lieberman, Abe	5,691.86
424393	Lucksha, Anna M.	81.09
424567	Logan, Della	218.40
378160	Lauman, Walter H.	75.14
379254	Logan, Kate	103.81
363343	Lytle, Ralph McK.	289.58
364070	Linn, David	20.40
365352	Lyle, Elizabeth T.	119.94
369241	Lyon, Prescott L.	449.77
370663	Lee, Ivy M.	630.14
322478	Leahy, Jos. M.	251.07
324475	Lackey, Leola E.	48.54
325613	Leiberman, Simon	21.06
381059	Lewis, Marg't	51.49
382997	Larkin, John W., Sr.	190.17
383014	Larkin, Jas.	167.25
385830	Love, Kathleen McB.	1,002.35
394101	Linhart, Lewis E.	155.73
395954	Lendl, Anna	2,536.41
397961	Lowe, Charlotte K.	46.82
398036	Lynch, Francis J.	1,200.58
421461	Loeb, Jessie K.	183.75
366971	Lange, Minnie	15.87
368741	Lease, Albert E.	11.96

M

75647	Maeder, Fred	1,137.69
137199	Manus, Sue	65.36
147660	Miller, Clara	25.77
150133	Mannion, John	338.85
168237	Moody, Harry	325.34
172222	Maude, De Ette	169.82
173522	Marsh, Wm. H.	236.73
176131	Mayer, A. M.	40.48
177256	Moore, Maggie	304.89
193483	Mathieson, Robert	4,949.23
200782	Murdoch, Rebecca J.	6,076.50
213192	Morgan, Albert	4,876.66
214201	Moody, Martha E.	1,627.29
388518	Miller, Geo. P.	170.39
389518	Mayrhofer, Marie	755.76
389523	Maxwell, Maud P.	29.95
393023	Malloy, Della	121.27
393306	Marshall, Lillian L.	65.75
416722	Miller, Margaret A.	109.20
416833	Maltinsky, Gertrude	400.61
273138	Montague, Peter	531.29
280484	Mulligan, Jas. H.	111.54
302934	Mangham, Mary E.	559.80
303111	Markey, Ella	309.56
307535	Mansell, Cordelia S.	112.52
317978	Martin, Margaret A.	58.91
317979	Martin, Nellie M.	67.91
318870	Mitchell, Geo. H.	38.37
319640	Mathieson, Margaret	1,829.78
332014	Meister, Annie L.	878.90
333843	Madia, Gaetano,	647.02
334991	Mockus, Frank	60.11
338979	Moore, Vivian S.	46.84
351668	Morgan, James S., Exr.	109.41
353338	Marks, Elizabeth	879.70
356230	Molnar, Mary	68.83
356932	Martin, Wm. E.	85.41
357928	Munn, Silas A.	22.80
359817	Millhiser, John, Jr.	409.19
360097	Mahoney, Margaret, Extrx.	913.95
417011	Martin, Quaneita	138.47
417279	Means, Linton D.	125.47
418029	Mallory, Emma	548.38
418484	Miller, Mazie McDonald	604.07
418947	Marshall, Glee S.	71.87
419171	Master, Wm. M.	116.63
419364	Murphy, John C.	148.18
419454	Matters, John	1,690.77
419457	Magin, Mary C.	114.79
419720	Mierzwa, Eleanor R.	2,289.75
419963	Murphy, Sarah E.	3,986.08
419965	Martin, Lloyd W.	331.45
420298	Moore, Marion E.	304.34
420299	Moore, John H., Jr.	149.25
224925	Murphy, Jerry	1,683.21
235573	Mayer, Mary A.	179.59
243482	Miller, Waldo P.	1,487.39
259445	Malloy, Nora	1,224.41
406620	Mort, Solomon	9,424.48
407178	Morrison, Elsie	258.60
407386	Meekin, Beatrice I. M.	117.45
411675	Manning, Julia H.	130.64
412569	Miller, Jerry G.	1,586.92
425403	Mullane, Bessie	918.26
425453	Marshall, Anna	215.41
229445	Muessner, Christ A.	35.50
255828	MacCloskey, Sara M.	3,928.41
407974	Murphy, Jno.	59.40
283208	Mahan, Hattie	1,143.74
285893	Minsky, Abe	101.17
291049	Montgomery, Annie D.	335.25
296759	May, Elizabeth	11.22
299020	Mahoney, Patrick	119.33
341473	Mercer, George N.	240.55
342411	Munster, Anna C.	114.37
342733	Moretsky, Alex	1,216.77
345596	Marr, Anna S.	66.36
371543	Murphy, Cecilia	400.41
373198	Myers, Myrtle B.	3,589.26
375270	Martin, Margarette J.	117.02
375983	Miller, Chas.	31.63
404775	Mabon, Anna V.	412.16
405190	Merriman, Emma M.	1,548.81
413836	Miller, Anna C.	39.02
414863	MacMurray, Edith B.	1,205.78
423024	Matters, Marie A.	843.19
423586	Matters, Walter J.	272.84
423625	Maude, Frances	169.81
423989	Miller, Carrie	184.04
424248	Mason, Walker, Jr.	542.10
424263	Marks, Jack	108.38
377832	Martin, Wellington L.	1,085.67
380882	Mastrangelo, Giovanno	37.79
361197	Mullen, Mary E.	765.08
362796	Mullen, Gertrude M.	162.87
367400	Miller, Luella P.	117.45
367658	Moore, J. Scott	28.36
370857	Mechling, Will	284.00
370891	Malloy, Della	121.27
321100	Mercer, Marjorie B.	21.59
322898	Malley, Winifred	4,882.05
381146	Mullin, Mary E.	340.50
382019	Markey, Wm. E.	39.28
384194	Moorehead, Dora B.	226.24
394228	Myers, Angeline L.	1,337.66
394851	Maussner, Chris A.	47.28
395984	Mack, Annie E.	691.48
397576	Maierhofer, Martha	43.29
398066	Mercer, Harry S., Jr.	45.85
399341	Mayer, Edw. L.	21.57
400721	Markley, Harry	486.84
400770	Murphy, Harry	23.22
402296	Moran, Frank	7,445.24
402297	Moran, Lida C.	7,504.76
422690	Morrow, Margt A.	802.97
422857	Miller, Eva B.	87.85
363834	Moore, Clyde J.	262.97
395260	Mallinger, Harry	23.50

Mc

21927	McCormick, Benj. N.	678.14
113714	McMahon, Denis	6,854.90
123938	McAllister, Sarah A.	294.17
149863	McCallister, Hugh	6,586.40
155580	McKean, Chas. A.	35.66
157992	McAdams, Mina L.	108.81
160197	McClaren, Samuel M.	233.86
167603	McNamee, Henry V.	49.01
193576	McLay, Janet L.	1,219.94

196154	McCall, Clinton W.	120.41
198093	McLaughlin, Jas. B.	13.23
202932	McAfee, Jas. Jr.	2,677.43
209326	McNamee, Catherine	897.62
214575	McQuaide, Jos. R.	21.15
386283	McDonnell, Mary	142.99
386569	McDonald, Isabel J.	207.19
387659	McCarthy, Mollie A.	175.55
390250	McLaughlin, Pearl	20.91
390722	McCann, Margt. E.	320.42
391141	McCampbell, J. H. R.	163.43
415624	McCallen, Marg't	641.44
416061	McClelland, Boles T.	549.33
416147	McGivern, Jennie	48.16
266914	McKee, John	379.12
276296	McManus, Margt.	789.22
303333	McDermott, Cath. A.	110.72
312015	McCloskey, Manus	618.34
318791	McNamara, Mary	152.85
336164	McGonigal, Elizabeth	591.84
336820	McCarthy, Michael	486.29
338360	McDowell, Miles J.	85.70
352463	McWilliams, Cliff F.	37.41
354056	McMahon, Nora	60.89
359972	McClure, Columbus C.	128.02
417239	McCann, Martin	301.15
247454	McCloy, Mary B.	1,003.49
252681	McDonald, Mary F. W.	65.85
258720	McClory, Lizzie	40.38
406116	McCutcheon, Irene	2,898.42
406861	McKrell, Norma C.	57.32
403240	McConnell, John W.	46.48
409685	McGee, Margt. F.	76.74
410251	McAleese, Mary	125.58
410514	McGee, Marg't F.	47.62
411893	McCann, Elizabeth C.	949.61
425199	McKee, R. Dickson	215.41
364329	McCosker, Elizabeth	56.93
368208	McElligott, Nellie R.	620.56
369192	McMahon, Thos. C.	76.15
370708	McCloy, Wm. M.	1,183.66
328516	McCall, Jas.	210.63
381326	McIsaac, Mary	1,902.53
385787	McColligan, May F.	296.35
394224	McCarthy, Emma R.	16.78
395429	McKelvey, Chas. L.	583.91
397557	McCoy, Mollie	1,264.87
398589	McCabe, John A.	3,758.68
399937	McMurray, Harriet	2,409.23
422862	McQuillan, J. D.	202.59
282936	McLaughlin, Frank W.	21.97
345695	McGill, David F., Ex.	426.12
347474	McConnell, Christina	1,164.47
371013	McCabe, James C.	42.70
372345	McGuire, Susan	41.34
404119	McCort, Nettie	369.51
404421	McCartney, Hannah	274.65
404546	McNaight, Nellie L.	681.51
404907	McCreary, Julian L.	73.32
405774	McCauley, Alice L.	855.78
405791	McKee, Robt. L.	169.64
424176	McGinnis, Eulalia J.	108.38
380330	McCracken, Ray O.	562.19

N

244044	North, Lillian	2,468.94
252248	Neal, S. Forrester	1,780.31
412553	Newart, John W.	1,249.45
412997	Nykiel, Jan	318.17
230123	Nearhoff, Mollie	17.09
76309	Neale, James B.	165.20
153707	Nichols, Mary	357.74
187654	Nicholson, Carrie E.	529.61
212949	Nickel, Emma C.	107.41
390672	Neaman, Rose	486.66
416146	Neaman, Rose	152.49
263388	Nichols, Thos.	141.94
276963	Newby, Elizabeth	60.85
303546	Nordozza, Frank	3,602.71
316271	Noss, Ralph L.	13.08
336656	Niehoff, Hypatia H.	192.32
340237	Newbury, Jennie D.	2,773.31
353106	Neale, Chas. T. 3rd	758.41
356400	Newman, Jay R.	79.34
418451	Nicholson, Anna	827.60
420931	Neely, J. Emmett	263.76
417041	Nelson, Charlotte F.	33.62
373558	Nicholson, Clarine	383.05
413651	Nelson, John O.	503.50
373518	Nevins, James	3.65
380418	Nagle, Bridget	40.11
381489	Newell, Jas. H.	29.10
384661	Nihill, Elizabeth	94.95

O

277536	O'Connor, Mary A.	211.39
319403	O'Donnell, Margt. J.	44.22
356220	Osborne, Boodie	16.16
420809	O'Connor, Martin J.	5,910.85
205728	O'Connor, Minnie H.	151.51
208850	O'Leary, Annie	5,134.00
416264	Osburn, Anna E.	125.09
402208	Off, Gustave	59.03
287551	O'Hare, Margt.	124.76
298340	O'Malley, John T.	537.87
299940	Ogden, Mary	913.98
413643	O'Neill, Rose	45.88
414000	Oslasky, Sophia	1,169.51
423239	O'Connor, Patrick J.	171.03
424022	O'Toole, Mary B.	1,142.25
377782	Orbin, Mary E.	25.05
361860	O'Donnell, Jas. F.	50.76
364207	O'Keefe, Catherine	330.32
327817	O'Flaherty, Kate	44.00
384863	O'Reilly, Thos. D.	19.86
400820	Ortinberg, Herman	16.31

P

114205	Patterson, J. A. B.	78.19
145383	Patterson, Ella M.	1,382.85
171679	Percy, Etta V.	821.42
199489	Page, Margt. H.	93.62
203873	Pryor, Will	156.10
206929	Payne, Minnie	2,047.76
388887	Potter, Marie W.	1,024.24
416190	Petrokas, John	816.16
271379	Plender, Martha B.	27.27
273084	Pepper, James	225.01
319360	Platt, Joseph	83.94
332821	Pastorius, Mary T.	35.76
333198	Powers, Frank I.	548.35
351685	Pehrson, Alfred K.	34.49
352892	Paulin, Anna L.	141.66
353279	Pabst, Mary E.	131.00
355463	Peterson, Anna	4,061.92
359038	Pemberton, Anna B.	49.45
359746	Price, Katherine	347.03
419181	Price, Dorothy	93.16
420594	Palley, Rose	592.99
246067	Patterson, Bridget	26.27
246853	Powers, Elizabeth	16.97
250331	Peterson, Peter	742.59
257181	Powell, Walter G.	121.75
407050	Pecinkas, Tandansz	1,082.16
403949	Petvini, Marya	1,233.22
412194	Pfarr, Albert W.	79.20
425098	Plung, Rose	269.27
425161	Plung, Mary	322.46
363542	Patterson, Mary F.	70.97
365302	Puhlman, Mary M.	116.17
366959	Pisano, Angelamaria	208.25
367372	Paulin, Mary M.	200.77
321610	Pearce, Sara	76.65
381686	Patterson, Margt. J.	361.66
382725	Piasecki, Lena	566.66
383375	Portman, Agnes C.	32.95
395655	Phillips, Hanna	33.50
396379	Palmer, Sam'l R.	113.49
399197	Porter, Marg't.	753.18
399387	Pennington, Elizabeth G. B.	111.71
400485	Porter, Catherine	512.93
400993	Pecinkas, Jonas	78.75
421215	Pollack, Fannie	1,121.82
421243	Petrucci, Mena R.	565.31
422185	Pemberton, M. Alice	109.61
346035	Patanka, Maria	224.12
346158	Porter, Robt. J.	58.49
349727	Powers, Edward	1,054.14
373247	Pierce, Mary E.	3,125.03
414660	Painter, Leola	172.82
423333	Park, Mayme C.	1,167.53
423943	Pletcher, Ralph M.	217.55
424453	Paley, Bessie R.	325.27
376749	Powell, Wm., Sr.	395.64
377208	Patterson, Albert H.	58.81

R

64554	Royce, Chas. N.	23.86
98138	Richards, Ella	13,304.55
123774	Robinson, Kate W.	4,800.52
180793	Ramsay, Erskine	10,602.77
188483	Renison, Wm. J.	1,409.41
205225	Rogers, Maggie	9,952.33
386788	Rosenberger Constantine	90.34
386886	Remoh, H. L.	14.15
392423	Rust, A. W. L.	111.26
392633	Renison, Clara J.	312.05
393408	Riddell, Geo. W.	134.53
416487	Roehrs, Peoria	242.33
280095	Rock, Katherine	42.37
280894	Roney, Katherine M.	1,338.69
337020	Rosendale, Lena	28.24
352099	Rupprecht, Blanche	151.43
354922	Ries, Elizabeth	792.00
355002	Rittman, Floyd L.	31.95
355943	Roncaglione, Martine	4,179.85
356538	Ross, Charles C.	138.77
357468	Riggs, Mary F.	927.13
358093	Riefer, Henry J.	75.95
360534	Rucker Clara E.	57.66
420645	Rhea, Velma M.	3,131.21
358990	Ryan, Rhea F.	144.72
244215	Rodgers, Helena	19.30
249274	Ritchie, John A.	17.32
252025	Roberts, Flora	1,163.27
253262	Rose, Anna	482.59
403061	Ritchey, John D.	27.21
409202	Rhall, Mary	72.32
412327	Robertson, John A.	1,462.51
425174	Rubenstein, Sam	195.40
231925	Rider, John W.	23.80
288565	Rhey, Margt. A.	87.73
294859	Rhine, Mary C.	67.00
343634	Regine, Sam	38.69

[illegible]	Rote, Simon E.	771.50
[illegible]	Robertson, Alice M.	14.49
373752	Reilly, John	1[illegible].43
375181	Reichert, Bertha E. L.	23.46
405054	Reese, Gladys C.	448.32
413314	Rihn, Anna B.	341.11
413380	Richey, Chas. L.	37.85
413618	Readal, Thos. M.	39.82
413853	Roth, Martha W.	1,731.42
423131	Ross, Thomas E.	[illegible]23.39
423432	Ramsey, Marshall E.	1,[illegible]35.27
424292	Rosenshine, Goldie	513.10
377[illegible]82	Robb, Clyde J.	10[illegible].62
380395	Rowse, Jos. S.	285.96
380867	Reynolds, Wm. R.	92.71
363060	Rankin, Bessie S.	192.28
361939	Rosparti, Egnozio	66.89
365447	Raskanskas, Margt. A.	32.24
365480	Rice, Albert A.	113.52
370114	Raeside, Margt.	84.89
322263	Ressler, Mary	675.26
325123	Ross, Chas. C.	278.02
328304	Rosenthall, Fannye	1,512.37
328984	Rosner, Karl	121.97
387193	Russell, Martha L.	459.13
384807	Rice, Marie E.	1,103.13
394630	Rubenstein, Sam'l	316.97
393[illegible]30	Rice, Gertrude E.	122.93
393054	Roonan, Cyril	1,303.53
40[illegible]31	Ricker, Chas. J.	137.90
40[illegible]617	Rosenthal, Thresa E.	538.56
421075	Rigg, Rebecca R.	128.03
421819	Reynolds, Martin J.	214.43
[illegible]	Richardson, John A	85.49
421741	Roberts, Elta M.	282.83

S

22[illegible]72	Sherrard, Isaac	30.47
22[illegible]272	Stewart, James O.	1,243.15
2303[illegible]2	Schuster, Lottie	5,022.80
238472	Sheridan, John	312.61
251015	Stroud, Helen L.	270.80
4081[illegible]6	Stocker, Wm. F.	1,203.98
40[illegible]230	Schenck, Ella	281.47
40[illegible]293	Schultz, Jennie L.	353.15
407217	Stover, Gillow	1,854.95
407039	Scott, Sara B.	203.38
409333	Sierey, Pitor	1,477.59
410[illegible]61	Smith, Emily W.	1,180.09
410373	Stefanowicz, Wicenty	9,871.05
411[illegible]49	Shekels, Harold F.	31.91
411[illegible]73	Shaughnessy, Sarah A.	756.36
412[illegible]58	Smith, Estie	37.15
412[illegible]37	Shand, Ida M.	955.46
412[illegible]41	Street, Dorothy V.	53.93
412[illegible]99	Stewart, Zora	1,740.11
412[illegible]81	Shine, Mary	193.87
42[illegible]496	Sullivan, Ellie	1,378.55
42[illegible]78	Schmitt, Dorothy E.	164.21
406[illegible]52	Stanton, Anna M.	31.19
265[illegible]46	Schudenkoph, Otto	94.16
268[illegible]19	Sterner, Pearl	33.97
271678	Siefker, Mary C.	1,222.92
278000	Sonneborn, Chas.	6,301.93
280374	Sonneborn, Helen	2,816.82
306743	Schnaufer, Edw.	1,901.62
311058	Sutter, George E.	196.70
312[illegible]45	Stephens, Wm. G.	237.21
334[illegible]56	Szimanski, Kazymierz	747.63
334720	Stewart, Anna D.	34.55
338[illegible]31	Stamm, Helen E.	496.67
351[illegible]75	Sussman, Walter	32.61
351211	Sohngen, Phillip G.	31.64
252953	Spreen, Callie	29.05
353[illegible]55	Sieling, Sarah E.	786.[illegible]7
354531	Stack, Katherine J.	[illegible]5.10
S[illegible]714	Seltzer, Nathan	[illegible]3.42
359771	Snowden, Emma R.	86.[illegible]3
417716	Schweitzer, Samuel F.	49.[illegible]2
418[illegible]59	Savage, Ruth V.	41.[illegible]6
419850	Sacks, Wm.	15.[illegible]0
419868	Shallenberger, Belle C.	1,25[illegible]4
420287	Seward, Rudolph W.	293.[illegible]4
420320	Simpson, Cora	56.21
276967	Shand, Ida M.	3,2[illegible]5.14
337237	Sindorf, Chr. Mac.	3,[illegible]5.54
89837	Scotch, Clara J. H.	19.52
92558	Sucson, Johanna	8[illegible]2.92
107167	Schmidt, Luise	3[illegible]7.41
139120	Spiotti, Mary	14.[illegible]2
143036	Steinbrink, Sophie M.	87[illegible]1.11
153815	Somers, Chas.	[illegible]3.44
153872	Snyder, Bernhard	5[illegible]7.41
178551	Smith, Annie	6[illegible]2.21
180536	Sproul, Ida M.	7[illegible]5.17
192223	Standard, Jane H.	[illegible]1.[illegible]
193186	Scott, Lizzie F.	27[illegible]7.[illegible]
196509	Skillen, Edith	[illegible]3.51
200763	Summons, Peter H.	[illegible]
214191	Smith, Emma	[illegible]
215873	Sutter, Edna B.	[illegible]
382269	Shaffer, Annie	[illegible]
387145	Shelton, Marie L.	[illegible]
389385	Sharpe, Patrick	[illegible]
390883	Shuler, Harry	[illegible]
391665	Smith, R. T.	[illegible]
392282	Sheehan, Rachel	[illegible]
392298	Schuring, Mary A.	[illegible]
392425	Simons, Lulu	1,554.67
392465	Smith, Robt. A.	12.32
393379	Shapiro, Frank	516.72
286246	Silliman, Marie A.	1,247.24
286757	Stitt, Maggie J.	14.98
294870	Stockdill, James	273.74
299695	Seymour, Lansing S.	192.60
341306	Schneider, Edw. J.	1,341.93
344012	Stone, Jennie S.	44.82
345772	Stubbe, Gertrude	240.48
348403	Sweeney, Catherine	17.12
349464	Strothers, Emma	116.90
350868	Suttin, Harry	46.63
371070	Shakarian, Hagop D.	325.74
371[illegible]41	Stephenson, Bessie P.	1,267.21
371552	Schilling, Rosalie P.	219.23
371793	Stokes, Hathern A.	63.83
374085	Schneider, Harry E.	122.37
375[illegible]79	Sirons, George	60.99
404762	Smith, J. Raymond	18.85
405947	Smith, Florence	82.96
413666	Schwotzer, Frieda F.	199.87
414287	Salsgiver, Taylor	928.75
414665	Skinner, James	176.40
423363	Serbin, Joseph	114.51
423677	Swelbar, Martin	414.73
424023	Smith, Margt. Hare	542.93
424184	Smith, Horace G.	102.25
424484	Slome, Jacob	542.10
424781	Short, Bessie Virginia	110.44
377860	Smith, Alfred F.	24.56
378415	Sellers, Hilda L.	879.95
379063	Stitiler, Kath. P.	12.55
380[illegible]02	Schroeder, Thos. B.	176.17
361664	Scott, Samuel S.	539.23
382[illegible]52	Scott, Max	139.95
[illegible]277	Stevenson, Joanna McG.	61.14
385[illegible]02	Sigal, Jos.	573.92
387181	Salvia, Leonardo	67.92
87[illegible]13	Schwartz, Hannah	14.49
327957	Schmidt, Dorothy E.	1,551.81
328[illegible]81	Swartzlander, Margt.	128.63
331033	Snavely, Jesse K.	226.95
3[illegible]3	Stevens, Margt.	1,987.76
333576	Stockwell, Jos A.	739.77
384764	Schmidt, Katharine	121.82
335933	Steffaniak, Andy P.	51.95
394435	Sauers, John	219.87
394774	Schmidt, Martha	25.07
395407	Stewart, Elizabeth E.	2,858.55
395575	Stengel, Wm. J.	329.96
396175	Szezypienski, Aleksander	2,098.43
397936	Siebert, Elizabeth S.	58.48
398203	Sterling, Elizabeth W.	85.33
398228	Seibert, Andrew R.	589.01
398343	Schmidt, Mathilda E.	463.75
399[illegible]32	Snyder, Park McK.	68.03
400[illegible]32	Stonecipher, David	142.39
401415	Shelton, Marie L.	64.00
401563	Stiff, Catherine V.	1,036.54
401609	Suter, Lillie	185.84
401614	Strothers, Herbert	69.95
402435	Scharning, Josephine	3,017.25
402552	Swab, Sallie G.	62.09
402705	Shick, Mealy M.	45.55
403211	Scott, Ellen	33.30
403778	Sugarmann, Marie	99.47
403847	Schmid, Walton B.	356.70
421431	Sullivan, Margt. P.	768.78
421542	Schofield, John N.	47.51
422039	Shirey, Mary L.	32.31
335180	Sniderman, Nathan	18.55

T

[illegible]2[illegible]22	Theis, Matilda	106.24
1[illegible]2[illegible]1	Thomas, Mary C.	2,737.17
[illegible]54[illegible]3	Titzel, Jos. E.	633.82
[illegible]3[illegible]1	[illegible]	1,494.17
[illegible]1[illegible]1	[illegible]	472.53
[illegible]3[illegible]6	[illegible]	102.63
[illegible]7[illegible]1	[illegible]	189.85
[illegible]2[illegible]43	Thomas, Wm	24.52
[illegible]3[illegible]1	[illegible]	67.36
[illegible]0[illegible]5	Thurnau, C. Mac.	1,094.20
[illegible]3[illegible]7	[illegible]	62.92
[illegible]2[illegible]2	Tindall, Edith C	974.83
[illegible]3[illegible]0	Topham, [illegible]	314.54
[illegible]0[illegible]81	Thomas, Niemo	2,[illegible]3.[illegible]
[illegible]3[illegible]3	[illegible]	67.44
[illegible]3[illegible]1	[illegible]	882.88
[illegible]1[illegible]7	[illegible]	151.37
407755	Tener, Alexander C.	71.33
407433	Thomas, Annie C.	132.32
410371	Topham, Sarah	428.76
[illegible]1[illegible]7	[illegible]	672.52
4[illegible]3[illegible]1	[illegible]	271.56
411[illegible]9	Tyman, Michael	41.93
[illegible]	[illegible]	141.64
[illegible]6	Till, Jane R.	282.13
[illegible]0	[illegible]	591.47
[illegible]	[illegible]	64.03
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,031.27
[illegible]	Thompson, Mollie C.	2,339.14
[illegible]	[illegible]	542.28
[illegible]	[illegible]	185.36
[illegible]	Thomas, Lydia T.	100.56
[illegible]	[illegible]	348.98

U

222157	Uhr, Theodore	714.68
304473	Ulm, Minnie	76.11
336175	Underwood, Herbert M.	18.46
340273	Urling, Geo. A. Jr.	28.88
402264	Underwood, Veronica	25.96

V

233340	Vincus, Pavil	12,196.80
348036	Vance, James H.	18.53
375629	Voland, Wm. F. G.	306.97
413095	Vita, Fred	1,948.81
413096	Vita, Anthony	2,231.48
380589	Vetter, Celia L.	726.54
328498	Vetter, Edw. J.	66.83

W

17723	Walthour, Anna M.	13,126.99
45603	Wilson, Agnes	1,195.44
46497	Wilson, William P.	42.59
71814	Wilson, Ada L.	77.37
73392	Wilson, Laura A.	69.91
74940	Wilson, Anna M.	2,666.35
86723	Walter, Elizabeth L.	1,077.11
88723	Wilson, Lizzie J.	336.05
113337	Whyte, Clementina	162.95
123842	Woodhead, Sarah A.	1,444.76
149095	Walton, M. Agnes	317.91
186707	Wageley, Lydia M.	446.05
193133	Weetman, Elizabeth	362.98
208026	Wakefield, James A.	263.49
211762	Weir, Myra	1,171.76
387141	Waterman, Evalyn	44.08
388446	Wiesinger, Edna M.	188.94
389817	Walsh, John A.	1,503.94
390114	Weithause, Mayme	58.59
391129	Wertz, Marie	67.68
392659	Williams, Alvin J.	167.93
392884	Warmbt, Bruno	32.47
416046	Wenzel, Katherine C.	7,559.30
272596	Wimmer, Mary R.	163.49
273205	Woods, Emma B.	441.40
276658	Wilkinson, Wm.	306.90
300071	Waugaman, Marg't	1,604.34
300250	Ward, Frank	187.16
301849	Weilersbacher, Eliz. F.	51.26
307818	White, Sophie	94.17
308935	Wilbraham, Isabella	46.21
312915	Watson, Clarence E.	46.89
313763	Weller, Lavine M.	586.99
316222	Weckerle, Fredricka	2,374.09
316223	Williams, Augustine F.	119.50
331773	Wuori, Sophie	222.95
331886	Wallace, Maude D.	216.67
336194	Willock, Geo. J.	1,616.96
339574	Waggoner, Loretta V.	1,705.54
354283	Wilson, Wm. M.	139.50
354917	Walsh, John J.	63.04
359104	Walker, Katherine	117.68
417632	Wolpert, Sadie M.	911.28
418327	Watson, Marg't T.	247.51
419778	Waggoner, Oliver A.	5,060.45
420047	Watkins, Robert S.	570.52
420352	Wolfe, Catherine M.	210.78
307304	Weppner, Minnie M.	23.97
237108	Walters, Mary A.	512.17
248875	Winklevass, Robert	116.97
254045	Wightman, Nan	35.16
258630	Weinman, James B.	110.53
405947	Williams, Clarissa C.	312.72
408170	Wettengel, C. Albert	5,456.73
408571	Wisznievski, Joe	1,615.67
410013	Ward, Esther E.	686.64
410182	Wilson, Edw. W.	104.91
410298	Woods, Frances N.	62.51
410545	Wagner, Anthony	59.05
410874	Wilcox, John V.	5,212.50
411420	Ward, Muriel D.	802.67
412935	Wagner, Mary Jane	206.11
425563	Ward, Sarah	9,352.04
282456	Werner, Justus H.	41.13
292847	Wilds, Katherine	56.55
294502	Winters, Kathryn	140.04
294505	Weller, Jane	61.00
348230	Wright, Margaret	1,545.34
348629	Wallace Glancy O.	125.07
349610	Walker James	21.96
372685	Walker, Carrie M.	112.55
373221	Walker, Gilbert S.	295.60
375666	Watkins, Gertrude A.	77.28
404547	Wasilwska, Amelia	493.79
405625	Walsh, Mary	1,018.66
405699	Walter, Katie	1,221.66
414122	Wirth, Peter	727.70
424656	Wood, Helen E.	379.12
376240	Williams, Alvin J.	446.44
361233	Willock, Geo. J.	1,204.96
321107	Wilbur, Samuel P.	187.99
327195	Walters, Ruth H.	92.94
394020	Wilcox, Chas. C.	33.37
394473	Williams, Mary M.	42.37
394850	Wadsworth, Roberts	157.50
395133	Welsh, Elizabeth	59.97
396442	Weller, Justine C.	22.98
398231	Wolz, George	150.81
399048	Wolf, Rose	3,096.87
399694	Walsh, Josephine	31.57
401259	Wilde, Samuel R.	109.39
401656	Wildi, Emma E.	3,468.41
402249	Wagner, Sara E.	3,657.13
402720	Williams, Clarissa C.	267.70
403093	Whitaker, Harriet E.	248.05
361353	White, Ulysses G.	94.93
365126	Wicks, John W.	914.17
367079	Weibel, John T.	18.78

Y

203870	Young, Anna M.	511.38
424402	Young, Henrietta C.	108.38

Z

390244	Zeedick, Anna M.	513.47
420110	Zinn, Mary J.	456.40
413097	Zaborowski, Dorothy	73.01
414638	Zeedick, Annette M.	532.12
397226	Zimmerman, Roy R.	128.09

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933

The subscribers, duly appointed by the President Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, to audit and settle the Accounts of The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, under the provisions of the Third Section of the Supplement to the "Act" incorporating the said Society, approved March 15, 1824, having been duly qualified, respectively report:

That, in the performance of the duties assigned them, they have audited and settled the Books and Accounts of The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year ending the thirty-first day of December, 1933, and have examined and ascertained the amount of the Bonds and Mortgages, Real Estate, Public Loans, Railroad Loans, and the other evidences of the property and effects of the said Society, and agreeably thereto have made out the subjoined statement, which agrees with the books at that date, and exhibits the situation and condition of the said The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society on the first day of January, 1934.

FRANCIS BIDDLE,
EMILN C. GUYELIN,
T. TRUXTUN HARE,
Auditors.

ASSETS

PUBLIC LOANS

UNITED STATES BONDS

			Par Value	As Charged
Treasury Notes	1937	3%	2,640,000.00	2,640,000.00
Treasury Notes	1937	3¼	100,000.00	100,000.00
Treasury Notes	1938	2⅞	300,000.00	300,000.00
Fourth Liberty Loan	1938	4¼	2,532,000.00	2,544,514.03
Treasury Bonds	1941	3¼	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Treasury Bonds	1945	4¼-3¼	2,370,000.00	2,370,000.00
Treasury Bonds	1947	3⅜	250,000.00	250,000.00
Treasury Bonds	1952	4¼	8,300,000.00	8,281,962.53

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933—(Continued)

STATE BONDS

			Par Value	As Charged
Illinois, State	1937-1956	4	3,536,000.00	3,508,203.65
Maryland, State	1934-1937	4	6,000.00	5,947.50
Mississippi, State	1946	4½	470,000.00	470,000.00
New Jersey, State	1934	4¼	20,000.00	19,950.00
New Jersey, State	1940-1941	3¼	225,000.00	222,537.36
New Jersey, State	1942	4	31,000.00	31,000.00
New York, State	1945-1950	3	32,000.00	31,462.41
North Carolina, State	1935-1936	4½	500,000.00	500,000.00
Pennsylvania, State	1936-1943	3¾	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Pennsylvania, State	1951	4¾	1,442,000.00	1,442,000.00
Tennessee, State	1934-1945	4½	370,000.00	370,000.00
Tennessee, State	1942	4¼	500,000.00	500,000.00
West Virginia, State	1935-1950	4½	717,000.00	717,000.00
West Virginia, State	1942-1947	4¼	208,000.00	208,000.00

COUNTY BONDS

Allegany County, Md.	1947-1952	4¼	183,000.00	183,000.00
Allegheny County, Pa.	1934-1939	4	231,000.00	229,828.81
Allegheny County, Pa.	1934-1955	4¼	922,000.00	921,957.50
Anne Arundel County, Md.	1934-1939	4½	120,000.00	120,000.00
Ashtabula County, Ohio	1934-1935	4	15,000.00	14,798.61
Ashtabula County, Ohio	1934-1936	5	26,000.00	26,000.00
Atlantic County, N. J.	1934-1948	4½	455,000.00	277,550.00
Atlantic County, N. J.	1939-1946	5	150,000.00	84,000.00
Baltimore County, Md.	1944-1966	4½	478,000.00	478,000.00
Bergen County, N. J.	1934-1955	4½	676,000.00	676,000.00
Bergen County, N. J.	1937-1939	4¼	150,000.00	150,000.00
Buncombe County, N. C.	1934-1937	4¾	80,000.00	18,400.00
Butler County, Ohio	1934-1938	5%	40,000.00	40,000.00
Butler County, Pa.	1934	4½	20,000.00	20,000.00
Cambria County, Pa.	1934-1945	4¼	217,000.00	217,000.00
Camden County, N. J.	1935	4½	3,000.00	3,000.00
Camden County, N. J.	1951-1960	4¼	223,000.00	223,000.00
Cape May County, N. J.	1934-1947	4½	390,000.00	390,000.00
Cape May County, N. J.	1936	6	21,000.00	21,000.00
Cape May County, N. J.	1942-1944	5	75,000.00	75,000.00
Chautauqua County, N. Y.	1938-1939	5	350,000.00	350,000.00
Cook County, Ill.	1938-1947	4	691,000.00	435,330.00
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	1934-1946	4½	538,000.00	538,000.00
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	1944-1951	4¼	272,000.00	271,320.00
Dallas County, Road District No. 1, Texas	1950-1953	4¾	200,000.00	200,000.00
Dillon, Florence, Williamsburg, Colleton, Beaufort and Jaspar Counties, S. C. (Coastal Highway Bonds)	1934-1935	4¾	200,000.00	200,000.00
Dillon, Florence, Williamsburg, Colleton, Beaufort and Jaspar Counties, S. C. (Coastal Highway Bonds)	1936-1939	4½	100,000.00	100,000.00
Duval County, Fla.	1934-1939	5	108,000.00	108,000.00
Essex County, N. J.	1949	4½	10,000.00	10,000.00
Essex County, N. Y.	1938	3½	49,000.00	48,938.75
Fayette County, Pa.	1935-1945	4½	253,000.00	253,000.00
Fond du Lac County, Wis.	1936-1941	4½	86,000.00	86,000.00
Forsyth County, N. C.	1934-1956	4½	155,000.00	155,000.00
Franklin County, Ohio	1934	5	10,000.00	10,000.00
Franklin County, Ohio	1934-1937	4¾	22,000.00	22,000.00
Franklin County, Ohio	1934-1940	4½	106,000.00	106,000.00
Greenville County, S. C.	1935-1943	4½	200,000.00	200,000.00
Guilford County, N. C.	1938-1943	4¼	300,000.00	300,000.00
Guilford County, N. C.	1940-1950	4½	204,000.00	204,000.00
Hamilton County, Ohio	1934-1936	4½	61,000.00	61,000.00
Hamilton County, Ohio	1939-1946	5	70,000.00	70,000.00
Hamilton County, Tenn.	1947-1958	4½	416,000.00	416,000.00
Harris County, Texas	1938-1951	4½	100,000.00	100,000.00
Harris County, Texas	1944-1947	4¾	50,000.00	50,000.00
Harris County, Houston Ship Channel Navigation District, Texas	1945-1958	4½	400,000.00	400,000.00
Hudson County, N. J.	1935-1950	4½	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Jackson County, Mo.	1944-1950	4½	340,000.00	340,000.00
King County, Wash.	1935-1949	4½	200,000.00	200,000.00
Knox County, Tenn.	1947	5	150,000.00	150,000.00
Lehigh County, Pa.	1941	4¼	165,000.00	165,000.00
Lorain County, Ohio	1935-1947	4½	220,000.00	220,000.00
Lucas County, Ohio	1934-1939	5%	288,000.00	288,000.00
Lucas County, Ohio	1945-1954	4½	390,000.00	390,000.00
Macomb County, Mich.	1934-1938	5	89,000.00	89,000.00
Mahoning County, Ohio	1934-1938	4¼	20,000.00	19,820.68
Mahoning County, Ohio	1934-1941	4½	211,000.00	211,000.00
Mahoning County, Ohio	1934-1939	5	77,000.00	77,000.00
Mahoning County, Ohio	1934-1943	4¾	138,000.00	138,000.00
Middlesex County, N. J.	1934-1943	4¼	404,000.00	404,000.00
Milwaukee County, Wis.	1943-1949	4¾	500,000.00	500,000.00
Monmouth County, N. J.	1937-1948	4½	315,000.00	315,000.00
Montgomery County, Md.	1934-1962	4½	748,000.00	748,000.00
Montgomery County, Ohio	1934	5½	6,000.00	5,880.00
Montgomery County, Ohio	1934-1946	5	162,100.00	136,164.00
Montgomery County, Ohio	1934-1948	4¾	94,000.00	76,140.00
Montgomery County, Ohio	1934-1950	4½	137,000.00	106,860.00
Montgomery County, Ohio	1938-1942	6	104,000.00	86,050.00
Morris County, N. J.	1935-1941	4½	159,000.00	159,000.00
Multnomah County, Ore.	1935-1954	4½	364,000.00	364,000.00
Multnomah County, Ore.	1945-1951	4¾	153,000.00	153,000.00
Nassau County, N. Y.	1934-1940	4¼	400,000.00	400,000.00
Oakland County, Mich.	1934-1938	4	33,000.00	31,020.00
Passaic County, N. J.	1934-1935	4½	85,000.00	85,000.00
Passaic County, N. J.	1935-1949	4¼	513,000.00	513,000.00
Richland, Lexington & Saluda Counties, S. C. (Highway Bonds)	1935-1937	4¾	200,000.00	200,000.00
Richland, Lexington & Saluda Counties, S. C. (Highway Bonds)	1937-1942	4½	62,000.00	61,922.50
St. Louis County, Mo.	1934-1948	4½	531,000.00	531,000.00
Scioto County, Ohio	1934-1938	4½	55,000.00	55,000.00
Shelby County, Tenn.	1935-1941	4¾	205,000.00	205,000.00
Shelby County, Tenn.	1949	4½	300,000.00	300,000.00
Somerset County, N. J.	1938-1950	4½	200,000.00	200,000.00
Spartanburg County, S. C.	1934-1947	4½	205,000.00	205,000.00
Stark County, Ohio	1934-1936	5	53,500.00	53,500.00
Stark County, Ohio	1934-1938	4½	310,000.00	310,000.00
Summit County, Ohio	1934-1936	5	120,000.00	115,200.00
Summit County, Ohio	1934-1940	4½	220,000.00	200,200.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933—(Continued)

COUNTY BONDS (Concluded)			Par Value	As Charged
Summit County, Ohio	1938	6	42,000.00	42,000.00
Tarrant County, Water Control & Improvement District No. 1, Texas	1937-1971	4½	493,000.00	491,685.00
Tioga County, Pa.	1934-1936	4½	50,000.00	50,000.00
Trumbull County, Ohio	1934-1943	4¾	238,000.00	238,000.00
Trumbull County, Ohio	1938-1939	6	25,000.00	25,000.00
Trumbull County, Ohio	1941-1942	4½	11,500.00	11,500.00
Tulsa County, Okla.	1940-1942	5%	62,000.00	62,000.00
Tulsa County, Okla.	1943-1948	4¾	138,000.00	138,000.00
Union County, N. J.	1934-1947	4¼	70,000.00	69,584.23
Union County, N. J.	1935-1960	4½	550,000.00	550,000.00
Venango County, Pa.	1938-1949	4¼	161,000.00	161,000.00
Wake County, N. C.	1935-1937	4¾	100,000.00	100,000.00
Wayne County, Mich.	1934-1935	5	50,000.00	50,000.00
Wayne County, Mich.	1934-1941	4¾	350,000.00	350,000.00
Wayne County, Mich.	1934-1937	4¼	104,000.00	104,000.00
Westmoreland County, Pa.	1935	4½	100,000.00	100,000.00
Wood County, Ohio	1934	4¾	22,000.00	22,000.00
MUNICIPAL BONDS				
Abington Township, Pa.	1938-1948	4½	49,000.00	49,000.00
Abington Township School District, Pa.	1938	4	1,000.00	1,000.00
Abington Township School District, Pa.	1938-1958	4½	60,000.00	60,000.00
Akron City, Ohio	1934-1937	4¾	40,000.00	40,000.00
Akron City, Ohio	1934-1951	4½	327,000.00	327,000.00
Allegheny City, Pa.	1937	4	119,000.00	110,670.00
Allegheny City, School District, Pa.	1934-1938	4	60,000.00	60,000.00
Allegheny City, School District, Pa.	1938	4½	69,000.00	69,000.00
Altoona City, Pa.	1936	4	43,000.00	43,000.00
Auburn City, N. Y.	1939-1943	3.60	67,000.00	67,000.00
Baltimore City, Md.	1935-1957	4	1,774,000.00	1,678,213.44
Baltimore City, Md.	1943	5	300,000.00	300,000.00
Bayonne City, N. J.	1944-1949	4½	250,000.00	250,000.00
Bayonne City, N. J.	1949-1958	4¼	295,000.00	295,000.00
Bethlehem Borough, South, Pa.	1942	4½	42,000.00	42,000.00
Boston City, Mass.	1937-1943	3¾	35,000.00	34,807.74
Bridgeport City, Conn.	1934-1968	4½	585,000.00	585,000.00
Buffalo City, N. Y.	1934-1935	4¼	183,000.00	183,000.00
Buffalo City, N. Y.	1938-1940	3.80	466,000.00	466,000.00
Camden City, N. J.	1934-1943	4¼	548,000.00	548,000.00
Canton City, Ohio	1934-1936	5	42,500.00	42,500.00
Carbondale City, School District, Pa.	1936-1945	4¼	51,000.00	51,000.00
Carbondale City, School District, Pa.	1936-1951	4¾	120,000.00	120,000.00
Charleston City, Ind. School Dist., W. Va.	1935-1948	5	135,000.00	135,000.00
Chattanooga City, Tenn.	1937-1960	4½	490,000.00	490,000.00
Chattanooga City, Tenn.	1955-1959	4¾	125,000.00	125,000.00
Cheltenham Township, School District, Pa.	1937	4	10,000.00	10,000.00
Chester City, School District, Pa.	1937-1942	4½	55,000.00	55,000.00
Chicago City, Ill.	1934-1935	4%	712,000.00	712,000.00
Chicago City, Ill.	1934-1940	5	1,370,000.00	1,370,000.00
Chicago City, Ill.	1938	6	438,000.00	438,000.00
Chicago, Sanitary District, Ill.	1934-1944	4¼	2,100,000.00	1,365,000.00
Chicago, Sanitary District, Ill.	1934-1945	4½	860,000.00	559,000.00
Cincinnati City, School District, Ohio	1934-1953	4½	650,000.00	650,000.00
Cleveland City, Ohio	1934	5	48,000.00	48,000.00
Cleveland City, Ohio	1934-1938	4¼	110,000.00	109,273.45
Cleveland City, Ohio	1934-1949	4½	1,135,000.00	1,135,000.00
Cleveland City, Ohio	1936-1950	4¾	220,000.00	220,000.00
Cleveland City, School District, Ohio	1935-1943	4¼	205,000.00	205,000.00
Cleveland City, School District, Ohio	1941-1946	4½	107,000.00	107,000.00
Clifton City, N. J.	1935-1956	4¼	100,000.00	100,000.00
Columbus City, Ohio	1934	5	15,000.00	15,000.00
Columbus City, Ohio	1934-1938	4½	232,500.00	232,500.00
Covington City, Ky.	1934-1959	4½	206,000.00	206,000.00
Covington City, Ky.	1951-1961	4¼	110,000.00	110,000.00
Dayton City, Ohio	1934-1936	4	30,000.00	29,363.54
Dayton City, Ohio	1934-1950	4¼	56,000.00	55,760.11
Dayton City, School District, Ohio	1940-1946	4½	167,000.00	167,000.00
Detroit City, Mich.	1936-1947	4½	712,000.00	712,000.00
Detroit City, Mich.	1956	4	600,000.00	584,947.08
East Cleveland, Ohio	1934-1937	4½	52,000.00	52,000.00
East Providence Town, R. I.	1937-1948	4¼	105,000.00	104,481.13
Elizabeth City, N. J.	1934-1954	4¼	226,000.00	226,000.00
Elizabeth City, N. J.	1942-1962	4½	175,000.00	175,000.00
El Paso City, Texas	1942-1956	4½	125,000.00	125,000.00
Elyria City, Ohio	1943-1950	4¼	58,000.00	58,000.00
Erie City, Pa.	1934-1960	4½	480,000.00	480,000.00
Fort Worth, Texas	1941-1954	4½	197,000.00	197,000.00
Grand Rapids City, Mich.	1944-1953	4½	280,000.00	280,000.00
Hamilton City, Ohio	1934-1952	5	226,000.00	226,000.00
Hamilton City, School District, Ohio	1934-1939	4½	126,000.00	126,000.00
Hanover Township, Pa.	1934-1947	4½	196,000.00	196,000.00
Harrisburg City, Pa.	1934-1936	4	42,000.00	40,320.00
Harrisburg City, Pa.	1934-1946	4¼	130,000.00	130,000.00
Harrisburg City, School District, Pa.	1934	4¼	14,000.00	14,000.00
Harrisburg City, School District, Pa.	1935-1936	4	2,000.00	2,000.00
Hazleton City, School District, Pa.	1934-1945	4½	82,000.00	82,000.00
Hoboken City, N. J.	1934	6	42,370.00	42,370.00
Huntington City, W. Va.	1954	4½	41,000.00	41,000.00
Huntington Town, N. J.	1934-1938	4½	90,000.00	90,000.00
Irvington Town, N. J.	1942-1947	4¾	200,000.00	200,000.00
Irvington Town, N. J.	1942-1949	4½	120,000.00	120,000.00
Jacksonville City, Fla.	1938	5	200,000.00	200,000.00
Jersey City, N. J.	1934-1948	4½	727,000.00	727,000.00
Johnstown City, School District, Pa.	1936-1941	4½	33,000.00	33,000.00
Kearney Town, N. J.	1943-1955	4½	400,000.00	400,000.00
Knoxville City, Tenn.	1934-1967	4½	575,000.00	575,000.00
Knoxville City, Tenn.	1941-1944	4¾	35,000.00	35,000.00
Lakewood City, Ohio	1934-1954	4¾	63,000.00	63,000.00
Lima City, Ohio	1934-1937	5	36,000.00	36,000.00
Lima City, Ohio	1934-1941	4½	16,000.00	16,000.00
Los Angeles City, Cal.	1934-1948	4½	700,000.00	700,000.00
Lower Merion, Township School District, Pa.	1935-1940	4½	35,000.00	35,000.00
Mahoning Valley, Sanitary District, Ohio	1934-1949	4¼	591,000.00	591,000.00
Mahoning Valley, Sanitary District, Ohio	1947-1948	4¾	100,000.00	100,000.00
McKeesport City, Pa.	1934-1949	4	52,000.00	52,000.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933—(Continued)

MUNICIPAL BONDS (Concluded)			Par Value	As Charged
Memphis City, Tenn.	1934-1951	4½	218,000.00	218,000.00
Memphis City, Tenn.	1945-1953	4¾	58,000.00	58,000.00
Memphis City, School District, Tenn.	1934-1956	4½	272,000.00	272,000.00
Memphis City, School District, Tenn.	1945-1954	4¾	42,000.00	42,000.00
Milwaukee City, Wis.	1937-1938	4¼	274,000.00	274,000.00
Milwaukee City, Wis.	1937-1939	4	180,000.00	179,775.00
Minneapolis City, Minn.	1934-1936	4½	27,975.00	27,975.00
Minneapolis City, Minn.	1934-1937	4¼	287,125.00	286,282.66
Minneapolis City, Minn.	1937-1938	3½	120,000.00	120,000.00
Montclair Town, N. J.	1934-1951	4½	305,000.00	305,000.00
Morristown Town, N. J.	1940-1951	4½	240,000.00	240,000.00
Nashville City, Tenn.	1934-1948	5	163,000.00	163,000.00
Nashville City, Tenn.	1934-1953	4½	258,000.00	258,000.00
Newark City, N. J.	1938	4¼	130,000.00	130,000.00
Newark City, N. J.	1945-1954	4½	464,000.00	464,000.00
New Brunswick City, N. J.	1934-1938	4¼	125,000.00	125,000.00
New York City, N. Y.	1934-1936	4	15,000.00	15,000.00
New York City, N. Y.	1939-1972	4¼	1,700,000.00	1,700,000.00
New York City, N. Y.	1945-1959	4½	3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00
Norfolk City, Va.	1934-1938	4	344,000.00	319,920.00
Northampton Borough, School District, Pa.	1938-1956	4½	141,000.00	141,000.00
Oakland City, Cal.	1938-1966	4½	168,000.00	168,000.00
Oklahoma City, Okla.	1935-1936	5%	100,000.00	100,000.00
Oklahoma City, Okla.	1938-1941	4½	303,000.00	303,000.00
Oklahoma City, School District, Okla.	1951	4½	39,000.00	39,000.00
Olean City, N. Y.	1934-1935	3¾	48,000.00	48,000.00
Overpeck Township, School District, N. J.	1934-1941	4½	104,000.00	104,000.00
Passaic City, N. J.	1941-1947	4½	185,000.00	185,000.00
Pawtucket City, R. I.	1942-1951	4¼	100,000.00	100,000.00
Peoria City, Ill.	1936-1943	4½	140,000.00	140,000.00
Philadelphia City, Pa.	1934	3½	10,000.00	10,000.00
Philadelphia City, Pa.	1937-1947	4	10,005,500.00	9,305,428.67
Philadelphia City, Pa.	1948-1979	4½	4,336,000.00	4,336,000.00
Philadelphia City, Pa.	1952-1980	4¼	4,365,000.00	4,365,000.00
Philadelphia City, School District, Pa.	1934-1937	5	102,000.00	102,000.00
Philadelphia City, School District, Pa.	1938	4	10,000.00	9,941.39
Philadelphia City, School District, Pa.	1939-1947	4¼	1,021,000.00	1,021,000.00
Philadelphia City, School District, Pa.	1943-1944	4½	60,000.00	60,000.00
Pittsburgh City, Pa.	1934	4	1,000.00	1,000.00
Pittsburgh City, School District, Pa.	1934-1939	4	105,000.00	105,000.00
Pittsburgh City, School District, Pa.	1934-1940	4½	351,000.00	351,000.00
Pittsburgh City, School District, Pa.	1935-1939	4¼	255,000.00	246,920.00
Pittston City, School District, Pa.	1934-1936	4½	9,000.00	9,000.00
Pontiac City, Mich.	1934-1943	4½	100,000.00	61,000.00
Portland City, Ore.	1944-1960	4½	222,000.00	222,000.00
Portsmouth City, Ohio	1934-1943	4¼	146,000.00	145,590.00
Portsmouth City, Ohio	1936	6	4,000.00	4,000.00
Raleigh City, N. C.	1938-1939	4½	50,000.00	50,000.00
Richmond City, Va.	1940-1960	4½	500,000.00	500,000.00
Ridgewood Township, School District, N. J.	1934-1942	4½	125,000.00	125,000.00
Rockford, Sanitary District, Ill.	1936-1947	4¼	17,000.00	16,936.25
St. Louis City, Mo.	1936-1938	4¼	1,130,000.00	1,130,000.00
San Antonio City, Ind. School District, Texas	1940-1955	4¼	243,000.00	243,000.00
Sandusky City, Ohio	1934-1947	4½	42,000.00	42,000.00
Schenectady City, N. Y.	1939-1942	3.60	78,000.00	77,902.50
Scranton City, School District, Pa.	1934-1939	4	150,000.00	142,500.00
Scranton City, School District, Pa.	1940-1952	4¼	637,000.00	637,000.00
Seattle City, Wash.	1936-1941	4½	250,000.00	250,000.00
Somerville City, Mass.	1939	3½	50,000.00	50,000.00
Springfield City, Ohio	1934-1939	4½	111,000.00	111,000.00
Toledo City, Ohio	1934-1953	4½	100,000.00	100,000.00
Toledo City, School District, Ohio	1943-1946	5	60,000.00	60,000.00
Toledo City, School District, Ohio	1934-1944	4½	340,000.00	340,000.00
Toledo City, School District, Ohio	1942-1946	4¼	16,000.00	15,894.38
Trenton City, N. J.	1941-1953	4½	558,000.00	558,000.00
Union City, N. J.	1934-1954	4½	290,000.00	290,000.00
Union City, N. J.	1940-1943	4¾	185,000.00	185,000.00
Upper Darby Township, Pa.	1940	4½	28,000.00	28,000.00
West New York Town, N. J.	1934-1940	4½	100,000.00	100,000.00
West Orange Town, N. J.	1934-1958	4½	201,000.00	201,000.00
Wilkes-Barre City, School District, Pa.	1934-1935	4½	51,000.00	51,000.00
Wilkinsburg Borough, School District, Pa.	1934-1938	4	107,000.00	107,000.00
Wilkinsburg Borough, School District, Pa.	1936-1940	4¼	22,000.00	22,000.00
Winston-Salem City, N. C.	1936-1961	4½	450,000.00	450,000.00
Winston-Salem City, N. C.	1959-1961	4¾	50,000.00	50,000.00
Woonsocket City, R. I.	1934-1964	4¼	233,000.00	231,951.63
			$109,048,070.00	$106,237,391.58

RAILROAD LOANS				
Allegheny Valley (Penna.)	1942	4%	2,004,000.00	1,663,785.00
Allegheny & Western (Buff., Roch. & Ptgh.)	1998	4	192,000.00	142,080.00
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	1995	4	685,000.00	614,325.00
Atlanta, Knoxville & Northern (Louisville & Nashville)	1946	5	76,000.00	71,770.00
Atlantic Coast Line of South Carolina	1948	4	203,000.00	173,345.89
Atlantic Coast Line (Equipment Trust)	1934-1941	4½	80,000.00	78,612.56
Baltimore & Ohio	1948	4	1,102,000.00	936,700.00
Baltimore & Ohio	1948	5	2,452,000.00	2,404,250.07
Baltimore & Ohio (Equipment Trust)	1934-1938	5	141,000.00	141,000.00
Baltimore & Ohio (Equipment Trust)	1934-1942	4½	1,455,000.00	1,429,357.63
Beech Creek (New York Central)	1936	4	119,000.00	102,162.01
Brooklyn & Montauk (Penna.)	1938	5	57,000.00	50,890.00
Canadian Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1937-1945	4½	1,370,000.00	1,370,000.00
Canadian Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1944	5	229,000.00	229,000.00
Catawissa (Reading)	1948	4	660,000.00	555,935.28
Central of Georgia (Macon & Northern Div.)	1946	5	126,000.00	50,400.00
Central of Georgia (Mobile Div.)	1946	5	150,000.00	60,000.00
Central of Georgia (Equipment Trust)	1934-1940	4½	95,000.00	92,956.71
Central of New Jersey (Equipment Trust)	1934-1941	4½	1,403,000.00	1,401,328.38
Central Pacific (Southern Pacific)	1949	4	5,496,000.00	4,616,640.00
Central Pacific, Through Short Line (Southern Pacific)	1954	4	724,000.00	679,607.82
Chesapeake & Ohio	1939	5	1,818,000.00	1,744,126.93
Chesapeake & Ohio (Richmond & Ally. Div. 1st)	1989	4	232,000.00	212,674.50
Chesapeake & Ohio (Richmond & Ally. Div. 2nd)	1989	4	142,000.00	132,090.55
Chesapeake & Ohio (Equipment Trust)	1934-1939	5	263,000.00	263,000.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933—(Continued)

RAILROAD LOANS (Continued)

			Par Value	As Charged
Chesapeake & Ohio (Equipment Trust)	1938-1944	4½	275,000.00	273,971.94
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy (Illinois Division)	1949	4	50,000.00	43,383.05
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul (C. M. St. P. & P.)	1989	4	1,250,000.00	675,000.00
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul (C. M. St. P. & P.)	1989	4½	600,000.00	390,000.00
Chicago & Northwestern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1936	5	6,000.00	6,000.00
Chicago & Northwestern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1944	4½	327,000.00	321,157.58
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	1988	4	1,896,000.00	1,270,320.00
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1934-1938	5	59,000.00	59,000.00
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1934-1942	4½	1,306,000.00	1,305,652.54
Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans (Illinois Central)	1951	5	261,000.00	221,850.00
Chicago Union Station Company (Series A)	1963	4½	1,826,000.00	1,761,138.75
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago (New York Central)	1936	4	1,000.00	995.00
Cincinnati Union Terminal Company (Series A)	2020	4½	2,207,000.00	2,207,000.00
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (Cairo, Vincennes & Chicago) (New York Central)	1939	4	638,000.00	612,937.73
Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis (New York Central)	1934	6	100,000.00	100,000.00
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Series A) (Penna.)	1942	4½	670,000.00	624,855.47
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Series B) (Penna.)	1942	4½	235,000.00	221,140.00
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Series A) (Penna.)	1977	4½	2,104,000.00	2,103,862.50
Cleveland Union Terminals Company (Series C)	1977	4½	1,960,000.00	1,783,600.00
Columbia & Port Deposit (Penna.)	1940	4	411,000.00	405,775.00
Columbus & Toledo—Hocking Valley (Chesapeake & Ohio)	1955	4	679,000.00	519,728.75
Connecting (Penna.)	1951	4	2,597,000.00	2,324,733.25
Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co. (Penna.)	1936	4	42,000.00	39,054.88
Detroit River Tunnel—Detroit Terminal & Tunnel (Michigan Central)	1961	4½	780,000.00	779,313.75
Eastern Rwy. of Minnesota—Nthn. Div. (Great Northern)	1948	4	33,000.00	31,625.00
East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia (Southern)	1956	5	523,000.00	489,301.69
Erie (Equipment Trust)	1934-1944	4½	685,000.00	675,539.39
Great Northern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1935	5	6,000.00	6,000.00
Great Northern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1940	4½	143,000.00	141,900.60
Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mt. Joy & Lancaster (Penna.)	1943	4	422,000.00	365,327.50
Houston & Texas Central (Southern Pacific)	1937	5	59,000.00	58,985.00
Illinois Central (Equipment Trust)	1934-1938	5	198,000.00	198,000.00
Illinois Central (Equipment Trust)	1934-1941	4½	587,000.00	577,407.76
Indiana Harbor Belt (New York Central)	1957	4	10,000.00	9,600.00
Indiana Harbor Belt (New York Central)	1957	4½	50,000.00	45,000.00
Indianapolis Union (Series A)	1980	4½	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Kansas City Terminal	1960	4	5,320,000.00	4,734,800.00
Kentucky Central (Louisville & Nashville)	1987	4	775,000.00	713,536.95
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern (New York Central)	1997	3½	40,000.00	28,571.14
Lehigh Coal & Navigation	1948	4	1,050,000.00	911,711.24
Lehigh Coal & Navigation (Series A)	1954	4½	20,000.00	20,000.00
Lehigh Coal & Navigation (Series C)	1954	4½	648,000.00	643,685.00
Lehigh Valley	1948	4	1,361,000.00	1,161,730.00
Lehigh Valley	Annuity	4½	173,000.00	161,328.75
Lehigh Valley of New York (Lehigh Valley)	1940	4½	2,698,000.00	2,399,264.00
Long Island City & Flushing (Penna.)	1937	5	128,000.00	127,087.50
Long Island (Equipment Trust)	1934-1935	5	2,000.00	2,000.00
Long Island (Equipment Trust)	1937-1945	4½	768,000.00	768,000.00
Louisville & Nashville (Atlantic Coast Line)	1937	5	2,000.00	2,000.00
Louisville & Nashville (Atlantic Coast Line)	1940	4	458,000.00	451,735.00
Louisville & Nashville (Equipment Trust)	1934-1937	4½	24,000.00	23,628.22
Louisville & Nashville (Equipment Trust)	1934-1938	5	20,000.00	20,000.00
Michigan Central—Michigan Air Line (New York Central)	1940	4	7,000.00	6,877.50
Montauk Extension (Penna.)	1945	5	116,000.00	112,970.00
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis (Atlantic Coast Line)	1978	4	743,000.00	520,100.00
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis (Equipment Trust)	1934-1937	4½	29,000.00	28,604.06
New Orleans & North Eastern (Southern)	1940	5	78,000.00	75,660.00
New York Central Lines (Equipment Trust)	1934-1939	5	243,000.00	243,000.00
New York Central Lines (Equipment Trust)	1934-1940	4½	1,332,000.00	1,307,996.71
New York Central (Equipment Trust)	1935-1945	4½	260,000.00	257,330.31
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	1937	4	1,709,000.00	1,453,384.16
New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Equipment Trust)	1934-1939	5	93,000.00	93,000.00
New York Connecting (Series A)	1953	4½	1,240,000.00	1,234,530.00
New York Connecting (Series B)	1953	5	261,000.00	261,000.00
New York & Erie (Erie)	1938	4½	3,844,000.00	3,639,696.81
New York & Erie (Erie)	1939	5	1,072,000.00	977,460.00
New York & Erie (Erie)	1947	4	1,194,000.00	951,625.32
New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio (Erie)	1935	4½	234,000.00	233,940.00
New York Short Line (Reading)	1957	4	96,000.00	92,657.50
Norfolk & Western	1944	4	867,000.00	849,227.50
Northern Central (Penna.)	1974	4½	528,000.00	522,285.00
Northern Central (Penna.)	1974	5	8,000.00	8,000.00
Northern Pacific	1997	4	3,173,000.00	2,538,400.00
North Pennsylvania (Reading)	1936	4	551,500.00	475,159.50
North Pennsylvania (Reading)	1953	3.30	2,770,000.00	1,939,000.00
Ohio Connecting (Penna.)	1943	4	884,000.00	753,006.00
Oregon R. R. & Navigation (Union Pacific)	1946	4	774,000.00	657,900.00
Pennsylvania	1943	4	51,000.00	44,227.15
Pennsylvania	1948	4	3,264,000.00	2,955,262.17
Pennsylvania	1960	4½	3,630,000.00	3,432,658.25
Pennsylvania (Equipment Trust)	1934-1939	5	419,000.00	419,000.00
Pennsylvania (Equipment Trust)	1934-1941	4½	1,009,000.00	999,460.36
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. (Lehigh Valley)	1939	4	736,000.00	635,417.50
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. (Lehigh Valley)	1939	4½	428,000.00	388,127.50
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. (Lehigh Valley)	1939	5	953,000.00	911,700.00
Pennsylvania, Ohio & Detroit (Penna.) (Series A)	1977	4½	517,000.00	439,450.00
Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington (Penna.)	1943	4	2,761,000.00	2,333,430.89
Philadelphia & Reading (Reading)	1937	4	1,392,000.00	1,219,117.76
Philadelphia & Reading (Reading)	1941	5	798,000.00	794,100.00
Philadelphia & Reading (Reading)	1943	4¼	563,000.00	563,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading (Reading)	1947	4	2,671,000.00	2,327,346.26
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (Series J) (Penna.)	1964	4½	33,000.00	31,350.00
Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston (Penna.)	1943	4	1,645,000.00	1,350,655.00
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula (Series A) (Penna.)	1948	4	82,000.00	78,569.20
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula (Series B) (Penna.)	1962	5	49,000.00	49,000.00
Reading Company (Series A)	1997	4½	1,189,000.00	1,021,334.14
Reading Company (Equipment Trust)	1941-1945	4½	575,000.00	574,687.50
St. Paul & Duluth (Northern Pacific)	1968	4	43,000.00	41,126.32
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba (Great Northern)	1943	5	1,857,000.00	1,592,328.29
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba—Montana Ext. (Great Northern)	1937	4	142,000.00	140,176.83
San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley (A. T. & S. F.)	1940	5	40,000.00	40,000.00
Savannah, Florida & Western (Atlantic Coast Line)	1934	5	201,000.00	188,940.00
Scioto Valley & New England (Norfolk & Western)	1939	4	225,000.00	210,135.00
South & North Alabama (Louisville & Nashville)	1936	5	412,000.00	383,510.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1933—(Concluded)

RAILROAD LOANS (Concluded)			Par Value	As Charged
Southern (East Tennessee Reorg.)	1938	5	167,000.00	151,970.00
Southern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1936	5½	26,000.00	26,000.00
Southern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1938	5	98,000.00	98,000.00
Southern (Equipment Trust)	1934-1941	4½	526,000.00	513,861.29
Southern (Equipment Trust)	1937-1938	4	478,000.00	462,962.44
Southern Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1934-1939	5	370,000.00	370,000.00
Southern Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1934-1945	4½	1,029,000.00	1,026,125.27
Southern Pacific of California (Southern Pacific)	1937	5	15,000.00	14,550.00
Toledo & Ohio Central (New York Central)	1935	5	547,000.00	512,061.25
Union Pacific	1947	4	181,000.00	169,298.75
Union Pacific (Equipment Trust)	1937	5	1,000.00	1,000.00
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal (Penna.)	1944	4	817,000.00	689,587.50
Virginia Midland (Southern)	1936	5	516,000.00	498,420.00
Wabash	1939	5	1,522,000.00	1,004,520.00
Wabash—Detroit & Chicago Ext.	1941	5	560,000.00	336,000.00
Washington Terminal	1945	3½	200,000.00	174,701.23
Washington Terminal	1945	4	606,000.00	489,985.00
West Jersey & Seashore (Penna.)	1936	3½	43,000.00	34,400.00
West Jersey & Seashore (Penna.)	1936	4	1,088,000.00	939,442.50
West Shore (New York Central)	2361	4	713,000.00	554,006.25
			$116,056,500.00	$103,497,945.23

PUBLIC UTILITY LOANS				
Brooklyn Edison Company, Inc. (Cons. Gas of N. Y.)	1949	5%	2,000.00	2,000.00
California Gas & Electric Corporation (Pac. Gas & Elec.)	1937	5	5,000.00	5,000.00
Cincinnati Gas & Electric Company (Col. Gas & Elec.)	1968	4	1,250,000.00	1,199,372.50
Commonwealth Edison Company	1981	4	2,360,000.00	2,227,425.00
Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore	1969	4¾	34,000.00	34,000.00
Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore	1981	4	125,000.00	121,875.00
Continental Passenger Rwy. Company.	1959	4	280,000.00	168,000.00
Detroit Edison Company	1961	4½	175,000.00	173,281.25
Duquesne Light Company	1967	4½	50,000.00	49,500.00
Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn	1939	4	10,000.00	10,000.00
Kansas City Power & Light Company (United Light & Power)	1961	4½	1,150,000.00	1,149,375.00
New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. (American Tel. & Tel.)	1961	4½	239,000.00	238,792.81
New York Gas & Electric Light, Heat & Power Company (New York Edison)	1949	4	175,000.00	172,900.00
Northern California Power Co. Cons. (Pac. Gas & Elec.)	1948	5	166,000.00	166,000.00
Pennsylvania Water & Power Company	1940	5	48,000.00	48,000.00
Philadelphia Electric Company (United Gas Imp.)	1971	4	2,000,000.00	1,865,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company	1973	5	592,000.00	372,960.00
Public Service Elec. & Gas Company (Public Service Corp. of N. J.)	1967	4½	502,000.00	502,000.00
Public Service Elec. & Gas Company (Public Service Corp. of N. J.)	1970	4½	2,198,000.00	2,174,250.00
Public Service Elec. & Gas Company (Public Service Corp. of N. J.)	1971	4	805,000.00	752,675.00
United Electric Company of New Jersey (Public Service Corp. of N. J.)	1949	4	302,000.00	299,551.62
West Penn Power Company (American Water Works & Electric Company)	1961	4	1,217,000.00	1,173,965.00
			$13,685,000.00	$12,905,863.18
Public Utility Loans			$13,685,000.00	$12,905,863.18
Railroad Loans			116,056,500.00	103,497,945.23
Public Loans			109,048,070.00	106,237,391.58
			$238,789,570.00	$222,641,199.99

SUMMARY

Public, Railroad and Public Utility Loans as charged above	$222,641,199.99
Bonds and Mortgages	63,537,204.44
Ground Rents	7,500.00
Main Office, five Branches, 12th & Market Streets Office Building, and Real Estate for Society's use	8,863,572.73
Other Real Estate acquired and held for sale	13,294,168.72
Collateral Loans	1,612,193.25
Suspense Account	649,746.83
Subscription to Temporary Federal Deposit Insurance Fund	524,188.05
Cash	20,608,044.84
	$331,737,818.85

LIABILITIES

Due to 483,986 Depositors		311,593,205.38
Surplus or Contingent Fund		19,310,613.47
Ground Rents		834,000.00
		$331,737,818.85
Depositors' United States Loans	$1,437,000.00	
United States Loans, Depositors' Account		$1,437,000.00

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1933

THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA
Tenth and Walnut Streets

February 2, 1934.

Honorable Grover C. Talbot,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

My Dear Sir: Conforming to Article I of our Charter, I send you herewith the statistics concerning our depositors' accounts:

Balances of $1.00 and under	11,538
Balances from $1.00 to $10.00	52,384
Balances from $10.00 to $20.00	10,484
Balances from $20.00 to $50.00	11,312
Balances from $50.00 to $100.00	9,137
Balances from $100.00 to $200.00	9,552
Balances from $200.00 to $300.00	6,073
Balances from $300.00 to $500.00	7,303
Balances from $500.00 and upwards	30,050
Total	147,838

Very truly yours,

FRED F. HALLOWELL,
Vice-President

EIGHTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

ASSETS

Par Value		Book Value
$ 7,325,000.00	United States of America Government Securities	$ 7,317,202.27
9,229,900.00	State, County and Municipal Securities	8,608,570.45
35,766,200.00	Railroad Mortgage Bonds	32,831,852.86
8,397,000.00	Railroad Equipment Trust Certificates	7,993,233.78
12,129,000.00	Public Utility and Miscellaneous Securities	11,336,472.11
12,139,359.67	Real Estate Mortgages	10,508,659.60
1,958,000.00	Office Buildings	1,958,000.00
3,029,189.54	Other Real Estate	3,029,189.54
378,734.28	Collateral Loans	378,734.28
126,312.00	Subscription to Temporary Federal Deposit Insurance Fund	126,312.00
4,894,481.45	Cash	4,894,481.45
$95,373,176.94		$88,980,708.34

LIABILITIES

Deposits	$81,951,658.22
Special Reserve on Account of Depreciation in Market Value of Securities	1,500,000.00
Reserve Against Subscription to Temporary Federal Deposit Insurance Fund	126,312.00
Surplus	5,402,738.12
	$88,980,708.34

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

The undersigned, Auditors appointed by the President Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia, to audit and settle the accounts of THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA, in conformity with the provisions of Article 1, of the "Act" incorporating the said Society, approved 8th February, 1847, having been duly sworn according to law faithfully so to do:

Certify that the Assets of the said Society, at the close of business on the Thirty-First day of December, 1933, have been examined and verified by them, and that the cost thereof as set forth in the above Schedule agrees with the books and the balance sheet of the Society.

The amount due to depositors, including interest, on the First day of January, 1934, and the Surplus or Contingent Fund are correctly stated and are in agreement with the books and the balance sheet.

THOMAS RIDGWAY,
CHAS. J. BIDDLE,
JOHN J. MILLER.

The Society also holds for 2,317 depositors, U. S. of America Liberty Loan Bonds and Treasury Certificates, deposited severally by them for safekeeping of which the par value is $459,400.00.

THOMAS RIDGWAY,
CHAS. J. BIDDLE,
JOHN J. MILLER.

ASSETS

U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Par Value		Book Value
$1,825,450.	U. S. of America 4¼% Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds 1933-38	$1,817,964.77
824,550.	U S of America 4¼% Treasury Bonds 1943-45	824,550.
100,000.	U S of America 3¼% Treasury Bonds 1937	99,687.50
1,450,000.	U S of America 4¼% Treasury Bonds of 1947-52	1,450,000.
1,500,000.	U S of America 3⅜% Treasury Bonds of 1943-47	1,500,000.
1,500,000.	U S of America 3¼% Treasury Bonds of 1946-56	1,500,000.
125,000.	U S of America 3¼% Treasury Bonds of 1941	125,000.
$7,325,000.		$7,317,202.27

STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES

65,000.	Albany County, N. Y. 3¾% Work Relief and Tax Revenue Bonds 1941-42	61,350.
100,000.	Albany Port District, N. Y. 4¾% Bonds 1936-52	99,000.
158,000.	Allegheny County, Pa. 4¼% Miscellaneous Bonds 1934-47	157,210.
50,000.	City of Baltimore, Md. 4% Gold Bonds, 1955	45,750.
100,000.	County of Bergen, N. J. 4½% Public Improvement Bonds 1952-53	97,000.
33,000.	City of Bethlehem, Pa. School District 5s, 1936	33,000.
200,000.	City of Bethlehem, Pa. 3½% Refunding Water Bonds, 1946-49	196,000.
100,000.	City of Birmingham, Ala. 4½% Public School Bldgs Bonds 1943-45	93,000.
100,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 3½% Rapid Transit Bonds, 1940	98,000
25,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4% Bonds, 1957-71	24,075.70
89,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4% Bonds (Boylston Street Subway) 1958-60	86,081.30
10,000	City of Boston, Mass. 4% Bonds, 1959	9,630 43
15,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4% Bonds, 1950-80	13,334 05
41,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4¼% Bonds, 1938-63	40,377 66
20,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4¼% Bonds, 1944	19,551 43
45,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4¼% Rapid Transit Loan, 1960	43 016 31
5,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4¼% Bonds, 1962	4,987.50
50,000.	City of Boston, Mass. 4¼% Dorchester Rapid Transit Bonds 1974	49,875
90,000.	Boston Metropolitan District 4¾% Gold Bonds, Series "B," 1961	86,355.
75,000.	City of Camden, N. J. School and Repavement 4½% Bonds, 1945	60 000
52,000.	Cape May County, N. J. 5¼% Gen'l Construction Bonds, 1934-35	33,800.
16,000.	Cape May County, N. J. 6% Tax Revenue Bonds, 1936	10,400.
10,000.	Cape May County, N. J. 6% Tax Revenue Bonds, 1936	6,500.
50,000.	City of Cincinnati, Ohio, Viaduct 4¼% Bonds, 1935	49,875.
100,000.	City of Cincinnati, Ohio, Police and Fire Dept. 4½% Bonds, 1935	99,750.
100,000.	City of Cleveland, Ohio, Water Works 4½% Bonds, 1944-46	95,000.
100,000.	City of Cleveland, Ohio, School District 4¼% Building Bonds, 1935	98,500.
20,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. Gen's Public Impvt 4½% Bonds, 1939-41	11,200.
20,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. Public Sewer 4½% Gold Bonds, 1943	11,200.
281,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. 4½% Public Utility Bonds, 1947-48	211,440.
79,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. 4½% Refunding Bonds, 1935	44,240.
100,000.	City of Jersey City, N. J. Refunding Assessment 4% Bonds, 1935	80,000.
70,000.	City of Jersey City, N. J. Water 4½% Bonds, 1961	59,500.
100,000.	Town of Kearny, N. J. 4½% Impvt and School Bonds, 1944-43	99,000.
300,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. Water 4½% Gold Bonds, 1952-53	291,000.
75,000.	City of Memphis, Tenn. 4¾% Miscellaneous Bonds, 1956-58	74,250.
41,000.	Mercer County, N. J. 4% Road, Bridge and County Building, 1937	40,342.65

EIGHTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1933 (Continued)

Par Value	STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES (Concluded)	Book Value
80,000.	City of Miami, Fla. Municipal Improvement 5% Bonds, 1932-38	28,800.
30,000.	City of Miami, Fla. Refunding 5% Bonds, Series "U" and "X," 1934-53	10,800.
145,000.	State of Minnesota 4¼% Trunk Highway Bonds, 1940-47	144,516 65
15,000.	State of Missouri 4¼% Road Bonds, 1944	14,950.65
70,000.	Montgomery County, Md. 5% Suburban District Road Bonds of 1931, Series "G" to "T," 1938-51	69,300.
42,000.	City of Nashville, Tenn. School 5% Bonds, 1934-35	41,860.14
291,000.	City of Nashville, Tenn. 4¾% Gold Bonds, 1934-52	288,270 09
100,000.	City of Newark, N. J. Funding 4½%s, Series "I," 1941	94,000.
300,000.	City of Newark, N. J. Funding 4½%s, 1944	282,000.
150,000.	County of New Castle, Del. Bldg Commission 4½% Bonds, 1951-61	148,500.
25,000.	City of New York, N. Y. 4¼% Corporate Stock, 1977	20,750.
113,000.	City of New York 4¼% Corporate Stock, 1964-1931	94,859.57
109,000.	City of New York 4¼% Corporate Stock, 1965	95,920.
50,000.	City of New York 4¼% Bonds, 1942-43	45,793.38
25,000.	City of New York, N. Y. 4¼% Bonds, 1941-48	22,638 61
25,000.	City of New York, N. Y. 4¼% Bonds, 1942	22,829.30
341,000.	City of New York, N. Y. 4¼% Gold Exempt School Bonds, Series 10E, 1944-52	334,180.
66,000.	City of Niagara Falls, N. Y. Public Welfare 4½s, Ser "A," 1933-40	65,780.22
100,000	City of Norfolk, Va. Appropriation 4½s, 1942	96,000.
200,000.	City of Norfolk, Va. Refunding 4½% Bonds, 1945	190,000.
100,000.	City of Norfolk, Va. 4½% Public Improvement Bonds, 1947	94,000.
200,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4% Miscellaneous Loan, 1937-43	198,125.
28,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4½% Loan of June 29, 1916, 1948	27,965.
305,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 20-50 Year Loan of March 21, 1923, 4½% Bonds, 1949-79	303,475.
50,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4¼% Loan of March 21, 1928, 1949-79	49,625.
26,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4½% Loan of September 22, 1924, 1945-75	25,935.
75,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4% Loan of January 7, 1915, 1946	69,562.50
300,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4% Loan of July 8, 1929, 1951-81	291,000.
70,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 4¼% Loan of October 5, 1923, 1946-81	69,475.
250,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa. 15 Year 5% Bonds, 1947	249,250.
25,000.	City of Pittsburgh, Pa. 4¼% Miscellaneous Bonds, 1948	24,963.75
59,000.	City of Pittsburgh, Pa. 4¼% Bonds, 1947-52	58,926.25
41,000.	City of Pittsburgh, Pa. 4¼% Bonds, 1947-52	40,948.75
175,000.	City of Pittsburgh, Pa. 4¼% Miscellaneous Bonds, 1942	174,781.25
5,000.	City of St. Louis, Missouri, 4½% Gold Bonds, 1933	4,987.50
47,000.	City of St. Paul, Minn. 4% Public Welfare Bonds, 1940-42	46,941.25
170,000.	City and County of San Francisco, Calif. 4½% Water Bonds, 1935-44	167,450.
20,000.	City and County of San Francisco, Calif. 4½% Memorial Hall Bonds, 1946	19,450
10,000.	City and County of San Francisco, Calif. 4½% Hospital Bonds, 1948	9,700.
100,000.	County of Suffolk, N. Y. 4.10% Bonds, 1944-46	99,750.
70,000.	Union County, N. J. 4¼% Park Bonds, 1934-40	69,650.
44,000.	City of Utica, N. Y. Public Improvement 3½% Bonds, 1940-41	42,927.50
50,000.	County of Westchester, N. Y. Park 4s, 1942	44,603.03
50,000.	County of Westchester, N. Y. 4¼% Miscellaneous Bonds, 1972	43,875.
100,000.	State of West Virginia 4% Gold Bonds, 1949	98,000.
350,000.	State of West Virginia 4¼% Gold Bonds, 1945-43	348,250.
78,000.	State of West Virginia 4¼% Gold Bonds, 1954-57	76,300.83
50,000.	State of West Virginia 4½% Gold Bonds, 1947	49,875.
100,000.	City of Wilmington, Del. Sinking Fund 4½s, Series 168, 1933	99,875.
$8,110,000.		$7,689,537.95

STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES (First Penny)

15,000.	State of Arkansas 4½% Bonds, State Pension Obligations, 1941	10,200.
25,000.	City of Ashville, N. C. 4¾% Bonds, Electric Light, Sewage and Permanent Improvement Bonds, 1935	6,000.
6,000.	City of Asheville, N. C. 5% Refunding Bonds, 1941	1,440.
33,000.	City of Atlantic City, N. J. 4½% School and Water Bonds, 1941-45	30,915.
25,000.	City of Atlantic City, N. J. 4½% Convention Hall Site Bonds, 1944-55	23,012.50
20,000.	City of Atlantic City, N. J. 4½% School and Convention Hall Site Bonds, 1949-62	18,212.50
12,000.	Atlantic County, N. J. 5% Permanent Improvement Bonds, 1933-34	11,460.
20,000.	Town of Belleville, N. J. 4½% School District Bonds, 1935	19,000.
9,000.	Town of Boonton, N. J. 4½% Street and Park Bonds, 1933-36	8,640.
40,000.	Buncombe County, N. C. 4¾% Road and Bridge Bonds, 1936-57	8,000.
5,000.	City of Burlington, N. J. 5% Water Bonds, 1937-51	4,800.
33,000.	City of Camden, N. J. 4¼% Water and School Bonds, 1937-65	29,472.50
35,000.	City of Charleston, S. C. 4% Refunding Bonds, 1937-38	31,850.
22,900.	City of Clifton, N. J. 4¼% Street, Sewer and School Bonds, 1934	20,900.
6,000.	Borough of Collingswood, N. J. 4¾% Gen'l Improvement Bonds, 1934-39	5,825.
10,000.	Borough of Collingswood, N. J. 5% Temporary Improvement Bonds, 1936	9,700.
20,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. 4½% Gen'l Public Improvement Bonds, 1949-50	16,000.
5,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. 5% Gen'l Public Improvement Bonds, 1945	4,350.
10,000.	City of Detroit, Mich. 4½% Public Sewer and Utility Bonds, 1940	8,500.
10,000.	Borough of Dunmore, Pa. 4½% Bonds, 1934-38	9,500.
50,000.	City of Durham, N. C. 4½% Public School District Bonds, 1951-53	43,000.
15,000.	Borough of East Rutherford, N. J. 4½% Public Improvement Bonds, 1936	13,950.
50,000.	Borough of Haddonfield, N. J. 5% Improvement Bonds, 1936	48,500.
23,000.	Borough of Glassboro, N. J. 4½% Water Bonds, 1943-47	19,780.
45,000	Borough of Haddonfield, N. J. Miscellaneous 6% Bonds, 1934-50	45,000.
10,000.	Borough of Haddon Heights, N. J. 5% Temporary Improvement Bonds, 1936	9,700.
5,000.	City of Hoboken, N. J. 4½% School Bonds, 1944	4,650.
25,000.	County of Johnston, N. C. 5% Road Bonds, 1942-46	20,000.
17,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. 4½%, Gold Bonds, 1951	13,260.
2,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. 4½%—25 Year Funding Bonds, 1958	1,560.
5,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. 5%, General Improvement Bonds, 1947	3,900.
20,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. 5½%, Funding Bonds, 1956	15,600.
6,000.	City of Knoxville, Tenn. 4½%—25 Year Funding Bonds, 1958	4,680.
10,000.	Village of Lincoln Park, Mich. 4½% Sewer Bonds, 1952	5,000.
24,000.	Borough of Merchantville, N. J. 4½% Municipal Bldg. Bonds, 1934-44	22,665.
25,000.	Borough of Merchantville, N. J. 4¾%, School Bonds, 1937-41	24,215.
2,000	Borough of Merchantville, N. J. 4¼% Bonds, Fire Apparatus, 1934	1,900.
4,000.	Borough of Merchantville, N. J. 5% School Bonds, 1934-43	3,895.
25,000.	City of Miami, Fla. 5% Refunding Serial Bonds, 1951	12,000.
20,000.	City of Millville, N. J. 4¾% Gen'l Improvement Bonds, 1946-52	18,560.
40,000.	City of Montgomery, Ala. 5% Public School Bonds, 1957	35,600.
5,000.	Borough of New Philadelphia, Schuylkill Co., Pa. 5½% Street Improvement and Sewer Bonds, 1934	2,500.
25,000.	City of New York 4% Bonds, 1959	21,875.
35,000.	City of Norfolk, Va. 4½% Improvement Bonds, 1956	30,275.
10,000.	City of Norfolk, Va. 4½% Public Improvement Bonds, 1950	9,000.
5,000.	City of Norfolk, Va. 5% Municipal Port Terminal Bonds, 1952	4,750.
10,000.	Borough of Palmyra, N. J. 4¾% Gen'l Improvement Bonds, 1955-57	9,000.
3,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa., 4% Bonds, Miscellaneous Bonds, 1946-47	2,650.
1,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa., 4½% Bonds, Loan of June 29, 1916-1949	932.50
3,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa., 5% Bonds, Loans of Oct. 1, 1920 and July 13, 1920, 1950-51	2,985.
2,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa., 4¼% School District Bonds, 1935-39	1,930.
2,000.	City of Philadelphia, Pa., 5% School District Bonds, 1937-44	1,985.

EIGHTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1933 (Continued)

Par Value	STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES (First Penny—Concluded)	Book Value
22.000.	Borough of Pitman, N. J. 4½% Street and Sewer Bonds, 1938-39	20.460.
5.900.	Borough of Pringle, Pa. 5% School District Bonds, 1934-39	2.950.
20.000.	City of St. Petersburg, Fla. 6% Improvement Bonds, 1935	9.400.
10.000.	City of St. Petersburg, Fla. 6% Improvement Bonds, 1937	4.700.
20.000.	City of St. Petersburg, Fla. 6% Improvement Bonds, 1936-38	9.400.
33.000.	City of Seattle, Wash. 4½% Light and Power Bonds, 1941-55	23.992.50
40.000.	City of Seattle, Wash. 5% Light and Power Bonds, 1940-41	34.875.
9.000	Port of Seattle, Wash. 5% Bonds, 1938-47	8.730.
25.000.	Ventnor City, N. J. 5% Water Works Bonds, 1947-49	21.250.
50.000.	City of Winston-Salem, N. C. 4½% Sewage and Surface Drainage Bonds, 1950-56	45.500.
$1.119.900.		$917.032.50

RAILROAD SECURITIES

300.000.	Alabama Great Southern R. R. Co. 1st Consolidated 4% Mtge. Gold Bonds, Series B, 1943	279.000.
775.000	Allegheny Valley R. R. Gen'l Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1942	774.031.25
241.000.	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Rwy Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1995	232.373.75
113.000	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Rwy Co. Transcontinental Short Line First Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1958	111.327.50
500.000.	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Rwy Co. (California-Ariz. Lines) 1st and Refdg Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. A, 1962	499.250.
150.000.	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. 1st Consolidated Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1952	145.125.
300.000.	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. Gen'l Unified Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. A, 1964	276.000.
150.000.	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.—Louisville & Nashville Collateral 4% Gold Bonds, 1952	125.000.
150.000	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, 1948	144.375.
100.000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds, 1948	99.750.
600.000	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. (Pitts., Lake Erie & West Virginia System) Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1941	563.898.06
90.000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. (Toledo-Cincinnati Division) First Lien and Refdg Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1959	87.300.
100.000.	Bangor & Aroostock R. R. St. John River Extension 1st Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1939	93.750.
125.000.	Beech Creek Extension R. R. First Mortgage 3½% Bonds, 1951	112.489.50
10.000.	Catawissa Railroad Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1948	9.375.
609.000.	Central Pacific Co. First Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1949 (Cpn.)	516.812.50
100.000.	Central Pacific Co. First Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1949 (Reg.)	91.000.
80.000.	Central Railroad of New Jersey Gen'l Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1987	79.900.
100.000.	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1958	99.500.
125.000	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co. 1st and Refdg Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Series B, 1977	120.937.50
116.200.	Chicago & Eastern Illinois Rwy Gen'l Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1951	13.944.
300.000.	Chicago & Erie Railroad First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1982	298.500.
250.000.	Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Rwy Refdg Mtge. 4s, Ser. C, 1947	150.000.
256.000.	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Rwy Gen'l Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1988	153.600.
500.000.	Chicago Union Station Co. First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, Ser. A, 1963	498.750.
300.000.	Chicago Union Station Co. First Mortgage 6½% Bonds, Ser. C, 1963	294.750.
250.000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy 4¾% Gen'l Mortgage Gold Bonds, 1987	182.500.
500.000.	Chicago & Western Indiana R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1952	450.000.
200.000.	Choctaw & Memphis R. R. First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1949	175.000.
300.000.	Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1952	180.000.
235.000.	Cincinnati Union Terminal Co. First Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 2020	234.706.25
50.000.	Cincinnati Union Terminal Co. First Mtge. 5% Bonds, Series B, 2020	48.625.
22.000.	Cleveland, Akron & Columbus R. R. Co. First 4% Consol Mtge., 1940	21.540.
200.000.	Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rwy (St. Louis Division) First Collateral Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1990	169.340.
350.000.	Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rwy Co. Refdg & Impvt Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Series E, 1977	287.000.
100.000.	Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Rwy Gen'l Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1936	99.750.
100.000.	Cleveland & Marietta Rwy First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, 1935	99.875.
102.000.	Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Gen'l Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. A, 1942	101.990.
225.000.	Cleveland Short Line Rwy First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, 1961	220.500.
600.000.	Cleveland Union Terminals Co. First Mtge. 4½% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series C, 1977	540.000.
159.000.	Columbia & Port Deposit Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1940	157.335.
4.000.	Columbus & Toledo R. R. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1955	3.790.
250.000.	Connecting Railway Co. First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, 1951	240.000.
50.000.	Connecting Railway Co. First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1951	49.875.
204.000.	Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co., First Mtge.	203.745.
250.000.	Detroit Terminal & Tunnel First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, 1961	237.087.28
159.000.	East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Rwy Co. First Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1956	150.750.
650.000.	Erie R. R. Consolidated Mortgage Prior Lien 4% Bonds, 1996	565.500.
184.000.	Erie & Pittsburgh R. R. Gen'l Mortgage 3½% Bonds, Ser. B and C, 1940	172.700.
250.000.	Great Northern Rwy Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Series D, 1976	212.500.
250.000.	Great Northern Rwy Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Series E, 1977	212.500.
250.000.	Greenbrier Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1940	235.250.
100.000.	Hollidaysburg, Bedford & Cumberland R. R. First Mtge. 4s, 1951	93.573.70
500.000.	Illinois Central R. R. Co. (Louisville, New Orleans & Texas) Collateral Trust 4% Gold Bonds, 1953	360.000.
100.000.	Illinois Central R. R. Co.—Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans R. R. Co. Joint First Refdg Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. C, 1963	60.000.
200.000.	James, Franklin & Clearfield R. R. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1959	150.000.
175.000.	Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Rwy Co. Refdg Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1936	91.000.
600.000.	Kansas City Terminal Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1960	527.375.
100.000.	Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Rwy First Mortgage 3½% Bonds, 1997	86.000.
150.000.	Lehigh Valley R. R. Consolidated Mortgage Annuity 6s	149.250.
261.000.	Lehigh Valley Harbor Terminal Rwy First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1954	253.817.50
50.000.	Long Dock Co. of New Jersey Consol Mtge. 6% Bonds, 1935	49.750.
74.000.	Long Island R. R. Co. General Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1938	65.229.02
500.000.	Long Island R. R. Unified Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1949	471.812.50
300.000.	Michigan Central R. R. Co. Refdg and Impvt Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. C, 1979	288.000.
300.000.	Milwaukee, Sparta & Northwestern Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1947	219.000.
100.000.	Morris & Essex R. R. Co. Construction Mtge. 5% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1955	99.000.
100.000.	Morris & Essex R. R. Co. Construction Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser. B, 1955	98.750.
346.000.	Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Rwy First Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1978	325.240.
250.000.	New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Co. First Mtge 3½% Gold Bonds, 1997	207.187.50
100.000.	New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Co. Lake Shore Collateral 3½% Gold Bonds, 1998	80.000.
300.000.	New York Central R. R. Co. Consolidated Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds Ser. A, 1998	279.000.
300.000.	New York Central R. R. Co. Refdg and Impvt Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Series A, 2013	246.000.
100.000.	New York Central R. R. Co. Refdg and Impvt Mtge. 5% Bonds, Series C 2013	84.000.
475.000.	New York Connecting R. R. First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, 1953	462.250.
200.000.	New York Connecting R. R. First Mortgage 5% Bond, Series B, 1953	198.500.
50.000.	New York & Erie R. R. First Mortgage Extended 4% Bonds, 1947	49.875.
100.000.	New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. 6% Convertible Debentures, 1948	95.000.
100.000.	New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk R. R. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1939	99.831.25
500.000.	New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk R. R. 4% Stock Trust Certificates, 1948	470.000.
500.000.	New York Short Line R. R. First Mortgage 4s, 1957	498.750.
150.000.	New York, Susquehanna & Western R. R. Terminal First Mortgage 5s, 1943	145.500.
50.000.	Norfolk & Southern Rwy First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1941	15.000.
425.000.	Norfolk & Western Rwy Divisional 1st Lien and Gen'l Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1944	397.375.
237.000.	Northern Pacific Rwy Co. Prior Lien Rwy and Land Grant 4% Gold Bonds, 1997	225.593.75
300.000.	Northern Pacific Rwy Co. Refdg and Impvt 4½% Bonds, Series A, 2047	285.000.
200.000.	Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1948	180.000.
200.000.	Ohio Connecting Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1943	198.000.
145.000.	Oregon-Washington R. R. & Navigation Co. 1st and Refdg 4% Mtge., Ser. A, 1961	134.631.25
350.000.	Pennsylvania Co. 3½% Guaranteed Trust Ctfs, Series A, 1937	292.250.

EIGHTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1933 (Continued)

Par Value	RAILROAD SECURITIES (Concluded)	Book Value
350,000.	Pennsylvania Co. 3½% Guaranteed Trust Ctfs. Series B, 1941	293,125.
100,000.	Pennsylvania Co. 40 Yr. 4% Guaranteed Gold Trust Ctfs. Ser. E, 1952	88,500.
200,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 4% Bond, 1948	193,655.
1,075,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 4½% Bonds of 1915-1960, Reg.	1,071,420.25
74,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 4½% Bonds of 1915-1960, Cpn.	73,753.58
825,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4¼% Gold Bonds, Ser. D, 1981	794,406.25
600,000	Pennsylvania, Ohio & Detroit R. R. Co. First and Refdg Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1977	592,225.
447,000	Pere Marquette Rwy Co. First Mtge. 5% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1956	393,360.
100,000.	Pere Marquette Rwy Co. First Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser. C, 1980	81,000.
200,000.	Philadelphia & Baltimore Central R. R. First Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1951	185,750.
250,000.	Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington R. R. 1st Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1943	245,875.
200,000.	Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington R. R. Gen'l Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Series C, 1977	198,000.
250,000.	Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co. First Mtge. Extended 4¼% Bonds, 1943	249,687.50
218,000.	Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Consolidated Mortgage Extended 4s, 1937	217,730.
100,000.	Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Impvt. Mtge. Extended 4s, 1947	99,875.
313,000.	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rwy Consol Mtge. 4½%, Ser. A and B, 1940-42	312,608.75
112,000	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rwy Consol Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. C, 1942	111,860.
500,000	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rwy Gen'l Mtge. 5% Bonds, Ser. B, 1975	493,750.
500,000.	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser. C, 1977	490,000.
500,000	Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula Rwy First Consol Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1948	474,561.25
555,000.	Reading Co. Jersey Central Collateral 4% Bonds, 1951	523,920.
245,000.	Reading Co. Gen'l and Refdg 4½% Mortgage, Series A and B, 1997	240,068.75
300,000.	Richmond-Washington Co. 4% Guaranteed Collateral Trust, 1943	288,239.53
200,000.	St. Louis, Peoria & Northwestern Rwy First Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1948	120,000.
100,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. Prior Lien Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1950	20,000.
54,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. Prior Lien Mtge. 5% Gold Bonds, Ser. B, 1950	10,800.
211,000.	Sciota Valley & New England R. R. Co. First Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1989	203,975.
150,000	Shamokin, Sunbury & Lewisburg R. R. Second Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1945	149,625.
450,000.	Southern Pacific Co.—San Francisco Terminal 4% Bonds, 1950, Reg.	409,062.50
90,000.	Southern Pacific Co.—San Francisco Terminal 4% Bonds, 1950, Cpn.	83,287.50
360,000.	Southern Pacific Co.—Central Pacific Stock Collateral Gold 4% Bonds, 1949	316,800.
600,000.	Southern Pacific Co.—Oregon Lines First Mtge. 4½% Bonds, Ser. A, 1977	591,000.
300,000.	Southern Railway Co. First Consolidated Mtge. 5% Gold Bonds, 1994	294,000.
100,000.	Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis 1st Mtge. 4½% Bonds, 1939	99,875.
190,000.	Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis 1st Consol Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1944	189,762.50
100,000.	Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Gen'l Mtge. Refdg 4% Bonds, 1953	88,500.
5,000.	Tioga Railroad First Mortgage Extended 5% Bonds, 1934-35	4,993.75
460,000.	Union Pacific R. R. First Lien and Refunding Mtge. 4% Bonds, 2008	436,425.
250,000.	Vandalia R. R. Consolidated Mortgage 4% Bonds, Series B, 1957	239,715.
700,000.	Virginian Railway Co. 1st Mtge. Gold 5% Bonds, Series A, 1962	699,125.
50,000.	Wabash Railroad First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1939	35,000.
500,000.	Washington Terminal Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1945	499,375.
137,000.	West Shore Railroad Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 2361, Cpn.	118,162.50
263,000.	West Shore Railroad Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 2361, Reg.	238,451.25
500,000.	Western New York & Pennsylvania R. R. First Mtge. 5% Bonds, 1937	500,000.
50,000.	West Jersey & Seashore R. R. First Consol Mtge. 4% Bonds, Ser. A and D, 1936	46,000.
400,000.	Winston-Salem Southbound Rwy First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1960	374,715.44
$35,547,200.		$32,671,190.36

	RAILROAD SECURITIES (First Penny)	
39,000.	Allegheny & Western Rwy Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1998	31,200.
70,000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. Gen'l Mtge. 5½% Bonds 1987	36,400.
29,000.	Delaware & Hudson Co. First and Refdg Mtge. 4% Gold Bonds, 1943	24,722.50
50,000.	Great Northern Rwy Co. Gen'l Mortgage 7% Gold Bonds, Ser. A, 1936	43,500.
7,000.	Illinois Central R. R. Co. (St. L. Division & Terminal) 1st Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1951	4,200.
12,000.	Louisville & Nashville, Paducah & Memphis Rwy Co. 50 Year First Mtge. 4% Bonds, 1946	9,840.
12,000.	Southern Railway Co. (Memphis Division) First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1996	10,800.
$219,000.		$160,662.50

	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT TRUST CERTIFICATES	
15,000.	Atlantic Coast Line R. R. 6½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser. D, 1934-46	14,793.
24,000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser. A, 1934-38, 5%	23,880.
76,000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Equipment Trust ctfs, 4½s, Ser. B, 1934-40	73,912.38
317,000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Equipment Trust Ctfs, 4½s, Ser. D, 1934-41	312,876.62
180,000.	Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser. E, 1934-40	173,189.32
78,000.	Central of Georgia Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser. Q, 1934-40	76,438.63
10,000.	Central Railroad of New Jersey 5% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser. K, 1934	10,000.
85,000.	Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy 5½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser. T, 1934-37	84,787.50
23,000.	Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser. U, 1936-38	23,000.
201,000.	Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series V, 1935-39	200,937.50
200,000.	Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Series of 1930, 1939-43	200,000.
50,000.	Chicago & North Western Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser. X, 1941-45	48,000.
50,000.	Chicago & North Western Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Series S, 1937	48,000.
225,000	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Series O, 1934-42	213,750.
210,000.	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Rwy. Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Series Q, 1937-43	196,050.
100,000.	Erie Railroad 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series LL, 1934-41	97,730.95
144,000.	Erie Railroad 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series NN, 1934-42	142,209.60
150,000.	Erie Railroad 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1929, 1934-36	146,186.30
288,000.	Erie Railroad 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1930, 1935-43	285,760.15
62,000.	Great Northern Rwy 5% Equipment Trust, Series B, 1934-38	60,006.
20,000.	Great Northern Rwy 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series C, 1935-37	19,742.81
50,000.	Great Northern Rwy 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series D, 1936-38	48,727.83
25,000.	Hocking Valley Rwy 6% Equipment Trust Gold Notes, 1934	25,000.
24,000.	Illinois Central R. R. 7% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series F, 1934-35	24,000.
69,000.	Illinois Central R. R. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series J, 1934-38	68,770.23
228,000	Illinois Central R. R. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series K, 1934-39	223,796.06
39,000.	Illinois Central R. R. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series L, 1934-40	38,186.80
445,000.	Illinois Central R. R. 4½% Equipment Trust Stfs, Series N 1934-41	433,749.39
146,000.	Lehigh & New England R. R. Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser F, 1934-41	145,270.
30,000.	Louisville & Nashville R. R. 6½% Equipment Trust, Series D, 1934-36	29,925.
109,000.	Louisville & Nashville R. R. 4½% Equipment Trust Series E, 1934-37	104,749.12
3,000.	Louisville & Nashville R. R. 5% Equipment Trust, Series F, 1934-37	3,000.
51,000.	Missouri Pacific R. R. Co. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series D, 1937-39	50,320.17
250,000.	Missouri Pacific R. R. Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series F, 1935-44	236,282.62
232,000.	New York Central Lines 5% Equipment Trust of 1922, 1934-37	229,292.
96,000.	New York Central Lines 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1932, 1934-37	91,886.64
201,000.	New York Central Lines 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1923, 1934-38	195,956.02
445,000.	New York Central Lines 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1924, 1934-37	441,777.50
174,000.	New York Central Lines 4½% Equipment Trust of 1924, 1934-39	170,542.64
57,000.	New York Central Lines 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1925, 1934-40	56,459.28
110,000.	New York Central R. R. Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs of 1929, 1934-44	108,217.37
96,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. 5% Gen'l Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series A, 1934-38	94,731.54
126,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. 5% Gen'l Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser B, 1935-39	125,795.08

EIGHTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1933 (Continued)

Par Value	RAILROAD EQUIPMENT TRUST CERTIFICATES (Concluded)	Book Value
345,000.	Pennsylvania R. R. 4½% Gen'l Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser C, 1935-39	339,793.54
72,000	Pennsylvania R. R. 4½% Gen'l Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser D, 1934-40	70,992.80
300,000	Reading Company 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series M, 1935-39	298,320.
10,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs Ser AA, 1936	5,000.
126,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy. Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser BB, 1933-41	51,200.
203,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Ser DD, 1933-44	81,200.
32,000	Southern Pacific Co. 7% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series E, 1934-35	32,000.
334,000.	Southern Pacific Co. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series F, 1934-38	327,076.09
142,000.	Southern Pacific Co. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series G, 1934-39	141,100.
110,000	Southern Pacific Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series L, 1934-44	105,008.27
155,000.	Southern Pacific Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series M, 1939-45	150,350.
120,000	Southern Railway 6% Equipment Trust Gold Notes, 1934-35	120,000.
185,000	Southern Railway Co. 5% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series Y, 1934-39	180,391.50
84,000	Southern Railway 4½% Equipment Trust, Series Z, 1934-39	81,485.60
150,000.	Southern Railway 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series AA, 1934-41	147,253.50
84,000	Union Pacific Railroad 5% Equipment Trust, Series B, 1935-37	81,908.03
100,000.	Virginian Railway Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series E, 1935-40	97,389.65
110,000.	Wabash Railway Co. 4½% Equipment Trust Ctfs, Series H, 1935-44	100,100.
$8,178,000.		$7,818,555.03

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT TRUSTS (First Penny)

17,000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. 5% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1922, 1933-38, Series N and M	15,743.75
10,000	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1925, Ser R, 1942	8,550.
2,000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1927, 1936	1,830.
6,000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1927, Ser V, 1938-42	5,305.
1,000.	Chicago & Northwestern Rwy Co. 6% Equipment Trust Gold Notes, 1934	950.
6,000.	New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co. 5% Second Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1922, 1936	5,535.
17,000.	New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co. 5% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1923, 1934-38	15,767.50
5,000.	New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co. 5% Equip. Trust Ctfs of 1924, 1935	4,747.50
5,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. 5% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser AA, 1937	3,750.
10,000.	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser BB, 1939-40	7,500.
140,000	St. Louis-San Francisco Rwy Co. 4½% Equip. Trust Ctfs, Ser DD, 1934-40	105,000.
$219,000.		$174,678.75

MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES

200,000.	Hotel Adelphia First Mortgage 5¼% Bonds, 1937	160,000.
60,000	Alabama Power Co. First Mortgage 5% Bonds, Series A, 1946	56,599.80
80,000.	Alabama Power Co. First Mortgage Lien and Refdg Gold 5% Bonds, 1951	73,600.
200,000	Alabama Power Co. First and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1967	170,000.
207,000.	Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania First and Refdg Mtge 5% Gold Bonds, Series C, 1960	206,750.
500,000.	Bellevue-Stratford Hotel First Mortgage 5¾% Bonds, 1935	325,000.
100,000	Benjamin Franklin Hotel First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds Ser A, 1933	65,000.
200,000.	Buffalo General Electric Co. Gen'l and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1981, Series B	199,750.
500,000.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co. First Mtge 4% Gold Bonds, Ser A, 1968	490,687.50
50,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. First Mtge 5% Bonds, Series A, 1953	49,500.
245,000.	Commonwealth Edison Co. First Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser D, 1957	234,587.50
25,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. First Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser E, 1960	23,750.
542,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. First Mtge 4% Gold Bonds, Ser F, 1981	504,060.
30,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. First Mtge 5½% Bonds, Series G, 1962	29,094.60
69,000	Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Balto. First and Refdg Mtge 4¼% Bonds, Series G, 1969	69,000.
275,000	Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co. of Balto. First Refdg Mtge Sinking Fund 4% Gold Bonds, Series due 1981	268,500.
500,000	Consumers Power Co. First Lien and Unifying Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1958	492,500.
300,000	Delaware Power & Light Co. First Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds, 1971	298,500.
215,000	Detroit Edison Co. Gen'l and Refdg Mtge 5% Bonds, Series A, 1949	213,925.
435,000.	Detroit Edison Co. Gen'l and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser D, 1961	426,300.
350,000	Duke Power Co. First and Refunding Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds, 1967	346,937.50
100,000	Duquesne Light Co. First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, Series A, 1967	99,875.
55,000	Duquesne Light Co. First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, Series B, 1957	52,093.75
300,000	Interborough Rapid Transit Co. First Refdg Mtge 5% Bonds, 1966	210,000.
500,000.	Kansas City Power & Light Co. First Mortgage 4½% Bonds, 1961	498,031.25
400,000	Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. Funding and Impvt Mtge 4% Bonds, 1948	396,000.
300,000.	Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. Consolidated Mtge Sinking Fund 4½% Bonds, Series A, 1954	294,750.
200,000.	Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. Consolidated Mtge Sinking Fund 4½% Bonds, Series C, 1954	196,500.
425,000.	Metropolitan Edison Co. First Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser D, 1968	391,000.
150,000	Metropolitan Edison Co. First Mtge 4% Gold Bonds, Ser E, 1971	127,500.
50,000.	New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. 1st Mtge 5% Gold Bonds, 1952, Series A	50,000.
200,000.	New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. 1st Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1961, Series B	192,746.25
170,000	New York Dock Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, 1951	127,500.
100,000	New York & Hoboken Ferry Co. Gen'l Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1946	79,000.
300,000	New York & West Chester Lighting Co. Gen'l Mtge 4% Bonds, 2004	279,000.
250,000	Pacific Gas & Electric Co. 1st and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser E, 1957	245,000.
425,000	Pacific Gas & Electric Co. 1st and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Ser F, 1960	412,250.
500,000	Packard Building First Mortgage 5% Bonds, Series A, 1943	490,000.
100,000	Pennsylvania Building First Mortgage 6% Bonds, Series A, 1934	80,000.
48,000	Pennsylvania Water & Power Co. First Mortgage 5% Bonds, 1940	47,927.50
290,000.	Pennsylvania Water & Power Co. First Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, Series B, 1968	281,028.15
28,000	Philadelphia Electric Co. First Mtge Sinking Fund 5% Bonds, 1966 (Reg)	23,520.
98,000	Philadelphia Electric Co. First Mtge Sinking Fund 5% Bonds, 1966 (Cpn)	98,000.
212,000	Philadelphia Electric Co. First Lien and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1967	209,655.81
600,000.	Philadelphia Electric Co. First and Refdg Mtge 4% Gold Bonds, 1971	567,000.
75,000	Providence Gas Company First Mortgage 4% Bonds, Series B, 1963	74,062.50
300,000.	Public Service Electric & Gas Co. First and Refdg Mtge 4½% Bonds, 1967	296,897.50
200,000.	Public Service Electric & Gas Co. First and Refdg Mtge 4½% Gold Bonds, 1970	190,500.
400,000.	Public Service Electric & Gas Co First and Refdg Mtge 4% Gold Bonds, 1971	375,500.
100,000.	Stanley Real Estate First Mortgage 5½% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, 1945	85,000.
150,000.	Strawbridge & Clothier First Mtge Sinking Fund 20 Yr. 5% Gold Bonds, 1948	142,500.
11,000.	United Electric Co. of New Jersey First Mtge Gold 4s, 1949	10,715.
9,000.	West Penn Power Co. First Mortgage 4% Bonds, Series H, 1961	8,877.50
$12,129,000.		$11,336,472.11

REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY FOR THE YEAR 1933

Commission

Gifford Pinchot, Chairman	John B. Kates, Vice-Chairman
J. Hampton Moore	Frank L. Suplee
Frank E. Baldwin	I. Norwood Griscom
Charles A. Waters	Lucius E. Hires
Thomas B. Smith	Arthur C. King
Richard Weglein	Barton F. Sharp
William H. Folwell	Alfred Cooper
J. Willison Smith	A. Matlack Stackhouse

Joseph K. Costello, General Manager
Walter S. Anderson, Treasurer

Counsel

Harold D. Saylor — T. Harry Rowland
Ralph Modjeski, Chief Engineer

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MONTHLY VEHICULAR TRAFFIC AND RESUME OF OPERATION

Period	Total Vehicles	Total Receipts	Pleasure Cars & Light Trucks	Buses	Trucks (Heavy)	Horse Drawn Vehicles	Horse & Rider	Led Animals	Special Permits	Motor Cycles	Average Vehicles Monthly	Average Vehicles Daily	Average Receipts Monthly	Average Receipts Daily	Average Sunday & Holiday Traffic	Distributed Funds New Jersey	Distributed Funds Penna.	Distributed Funds Phila.	Total
1927	8,593,201	$2,455,784.40	7,270,703	1,181,183	111,460	1,389	102	79	3722	24,583	716,100	23,543	$80,282.03	$6,673.38	33,981	$1,045,469.95	$523,480.47	$523,480.47	$2,093,921.89
1928	9,725,470	2,827,786.83	8,246,002	1,297,533	131,583	454	96	30	565	29,207	810,456	26,572	235,648.50	7,720.19	38,056	1,224,598.40	612,299.21	612,299.21	2,449,196.82
1929	11,615,609	3,391,754.46	10,096,414	1,313,787	170,126	391	69	8	1611	33,253	967,967	31,824	277,618.43	9,128.16	45,194	1,466,629.14	733,314.56	733,314.56	2,933,258.26
1930	2,285,359	3,517,730.64	10,578,206	1,484,443	189,704	115	59	5	4414	28,413	1,023,780	33,658	293,114.22	9,637.62	44,768	1,508,567.57	754,283.27	754,283.27	3,017,133.11
1931	2,308,225	3,479,337.93	10,770,393	1,278,879	225,977	31	22	1	5006	27,915	1,025,685	33,721	280,086.48	9,533.80	44,226	1,524,409.61	762,245.30	762,245.30	3,048,981.21
1932	6,804,557	3,691,576.91	9,355,585	1,179,259	235,057	13	8	0	6561	27,774	900,379	29,520	257,631.40	8,446.93	38,011	1,310,112.54	655,056.27	655,056.27	2,620,225.08
1933	9,886,765	2,890,018.71	8,569,219	1,052,068	250,455	22	2	2	8909	25,448	823,892	27,087	235,001.56	7,726.08	35,598	340,908.46	266,071.23	271,256.57	885,176.26

TRAFFIC, RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES—DELAWARE RIVER BRIDGE

Month	1926			1927			1928			1929		
	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses
Jan.				466,918	$148,165.38	$27,223.07	581,945	$178,184.17	$31,076.14	691,827	$207,812.83	$31,538.35
Feb.				417,374	109,100.31	20,238.57	555,656	170,786.61	34,370.08	657,126	181,785.27	29,052.90
Mar.				586,441	155,743.32	28,929.78	657,294	195,838.42	31,428.52	850,894	287,825.00	37,629.98
Apr.				651,243	173,375.38	27,142.41	728,163	235,041.57	29,751.40	888,184	247,119.89	33,398.07
May				771,344	210,816.96	25,818.29	829,841	235,846.43	32,406.28	1,002,573	281,480.01	33,979.39
June				784,223	222,513.82	14,849.19	871,682	257,764.55	28,023.81	1,126,167	308,222.57	31,052.08
July	828,647	$226,532.97	$18,988.70	975,551	264,948.49	26,878.41	1,063,159	294,927.21	33,633.08	1,268,929	353,982.78	37,290.47
Aug.	804,165	219,729.09	28,567.85	924,886	265,357.32	28,633.61	1,044,579	299,711.61	32,947.86	1,299,433	355,751.66	38,795.01
Sept.	730,711	178,512.94	21,689.80	865,760	248,796.87	30,549.69	949,270	260,893.69	29,568.11	1,104,867	306,127.55	30,297.52
Oct.	655,078	184,233.31	30,524.96	776,505	227,107.03	25,987.63	881,472	257,370.39	29,079.68	985,086	280,407.38	30,762.16
Nov.	610,291	172,266.75	27,092.46	693,836	210,995.04	29,566.76	790,455	228,438.98	30,247.69	911,888	262,221.55	32,445.28
Dec.	508,782	128,853.32	21,245.61	617,190	198,864.45	11,854.79	779,514	231,457.40	35,456.47	858,835	279,017.45	32,354.99
Totals	4,137,674	$1,110,108.38	$158,109.47	8,593,201	$2,435,784.40	$346,678.54	9,725,470	$2,827,786.83	$378,590.01	11,615,609	$3,331,754.46	$398,496.20
Net Receipts		$946,682.83			$2,093,921.89			$2,449,196.82			$2,933,258.26	

TRAFFIC, RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES—DELAWARE RIVER BRIDGE

Month	1930			1931			1932			1933		
	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses	Vehicles	Receipts	Expenses
Jan.	792,291	$229,672.30	$32,272.30	829,442	$237,708.20	$42,951.95	820,468	$250,486.00	$34,244.08	685,372	$188,938.59	$34,950.88
Feb.	757,617	221,555.92	33,531.88	776,105	226,331.88	35,636.75	779,570	244,084.61	31,193.64	589,811	161,258.98	32,386.53
Mar.	921,732	282,816.79	40,255.69	901,208	265,696.60	40,195.00	814,395	249,608.94	34,287.21	690,043	215,762.65	34,754.00
Apr.	970,596	283,134.72	40,117.85	990,065	262,422.18	33,728.00	866,749	234,520.85	33,583.10	798,465	215,625.00	34,704.98
May	1,105,698	319,606.55	41,563.36	1,117,436	321,942.37	35,511.98	978,457	268,284.28	36,475.57	855,472	258,649.75	32,740.89
June	1,103,455	320,237.06	36,309.79	1,136,598	339,797.16	33,170.16	967,446	264,610.81	39,386.08	924,490	260,706.74	31,867.37
July	1,272,827	370,521.67	48,450.44	1,275,304	335,980.72	35,864.41	1,124,653	297,976.45	48,622.12	1,066,431	288,077.01	35,346.06
Aug.	1,308,101	358,519.43	41,659.67	1,270,808	364,670.00	40,802.97	1,101,001	301,033.15	48,119.61	1,042,936	280,430.75	37,691.60
Sept.	1,129,713	310,755.63	39,941.57	1,128,315	301,362.15	31,795.31	987,082	246,477.72	34,119.99	908,908	278,564.75	29,723.43
Oct.	1,020,625	287,963.13	42,919.13	1,035,436	305,104.54	33,053.05	867,986	238,797.65	34,882.46	841,983	232,151.46	40,525.60
Nov.	940,368	266,670.84	49,818.23	940,634	259,653.40	37,224.76	767,317	239,476.64	42,990.19	758,983	207,839.30	40,518.66
Dec.	902,306	266,846.60	50,757.64	911,606	258,738.13	34,222.28	729,653	206,920.41	33,520.96	703,581	229,034.73	33,306.55
Totals	12,985,359	$3,517,730.64	$500,597.53	12,308,225	$3,479,337.93	$430,856.72	10,804,557	$3,091,576.91	$471,351.85	9,886,705	$2,820,018.71	$418,516.46
Net Receipts		$3,017,133.11			$3,048,981.21			$2,620,225.08			$2,401,502.25	

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW JERSEY

To the Honorables, the Legislatures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and the Council of the City of Philadelphia.

The sharp curve of decreasing traffic of the Delaware River Bridge which marked the first half of 1933 showed a decided tapering-off in the last six months with the result that the net traffic loss was 8.49 per cent. This was common to vehicular bridges and tunnels throughout the country, undoubtedly due to depressed business conditions and consequent restricted spending.

Yet in 1933 when pleasure riding was curtailed for economic reasons and when the number of passenger buses was reduced, the Delaware River Bridge did more business than in 1927 or 1928. The 1933 total was exceeded in all of the preceding four years, but even the long depression has not grievously affected the steady week-day travel that forms the back-log of the bridge business.

This is borne out by the statistics since the opening of the bridge on July 1, 1926:

Year	Traffic	Gross Receipts	Expenses	Net Receipts
1933	9,886,705	$2,820,018.71	$418,516.46	$2,401,502.25
1932	10,804,557	3,091,576.91	471,351.83	2,620,225.08
1931	12,308,225	3,479,337.93	430,856.72	3,048,981.21
1930	12,285,359	3,517,730.64	500,597.53	3,017,133.11
1929	11,615,609	3,331,754.46	398,496.20	2,933,258.26
1928	9,725,470	2,827,786.83	378,590.01	2,449,196.82
1927	8,593,201	2,435,784.40	346,678.59	2,093,921.89
1926 (½ year)	4,137,674	1,110,108.38	158,109.47	946,682.83

Included in the expenses for 1933, were $20,802.47 covering the legal and printing costs of a bond issue of $41,000,000 authorized by the Commission to repay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the State of New Jersey and the City of Philadelphia the amount owing upon their investment in the bridge enterprise, fixed as of September 1, 1933 at $30,962,000, and to provide an additional $10,000,000 of bonds to be sold to the United States Government to defray the expenses of building a high-speed rail transit line across the bridge with extensions in Philadelphia and Camden.

As in other years, the bulk of the traffic was made up by private-passenger automobiles and light delivery trucks numbering, in all, 8,569,299. Bus traffic fell to a new low level of 1,032,068. This was even considerably less than the bus business of 1927 with a figure of 1,181,183 out of total vehicular travel of 8,593,201. The high-water mark for the buses was recorded in 1930 when they numbered 1,484,443. Of all classes of vehicles in 1933, the heavy truck division alone showed an increase, the number being 250,455 compared with 235,057 in the preceding year and 111,460 in 1927. The horse was almost completely eliminated as a factor in bridge traffic in 1933 with a total of 26. In 1927, 1,550 horses crossed the bridge.

Prior to the opening of the bridge, engineers predicted that at the end of 1933 traffic could number 65,700,000 vehicles with net receipts of $13,425,000. It is gratifying to note that this anticipation has been exceeded with a total of 79,356,800 vehicles and actual net receipts of $19,510,901.45.

The average Sunday and holiday traffic in 1933 was 35,598 as compared with 38,011 in the preceding year. In 1929, the average was 45,194—a striking commentary upon the public's lack of funds for enjoyment.

The average toll, per vehicle, for the year was 28.52 cents. Each vehicle was charged with maintenance and operating expenses of 4.23 cents and current interest of 13.2 cents. Net income, with interest deducted, was 11.09 cents. The return on the present investment for the year, before assuming interest charges, was 7.2 cent and, after interest charges, 3.3 per cent. Interest charges for the year were $1,304,765.27.

Much of the activity of the Commission was centered about the financing and engineering of the high-speed rail transit line which had been actively discussed since 1930.

Transit Line Advanced

Preliminary engineering plans were prepared by Mr. Ralph Modjeski, Chief Engineer of the Commission. These plans and various substitutes offered by interested citizens were considered at length by the Commission. On January 20, 1933, the Commission approved a report by its Transportation Committee which recommended:

A—That the Commission formally adopt the revised plans made by Mr. Modjeski.

B—That the Commisison, upon adoption of the plans, apply to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for a loan sufficient to build the transit line.

C—That the plans be submitted to the Mayor and Council of the City of Philadelphia and the City Commissioners of Camden, in order that the necessary formal approval may be obtained.

D—That the Commission obtain from the civic authorities of Philadelphia an easement permitting the connection of the bridge line with the Eighth Street-Locust Street subway and the securing of trackage rights in this subway which will insure the delivery of passengers of the bridge line into the retail commercial center of Philadelphia.

E—That the Commission proceed without delay with the extension of the Eighth Street-Locust Street subway into the business center of Camden by the construction of the transit line from the vicinity of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia, to the vicinity of Haddon Avenue and Carman Street, Camden.

The Transportation Committee reviewed the objections made to the plan proposed and reported:

> The Committee considered not only Mr. Modjeski's recommendations but also various suggestions for elevated and subway lines in Camden. It was unable to find that any of the alternatives offered advantages equal to those indicated in Mr. Modjeski's report.
>
> Early in the deliberations, it became apparent that a terminal should be built in Camden where but passengers could interchange to the high-speed line. It was suggested that such a terminal could be erected in the plot bounded by Seventh and Eighth Streets, Penn and Linden Streets, but this would entail the destruction of much valuable property.
>
> The Committee was aware that a plot of ground more centrally located was available to the west of the new Camden City Hall. Upon this, the buildings had been demolished and ownership of the plot rested with the City of Camden.
>
> Under the Acts creating the Joint Commission, it is clearly set forth that the consent of municipal authorities in both Philadelphia and Camden must be obtained before any property belonging to either can be used for purposes of the Joint Commission. In other words, the duly constituted authorities of Camden must be in favor of any plan submitted before any street in Camden is torn up or any easement taken over or below any property belonging to the City. The situation is exactly similar in Philadelphia.
>
> The Transportation Committee met with the City Commissioners of Camden and found that no approval would be given to any elevated structure in the City. Inasmuch as the authority of the City is supreme in this respect, unless a special Act of the Legislature of New Jersey were obtained to overrule the desires of the City Commission of Camden, the Committee realized that the building of an elevated structure would be out of the question. Furthermore, there was no desire on the part of the Transportation Committee to run counter to the wishes of the authorities of Camden because the Committee recognized that the City Commissioners had a genuine and natural concern that nothing should be built that might interfere with the growth and prosperity of their city.
>
> In anticipation of the building of the bridge subway line in Fifth Street, the City Commissioners had made preparation for the construction of a bus terminal at the City Hall. The City Commissioners believed that this was the proper location for the terminal and, with this, Mr. Modjeski and the Transportation Committee are in hearty accord. It may be that the Joint Commission may desire to lease this ground from the City of Camden and build the bus terminal itself as suggested in the letter of the City Commissioners of Camden to the Joint Commission dated January 17, 1933.
>
> The attitude of the City Commissioners is clearly defined in the communication referred to. After considering all suggestions, the Commissioners concluded that the plan prepared by Mr. Modjeski best serves the interests of Camden and the other counties of South Jersey. The Camden Commissioners request that this plan be fulfilled promptly.
>
> The Transportation Committee was convinced that any transit line to merit consideration must be capable of extension beyond the bus terminal to the railroads so that rapid and convenient interchange of passengers might be effected. The Committee took the position that not only must the City of Camden be benefited but that the plan to be adopted by the Joint Commission must provide for extension to the communities lying beyond Camden. It found that many persons believed that the plan under discussion provided for a dead end at the Broadway Station. In this, the objectors to the Modjeski plan erred because the transit line is to be situated directly adjacent to the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad and service can be extended beyond Camden through an arrangement whereby the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, the probable operators of the bridge line, can secure traffic rights over the railroad right-of-way.
>
> The Committee is of the belief that construction of the high-speed line as outlined above will enhance the value of the bridge property and that it is a most worthwhile investment. Ten million dollars of the original cost of the bridge was put into the track spaces on either side of the roadway and no return has ever been received from this investment. Building of the high-speed line upon the outer tracks will make available for roadway purposes the inner track spaces originally designed for a trolley line which will never be built. At comparatively small cost, when the traffic increase warrants the investment, two additional lanes may be added to the roadway, thereby tremendously increasing the vehicular capacity of the bridge and obviating for many years to come the necessity of building a duplicate of the present structure.
>
> The Joint Commission has on file an offer by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company to operate upon a basis of paying to the Commission 2½ cents per passenger. It is estimated that 22,500,000 persons a year will take advantage of this speedy means of conveyance. The Committee avers that this will appreciably increase the value and usefulness of the subway in Eighth Street owned by the City of Philadelphia and that both sides of the Delaware River will share in the benefits to be derived by improved transportation.
>
> In conclusion, it may be said that the line we recommend building was originally agreed upon at the conferences held two years ago at which were present the representatives of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, the Public Service Coordinated Transport Company, the South Jersey Transit Commission and the Department of City Transit of Philadelphia.

Independent Inquiry Made

Opponents of the plans, as approved by the Commission, appealed to the Honorable A. Harry Moore, Governor of New Jersey, who appointed a committee of competent and disinterested engineers of New Jersey to study the situation. Their conclusions, as reported to Governor Moore on April 20, 1933, confirmed the judgment of the Commission. After analyzing all the points of controversy, the Governor's committee reported:

1—That, in the last analysis, there is no real conflict of interest due to the fact that we are dealing with two different matters, local transportation, which we have referred to above as "rapid transit," and long distance standard railroad operation.

2—That the plans as proposed by the Joint Bridge Commission, authority for which has been granted by the Legislatures of New Jersey and Pennsylvania, provide the best solution both for Camden itself and for the prompt and regular delivery of suburban passengers to the subway and thence to their destinations in Philadelphia.

3—That the location of the subway in accordance with the plans

of the Joint Bridge Commission in no way interferes with the further extension of the subway over any or all of the eight existing railroad lines which can all be reached from this point of divergence a short distance east of the Broadway station.

4—That under the conditions proposed, which include the termination of the majority of the bus lines at the so-called Bus Terminal, and also in accordance with the terms of the proposition submitted by the President of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company as to the rates to be charged for transportation, the construction of the subway, as proposed will result in net revenues of such magnitude as will make the project entirely self-supporting, and under the definition of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, self-liquidating over a proper period of years.

5—That the matter of long distance heavy railroad operation cannot be solved by the operation of heavy trains over the Bridge, but by the eventual construction of a tunnel under the River by which trains from Southern and Eastern New Jersey will pass under the River through a tunnel and subway connecting with the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad Stations in Philadelphia:

6—After full consideration, the Committee agrees with the opinions expressed by several individuals to the effect that from a standpoint of the anticipated earnings and the needs of the traveling public, this work should be inaugurated and pushed to completion at the earliest possible date consistent with economic and safe construction, the rapid transit trains occupying the spaces provided for such service on the outside of the bridge structure.

7—That the spaces provided for street car operations on the bridge be arranged for vehicular use if and when the traffic on the bridge requires the addition of the two extra traffic lanes which will thus be provided.

Respectfully submitted,

PHILANDER BETTS
LOUIS FOCHT
CHARLES F. BEDWELL

Governor Moore thereupon wrote to the Secretary of the Commission as follows:

State of New Jersey
Executive Department, May 4, 1933

My dear Mr. Costello:

The committee of engineers appointed by me to examine into the controversy concerning the proper use of the facilities of the Camden-Philadelphia Bridge has made a report to me approving the stand taken by your Commission.

The members of this committee made an unbiased investigation, and I accept their report as the final determination in the matter, so far as I am concerned.

Very truly yours,

A. HARRY MOORE,
Governor.

The Commission is grateful to Governor Moore and his engineering committee for the thoroughness of the inquiry.

Government Funds Provided

As detailed in its last annual report, the Commission tried vainly to finance the cost of this much-needed improvement through private bankers. All efforts failing in this direction, the Commission discussed the project with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation but immediately transferred its activities to the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works as soon as the latter body was created.

On July 21, 1933, the Commission authorized a bond issue of $41,000,000. This was designed to compensate Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Philadelphia for the amount due to each and to provide funds for the transit line. The bonds, issued in $1,000 denomination as "The Delaware River Joint Commission Philadelphia-Camden Bridge Bonds," are negotiable general obligation securities with coupons attached.

These bonds will mature in varying amounts annually from 1935 to 1973 as shown below:

1935	1	to	200	1954	11,001	to	12,000
1936	201	"	400	1955	12,001	"	13,000
1937	401	"	600	1956	13,001	"	14,000
1938	601	to	850	1957	14,001	to	15,000
1939	851	"	1,100	1958	15,001	"	16,000
1940	1,101	"	1,350	1959	16,001	"	17,500
1941	1,351	"	1,650	1960	17,501	"	19,000
1942	1,651	"	2,000	1961	19,001	"	20,500
1943	2,001	"	2,500	1962	20,501	"	22,000
1944	2,501	"	3,000	1963	22,001	"	23,500
1945	3,001	"	3,600	1964	23,501	"	25,000
1946	3,601	"	4,300	1965	25,001	"	26,500
1947	4,301	"	5,100	1966	26,501	"	28,000
1948	5,101	"	6,000	1967	28,001	"	29,500
1949	6,001	"	7,000	1968	29,501	"	31,000
1950	7,001	"	8,000	1969	31,001	"	33,000
1951	8,001	"	9,000	1970	33,001	"	35,000
1952	9,001	"	10,000	1971	35,001	"	37,000
1953	10,001	"	11,000	1972	37,001	"	39,000
				1973	39,001	"	41,000

All bonds are dated September 1, 1933 with interest payable semi-annually at 4¼ per cent. The bonds are callable at the option of the Commission on or after September 1, 1943 at 105 per cent. The entire revenues of the Delaware River Bridge, including the high-speed line, are pledged, after deduction of operation and maintenance expenses, to the payment of the bonds.

The issue was passed upon and approved by counsel for the Commission and by Thomson, Wood and Hoffman, Esquires, New York City.

On November 29, 1933, the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works approved a loan of $10,000,000, with a grant of thirty per cent of the cost of labor and material, to the Commission for the purpose of building the line. The amount of the grant was fixed at $1,900,000. The Government agreed to buy a $10,000,000 portion of the 41,000,000 bond issue and to rebate one-quarter of one per cent to the Commission so that the cost of the financing was 4 per cent. The free grant of $1,900,000 further very materially reduced the financing expense to the Commission.

In anticipation of the approval of the loan and grant, the Commission built up a staff of engineers to prepare plans and specifications for the transit line.

Messrs. Ralph Modjeski, Frank M. Masters and Clement E. Chase, of the firm of Modjeski, Masters and Chase, were engaged as engineers. The Commission records, with deep regret, that Mr. Chase was killed September 18, 1933 by falling from the bridge while engaged in an inspection of the high-speed rail section. Mr. M. B. Case, who was the Commission's Resident Engineer in charge of the construction of the bridge, succeeded Mr. Chase.

On July 21, 1933, the Commission accepted an offer by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company to operate the line, the company to pay to the Commission 2½ cents for each passenger carried. It is estimated that 22,500,000 passengers will be carried annually.

Cities Approve Plans

Agreements were negotiated with the City of Philadelphia and the City of Camden approving the construction of the line. These agreements are appended to this report. On December 22, 1933, the Commission paid to the City of Philadelphia $582,300.08 representing the cost to the City of the building several years ago of a spur in the Eighth Street subway to be used by the bridge trains providing access to the shopping center of Philadelphia. It is planned to open the line to traffic by January 1, 1936.

A section of subway is to be built in Camden from alongside the Broadway station of the combined Pennsylvania and Reading Railroads to the bridge and, in Philadelphia, from the bridge to Eighth and Race Streets where connection is to be made with the present Eighth Street-Locust Street subway. The latter line is now in operation as an off-shoot from the Broad Street subway only as far as Eighth and Market Streets, but the subway has been constructed to Eighteenth and Locust Streets and now awaits only electrification and completion of stations. The Commission anticipates that the City of Philadelphia will have the Locust Street line in operation to Eighteenth Street by January 1, 1936.

The Commission originally estimated that the project would cost, including the acquisition of the necessary real estate $10,000,000. During the conferences with the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, representatives of the latter suggested that advanced costs of labor and material might cause the figure set by the Commission to be exceeded and, upon their request, the Commission asked for a loan and grant totaling $11,900,000. This figure is considered most ample.

Plans and specifications were advanced so rapidly by the engineers that the Commission was enabled, on December 20, 1933, to advertise for bids upon the Philadelphia section including the subway from the bridge to Eighth and Race Streets and a new vehicular underpass in Fifth Street from Cherry to Callowhill Streets. The underpass is required to that Fifth Street through traffic shall not cross the high-speed line at grade.

Legislation was enacted in 1933 by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey providing that the two states and the City of Philadelphia might accept bonds of the Delaware River Joint Commission in payment of the latter's indebtedness. The Acts are appended to this report. Both states took advantage of this legislation and a balance was struck by the Commission with the three contributing partners on September 1, 1933. Bonds aggregating $12,199,000 were delivered to the State of New Jersey on October 2, 1933 and Pennsylvania received $9,208,000 in bonds of the same issue on the following day. Pennsylvania sold by far the greater part of its allotment and New Jersey used its share to wipe out its indebtedness to the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund and to strengthen the State's Sinking Fund.

The City of Philadelphia expressed a preference to be paid in cash instead of in bonds; consequently its share was placed by the Commission in the hands of the Commission's fiscal agent, The Real Estate-Land Title and Trust Company of Philadelphia. When market conditions warrant, these bonds will be sold and the City of Philadelphia repaid in full. Meanwhile, the City will receive semi-annual interest of 4¼ per cent on its share, aggregating $9,555,000. of bonds and its proportion of bond maturities. The first block of the bond issue amounting to $200,000 matures September 1, 1935.

Bridge Investment Profitable

It is interesting to note that the original cash investment of the three partners was as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	$10,575,478.54
State of New Jersey	15,900,235.33
City of Philadelphia	10,601,765.10
	$37,077,478.97

In addition to the bonds, as detailed above, Pennsylvania has received cash aggregating $4,544,321.02; New Jersey, $8,901,668.08, and Philadelphia, $4,548,586.36. The latter figure is exclusive of the $582,300.08 paid to Philadelphia as reimbursement of the cost of the Eighth Street subway spur.

The bridge was maintained in excellent condition during the year, all needed repairs being promptly made. A bus shelter was erected by the Commission's Maintenance Bureau on the north side of the Camden Plaza at a cost of $1,215.37.

In the year, twenty-four accidents upon the bridge were reported. Sixty-seven arrests were made. Four persons committed suicide by leaping from the footwalk. Twenty fires were extinguished and six hundred and eight disabled cars towed from the bridge by our apparatus.

The financial operation of the bridge during the year is set forth in detail in the appendix and complete analysis of bridge traffic appears in the charts in this report.

The Delaware River Joint Commission takes this opportunity of inviting the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and New Jersey and the Council of the City of Philadelphia to inspect the bridge and to go into the details of operation at any time.

Respectfully submitted,

DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION

GIFFORD PINCHOT, Chairman	JOHN B. KATES, Vice Chairman
J. HAMPTON MOORE	FRANK L. SUPLEE
CHARLES A. WATERS	I. NORWOOD GRISCOM
FRANK E. BALDWIN	LUCIUS E. HIRES
THOMAS B. SMITH	ARTHUR C. KING
RICHARD WEGLEIN	BARTON F. SHARP
WILLIAM H. FOLWELL	ALFRED COOPER
J. WILLISON SMITH	A. MATLACK STACKHOUSE

JOSEPH K. COSTELLO, General Manager

DISTRIBUTION OF VEHICULAR TRAFFIC ACROSS THE DELAWARE RIVER
(Among Ferries & Bridges, Within 10-Miles of Delaware River Bridge)

Year	Month	Ferry Vehicles			Tacony-Palmyra Bridge	Total Vehicles Other Than on the Del. River Bridge	Delaware River Bridge	Total Cross River Traffic Vehicles	Tacony-Palmyra Bridge Share of Traffic	Del. Riv. Bridge Share of Traffic
		Penna. R.R. Ferry	Phila. & Reading Ferry	Tacony-Palmyra Ferry						
1927 ------	--	779,320	1,567,724	356,153		2,603,197	8,593,201	11,296,398	3.15%	76.07%
1928 ------	--	780,947	1,672,276	355,240		2,808,463	9,725,470	12,533,933	2.84%	77.59%
1929 ------	--	808,295	1,790,285	235,821	*433,061	3,267,462	11,615,609	14,883,071	4.50%	78.05%
1930 ------	--	789,987	1,753,332	--	1,374,285	3,917,604	12,285,359	16,202,963	8.48%	75.82%
1931 ------	--	779,129	1,722,486	--	1,798,569	4,240,184	12,308,225	16,548,409	10.50%	74.38%
1932 ------	--	696,633	1,514,920	--	1,559,197	3,770,750	10,804,557	14,575,307	10.70%	74.13%
1933 ------	Jan.	43,807	86,955	--	81,463	212,315	685,372	897,687	9.08%	76.35%
" ------	Feb.	42,044	77,045	--	64,519	183,608	589,811	773,419	8.34%	76.26%
" ------	Mar.	46,318	90,415	--	74,184	210,917	690,043	900,960	8.23%	76.59%
" ------	April	50,942	104,956	--	110,497	266,395	798,465	1,064,860	10.37%	74.98%
" ------	May	60,559	119,768	--	119,014	299,341	855,472	1,154,813	10.30%	74.08%
" ------	June	60,242	128,910	--	141,459	330,611	924,690	1,255,301	11.26%	73.66%
" ------	July	70,193	152,422	--	198,169	420,784	1,066,431	1,487,215	13.32%	71.71%
" ------	Aug.	77,957	152,484	--	187,303	417,744	1,042,936	1,460,680	12.82%	71.40%
" ------	Sept.	71,155	129,253	--	149,800	350,208	928,938	1,279,146	11.71%	72.62%
" ------	Oct.	65,059	115,943	--	108,922	289,924	841,983	1,131,907	9.62%	74.38%
" ------	Nov.	57,920	96,406	--	84,335	238,661	758,983	997,644	8.45%	76.07%
" ------	Dec.	53,026	83,914	--	70,832	207,772	703,581	911,353	7.77%	77.20%
Total-1933 --		699,312	1,338,471		1,390,197	3,428,280	9,886,705	13,314,985	10.44%	74.25%

* Opened Aug. 15, 1929.

Appendices

"A"—Final Summary 1933.

"B"—Deposit of Bridge Funds and Disposition 1933.

"C"—Cost of the Delaware River Bridge; Indebtedness assumed by the Delaware River Joint Commission on July 1, 1931 and progress of repayment.

"D"—Legislation of Pennsylvania and New Jersey accepting Bridge Bonds 1933.

"E"—Agreements with Philadelphia and Camden upon High-Speed Line.

Appendix "A"

Financial Summary 1933

Toll and Rental Receipts Jan. 1, 1933 to Dec. 31, 1933		$2,807,062.05
Interest Received on Bank Balances		12,689.52
Miscellaneous		480.87
Total		$2,820,232.44
Less:		
Counterfeit and Mutilated Coins	$191.03	
Ticket Refunds	21.30	
Toll Refunds	1.40	
		213.73
Total Gross Income		$2,820,018.71
Less:		
Expenses:—(Usual)		
Salaries	$329,329.70	
Equipment	6,102.80	
Supplies	10,610.46	
Repairs	10,551.47	
Miscellaneous Expenses	39,904.19	
	$396,498.62	
(Unusual)		
Bus Passenger Shelter—Camden	$ 1,215.37	
Issuing Bonds	20,802.47	
	22,017.84	
Total Expenses		418,516.46
Total Income		$2,401,502.25
Less:		
Other Deductions:		
Interest accrued on Debt Jan. 1, 1933 to Dec. 31, 1933		$1,304,765.27
Net Income		$1,096,736 98

Appendix "B"

Deposit of Bridge Funds and Dispositions

Bank	Total Deposits	Interest Earned	Total Deposits and Interest
Oaklyn National Bank	$ 63,000.00	$ 434.27	$ 63,434.27
1st Camden Nat. Bank & Trust Company	111,650.00	691.00	112,341.00
1st National Bank—Haddon Heights	24,000.00	166.16	24,166.16
Camden Safe Deposit & Tr. Company—(Cape May Branch)	90,000.00	1,216.90	91,216.90
Merchantville Nat. Bank & Trust Company	27,000.00	224.36	27,224.36
Ocean County Trust Company	16,400.00	135.29	16,535.29
1st National Bank—Toms River	449,000.00	3,246.82	452,246.82
West Jersey Trust Company	32,000.00	188.07	32,188.07
Camden Safe Deposit & Tr. Co.—Camden	126,750.00	891.56	127,641.56
Camden Safe Deposit & Tr Co.—(Active Account)	294,931.03	79.36	295,010.39
Philadelphia National Bank	131,000.00	598.64	131,598.64
Market Street National Bank	131,500.00	567.00	132,067.00
Real Estate-Land Title & Tr. Company	121,581.70	608.65	122,190.35
Corn Exchange National Bank & Trust Co.	137,000.00	627.52	137,627.52
Central-Penn National Bank	81,500.00	406.38	81,906.38
National Bank of Germantown & Tr. Co.	82,000.00	448.77	82,448.77
Pennsylvania Company, Etc.	130,500.00	569.85	131,069.85
Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Company	131,000.00	517.21	131,517.21
Integrity Trust Company	76,500.00	239.04	76,739.04
Northern Trust Company	131,500.00	832.67	132,332.67
	$2,388,812.73	$12,689.52	$2,401,502.25

Disposition of Funds

Distributed to:	
City of Philadelphia	$ 271,236 57
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	266,971.23
State of New Jersey	346,968.46
Total Distributed	$ 885,176.26
High-Speed Line Expenditures	627,243.22
Total Expended	$1,512,419.48
Unexpended Balance	889,082.77
Total	$2,401,502.25

Appendix "C"

Cost of the Delaware River Bridge; Indebtedness Assumed by the Delaware River Joint Commission on July 1, 1931, and Progress of Repayment

	Total	State of Pa.	State of N. J.	City of Phila.
Appropriations toward cost of bridge	$37,077,478.97	$10,575,478.54	$15,900,235.33	$10,601,765.10
Interest thereon to July 1, 1931	10,083,235.95	2,621,658.62	4,574,124.63	2,887,452.70
Total cost of bridge, including interest July 1, 1931	47,160,714.92	13,197,137.16	20,474,359.96	13,489,217.80
Deduct: Revenues derived from five years operation	12,876,627.67	3,219,156.91	6,438,313.85	3,219,156.91
Interest thereon to July 1, 1931	1,078,092.43	257,697.38	544,679.52	275,715.53
Total credits applied to July 1, 1931	13,954,720.10	3,476,854.29	6,982,993.37	3,494,872.44
Net Debt of Delaware River Joint Commission, July 1, 1931	33,205,994.82	9,720,282.87	13,491,366.59	9,994,345.36
Deduct: Payments on account of Principal—October 1931	500,000.00	125,000.00	250,000.00	125,000.00
December 1931	1,083,383.22	271,062.15	541,538.06	270,783.01
December 1932	640,370.51	96,724.13	500,498.47	43,147.91
October 1933 (as of 9/1/33)	20,241.09	19,496.59	330.06	414.44
*Total Payments on Account of Principal to September 1, 1933	2,243,994.82	512,282.87	1,292,366.59	439,345.36
Balance of Debt Refunded September 1, 1933	30,962,000.00	9,208,000.00	12,199,000.00	9,555,000.00

* Joint Commission paid in addition total interest accrued on debt from July 1, 1931, to September 1, 1933, amounting to $2,873,952.97.

Appendix "D"

Laws of Pennsylvania and New Jersey 1933 Authorizing Acceptance of Delaware River Joint Commission Bonds

No. 156—Laws of Pennsylvania 1933

AN ACT

Authorizing the Commonwealth the City of Philadelphia and the State of New Jersey to accept from the Delaware River Joint Commission bonds or other obligations in lieu of moneys for the repayment of the amounts due for moneys advanced in the construction of the Delaware River Bridge and its approaches and in the acquisition of property in connection therewith providing for the disposition of such bonds delivered to the Commonwealth and the City of Philadelphia authorizing the purchase thereof by custodial funds of the Commonwealth and providing that this act shall become effective upon the adoption of reciprocal legislation by the State of New Jersey

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in lieu of the moneys provided for to be paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia from the sale of bonds or other obligations by the Delaware River Joint Commission in accordance with the provisions of the act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred seventy-five) entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware River and the improvement of the facilities for transportation across the river authorizing the Governor for these purposes to enter into an agreement with New Jersey creating The Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission and making an appropriation" and the similar act of the State of New Jersey by which the said states have heretofore entered into an agreement the Governor Auditor General and State Treasurer acting on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the mayor city controller and city treasurer of the City of Philadelphia acting on behalf of the said city and the proper officers designated by reciprocal legislation of the State of New Jersey acting on behalf of said state are hereby authorized to accept from the Delaware River Joint Commission which commission is hereby authorized to issue and deliver to said states and city bonds or other obligations of a par value equal to the amount determined by said commission to be due respectively the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the City of Philadelphia and the State of New Jersey for moneys contributed towards the cost of acquiring

property for and constructing the bridge over the Delaware River between the cities of Philadelphia and Camden and the approaches thereto as provided in said acts Said bonds shall bear interest at a rate to be fixed by said commission but not less than four per centum (4%) and shall be issued in accordance with and under the authority of said act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred seventy-five) and similar legislation of the State of New Jersey.

Section 2 The bonds or obligations so delivered to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be deposited with the State Treasurer and those delivered to the City of Philadelphia with the city treasurer for safe keeping until sold or disposed of as hereinafter provided Those delivered to the State of New Jersey shall be deposited with such officer or tribunal as may be provided by reciprocal legislation of the State of New Jersey The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the City of Philadelphia and the State of New Jersey through their respective treasurers or officer or tribunal receiving such bonds shall issue their receipts to the Delaware River Joint Commission acknowledging the receipt of the full amounts due from said commission as provided for in said act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred seventy-five) and similar legislation of the State of New Jersey and absolving said commission from further liability for reimbursement on account of the moneys advanced towards the construction of said bridge and its approaches and the acquisition of property in connection therewith

Section 3 The Governor Auditor General and State Treasurer acting on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the mayor city controller and city treasurer acting on behalf of the City of Philadelphia are hereby authorized from time to time to sell such bonds or other obligations after advertisement or without advertisement at not less than par and accrued interest. Such bonds may also be used by the City of Philadelphia for sinking fund purposes. The respective boards of the Commonwealth charged by law with the investment of the moneys held in and received by custodial funds are hereby authorized to purchase any of said bonds from the Commonwealth or the City of Philadelphia Such boards are also authorized to sell or transfer bonds or other securities now in the possession of the State Treasurer and held for the benefit of such funds in order that additional moneys may be made available for the purchase of such bonds or other obligations issued by said commission and acquired as aforesaid The bonds or obligations delivered to the State of New Jersey shall be sold or used for such purposes as may be provided by the reciprocal legislation of said States

Section 4 This act shall become effective immediately upon the adoption of reciprocal legislation by the State of New Jersey

Approved—The 22nd Day of May A. D. 1933.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

Chapter 282—Laws of New Jersey 1933

An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the city of Philadelphia, and the State of New Jersey, to accept from the Delaware River Joint Commission bonds or other obligations, in lieu of moneys, for the repayment of the amounts due for moneys advanced in the construction of the Delaware river bridge, between the cities of Camden, New Jersey, and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and its approaches, and in the acquisition of property in connection therewith; providing for the disposition of such bonds, if delivered; authorizing the purchase thereof by custodial funds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and by various boards, agencies, and commissions of the said city of Philadelphia and the State of New Jersey; and providing that this act shall become effective upon the adoption of reciprocal legislation by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. That in lieu of moneys provided for to be paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the city of Philadelphia, and the State of New Jersey, from the sale of bonds or other obligations by the Delaware River Joint Commission, in accordance with the provisions of an act of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred seventy-five), entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware river and the improvement of facilities for transportation across the river; authorizing the Governor for these purposes to enter into any agreement with New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission, and making an appropriation," and in accordance with the provisions of a similar act of the State of New Jersey, approved the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, being chapter three hundred ninety-one of the New Jersey Session Laws of one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, and entitled "An act providing for joint action by Pennsylvania and New Jersey in the development of the ports on the lower Delaware river and the improvement of the facilities for transportation across the said river; authorizing the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission on behalf of the State of New Jersey for these purposes to enter into an agreement with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania creating the Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof, including the power to finance projects by the issuance of revenue bonds; transferring to the new commission all the powers of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission and making an appropriation," and by virtue of which said legislation, said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and said State of New Jersey have heretofore entered into an agreement; the Governor, Auditor General, and State Treasurer, acting on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the mayor, city controller and city treasurer of the city of Philadelphia, acting on behalf of the said city, and the Governor, State Treasurer, and State Comptroller, acting on behalf of the said State of New Jersey, are hereby authorized to accept from the Delaware River Joint Commission, and said commission is hereby authorized to issue and deliver to said States and said city, bonds or other obligations of a par value equal to or on account of the amount determined by said commission to be due respectively the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the city of Philadelphia, and the State of New Jersey, for moneys contributed toward the cost of acquiring property for and constructing the bridge over the Delaware river, between the cities of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Camden, New Jersey, and the approaches thereto, as provided in said acts Said bonds shall bear interest at a rate to be fixed by said commission. Bonds delivered to and accepted by said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall bear interest at a rate not less than four per centum (4%). Bonds issued to and accepted by said city of Philadelphia and said State of New Jersey shall bear interest at a rate not less than four and one-quarter per centum (4¼%). Said bonds shall be issued in accordance with, and under the authority of, said legislative enactments and said agreement hereinbefore referred to.

2. The bonds or obligations so delivered to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be deposited with the State Treasurer, and those delivered to the city of Philadelphia with the city treasurer, and those delivered to the State of New Jersey, with the State Treasurer, for safekeeping until sold or disposed of, as hereinafter provided. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the city of Philadelphia, and the State of New Jersey, through their respective treasurers or other officer receiving such bonds, shall issue their receipts to the Delaware River Joint Commission, acknowledging the receipt of the full amount or the amount on account of the moneys due from said commission, as provided for in said legislative enactments and agreement. Said commission shall be obsolved from further liability if payment is thus made in full for reimbursement on account of the moneys advanced toward the construction of said bridge, and its approaches, and the acquisition of property in connection therewith.

3. The Governor, Auditor General, and State Treasurer, acting on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the mayor, city controller and city treasurer, acting on behalf of the city of Philadelphia, and the Governor, Comptroller and State Treasurer, acting on behalf of the State of New Jersey, are hereby authorized from time to time to sell such bonds or other obligations, after advertisement or without advertisement, at not less than par and accrued interest. Such bonds may also be used by the city of Philadelphia for sinking fund purposes. The respective boards of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania charged by law with the investment of moneys held in and received by custodial funds are hereby authorized to purchase any of said bonds from said Commonwealth or city of Philadelphia. The various boards, agencies, commissions of the State of New Jersey, charged by law with the investment of the moneys, are hereby authorized to purchase any of said bonds from the said State of New Jersey. Such boards, agencies, commissions, are hereby authorized to sell or transfer bonds, or other securities now in possession of the respective State Treasurers, or other State financial officers, and held for the benefit of such funds, in order that additional moneys may be made available for the purchase of such bonds or obligations issued by said Joint Commission and acquired as aforesaid.

4. This act shall become effective immediately upon the adoption of reciprocal legislation by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

(Approved June 26, 1933) A. HARRY MOORE.

Appendix "E"

Agreements With Cities of Philadelphia and Camden on High-Speed Rail Transit Project

Agreement With City of Philadelphia

Whereas, under and by virtue of a certain agreement dated July 1, 1931, entered into between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey duly authorized by the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of June 12, 1931 (P. L. 575), and by the Act of the State of New Jersey (Chapter 391 Laws of New Jersey 1931) approved June 30, 1931, the Delaware River Joint Commission was created to constitute the public corporate instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey for the purposes, inter alia, of

> The operation and maintenance of the bridge owned jointly by the two States and the City of Philadelphia, as its interests may appear, across the Delaware River between the City of Philadelphia in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the City of Camden, in the State of New Jersey, including its approaches, and the making of additions and improvements thereto;
>
> The effectuation, establishment, construction, operation and maintenance of railroad or other facilities for the transportation of passengers across the said bridge, including extensions thereof to the vicinity of Race Street and Eighth Street in the City of Philadelphia and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the City of Camden;
>
> The procurement from the Government of the United States of any consents which may be requisite to enable any project within its powers to be carried forward; and

Whereas, by a Joint Resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, approved June 14, 1932, the consent of the Federal Government to said agreement was duly procured; and

Whereas, under the terms of said agreement there was vested in the said Commission the power, inter alia, to exercise the right of eminent domain with the provision, however, respecting said power that no property then or thereafter vested in or held by any county, city, borough, village, township or other municipality or port district shall be taken by the Commission without the consent of such municipality or port district unless expressly authorized so to do by the Commonwealth or State in which such municipality or port district is located; and

Whereas, the said Commission proposes to construct, operate and maintain a high-speed electric rail transit line across the said bridge including extensions thereof to Race and Eighth Streets in the City of Philadelphia and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the City of Camden, and has requested the consent of the City of Philadelphia to the construction, operation and maintenance thereof upon, through and under, inter alia,

approaches to said bridge, public highways and property of the said City of Philadelphia from the Philadelphia portal of the said bridge to Eighth and Race Streets; and

Whereas, it is deemed desirable that the consent of the said City of Philadelphia be granted to the Commission in the premises; and

Whereas, the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, the lessee of the subway in Eighth Street owned by the said City of Philadelphia has indicated its willingness to operate said transit line as lessee of the Commission in connection with its operation of the City-owned subways.

Section 1. The Delaware River Joint Commission hereby authorizes the Chairman and the Secretary to enter into an agreement on behalf of the Joint Commission with the City of Philadelphia in substantially the following form, that is to say—

Agreement, Made and entered into this 22nd day of December, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (1933) between the City of Philadelphia of the one part (hereinafter called the City) and The Delaware River Joint Commission of the other part (hereinafter called the Commission) Witnesseth:

1. The Commission shall and it is hereby authorized to build, construct and equip without any cost, expense, responsibility or liability therefor, or arising therefrom on the part of the said City, and shall operate a high-speed electric rail transit line for the transportation of passengers across the said Delaware River Bridge including extensions thereof to Eight and Race Streets in the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the City of Camden, State of New Jersey. Said construction shall include a new underpass at Fifth Street in said City of Philadelphia as appearing upon Drawing No. 2 and Drawing No. 11-A contained in the report bearing date January 20, 1933 issued by the Commission entitled—"Proposed High-Speed Rail Transit Line Across the Delaware River Bridge." Said line in Philadelphia and said underpass shall be built and constructed in accordance with plans and specifications which, prior to becoming effective, shall be approved and accepted as to engineering and design by the Department of City Transit and the Department of Public Works of the said City of Philadelphia.

2. The Commission agrees that the City by its duly constituted agents, officers and employees, shall have the right at all times, during the course of said construction in Philadelphia and thereafter to examine and inspect the work performed and the materials employed therein.

3. Within sixty (60) days from the date of the execution of this agreement by the parties hereto the Commission shall pay to the City the sum of Five hundred eighty-two thousand three hundred dollars ($582.300) in cash as consideration for the right to the Commission to physically connect the rails of said transit line with the tracks of the subway in Eighth Street through a spur constructed and existing therein extending between Race and Filbert Streets in order that transportation facilities can be provided between said high-speed transit line and the said Subway in Eighth Street; said sum of Five hundred eighty-two thousand three hundred dollars ($582.300) being the cost to the said City of the construction of said spur. Provided, however, and it is expressly agreed and understood, that when the Commission, either directly or through some operator who is not the operator of the City's Subway in Eighth Street shall desire the use of said spur and/or the use jointly with the City and/or its lessees or assigns of the subway in Eighth Street or of any part or portion thereof for the purpose of the operation of said transit line, permission for such use shall be granted by the City upon such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon between the parties and their respective lessees or assigns as their interests may appear.

4. The Commission agrees that at or before the completion of the work contemplated hereunder it will proceed under and by virtue of the powers vested in it, to widen Race Street between Franklin and Eighth Streets as appearing upon Drawing No. 2 aforesaid as an approach to said bridge at its sole cost and expense, and without cost or expense to the City or any liability by the City for damages by reason of such widening. Thereupon the widened portion or portions of said street shall be improved by the Commission in a manner satisfactory to the Department of Public Works of the City, and shall be opened as and for a public highway of the City of Philadelphia forever thereafter.

5. The Commission shall extend and pave Seventh Street between Race and Franklin Streets as appearing upon Drawing No. 2 aforesaid and shall restore Franklin Square. Provided that all of the work involved therein shall be performed in a manner satisfactory to and shall be approved by the Department of City Transit and the Department of Public Works of the City.

6. The Commission shall relocate and/or replace and/or temporarily maintain at its sole cost and expense and without cost, expense, liability or responsibility on the part of the City any and all sub-surface structures owned or maintain by the City, in, upon or under any of the streets, highways and approaches to said bridge, involved in the construction of the said high-speed electric rail transit line, including water mains, sewers, gas mains or any instrumentality of the City either of a governmental or proprietary nature which may be interfered with in any manner in the course of the aforesaid construction. Provided, however, and it is expressly agreed and understood that the City shall and does hereby reserve the right at any and all times to construct or install at its own expense any additional or different sub-surface structures in the streets occupied by the transit line of the Commission, or adjacent thereto, or approaches to said bridge, of such nature, kind and number as the authorized officials of the City may from time to time determine as proper and necessary. In such case the Commission agrees to accommodate its facilities to such change in the City's structures and make such adjustment thereof as may be necessary at its own cost and expense.

7. The Commission covenants and agrees that it will indemnify, defend and save the City harmless from any and all claim or claims, loss or losses by reason of any injuries to person or persons or damage to property resulting from the construction and/or operation or maintenance by the Commission or its assigns of the said high-speed electric rail transit line and its appurtenant transportation facilities.

8. The Commission covenants and agrees to assume all liability and responsibility for any and all claims for damages to property or injuries to person or persons resulting from any break, overflow or leakage in any of the City's mains, pipes, conduits or other sub-surface structures replaced, relocated or maintained by the Commission in the course of the construction and/or operation of its said electric rail transit line, resulting within five years from the completion of such replacement, relocation or maintenance, and hereby agrees to indemnify and save harmless the City from any such loss or claim.

9. The Commission shall and it is hereby authorized to install all necessary tracks and equipment in the present unused spur of the subway in Eighth Street extending between Race and Filbert Streets and also all track connections, switches and other facilities necessary for the connection of said transit line with the subway in Eighth Street and enabling operation therewith at its sole cost and expense and without any cost, expense, liability or responsibility of the City or its lessee or assignee with respect thereto. All of said tracks and equipment shall be of the type and character, and be interchangeable with, those at present installed and maintained in the subway in Eighth Street, subject to the approval of the Department of City Transit of the City.

10. Immediately prior to the commencement of the operation of said high-speed electric transit line the Commission shall provide at least twenty-six cars therefor; said number shall be increased by the Commission from time to time as conditions may warrant.

11. The Commission is hereby given permission to use the City's yard, shops, machinery, tools and sub-stations for the purpose of repair and other needs in the course of maintaining and operating its cars; said permission, however, shall always be subject to prior need and use thereof by the City or its lessee or assignee and with the consent of such lessee or assignee to the use thereof and access thereto in the exercise of which permission the Commission shall assume all liability and responsibility for any and all loss or damage to person or persons or property. The Commission is also hereby given permission to drain the said transit line into the drains of the subway in eighth Street on condition however that the Commission shall install, maintain and operate an additional pumping unit of the same type and capacity as the existing pumps in the sump now at Eighth and Filbert Streets. Provided, however, and it is expressly agreed and understood that the permissions hereby given in this paragraph shall become and remain effective only during such time as the Commission or its lessee or assignee shall operate said transit line under an agreement acceptable to the City and the lessee or assignee of the subways owned by the City.

12. The Commission shall assume all costs for the maintenance, operation and policing, including lighting, cleaning, repairing, etc. of the said high-speed electric transit line between the middle of the Delaware River and Eighth and Race Streets, and shall indemnify and save harmless the City from any and all claim or claims for loss or damage to property or injury to person or persons arising from said maintenance, operation or policing. Provided, however, that the right and power of the City to exercise its own police authority and control in the prevention or suppression of crime, riot or disorder, and for the extinguishing or preventing of fire, or for any other lawful purpose, shall not be hereby superseded or abridged.

13. The Commission shall have no control or jurisdiction whatsoever over, in or about the operation or maintenance of the subway in Eighth Street or any part or portion thereof. It shall maintain its equipment and facilities in said spur and in the said subway in Eighth Street, and be primarily responsible at all times to all parties and persons for the manner in which its said equipment and facilities are maintained and/or operated therein; and the Commission hereby covenants and agrees to indemnify, defend and save harmless the City from any and all claim or claims which may arise, loss or losses which may result to persons or to property including City property by reason of the maintenance and/or operation of the Commission's transit line.

14. The Commission does hereby agree to indemnify, defend and save harmless the City from any and all claim or claims for or by reason of or resulting from the taking, damaging or destruction of any property in the course of the construction of the said transit line from the Philadelphia portal of the Delaware River Bridge to Eighth and Race Streets.

15. The Commission shall have the right to lease and/or to assign or otherwise delegate the operation of said transit line, subject, however, to such provisions and conditions as are and may be provided by State or Federal law with respect thereto.

16. This agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and/or assigns of the parties hereto.

17. This agreement is subject to the provisions of the Act of June 25, 1919, P. L. 581.

In Witness Whereof, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be duly sealed and delivered as of the day and year hereinabove mentioned.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA
By: J. H. MOORE, Mayor

DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION
By: JOHN B. KATES, Vice Chairman
Attest: JOSEPH K. COSTELLO, Secretary

Sealed and delivered in the presence of us:

M. L. YOCOM,
As to Mayor Moore

ROBERT W. FAY,
As to Joint Commission

Agreement With City of Camden

Whereas, under and by virtue of a certain agreement dated July 1, 1931, entered into between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey duly authorized by the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of June 12, 1931 (P. L. 575), and by the Act of the State of New Jersey (Chapter 391 Laws of New Jersey 1931) approved June 30, 1931, the Delaware River Joint Commission was created to constitute the public corporate instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey for the purposes, inter alia, of

The operation and maintenance of the bridge owned jointly by the two States and the City of Philadelphia, as its interests may appear, across the Delaware River between the City of Philadelphia in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the City of Camden, in the State of New Jersey, including its approaches, and the making of additions and improvements thereto;

The effectuation, establishment, construction, operation and maintenance of railroad or other facilities for the transportation of passengers across the said bridge, including extensions thereof to the vicinity of Race Street and Eighth Street in the City of Philadelphia and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the City of Camden;

The procurement from the Government of the United States of any consents which may be requisite to enable any project within its powers to be carried forward; and

Whereas, by a Joint Resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, approved June 14, 1932, the consent of the Federal Government to said agreement was duly procured; and

Whereas, under the terms of said agreement there was vested in the said Commission the power, inter alia, to exercise the right of eminent domain with the provision, however, respecting said power that no property then or thereafter vested in or held by any county, city, borough, village, township or other municipality or port district shall be taken by the Commission without the consent of such municipality or port district unless expressly authorized so to do by the Commonwealth or State in which such municipality or port district is located; and

Whereas, the said Commission proposes to construct, operate and maintain a high-speed electric rail transit line across the said bridge including extensions thereof to Race and Eighth Streets in the City of Philadelphia and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the City of Camden, and has requested the consent of the City of Camden to the construction, operation and maintenance thereof upon, through and under, inter alia, approaches to said bridge, public high-ways and property of the said City of Camden from the Camden portal of the said bridge to the vicinity of Haddon Avenue and Carman Street;

Whereas, it is deemed desirable that the consent of the said City of Camden be granted to the Commission in the premises:

Section 1. The Delaware River Joint Commission hereby authorizes the Chairman and the Secretary to enter into an agreement on behalf of the Joint Commission with the City of Camden in substantially the following form, that is to say:

This Agreement, made and entered into this 16th day of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three (1933) between the City of Camden, a municipal corporation of the State of New Jersey, of the one part (hereinafter called the City) and The Delaware River Joint Commission, a body corporate and politic, organized pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, of the other part (hereinafter called the Commission) Witnesseth:

1. In consideration of the mutual promises and covenants hereinafter set forth, and in the interest of the traveling public, the said City does hereby authorize and permit the said Commission to build, construct, equip, and operate a high-speed electric rail transit line for the transportation of passengers across the said Delaware River Bridge, including extensions thereof, to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue in the said City of Camden, State aforesaid, and to the vicinity of Eighth and Race Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania. Said construction and route shall be in accordance with the plans heretofore submitted to said City, and approved by the governing body thereof on January 17, 1933, and July 13, 1933; the Commission to have the right to change or alter said plans, if necessary, but said changes or alterations in said plans, prior to becoming effective, shall be approved by the Commissioner of Public Works of said City. Said plans are hereby made a part of this agreement.

2. The Commission is hereby expressly authorized and empowered to take all necessary steps to do and perform all necessary things in the completion of said work. The said work is to be done by the Commission without any cost, expense, responsibility, or liability therefor, or arising therefrom on the part of the said City.

3. The Commission agrees that the City by its duly constituted agents, officers and employees, shall have the right at all times, during the course of said construction in Camden, and thereafter to examine and inspect the work performed and the materials employed therein. If said work and/or materials is found not to be in accordance with the plans and specifications, the City shall have the right to condemn said work and/or materials, and to order said work and/or materials to be removed or replaced to meet the approval of the City.

4. The Commission shall relocate and/or replace and/or temporarily maintain at its sole cost and expense and without cost, expense, liability or responsibility on the part of the City any and all sub-surface structures owned or maintained by the City, in, upon or under any of the streets, highways and approaches to said bridge, involved in the construction of the said high-speed electric rail transit line, including water mains, sewers, gas mains or any instrumentality of the City either of a governmental or proprietary nature which may be interfered with in any manner in the course of the aforesaid construction.

5. The Commission covenants and agrees that it will indemnify, defend and save the City harmless from any and all claim or claims, loss or losses by reason of any injuries to person or persons or damage to property resulting from the construction and/or operation or maintenance by the Commission or its assigns of the said high-speed electric rail transit line and its appurtenant transportation facilities.

6. The Commission covenants and agrees to assume all liability and responsibility for any and all claims for damages to property or injuries to person or persons resulting from any break, overflow or leakage in any of the City's mains, pipes, conduits or other sub-surface structures replaced, relocated or maintained by the Commission in the course of the construction and/or operation of its said electric rail transit line, resulting within five years from the completion of such replacement, relocation or maintenance, and hereby agrees to indemnify and save harmless the City from any such loss or claim.

7. The Commission shall assume all costs for the maintenance, operation and policing, including lighting, cleaning, repairing, etc., of the said high-speed electric transit line between the middle of the Delaware River and Haddon Avenue and Carman Street, and shall indemnify and save harmless the City from any and all claim or claims for loss or damage to property or injury to person or persons arising from said maintenance, operation or policing. Provided, however, that the right and power of the City to exercise its own police authority and control in the prevention or suppression of crime, riot or disorder, and for the extinguishing or preventing of fire, or for any other lawful purpose shall not be hereby superseded or abridged.

8. The Commission does hereby agree to indemnify, defend and save harmless the City from any and all claim or claims for or by reason of or resulting from the taking, damaging or destruction of any property in said City, caused by the building of said transit line.

9. The Commission shall have the right to lease and/or to assign or otherwise delegate the operation of said transit line, subject, however, to such provisions and conditions as are and may be provided by State or Federal law with respect thereto.

10. This agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and/or assigns of the parties hereto.

In Witness Whereof, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be duly sealed and delivered as of the day and year hereinabove mentioned.

THE CITY OF CAMDEN
By: R. R. STEWART, Mayor
Attest: F. S. ALBRIGHT, City Clerk

DELAWARE RIVER JOINT COMMISSION
By: JOHN B. KATES, Vice Chairman
Attest: JOSEPH K. COSTELLO, Secretary

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FLAGSHIP NIAGARA COMMISSION, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6; reported and confirmed, 91.

FLANAGAN, EDWARD, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twentieth District).

FLEISHER, MANUEL, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Eighteenth District).

FLINCHBAUGH, J. M., Representative from York County, (Third District).

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bill No. 3, transferring money from Motor License Fund to the General Fund, 99-100.

Reasons for vote on Bill No. 3, transferring money from Motor License Fund to the General Fund, 97.

Resolution offered by
Requesting State Emergency Relief Board to adopt a system for payment of rent of premises occupied by unemployed persons, 35.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Directing purchasing agents for State institutions, and officers of State Emergency Relief Board to favor food stuffs, etc., from Pennsylvania sources, 27.

FLYNN, JOHN M., Representative from Elk County.

FLYNN, JOSEPH W., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-second District).

FOODSTUFFS (see Pennsylvania).

FOOD VOUCHERS (see Unemployment Relief).

FOREST COMMISSION, member of State, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported, 90; confirmed, 91.

FORREST, E. ARNOLD, Representative from Montgomery County, (Second District).

FRAZIER, BERTRAM G., Senator from Fourth District (Philadelphia County).

Bill reported by
No. 8 (House No. 6).
Transferring money from Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 63.

Member of special committee, 106.

Motion by, for
Executive session to rise, 92.

Motion by, to
Consent to Executive nominations, 91.

Consent to nominations of Frederick P. Gruenberg, P. Stephen Stahlnecker, C. Jay Goodnough and Herman J. Goldberg as members of Public Service Commission, 91-92.

Suspend Rule 38, relative to Executive nominations, 91.

Remarks by, on
Bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 86-87.

FUNDS, TRANSFER OF, that the Governor show how money is to be raised for repayment, and that the Auditor General and State Treasurer submit report on unexpended balances, resolution (House) by Malina, requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of, 32. (Resolution expunged from record by motion, 48).

Remarks on, by Malina, 51.

FURMAN, ROY E., Representative from Greene County.

Bill introduced by
No. 28.
For abatement of certain tax penalties, 45.

GALLAGHER, WILLIAM J., Representative from Allegheny County, (Second District).

GARTNER, FRED C., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-sixth District).

GELDER, FREDERICK T., Senator from Twenty-third District, (Bradford, Susquehanna and Wyoming Counties).

Motion by, for
Executive Session to rise, 94.

GENERAL FUND (see Fire Insurance Tax Fund, Insurance Fund, Liquid Fuels Tax Fund, Liquor License Fund, Manufacturing Fund, Motor License Fund, School Fund), State Emergency Relief Board.

GILLETTE, WILSON D., Representative from Bradford County.

GOLDBERG, HERMAN J., (see Public Service Commission).

GOODNOUGH, C. JAY (see Public Service Commission)

GORMAN, EUGENE J., Representative from Lehigh County, (First District).

GOVERNOR requesting permission to address General Assembly in Joint Session, communication from, presented to Senate, 3; to House, 15.

GOVERNOR'S address at Joint Session, 18-23.

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION convening Extraordinary Session of Legislature for relief of unemployed and indigent aged, presented to Senate, 1-2; to House, 13.

GRAFF, PETER, III, Senator from Forty-first District, (Armstrong and Butler Counties).

GREEN, ALEXANDER C., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Tenth District).

GREENSTEIN, L. ARTHUR, Representative from Philadelphia County, (First District).

Bill reported by
No. 1.
Transferring money from State Insurance Fund to the General Fund, 26.

GRIFFITH, JOHN W., Representative from Somerset County.

GROSS RECEIPTS (see Tax).

GRUENBERG, FREDERICK P. (see Public Service Commission).

HABBYSHAW, WILLIAM E., Representative from Dauphin County, (Second District).

Member of special committee, 14.

Motion by, to
Adjourn in memory of the late Hon. J. Anson Wright, 27.

HAINES, W. ALBERTSON, Representative from Bucks County.

HAMILTON, ROBERT S., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Fourteenth District).

HARMUTH, CHARLES, Representative from Allegheny County, (Twelfth District).

HARRIS, FRANK J., Senator from Forty-fifth District, (Allegheny County, part of).

Remarks by, on
Bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 87.

HARRIS, JOHN W., JR., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Seventh District).

HART, SAMUEL B., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Sixth District).

HARTMAN, H. M., Representative from Adams County.

HARVEY, LANING, Senator from Twenty-first District, (Luzerne County, part of).

Bill reported by
No. 10 (House No. 8).
Making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 62, 63.

Motion by, to
Recommit Bill No. 10 (House No. 8), making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 62.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing adjournment of Legislature until September seventeenth, 29.

HEFFERNAN, JAMES J., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Eighteenth District).

Member of special committee, 16.

Resolution offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to escort members of Senate to Hall of House for Joint Session, 16.

HEFFERON, JOHN J., Representative from Luzerne County, (Third District).

HEFFNER, PAUL V., Representative from Huntingdon County.

HERMAN, REV. DR. STEWART WINFIELD, Acting Chaplain of the Senate, 1.

HERMANSEN, JOHN C., Representative from Luzerne County, (Fourth District).

HESTER, CHRISTIAN L., Representative from Northampton County, (Second District).

HEWITT, EARL E., Representative from Indiana County.

Member of Conference Committee, 111.

Member of special committee, 114.

HIMES, HARRY E., Representative from Armstrong County.

Member of special committee, 17.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bill No. 9, to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 98.

HIMES. LESLIE R., Representative from Clarion County.

HOFFMAN, FRANK E., Representative from Allegheny County, (Eleventh District).

HOLMES, JOHN B., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twentieth District).

HOLMES, JOHN L., Representative from Centre County.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bill No. 9, to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 96.

HOMSHER, JOHN G., Senator from Thirteenth District, (Lancaster County, part of).

Bill reported by
No. 11 (House No. 9).
To provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 94.

Member of special committee, 3.

Motion by, for
Executive Session to rise, 80.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 94.

Extend vote of thanks to President, President pro tempore, and officers and employes of the Senate, and to representatives of the press for their uniform courtesy and helpfulness during this session, 108.

Resolution offered by
Authorizing election of certain officers and employes of the Senate, 12.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to act in conjunction with House committee to inform Governor that General Assembly is convened in Extraordinary Session, 2.

HOOPES, DARLINGTON, Representative from Berks County, (First District).

Amendments offered by, to
Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 39.

Bills introduced by
No. 23.
Making unlawful the eviction of persons from dwellings under certain conditions, 44.

No. 24.
Imposing a tax upon the net income persons resident in the Commonwealth, and directing disbursement of all proceeds to emergency relief and old age assistance, 44.

Motion by, to
Grant one hour and a half to the unemployed to present whatever message they have to the Legislature, 24.

Reasons for vote on bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 51.

Remarks by, on
Amendments to Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 39, 40.

House conc. res. directing that funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed in cash instead of food vouchers, 32-33.

Motion to refer to Committee on Rules, House resolution directing that committee room doors be kept open to the public, 99.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Directing that the funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed in cash instead of food vouchers, 17.

HOPKINS, HARRY L., of Washington, D. C., in ordering an Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, resolution (Senate) by Woodward relative to recognition of, 108.

HORST, MILES, Representative from Lebanon County.

HOUGH, EDWARD M., Representative from Allegheny County, (Eighth District).

HOUSE EMPLOYES, appointment of, 15.

HOUSING for unemployed persons, resolution from Hill District Taxpayers' Association of Pittsburgh, favoring payment of property owners furnishing, referred to Committee on Appropriations in Senate, 61; reported and printed in Journal, 73.

HOWARD, REUBEN, Representative from Fayette County, (Second District).

HOWARD, REV. WILLIAM E., as Chaplain of Senate, election of, 12.

HOWELL, JOHN W., Senator from Twenty-second District, (Lackawanna County).

HUNSICKER, WILLIAM C., Senator from Third District (Philadelphia County).

Bill reported by
No. 3 (House No. 1).
Transferring money from State Insurance Fund to the General Fund, 63.

Member of special committee, 3.

HUTTON, A. J. WHITE, Representative from Franklin County.

Acting Speaker, 16.

Motion by, for
Previous question on Bill No. 1, transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund, 49.

Previous question on House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 41.

Previous question on Bill No. 9, to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 58.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 101.

Expunge from record, House resolution requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, 48.

Refer to Committee on Appropriations House conc. res. limiting compensation of Members for attendance at Extraordinary Session to their actual and necessary expenses, 35.

Refer to Committee on Rules, House resolution directing that committee room doors be kept open to the public, 99.

Points of order raised by, on
House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 42.

House conc. res. authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate contracts, etc. of Liquor Control Board, 46.

House conc. res. requesting Auditor General to furnish statement relative to reduction in expenditures by decreasing salaries over $1800, 47.

House resolution authorizing appointment of committee to study feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State, 48.

House resolution recommending that study be given to the question of employment of the "overlooked man", 36.

Remarks by, on
Amendments to Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 39-40.

House resolution fixing last day for introduction of bills, 27.

Resolutions offered by
Authorizing adoption of Rules used in House during last Session, 14.

Authorizing Resident Clerk of House to perform duties of Chief Clerk during his absence or in case of a vacancy, 14.

Fixing Thursday, September 13th, as last day for introduction of bills in House, 26.

Limiting introduction of bills to those clearly within the call of the Governor, 16.

INDUSTRIAL RECOVERY, by providing for cooperation of Commonwealth with National Government in organization of industry, to encourage and promote

House Bill No. 20.
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 31.
Referred to Committee on State Government, 31.

INSURANCE (see Unemployment).

INSURANCE FUND, STATE, to the General Fund, transferring money from

House Bill No. 1.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 26.
First reading, 26.
Second reading, 36.
Third reading and final passage, 48-51.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 96.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
Sarig, 48, 49, 50.
Witkin, 49, 51.
Fitzgerald, 50.
Malina, 51.
Hoopes, 51.
Wilson, Mrs., 51.
Stone, 96.

In Senate (No. 3).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 61.
Reported without amendment, 63.
First reading, 63.
Second reading, 74.
Third reading and final passage, 83.
Signed by President, 93.

INTANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY (see Tax).

INVESTIGATORS (see State Emergency Relief Board).

JAFFE, NATHANIEL E., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Sixteenth District).

Leave of absence granted, 13.

JOINT SESSION, communication from Governor requesting permission to address General Assembly in, presented to Senate, 3; to House, 15.

JOINT SESSION to hear address of Governor, conc. res. (Senate) by Chapman, fixing time for, 3; ret. from House conc. in, 11; conc. in by House, 16; Joint Session held and address by Governor, 18-23.

JOINT SESSIONS, 18-23; (informal, to hear representatives of Unemployed Council, 30).

JONES, BENJAMIN, Representative from Luzerne County, (Seventh District).

JOURNALS of Senate and House, conc. res. (Senate) by Pethick, regulating preparation of copy for, and printing and binding of, 106; ret. from House conc. in, 108; conc. in by House, 115.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (see Appropriations, State Government).

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 89; reported and confirmed, 91.

KANE, LEONARD P., Representative from Allegheny County (Fourth District).

KING, JOHN H., Representative from Erie County, (Third District).

KINNEY, WILLIAM D., Representative from Erie County, (First District).

KRAUSE, THADDEUS S., Senator from Eighth District (Philadelphia County).

Bills reported by
No. 9 (House No. 7).
Transferring money from State School Fund to the General Fund, 63.

No. 11 (House No. 9).
To provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, 63.

LABAR, EDWARD B., Representative from Pike County.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY, Miss Charlotte E. Carr nominated as Secretary of, referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

LANE, WILLIAM, Representative from Washington County, (Second District).

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses.

LANE, WILLIAM.—Continued.

Resolutions offered by
Recommending that study be given to question of employment of the "overlooked man", or man between forty-five years of age and age at which State grants monthly allowance, 27.

Recommending that study be given to question of employment of the "overlooked man", or man between forty-five years of age and age at which the State grants monthly allowance, 72.

LANIUS, HENRY E., Senator from Twenty-eighth District, (York County).

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 61.

LAUBACH, PALMER, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-fourth District).

Member of Conference Committee, 111.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE granted in House.

Jaffe, 13.
Malina, 71.
Shreiner, 71.
Steedle, 13 (Reasons submitted).
Wade, 13.
Wheeler, 13.
White, Eugene F., Chief Clerk, 14 (Reasons submitted). (Corrected, 95).

LEAVE OF ABSENCE granted in Senate.

Fay, 1, 61.
McClure, 1, 61.
Prince, 73.

LEGISLATION (see Bills).

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT (see State Government).

LEGISLATIVE FINANCE PLANNING COMMITTEE, SPECIAL, conc. res. (House) by Turner, creating, 17-18.

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL, conc. res. (Senate) by Owlett, authorizing payment of postage on, 2; ret. from House conc. in, 11; conc. in by House, 16; approved by Governor, 89.

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, report of, for 1933, presented to Senate, 11.

LENAHAN, FRANK P., Representative from Luzerne County, (Second District).

LEWIS, HARRY A., Representative from Lackawanna County, (Second District).

LIQUID FUELS TAX FUND to General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, transferring money from

House Bill No. 4.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 25.
First reading, 25.
Second reading, 37.
Third reading and final passage, 52.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 96.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
Stone, 96.
McHenry, 110.

In Senate (No. 6).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 61.
Reported without amendment, 63.
First reading, 64.
Second reading, 74.
Third reading and final passage, 84-87.
Signed by President, 93.

Remarks on, by
Snyder, 84-87.
Salus, 86.
Frazier, 86-87.
Buckman, 87.
Shapiro, 87.
Harris, 87.

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD, conc. res. (House) by Fitzgerald, authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate contracts, financial condition, etc. of, 34;

(Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 45-46).

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD, member of Pennsylvania, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 94.

LIQUOR LICENSE FUND to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, transferring money from

House Bill No. 5.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 26.
First reading, 26.
Second reading, 37.
Third reading and final passage, 52-54.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 96.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
Sarig, 53, 54.
Witkin, 53.
Fitzgerald, 53.
Bennett, 53, 54.
O'Rourke, 53-54.
Stone, 96.
McHenry, 110.

In Senate (No. 7).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 61.
Reported without amendment, 63.
First reading, 64
Second reading, 74.
Third reading and final passage, 87-88.
Signed by President, 93.

LOCUST MOUNTAIN STATE HOSPITAL, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

LONG, HOWARD M., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-second District).

Member of special committee, 16.

LORD, CHARLES S., Representative from Jefferson County.

LOSE, CHARLES, Representative from Lycoming County.

LOVETT, JAMES E., Representative from Westmoreland County, (Second District).

LOVETT, WALTER S., Representative from Montour County.

LYNCH, JOSEPH R., Representative from Allegheny County, (First District).

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Relative to return of Members' salaries received for attendance at Extraordinary Session, 110.

LYNCH, MARSHALL, Representative from Fulton County.

MALE, HENRY A., Representative from Northampton County, (Second District).

MALINA, JOHN E., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Nineteenth District).

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Defeat of resolution requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, etc., 51.

Resolutions offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to investigate conditions in the textile industries, 109.

Requesting Attorney General to present ruling on transfer of funds, and Auditor General and State Treasurer submit report on unexpended balances in all State funds, 32.

MALONEY, PATRICK J., Representative from Allegheny County, (Second District).

MANSFIELD STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

MANSFIELD, WILLIAM D., Senator from Forty-fourth District, (Allegheny County, part of).

Member of special committee, 108.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to act in conjunction with House committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is ready to adjourn sine die, 106.

MANUFACTURING FUND to the General Fund, transferring money from

House Bill No. 2.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 25.
First reading, 25.
Second reading, 36.
Third reading and final passage, 51.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 96.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
Shortz, 98.
McHenry, 110.

In Senate (No. 4).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 61.
Reported without amendment, 63.
First reading, 63.
Second reading, 74.
Third reading and final passage, 83.
Signed by President, 93.

MAPS, COUNTY, for relief of unemployed, authorizing counties of sixth class, under certain circumstances, to cooperate with Federal Government to revise

House Bill No. 15.
Read in place in House by Mr. McElwee, 24.
Referred to Committee on Counties, 24.

MARCKS, JOHN J., Representative from Lehigh County, (Second District).

MASON, J. GORDON, Representative from Luzerne County, (Seventh District).

McBRIDE, WILLIAM J., Representative from Allegheny County, (Tenth District).

McCANDLESS, JAMES T., Representative from Butler County.

McCLURE, JAMES H., Representative from Allegheny County, (Tenth District).

McCLURE, JOHN J., Senator from Ninth District (Delaware County).

Leave of absence granted, 1, 61.

McCREARY, RALPH S., Representative from Erie County, (Fourth District).

Bill introduced by
No. 17.
Amending Intangible Personal Property Tax Law of 1913, by prohibiting negotiation, sale, etc. of mortgages, promissory notes, etc. unless tax has been paid, and appropriating additional moneys collected for unemployment relief, 30.

Member of special committee, 17.

Request to make statement objected to, 35.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Limiting compensation of Members of the Senate and House of Representatives for attendance at this Extraordinary Session to their actual and necessary expenses, 17.

McELWEE, WILLIAM, JR., Representative from Lawrence County, (Second District).

Bill introduced by
No. 15.
For relief of unemployed, authorizing counties of sixth class, under certain circumstances, to cooperate with Federal Government to revise county maps, 24.

Resolution offered by
Commemorating 147th anniversary of signing of the Constitution of the United States, 71-72.

McGINNIS CLAIR E., Representative from Allegheny County, (Seventh District).

McGRAIL, THOMAS A., Reperesentative from Westmoreland County, (Second District).

McGREGOR, W. C., Representative from Armstrong County.

McHENRY, OLIVER S., Reperesentative from Columbia County.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bills Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9,—110.

McKAY, RAY W., Representative from Mercer County.

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 30.

McKINNEY, JOHN H., Representative from Venango County.

MELCHIORRE, CHARLES, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Fifth District).

MEMBERS of Senate and House for attendance at this Extraordinary Session to their actual and necessary expenses, conc. res. (House) by McCreary, limiting compensation of, 17; referred to Committee on Appropriations in House, 34-35;

MEMBERS' SALARIES received for attendance at Extraordinary Session, conc. res. (House) by Joseph R. Lynch, relative to return of, read and adopted, 110; conc. in by Senate, 104-105; ret. from Senate conc. in, 111.

Remarks on, by
Shapiro ,105; Salus, 105; Cannon, 110.

MEREDITH, J. LLEWELLYN, JR., Representative from Chester County, (Second District).

Member of special committee, 113.

MERRELL, ALBERT F., Representative from Susquehanna County.

MILITARY RESERVATION COMMISSION, member of State, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

MILK CONTROL BOARD, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

MILLER, CHARLES E., Senator from Twenty-seventh District, (Northumberland, Snyder and Union Counties).

Motion by, to
Consent to nomination of Thomas C. Egan as Member of Public Service Commission, 92.

MOHN, CHESTER A., Representative from Berks County, (Second District).

MOORE, ROBERT H., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Tenth District).

MOORE, S. EDWARD, as Parliamentarian, appointment of, 15.

MORTGAGES (see Tax).

MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6-8.

MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE (see also Constitution of Pennsylvania).

MOTOR BUSES (see Tax).

MOTOR LICENSE FUND to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, transferring money from

House Bill No. 3.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 25.
First reading, 26.
Second reading, and amended, 36-37.
Third reading and final passage, 52.
Returned from Senate with amendments, in which House conc., 96-97.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
Wagner, 96.
Flinchbaugh, 97.
McHenry, 110.

In Senate (No. 5).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 61.
Reported with amendment, 63.
First reading, 63.
Second reading, 74.

MOTOR LICENSE FUND—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 84.
Returned from House with Senate amendments conc. in, 93.
Signed by President, 93.

MOTOR VEHICLES (see Tax).

MUMFORD, AARON W., Representative from Warren County.

MUNLEY, WILLIAM J., Representative from Lackawanna County, (Fifth District).

Member of Conference Committee, 111.

MURPHY, PETER W., Representative from Allegheny County, (Third District).

MYERS, FREDERICK H., JR., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twelfth District).

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT (see Industrial Recovery).

NEGLEY, JOHN M., Representative from Butler County.

NORRISTOWN STATE HOSPITAL, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

NORTON, JAMES E., Senator from Eleventh District (Berks County).

Resolution offered by
Authorizing President pro tempore of Senate to appoint all special and standing committees of the Senate during the Extraordinary Session, 2.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

ABBS, MISS BEATRICE E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ABRAHAM, J. BURNETT, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

ABRAMSON, MISS ALICE, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ACKERMAN, LEON, nominated, 30.
Referred, 30.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

ADAM, MISS MARTHA B., nominated, 68
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ADLER, MRS. MATILDA, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ALBERT, DAVID J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ALEXANDER, ROBERT, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ALTEMUS, HERBERT, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ALTHOUSE, JAY RUSSELL, nominated, 6
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

AMBS, MISS MARIA T., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

AMOND, VINTON D., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

AMOS, MISS EUNICE L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ANKENY, MISS MABEL E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

APPLE, ROBERT B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ARNOLD, C. PAUL, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

AXELMAN, BERNARD, nominated, 70
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BACHMAN, H. A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BACKHAUSEN, MRS. SADIE V., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BANKS, MRS. ALICE L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BARDELLA, MISS I. EDITH, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BAVOLACK, DAN, JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BAYNE, GEORGE H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BEARE, MISS LEOLA, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BELL, RALPH L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BELLMAN, MRS. HARRIET E., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

BENSON, MRS. RUTH J., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BENTZ, CHARLES W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BENTZ, MISS MARGARET A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BERNHEISEL, DONALD H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BERNS, ARTHUR L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BERTELE, MISS JEAN V., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BEYERLEY, MISS BERTHA M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BLACKBURN, MERRILL L., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BLAKE, MISS ADELAIDE L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BLAKENEY, WILLIAM W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BLIND, MISS LUELLA G., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BONNEY, ALBERT C., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BOOCOCK, MISS F. RAY, nominated, 69
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BOOTH, MRS. LOUISA, nominated, 70
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BORR, MISS MARY H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BOVARD, JAMES C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BOWER, T. K., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BOYD, MRS. LENA L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BOYER, E. ALBERT, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BOYER, WESLEY N., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BOYLE, MISS ANNA M., nominated, 69
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BOYSEN, MISS RUTH I., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BRADLEY, MISS MARY J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BRANTHOVER, MISS KATHERINE K., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BRAUNGARD, ANDREW E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BRAY, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

BREESER, MRS. GRACE S., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BREINING, MISS ISABELLE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BRIGGS, MRS. EDNA K., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BRODY, MISS GERTRUDE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BROOKS, H. M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BROWNE, RICHARD H., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BROWN, MISS ETHEL W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BROWN, MRS. CECELIA M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BROWN, WILLIAM B., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BRUNO, THOMAS, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BUBB, HARRY L., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

BUCHAN, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BUEHLER, ARTHUR R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

BUNTING, THOMAS, JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

BURNETTE, GEORGE H., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BURNETT, MISS FRANCES M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BURNS, R. F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

BURRIE, MISS FEMIA, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

BUTLER, JOHN J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CABLE, GUSTINE, nominated, 69
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CAFFREY, CLAIR, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CAMPBELL, JOSEPH, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CARFAGNO, VITO M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CARRINGTON, PERCY W., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

CARUGNO, FRANK Jr., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CARVER, MRS. MARY McI., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

CASEY, LAURENCE F., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CASNER, GUY L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CASSIDY, J. A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CASTLEMAN, A. E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

CEFARATTI, MISS FLORA, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CESARZ, MISS MARTHA M., nominated, 69
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CHARLIER, MISS MARY, nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

CHESTER, CHARLES J., JR., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

CHIVERS, MISS MELBA M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

CHRISTMAN, MISS VIOLET P., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CHRISTNER, ALAN S., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

CLEGG, WALTER I., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CLOUSER, CHAS. A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

COLDREN, MISS VALERIA E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

COLEMAN, ANDERSON B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

COLIN, MISS DOROTHY, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

COLLISON, CHARLES C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

CONNELL, MISS A. E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CONWAY, MISS MARY J., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

COOPER, JOHN H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CORCORAN, CLARENCE R., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CORTRIGHT, MISS DOROTHY J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

COWARD, JOSEPH, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

COWPER, B. RUSSELL, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

COXHEAD, MISS ISABELLE Y., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CRARY, MRS. RUTH G., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

CREVELING, JOHN P., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

CRISPIN, MISS JESSIE B., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

CRONIN, C., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CROSBY, MISS CATHERINE E., nominated, 30.
Referred, 30.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

CRUM, DALE G., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

CURRERI, PETER, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

CUTHILL, ROBERT W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DAHLIN, CALVIN F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DAILY, M. LAWRENCE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DANIELS, ELMER J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

DANNELS, MISS THELMA, nominated, 63.
Referred, 63.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

DARE, MRS. ANITA A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DARLINGTON, P. S., JR., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DARR, FRED W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DARROCH, JAMES A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DARROW, GEORGE P., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DAWS, T. PRICE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

DEHNE, EDGAR C., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DeLANY, MRS. TACY W., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DEMAR, MRS. BETTY, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DENBY, RAYMOND S., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

DETWILER, MISS FLORENCE M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

DEUEL, MISS MARTHA B., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

DeVINE, MISS DOROTHY, nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

DIEVLER, HAROLD G., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DILLER, MRS. ANNA G., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DILLMAN, MISS S. N., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

DILLON, JOHN G., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DILLON, MRS. DOROTHY, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DiPIETRO, PIETRO, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DIX, FRANCIS C., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DONACHY, WAYNE R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

DONAGHUE, EUGENE J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DONALDSON, LEROY K., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

DOUGHERTY, MISS MILDRED, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

DRAWBAUGH, W. C., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

DRUKER, MAURICE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DRUMM, MRS. SALLY A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DRUMMOND, W. J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DUFF, JOHN M., JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DUNLAP, MRS. CLAIRE C., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DUNN, LAWRENCE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

DURBOROW, JOHN C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

EATON, LEO J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ECKERSLEY, JACOB, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ECKLEY, MISS RUTH M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

EDWARDS, MRS. OLGA, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ENDRES, FREDERICK J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ENTERLINE, MRS. FANNIE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ERMENTROUT, GEORGE D., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ETTELE, DALE, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ETTER, FRED, JR., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

EVANS, DONALD W., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

EVANS, EVERETT C., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

EYSTER, MRS. GRACE S., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

FARRINGTON, GILBERT J., JR., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FERGUSON, JAMES, nominated, 63.
Referred, 63.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

FERGUSON, MISS SUE R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

FIERRO, JOHN, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FINN, ED. M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FINN, MISS MARY M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FLETCHER, MRS. CLARA C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Referred, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

FLOWER, FRANK B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FOGARTY, MISS JOSEPHINE F., nominated, 70
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

FORMAN, LOUIS, nominated, 70.
Reported, 79.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

FORTUN, MISS ANNA, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

FOULTZ, LEROY T., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FRANKENFIELD, RODMAN D., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FREDERICKS, JOHN E., JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

FREED, RALPH, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

FRICKERT, JOHN F., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

FUREY, OLIVER L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

GAFFNEY, THOMAS F., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GASKILL, GEORGE EWAN, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GERBER, LEWIS, nominated, 76.
Referred, 76.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

GEYER, MRS. MILDRED L., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

GIFFORD, DAVID S., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GIGLIOTTI, MISS MAFALDA V., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

GILBOY, THOMAS F., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

GILLESPIE, ELMER H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GILLIGAN, MISS JANE F., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

GLESSNER, MRS. NELLE K., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

GOTWALS, WARREN D., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GRABIAK, MRS. STELLA J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

GRAF, ERNEST, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

GRAHAM, ROBERT M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GRAHAM, ROBERT P., JR., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

GRAMIGNA, MARTIN, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

GREEN, MISS JEANETTE, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

GREENE, ALLEN D., nominated, 63.
Referred, 63.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

GREGORY, HENRY E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

GROSS, FRANK A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

GUCKERT, THEODORE E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

GUFFEY, WILLIAM F., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HAGAN, JOSEPH J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HAHNE, MISS DORIS E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

HALLOCK, JAMES E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HAMBERG, JOHN G., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

HAMMOND, MRS. FREIDA V., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

HANSON, ELMER E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

HARRIS, MISS ELEANOR L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

HART, JAMES A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HAYDEN, FRANCIS A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HAYDEN, M. J., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HAYES, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

HAYWOOD, C. N., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HEARN, MRS. MADGE H., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

HEIL, MRS. MARIE A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HENDERSON, JOHN G. N., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HERBSLEB, HENRY W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed 80.

HERSKER, MRS. CARMEN M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HERTLER, MISS EDNA P., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HESS, MISS JOSEPHINE S., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

HICKMAN, MISS EDITH J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HIRST, ANTHONY A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HOENSHEL, C. L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

HOFFMAN, CHARLES W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HOFFMAN, MRS. HELEN U., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HOFFMAN, STANLEY F., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

HOGUE, MISS LORETTA G., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

HOLBERT, FREDERICK A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

HOLMES, W. L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

HOLT, MISS MINNIE E., nominated, 63.
Referred, 63.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

HONEYWELL, LEROY K., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HOOPY, GEORGE CLAYTON, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HOTALING, G. G., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

HOYLE, RALPH E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

HREHACH, GEORGE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HUGGINS, MISS HAZEL J., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HUMBERT, MISS EMMA I., nominated, 68.
Referrad, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HUNTER, CHARLES H., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HUNTER, W. V., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

HUSHEN, MISS MARGARET M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

HUTCHINSON, ROBERT H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

IOVACCHINI, V. J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ISRAELI, SAMUEL M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

JARUS, LEONID, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

JEFFERSON, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JEROME, JOSEPH J., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

JORDAN, MISS MAE V., nominated, 4
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

JOHNSON, KARL W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JOHNSON, MISS ANNA M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JOHNSON, MRS. MARGARET WITSIL, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JOHNSON, RAYMOND B., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

JONES, THOS. M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

JORDAN, MRS. GERTRUDE H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

JOSLIN, WILMER A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JUNKER, MISS RUTH H., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

JUSTEN, MISS V. C., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

KANE, CONNELL J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KEANE, WILLIAM R., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KEATING, J. EARL, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

KEENAN, MRS. MARY A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

KELCHNER, WALTER P., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

KELLER, ALBERT W., JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KENNEDY, JOHN F., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KERR, MISS LOUISE M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

KIESS, VERUS M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

KINGSLEY, GUY H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

KINTZER, MRS. BESSIE I., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

KIRBYSON, MISS JULIA W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KIRK, HAROLD R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

KOCHEL, MISS JEANETTE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

KOHLER, MRS. MARGARET M., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

KOSER, MISS VERNA, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

KOVACH, MRS. ELIZABETH A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76
Confirmed, 80.

KRIEBEL, D. C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

KRUTZ, NICHOLAS, nominated, 7
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

KRYDER, MISS KATHARINE C., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

LaBARR, MRS. ANNA W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

LaCAMERA, VINCENT, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

LACKNER, RAY F., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

LANDY, SAMUEL H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

LEAHY, RAYMOND J., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

LEAMY, MISS BESSIE A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

LESSELBAUM, JACOB P., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

LEVINE, SHERMAN KAY, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

LEVY, MORTIMER D., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

LIMERICK, J. HUNTER, JR., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LINDSEY, FREDERICK H., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

LINEBAUGH, MISS RUTH I., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

LING, MISS DOROTHY E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

LINGENFELTER, MISS HELEN L., nominated, 68
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

LINTON, MISS ROSA J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

LOOSE, PAUL N., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

LUBIN, MISS ANNE, nominated, 67
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

LUCAS, MISS IRMA H., nominated, 70
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

LUCAS, MISS MAUDE M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

LUTTRELL, MISS HELEN M., LOWER, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MacBRIDE, ROBERT J., JR., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MacDONALD, MRS. LUCILLE E., nominated, 68
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MacLEAN, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MacMULLEN, JOHN W., nominated, 63.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MAEDER, LOUIS P., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MAHONY, MRS. CELIA A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MAIER, ROBERT A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MALONY, RALPH L., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

MANN, R. W., nominated
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MANNETTI, MISS C. MARIE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MARAFFI, MRS. ADELINE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

MATHEWS, MISS MADALENE J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

McANDREW, R. J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

McCANN, MRS. FLORENCE D. nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

McCARTY, E. F., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

McCAY, JOSEPH W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

McCLURE, MELVIN W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

McENHILL, CHARLES T., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

McFALL, HOWARD W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

McGARVEY, HOWARD M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

McGINNIS, M. G., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

McGLYNN, MISS JANET M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

McGUIRE, MRS. KATHRYN R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

McKIE, CHARLES E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McLEOD, GEO. E. O., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

McNARY, B. E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

McVAY, WILLIAM L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

McWILLIAMS, PHILIP, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MEADOWCROFT, ROBERT R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MECKLEY, MISS MARGARET E., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

MERRILL, MISS LORRAINE E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

METZINGER, MISS HELEN A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MEYERS, GEORGE A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MILHEIM, LLOYD C., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MILLER, EARL L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MILLER, JOHNSTON B., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MILLER, MISS CLARA, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MILLER, MRS. ADELLE M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MILLS, MISS RUTH A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MISSMER, JAMES E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MOFFITT, MISS WINIFRED A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MOLLENKOPF, MRS. MARY E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MONAHAN, MISS MARGARET T., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MONROE, MISS CHARLOTTE, nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

MONTAGUE, C. N., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MOON, MRS. BERTHA B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MOONEY, RICHARD C., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MOORE, CLARENCE E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

MOORE, MISS J. M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MORELL, WILBERT J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

MORROW, MRS. NELLIE HANSON, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

MORTON, MISS RUTH M., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

MULLIGAN, MICHAEL M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

MYERS, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 89.
Referred, 89.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

MYERS, MISS SARA, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NAHM, AUGUST E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NASTASE, MRS. ELLEN, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NEIL, MRS. HANNAH R., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

NELSON, MISS ELLEN W., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NEU, MRS. ANNE M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NEUHAEUSLER, HENRY F., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NEWMAN, MRS. CECILIA M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOLEN, RAYMOND A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOON, MISS BERNICE A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NORTON, MRS. SARAH F., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

OBERLIN, ALEXANDER C., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

O'DONNELL, EMMETT, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

OGDEN, MRS. EDITH M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ORBEN, MISS SARAH, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

OVERHOLTZER, MRS. MABEL S., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PAIGE, H. RONALD, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PATTERSON, MISS FRANCES, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

PENTECOST, MRS. THELMA A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PENTLAND, MISS AGNES M., nominated, 30.
Referred, 30.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

PENTZ, MRS. EMMA F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

PERDOSKY, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

PERES, ALBERT H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PETERS, HARRY G., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PETERSON, MISS CATHERINE C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

PETRO, JOHN, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

PHILBIN, JOSEPH T., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

PHILIP, MISS SADIE R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

PHILLIPS, JOSEPH V., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

PICKARD, MISS HARRIET E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

PITTOCK, MISS ROSE, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

PLOUGH, JOHN M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

POLANSKI, STANLEY R., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

POPPE, MISS LOTTIE D., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

PORTER, MISS ELSIE, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

POTTHOFF, ALFRED L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

PROTZMAN, MRS. JO., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

PYLE, E. WILLIAM, LOWER, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

RACK, LEON J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

RADACSY, JOHN J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

RAGAN, JNO. D., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

RALSTON, THOMAS J., JR., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

RAMSEY, LYNN R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

REA, MRS. JOSEPHINE E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

REARDON, MISS MARGARET M., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

REDMAN, MRS. BERNICE E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

REGNER, MRS. ALICE E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

REINSMITH, MARTIN A., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

REISTER, WILLIAM B., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

RENTSCHLER, MRS. ALMA R., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

RESCORLA, WILLIAM, JR., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

REYNOLDS, MRS. HELEN M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

RICE, ROBERT E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ROBERSON, WALTER C., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ROBINS, PAUL C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

RODGERS, DANIEL C., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

RODGERS, MISS MARY A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

ROSENSTEIN, SAUL S., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ROSS, CHARLES W., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

RULEY, HARRY F., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

RUSSELL, MISS CAROLYN F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

RUTLEDGE, MISS E. MARIE, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SAMPSEL, WM. H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SAVILLE, MISS F. A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHAFFER, RAYMOND, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHAFLE, JOSEPH J., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHARPF, ROY E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHEIDEMANTEL, MRS. GLADYS BLANK, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHMUCKER, MRS. EURITH, nominated, 76.
Referred, 76.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

SCHOLL, MRS. BERTHA R., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHROEDER, MISS VIVIAN M., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

SCHUTTER, WILLIAM H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SCHWING, MISS KATHERINE H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SCOTT, MISS FLORENCE H., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SHAFER, RUSSELL T., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SHAKELY, W. F., nominated, 89.
Referred, 89.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

SHANK, MISS S. ELIZABETH, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SHANNON, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SHARTZER, WILLIAM B., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SHAUGHNESSY, JOHN F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SHEPPARD, BROWNE R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SHERRICK, MRS. CORNELIA R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SHUBIN, MISS YETTA, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SHUMAN, ARTHUR R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

SHUTTERLY, MISS LORETTA, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SLOAN, ELMER E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

SLOAN, MISS MARGARET B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SMITH, MILES G., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

SMOLEN, ALLEN E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SOTTILE, LOUIS, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

SPANGLER, MRS. LILLIAN S., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

STANDIFORD, IRVING, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

STECKEL, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

STEFANSKI, RICHARD, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

STEIGERWALD, MISS FRANCES M., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

STEIN, HARRY A., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

STEIN, MEYER, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

STEINBERG, MISS H. L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

STEPHANY, PAUL A., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

STEVER, JAMES L., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

STEWART, KENNETH P., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

STEWART, MRS. LAURA, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

STOUDT, ASHER M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

STRATTON, JOHN T., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

STUART, GORDON W., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

STUDENY, J. R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SWEENEY, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

TAYLOR, RALPH W., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

THEIS, RUDOLF, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

THOMAS, DAVID E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

THOMPSON, J. R., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

TREHARNE, MISS J. B., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

TREXLER, MAURICE E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

TRIVELY, EDWIN W., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ULLUM, PEARLEY A., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

UNDERHILL, EDW. M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

UNDERWOOD, MISS RUTH L., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

UNGERLEIDER, WILLIAM, nominated, 89.
Referred, 89.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

VINCENT, PASCALL TORTOLANI, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

VIZZA, JOSEPH, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

WALKER, MRS. FLORENCE K., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

WALKER, MRS. FREDA E., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WALLACE, MISS HELEN H., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WALLS, WM. J., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WALTER, CARL S., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WANDEL, MISS ERMINA F., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WANNEMACHER, WALTER E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WASCO, JOHN G., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WEAKLAND, MISS LORETTA M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WEBER, MISS HEN, nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WEBSTER, GEORGE W., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

WEINSTEIN, MATTHEW, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WELSH, HENRY E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WENDT, FRANK J., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

WERNER, FRED R., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WERTHEIMER, MRS. SARA H. C., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WETZEL, FRED B., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WHITEMAN, MISS LOIS M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WILCOX, MISS V. E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WILFONG, MILLARD N., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WILHELM, JAMES G., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMS, EDWIN F., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMS, MISS ANNE, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMS, MISS HARRIET E., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMS, MISS ISOBEL, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMS, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMSON, E. H., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

WILLIAMSON, P. P., nominated, 4.
Referred, 4.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

WILLIS, CEPHAS A., nominated, 63.
Referred, 63.
Reported, 90.
Confirmed, 91.

WILSON, H. E., nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

WILSON, MISS JEAN M., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

WOELFEL, MISS MARTHA E., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WOELKERS, ALBERT J., nominated, 68.
Referred, 68.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

WRIGLEY, WILLIAM, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

YEAGER, MRS. SUSAN L., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

YOLTON, G. GUY, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

YOUNG, C. C., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

YOUNG, JOHN H., JR., nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 76.
Confirmed, 80.

ZAKOCS, MISS WILMA M., nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ZELLER, MRS. AMELIA, nominated, 69.
Referred, 69.
Reported, 78.
Confirmed, 80.

ZEYFANG, MISS MINNIE, nominated, 67.
Referred, 67.
Reported, 77.
Confirmed, 80.

ZIMMERMAN, MISS DORA, nominated, 70.
Referred, 70.
Reported, 79.
Confirmed, 80.

ZIMMERMAN, WILLIAM H., nominated, 71.
Referred, 71.
Reported, 80.
Confirmed, 80.

NOTHNAGLE, EDWARD, Representative from Delaware County, (First District).

Member of special committee, 113.

NURSES, member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

O'CONNOR, ALBERT L., Representative from Cambria County, (Second District).

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES (see House Senate, State Government).

O'KEEFE, JOHN J., Representative from Allegheny County, (Eighth District).

Point of order raised by, on
Remarks of Mr. Bennett on Bill No. 5, transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, 53.

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE ACT of 1934, by extending act to persons over sixty years of age, and to those not indigent and having children or others responsible for their support, amending

House Bill No. 12.
Read in place in House by Mrs. Wilson, 24.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 24.

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE ACT of 1934, by providing for assistance where children and other legally responsible for support are unable to provide the same, amending

Senate Bill No. 1.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Rice, 12.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 12.

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE (see also Constitution of Pennsylvania, Tax).

OMNIBUSES (see Tax).

O'NEILL, HARRY P., Representative from Lackawanna County, (Fourth District).

O'ROURKE, JOHN M., Representative from Allegheny County, (Twelfth District).

Remarks by, on
Bill No. 5, transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 53-54.

OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS, members of State Board of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 3, 4; reported and confirmed, 91.

"OVERLOOKED MAN" (see Employment).

OWLETT, G. MASON, Senator from Twenty-fifth District, (McKean, Potter and Tioga Counties).

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing payment of postage on Legislative Journal, 2.

PARDONS granted by Governor from December 20, 1933 to September 12, 1934, reasons for, presented to Senate, 3; to House, 18; appendix, 119.

PARKINSON, CHAUNCEY W., Senator from Forty-sixth District, (Greene and Washington Counties).

Bill reported by
No. 4 (House No. 2).
Transferring money from Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund, 63.

Executive nominations reported by, 76, 80, 90, 94.

Resolution offered by
Extending sympathy of Senate to family of the late Hon. Daniel S. Walton, former Member and President pro tempore of the Senate, 2.

PARKS COMMISSION, member of State, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

PARLIAMENTARIAN, appointment of S. Edward Moore as, 15.

PATTERSON, PERCY A., Representative from Blair County, (First District).

PEELOR, ELDER, Representative from Indiana County.

Member of special committee, 16.

Resolution offered by
Extending sympathy of House to family of the late Hon. J. Anson Wright, 31.

PENITENTIARY, EASTERN STATE, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5; reported and confirmed, 91.

PENITENTIARY, WESTERN STATE, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

PENNHURST STATE SCHOOL, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

PENNOCK, MRS. MARTHA M., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Eighteenth District).

Bill reported by
No. 6.
Transferring money from Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 25.

PENNSYLVANIA FOODSTUFFS and other materials and merchandise, conc. res. (House) by Flinchbaugh, directing purchasing agents for State institutions, and officers of State Emergency Relief Board to favor, 27; adopted by House, 34.

PENNSYLVANIA LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 94.

PENNSYLVANIA SECURITIES COMMISSION, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 3, 6; Chester W. Zerbe, reported and confirmed, 80-81; Royal C. Davis, reported and confirmed, 91.

PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' ORPHAN SCHOOL, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 91.

PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

PERRY, DAVID R., Representative from Blair County, (Second District).

Member of special committee, 14.

Resolution offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House is organized, 14.

PERRY, JOHN J., Representative from Northumberland County, (First District).

PERSONAL PROPERTY (see Tax).

PETERS, FREDERICK C., Representative from Montgomery County, (First District).

Congratulations of House extended to, upon anniversary of fiftieth birthday, 100.

PETHICK, WILLIAM D., Senator from Fourteenth District, (Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne Counties).

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Regulating preparation of copy for, and printing and binding of, Journals of Senate and House, 106.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS—

Against confirmation of Public Service Commission appointees, (from Citizens' Protective League of Wyoming Valley), 61.

Asking payment of relief in cash, (from District No. 7, United Mine Workers of America), 95.

Endorsing State Recovery Act, (from Typothetae of Western Pennsylvania), 45.

Endorsing passage of legislation for unemployment insurance and pensions for the aged, (from the National Slovak Society of U. S.), 25.

Endorsing unemployment insurance and old age pensions, (from the National Slovak Society of the United States), 71.

Favoring appropriation for unemployment relief, (from Executive Committee Association, Philadelphia County Relief Board Employes), 61.

Favoring payment of property owners furnishing housing for unemployed persons for said housing, (from Hill District Taxpayers' Association of Pittsburgh), 61; to House, 101.

Recommending payment of $500 to families depending upon welfare, and immediate payment to veterans of their adjusted compensation certificates, (from Geo. D. Evans), 95.

Relative to loans to families on relief, (proposal by the Organization for Abolition of Poverty, of Philadelphia), 11.

Relative to use of Motor License Fund, (from Greensburg Motor Club), 95.

Suggesting certain relief legislation, (from the Taxpayer's League), 25.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS and remonstrances, resolution (Senate) by Pierson, regulating presentation of, 2.

PHARMACY, member of State Board of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 91.

PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY, report of, for 1933, presented to Senate, 11; to House, 18; appendix, 159.

PHILADELPHIA SHIPYARD, conc. res. (House) by Cannon, urging the reinstatement of the, 72; read and laid on table in Senate, 93; conc. in by Senate, 94; adopted by House, 98-99; ret. from Senate conc. in, 111.

PIERSON, HENRY J., Senator from Seventeenth District, (Lebanon County and Lancaster County, part of).

Resolution offered by
Regulating presentation of petitions, memorials and remonstrances, 2.

POINTS OF ORDER raised on—

Amendments to House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, by Witkin, 39.

Failure of Mr. Fitzgerald to state his point of order, by Witkin, 50.

Honoring request of Mr. Sarig to have the floor, by Fitzgerald, 50.

House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, by Witkin, 40; by Hutton, 42.

House conc. res. authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate contracts, etc., of Liquor Control Board, by Hutton, 46.

House conc. res. requesting Auditor General to furnish statement relative to reduction in expenditures by decreasing salaries over $1800, by Hutton, 47.

House resolution authorizing appointment of committee to study feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State, by Hutton, 48.

POINTS OF ORDER raised on—Continued.

House resolution recommending that study be given to the question of employment of the "overlooked man," by Hutton, 36.

Question of personal privilege raised by Mr. Malina on resolution requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, etc., by Witkin, 51.

Remarks of Mr. Bennett on House Bill No. 5, transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, by O'Keefe, 53; by Sarig, 54.

Remarks on House Bill No. 1, transferring money from the State Insurance Fund to the General Fund, by John E. Brown, 49.

POSTAGE (see Legislative Journal).

POWELL, O. J., Representative from Northumberland County, (Second District).

POWERS, JOHN L., Representative from Allegheny County, (Seventh District).

Resolution offered by
Requesting Department of Military Affairs and State Veterans' Commission to furnish information as to needs of soldiers and sailors in this Commonwealth, 98.

PRAYER offered in House, 13, 30, 45, 71, 94, 109.

PRAYER offered in Senate, 1, 29, 61, 73, 83, 103.

PRESIDENT of Senate, announcement by, 12.

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE of Senate to appoint all special and standing committees of Senate during Extraordinary Session, resolution (Senate) by Norton, authorizing, 2.

PRICE, OSCAR H., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-first District).

PRINCE, LEON C., Senator from Thirty-first District, (Cumberland, Juniata, Mifflin and Perry Counties).

Acting Chaplain, 29.

Leave of absence granted, 73.

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR convening Extraordinary Session of Legislature for relief of unemployed and indigent aged, presented to Senate, 1-2; to House, 13.

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, members of State Registration Board for, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5; A. B. Clemens reported and confirmed, 91.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, member of State Board for Examination of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, Frederick P. Gruenberg, P. Stephen Stahlnecker, C. Jay Goodnough, Herman J. Goldberg and Thomas C. Egan nominated as members of, and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5; reported and confirmed, 91-92.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (see also Tax).

PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES (see Tax).

QUESTION OF PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY raised on

Rule of House relative to rising to a question of personal privilege, by Cohen, 58.

QUESTIONS OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE raised on

Defeat of resolution requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, etc., by Malina, 51.

Discharge of member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board, by Batchelor, 105-106.

Extending birthday congratulations of House to Hon. Fred C. Peters upon his fiftieth birthday anniversary, by Turner, 100.

House resolution directing that committee room doors be kept open to the public, by John E. Brown, 98.

Leave of absence of Eugene F. White, Chief Clerk of House, by Mr. Wilson, 95.

Request for roll call on House resolution fixing last day for the introduction of bills, by Fitzgerald, 27.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE RAISED ON—Continued.

Vote on House Bills Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6 and 9, by Stone, 96.

Vote on House Bills Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9, by McHenry, 110.

Vote on House Bills Nos. 3, 6, 7 and 9, by Wagner, 96.

Vote on House Bill No. 2, transferring money from Manufacting Fund to the General Fund, by Shortz, 98.

Vote on House Bill No. 3, transferring money from Motor License Fund to the General Fund, by Flinchbaugh, 99-100.

Vote on House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, by Lane, 96.

Vote on House Bill No. 9, to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, by John L. Holmes, 96; by Harry E. Himes, 98.

QUIGLEY, RICHARD S., Senator from Twenty-sixth District, (Cameron, Clarion, Clinton, Elk and Forest Counties).

QUINN, JAMES L., Representative from Allegheny County, (Tenth District).

RAUB, JACOB A., Representative from Northampton County, (Second District).

RECTENWALD, JOSEPH A., Representative from Allegheny County, (Twelfth District).

Bill introduced by
No. 16.
Amending Act of 1931, imposing an excise tax on gross receipts derived from motor vehicle transportation, by eliminating deductions allowed, and appropriating proceeds to State Emergency Relief Board for unemployment relief, 24.

REED, FRANK M., Representative from Allegheny County, (Eleventh District).

REED, GEORGE L., Senator from Fifteenth District, (Dauphin County).

Member of special committee, 2.

Resolution offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to notify House that Senate is organized, 2.

REGISTRATION COMMISSION, Philadelphia, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

REGISTRATION COMMISSION, Pittsburgh, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

REGISTRATION COMMISSION, Scranton, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

REILLY, JOHN, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Fifth District).

RENT (see also Housing, State Emergency Relief Board).

REPORTS PRESENTED—

Comparing Bills, Chief Clerk on, 109.

Delaware River Joint Commission, for 1933, to Senate, 11; to House, 18; appendix, 170.

Dollar Savings Bank of Pittsburgh, 157th semi-annual, to House, 18; appendix, 152.

Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, for 1933, to Senate, 11.

Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, for 1933, to Senate, 11; to House, 18; appendix, 159.

Saving Fund Society of Germantown, 79th annual, to Senate, 8-11, to House, 18.

Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia, 87th annual, to Senate, 11; to House, 18; appendix, 165.

RESIDENT CLERK to perform duties of Chief Clerk during his absence or in case of a vacancy, resolution (House) by Hutton, authorizing, 14.

RESOLUTIONS

Authorizing adoption of Rules used in House during last Session, (House) by Hutton, 14.

Authorizing adoption of standing rules used in Senate during Regular Session and Extraordinary Session of 1933, (Senate) by Salus, 2.

Authorizing appointment of committee to escort members of Senate to Hall of House for Joint Session, (House) by Heffernan, 16; committee appointed, 16; committee reports to Senate, 12; to House, 18.

Authorizing appointment of committee to investigate conditions in the textile industries, (House) by Malina, 109.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify House that Senate is organized, (Senate) by Reed, 2; committee appointed, 2; committee reports to Senate, 3; to House, 14.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify House that Senate is ready to adjourn sine die, (Senate) by Batchelor, 106; committee appointed, 106; committee reports to Senate, 108; to House, 113.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House is organized, (House) by David R. Perry, 14; committee appointed, 14; committee reports to Senate, 3; to House, 15.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House is ready to adjourn sine die, (House) by Roan, 113-114; committee appointed, 114; committee reports to Senate, 108; to House, 114.

Authorizing appointment of committee to study feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State, (House) by Ruth, 35.

(Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 47-48).

Authorizing election of certain officers and employes of the Senate, (Senate) by Homsher, 12.

Authorizing President pro tempore of Senate to appoint all special and standing committees of the Senate during the Extraordinary Session, (Senate) by Norton, 2.

Authorizing Resident Clerk to perform duties of Chief Clerk during his absence or in case of a vacancy, (House) by Hutton, 14.

Commemorating 147th anniversary of signing of Constitution of United States, (House) by McElwee, 71-72.

Directing that committee room doors be kept open to the public, (House) by John E. Brown, 48; read and referred to Committee on Rules, 48; referred by error, resolution called up and referred to Committee on Rules, 99.

Remarks on, by John E. Brown, 98, 99; Hoopes, 99; Hutton, 99.

Extending sympathy of House to family of the late Hon. Edward A. Duffy, (House) by Witkin, 31.

Extending sympathy of House to family of the late Hon. J. Anson Wright, (House) by Peelor, 31.

Extending sympathy of Senate to family of the late Hon. Daniel S. Walton, former member and President pro tempore of the Senate, (Senate) by Parkinson, 2.

Favoring payment of property owners furnishing housing for unemployed persons for said housing, (from Hill District Taxpayers' Association of Pittsburgh), referred to Committee on Appropriations in Senate, 61; reported and printed in Journal, 73.

Fixing Thursday, September 15th, as last day for introduction of bills, (House) by Hutton, 26; read and adopted, 26-27.

Remarks on, by Fitzgerald, 26; Sarig, 26-27; Hutton, 27.

Limiting introduction of bills to those clearly within the call of the Governor, (House) by Hutton, 16.

RESOLUTIONS—Continued.

Recommending that study be given to question of employment of the "overlooked man," or man between forty-five years of age and age at which the State grants monthly allowance, (House) by Lane, 27; (Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within the Governor's call, 36).

Regulating presentation of petitions, memorials and remonstrances, (Senate) by Pierson, 2.

Relative to recognition of Harry L. Hopkins of Washington, D. C., in ordering an Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, (Senate) by Woodward, read and adopted, 108.

Requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, that Governor show how money is to be raised for repayment, and that the Auditor General and State Treasurer submit report on unexpended balances, (House) by Malina, 32; (Resolution expunged from record by motion, 48).

Remarks on, by Malina, 51.

Requesting Auditor General to furnish statement relative to reduction in expenditures by decreasing salaries over $1800, and by placing employes and judiciary on a sixty per cent drawing basis, (House) by Andrews, 18. (Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 47).

Requesting Department of Military Affairs and State Veterans' Commission to furnish information as to needs of soldiers and sailors in this Commonwealth, (House) by Powers, 98; adopted, 113.

Requesting State Emergency Relief Board to adopt a system for payment of rent of premises occupied by unemployed persons, (House) by Flinchbaugh, 35; adopted, 47.

RESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT—

Authorizing adjournment of Legislature until September seventeenth, (Senate) by Harvey, 29; ret. from House conc. in, 29; conc. in by House, 31.

Authorizing appointment of committee to act in conjunction with House committee to escort Governor to Hall of House for Joint Session, (Senate) by Buckman, 11-12; ret. from House conc. in, 12; Senate committee appointed, 12; conc. in by House, 16-17; House committee appointed, 17; Joint Session held and address by Governor, 18-23.

Authorizing appointment of committee to act in conjunction with House committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is convened in Extraordinary Session, (Senate) by Homsher, 2; ret. from House conc. in, 3; Senate committee appointed, 3; Senate committee reports, 3; conc. in by House, 15-16; House committee appointed, 16; House committee reports, 18.

Authorizing appointment of committee to act in conjunction with House committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is ready to adjourn sine die, (Senate) by Mansfield, 106; ret. from House conc. in, 108; Senate committee appointed, 108; Senate committee reports, 108; conc. in by House and House committee appointed, 113; House committee reports, 114.

Authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate contracts, financial condition, etc., of the Liquor Control Board, (House) by Fitzgerald, 34. (Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 45-46).

Authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate employment of investigators and other employes of the State Emergency Relief Board, (House) by Eroe, 47.

Authorizing appointment of Unemployment Commission to inquiry into and report on unemployment, and the temporary and permanent relief thereof, (Senate) by Shapiro, read and referred to Committee on Appropriations, 29-30.

RESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT—Continued.

Authorizing payment of postage on Legislative Journal, (Senate) by Owlett, 2; ret. from House conc. in, 11; conc. in by House, 16; approved by Governor, 89.

Creating a Special Legislative Finance Planning Committee, (House) by Turner, 17-18.

Directing purchasing agents for State institutions, and officers of State Emergency Relief Board to favor food stuffs, etc. from Pennsylvania sources, (House) by Flinchbaugh, 27; adopted by House, 34.

Directing that the funds appropriated for unemployment relief shall be distributed in cash instead of food vouchers, (House) by Hoopes, 17; adopted by House, 32-34; read and referred to Committee on Appropriations in Senate, 62.

Remarks on, by Hoopes, 32-33.

Fixing September twentieth as date for General Assembly to adjourn sine die, (Senate) by Buckman, 108; ret. from House conc. in, 108; conc. in by House, 113. (Senate adjourned, 109; House adjourned, 114).

Fixing time for Joint Session to hear address of Governor, (Senate) by Chapman, 3; ret. from House conc. in, 11; conc. in by House, 16; Joint Session held and address by Governor, 18-23.

Limiting compensation of Members of Senate and House of Representatives for attendance at this Extraordinary Session to their actual and necessary expenses, (House) by McCreary, 17; referred to Committee on Appropriations in House, 34-35.

Reaffirming our devotion to the Constitution of the United States, together with its Bill of Rights, (Senate) by Woodward, 62-63; adopted by Senate, 81; (Erratum); ret. from House conc. in, 93; conc. in by House, 96.

Recommending that study be given to question of employment of the "overlooked man," or man between forty-five years of age and age at which the State grants monthly allowance, (House) by Lane, 72; adopted by House, 99.

Reducing salaries of certain officers and employes of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the State Government, (House) by Andrews, 32.

Regulating preparation of copy for, and printing and binding of Journals of Senate and House, (Senate) by Pethick, 106; ret. from House conc. in ,108; conc. in by House, 115.

Relative to return of Members' salaries received for attendance at Extraordinary Session, (House) by Joseph R. Lynch, read and adopted, 110; conc. in by Senate, 104-105; ret. from Senate conc. in, 111.

Remarks on, by Shapiro, 105; Salus, 105; Cannon, 110.

Urging reinstatement of the Philadelphia shipyard, (House) by Cannon, 72; read and laid on table in Senate, 93; conc. in by Senate, 94; adopted by House, 98-99; ret. from Senate conc. in, 111.

RHODES, CHESTER H., Representative from Monroe County.

RICE, JOHN S., Senator from Thirty-third District, (Adams and Franklin Counties).

Bill introduced by

No. 1.

Amending Old Age Assistance Act of 1934, by providing for assistance where children and others legally responsible for support are unable to provide same, 12.

Member of special committee, 3.

RICE, P. B., Representative from Dauphin County, (First District).

ROAN, WILLIAM P., Representative from Luzerne County, (Fifth District).

Member of special committee, 114.

ROAN, WILLIAM P.—Continued.

Resolution offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House is ready to adjourn sine die, 113-114.

ROBERTS, WARREN R., Senator from Eighteenth District, (Northampton County).

Member of special committee, 12, 106.

ROOT, MORRIS J., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Third District).

ROTH, FRANK L., Representative from Lehigh County, (First District).

ROYLE SHEPPARD H., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Seventeenth District).

RUBY, JAMES K., Representative from Allegheny County, (Ninth District).

RULES STANDING, used in Senate during Regular Session and Extraordinary Session of 1933, resolution (Senate) by Salus, authorizing adoption of, 2.

RULES used in House during last Session, resolution (House) by Hutton, authorizing adoption of, 14.

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RUTH, FRANK W., Representative from Berks County, (Third District).

Resolution offered by
Authorizing appointment of committee to study feasibility of adopting a system of Unemployment Insurance for this State, 35.

SAILORS (see Soldiers).

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SALUS, Samuel W., Senator from Second District (Philadelphia County).

Motion by, for
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Motion by, to
Proceed to consideration of calendar, 83.

Remarks by, on
House conc. res. relative to return of salaries of Members received for attendance at Extraordinary Session, 105.

Remarks made by Senator Snyder relative to transfer of money from special funds to General Fund, 86.

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Resolution offered by
Authorizing adoption of standing rules used in Senate during Regular Session and Extraordinary Session of 1933, 2.

SARIG, WILSON G., Representative from Berks County, (Fourth District).

Bills introduced by
No. 19.
Amending Capital Stock Tax Act of 1889, by increasing gross receipts tax on public utility companies, 31.

No. 21.
Making appropriation out of General Fund to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 31.

Motion by, to
Recommit Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 42.

Point of order raised by, on
Remarks of Mr. Bennett on House Bill No. 5, transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, 53.

Reasons for vote on Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 56.

Remarks by, on
Bill No. 5, transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 53, 54.

SARIG, WILSON G.—Continued.

Bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 48-49.

House resolution fixing last day for introduction of bills, 26-27.

Motion to recommit Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 42.

SAUTTER, CHRISTIAN, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-fifth District).

SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN, 79th annual report of, presented to Senate, 8-11; to House, 18.

SCHOOL FUND, STATE, to the General Fund, requesting the State Council of Education to liquidate investments, and providing for subsequent return thereof, transferring money from

House Bill No. 7.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 23.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 23.
Reported without amendment, 25.
First reading, 25.
Second reading and amended, 37-38.
Third reading and final passage, 55.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 96.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 63.
Reported without amendment, 63.
First reading, 64.
Second reading, 74.
Third reading and final passage, 88.
Signed by President, 93.

SCHROCK, JACOB B., Representative from Somerset County.

Member of special committee, 16.

SCHROPE, EDGAR A., Representative from Schuylkill County, (Second District).

SCHWAB, JOHN, Representative from Cameron County.

SCHWARTZ, LOUIS, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Thirteenth District).

Bill reported by
No. 3.
Transferring money from Motor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 25.

SCORZA, JOHN D., Representative from Allegheny County, (First District).

SCOTT, HARRY B., Senator from Thirty-fourth District, (Centre and Clearfield Counties).

Motion by, for
Recess, 3, 12, 29, 63, 76, 80, 104, 106.

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SCOTT, JOHN G., Representative from Schuylkill County, (Third District).

SECRETARY OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY, Miss Charlotte E. Carr nominated as, referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

SECRETARY OF SENATE, announcement relative to death of former Members of the Senate made by, 2.

SECURITIES COMMISSION, PENNSYLVANIA, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4

SELINSGROVE STATE COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

SENATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES, resolution (Senate) by Homsher, authorizing election of certain, 12.

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SHAMOKIN STATE HOSPITAL, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

SHAPIRO, HARRY, Senator from Seventh District (Philadelphia County).

Bill introduced by
No. 2.
Making appropriation to commission created to study and report on problem of unemployment, 30.

Remarks by, on
Bill No. 10 (House No. 8), making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 75.

Bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 87.

House conc. res. relative to return of salaries of Members received for attendance at Extraordinary Session, 105.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
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SHEFFER, A. L., Representative from Mifflin County.

SHELLENBERGER, NORTH, Representative from Juniata County.

SHENKEL, JACOB W., Representative from Allegheny County, (Sixth District).

SHETTEL, RAYMOND J., Representative from York County, (Second District).

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SHORTZ, WILLARD G., Representative from Luzerne County, (Sixth District).

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
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SHREINER, ROY W., Representative from Dauphin County, (First District).

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 58.

SHUGARTS, BLAKE B., Representative from Clearfield County, (First District).

SIMON JOSEPH A., Representative from Clinton County.

SINWELL, WILLIAM, Representative from Northampton County, (First District).

SNYDER, HENRY L., Senator from Sixteenth District (Lehigh County)

Member of special committee, 2.

Remarks by, on
Bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 84-87.

SNYDER, JAMES L. Representative from Perry County.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' HOME, members of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 3, 6; Chester W. Zerbe reported and confirmed, 80-81; Royal C. Davis reported and confirmed, 91.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS in this Commonwealth, resolution (House) by Powers, requesting Department of Military Affairs and State Veteran's Commission to furnish information as to needs of, 98; adopted, 113.

SONES, CHARLES W., Senator from Twenty-fourth District, (Columbia, Montour, Lycoming and Sullivan Counties). (Elected November 8, 1932, to fill vacancy caused by death of Fred M. Sprout).

Member of special committee, 108.

SORDONI, ANDREW J., Senator from Twentieth District, (Luzerne County, part of).

SOWERS, CLINTON A., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Thirteenth District)

Remarks by, on
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SPANN MAX J., Representative from Allegheny County, (Fifth District).

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STAHLNECKER, P. STEPHEN (see Public Service Commission).

STANDING COMMITTEES (see Committees).

STANDING RULES (see Rules).

STANK JOHN F., Representative from Northumberland County, (Second District).

STATE BOARDS (see name of specific Board).

STATE COLLEGE, members of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania, nominated and refeired to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 91.

STATE COMMISSIONS (see name of specific Commission).

STATE COUNCIL FOR THE BLIND, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

STATE COUNCIL OF EDUCATION, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4.

STATE COUNCIL OF EDUCATION (see also School Fund).

STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD, and making appropriation, Joint resolution providing for a committee to investigate matters relating to employes of

House Bill No. 27.
Read in place in House by Messrs. Eroe and Welsh, 45.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 45.

STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD, conc. res. (House) by Eroe, authorizing appointment of Joint Legislative Committee to investigate employment of investigators and other employes of, 47

STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD for direct relief, work relief and expenses, making appropriation out of General Fund to the

House Bill No. 21.
Read in place in House by Mr. Sarig, 31.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 31.

STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD for direct relief, work relief and expenses, making an appropriation to the

House Bill No. 8.
Read in place in House by Mr. Witkin, 24.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 24.
Reported without amendment, 26.
First reading, 26.
Second reading and amended, 38-42.
Motion to recommit defeated, 42-43.
Third reading and final passage, 55-56.
Returned from Senate with amendments, in which House conc., 97-98.
Signed by Speaker, 100.
Approved by Governor, 101.

Remarks on, by
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Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 62.
Reported without amendment, 62.
Recommitted, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 63.
First reading, 64.
Second reading and amended, 74-75.
Third reading and final passage, 88.
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Signed by President, 93.

Remarks on, by
Shapiro, 75.
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STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD to adopt a system for payment of rent of premises occupied by unemployed persons, resolution (House) by Flinchbaugh, requesting, 35; adopted, 47.

STATE EMERGENCY RELIEF BOARD (see also Appropriations, Pennsylvania Foodstuffs, Tax).

STATE FUNDS (see name of specific Fund).

STATE GOVERNMENT, conc. res. (House) by Andrews, reducing salaries of certain officers and employes of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of, 32.

STATE GOVERNMENT employes receiving over $1800, and by placing employes and judiciary on a sixty per cent drawing basis, resolution (House) by Andrews, requesting Auditor General to furnish statement showing reduction in expenditures by decreasing salaries of, 18; (Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 47).

STATE GOVERNMENT, providing for reduction in salaries and compensation of officers and employes of the executive and judicial departments of

House Bill No. 18.
Read in place in House by Mr. Andrews, 31.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 31.

STATE HOSPITALS (see name of specific State Hospital).

STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6; reported and confirmed, 80-81.

STATE INSURANCE FUND (see Insurance Fund).

STATE TREASURER (see Funds).

STAUDENMEIER, CHARLES W., Senator from Twenty-ninth District, (Schuylkill County).

Member of Conference Committee, 104.

Motion by, for
Senate to insist upon its amendments to Bill No. 11, (House No. 9), to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 104.

Motion by, to
Appoint Conference Committee on Bill No. 11 (House No. 9), to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 104.

STEEDLE, JOSEPH G., Representative from Allegheny County, (Twelfth District).

Leave of absence granted, 13.

STERLING PHILIP, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-seventh District).

Bill reported by
No. 2.
Transferring money from the Manufacturing Fund to the General Fund, 25.

Member of special committee, 17.

STERLING, ROBERT BRUCE, Representative from Fayette County, (Second District).

STEVENS, SAMUEL P., Representative from Westmoreland County, (First District).

STEVENSON, HUGH M., Representative from Mercer County.

STITELER A. M. F., Representative from Beaver County, (Second District).

STONE, JOHN F., Representative from Potter County.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bills Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6 and 9, 96.

STORB, JOHN W., Representative from Montgomery County, (Third District).

STOTT, CHARLES J., Representative from Chester County, (First District).

SURFACE, HARVEY A., Representative from Snyder County.

TAHL, HERMAN J., Representative from Philadelphia County, (Ninth District).

TALBOT, GROVER C., Representative from Delaware County, (Second District).

Remarks by, on
Unemployment relief, and extending thanks for cooperation shown during tenure of office as Speaker, 14-15.

TAX, by extending act to include all companies subject to control of Public Service Commission, and removing exemption of taxicabs, motor buses and omnibuses, amending Act of 1899, relative to gross receipts

House Bill No. 22.
Read in place in House by Mrs. Wilson, 44.
Referred to Committee on Public Utilities, 44.

TAX, EXCISE, on gross receipts derived from motor vehicle transportation, by eliminating deductions allowed, and appropriating proceeds to State Emergency Relief Board for unemployment relief, amending Act of 1931, imposing an

House Bill No. 16.
Read in place in House by Mr. Rectenwald, 24.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 24.

TAX, INCOME, and directing disbursement of all proceeds to emergency relief and old age assistance, imposing a State

House Bill No. 24.
Read in place in House by Mr. Hoopes, 44.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 44.

TAX, INTANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, by prohibiting negotiation, sale, etc., of mortgages, promissory notes, etc., unless tax has been paid, and appropriating additional moneys collected for unemployment relief, amending Act of 1913, for assessment and collection of

House Bill No. 17.
Read in place in House by Mr. McCreary, 30.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 30.

TAX ON PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES, amending Capital Stock Tax Act of 1889, by increasing gross receipts

House Bill No. 19.
Read in place in House by Mr. Sarig, 31.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 31.

TAX PENALTIES, and interest on county, city, borough, town, township, poor and school taxes, authorizing abatement of certain

House Bill No. 28.
Read in place in House by Mr. Furman, 45.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 45.

TAXICABS (see Tax).

TERRY, CHARLES L., Representative from Wyoming County.

TEXTILE INDUSTRIES, resolution (House) by Malina, authorizing appointment of committee to investigate conditions in, 109.

THOMPSON, BENJAMIN H., Senator from Thirty-ninth District, (Westmoreland County).

Member of special committee, 12.

TOWNSHIPS (see Unemployment Work Relief).

TRAINER, JOSEPH C., Senator from First District, (Philadelphia County)

TROUT, HARRY E., Representative from Lancaster County, (Second District)

TURNER, ELLWOOD J., Representative from Delaware County, (Second District).

Amendments offered by, to
Bill No. 9, to provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session, 44.

Bill reported by
No. 9.
Providing for expenses of Extraordinary Session of Legislature, 25.

Bills introduced by
No. 10.
Joint resolution creating an Unemployment Insurance Investigation Commission, and making appropriation, 24.

No. 11.
Creating an Unemployment Compensation Commission in Department of Labor and Industry, and making appropriation, 24.

Motion by, to
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TURNER, ELLWOOD J.—Continued.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Extending congratulations of House to Hon. Fred C. Peters upon his fiftieth birthday anniversary, 100.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Creating a Special Legislative Finance Planning Committee, 17-18.

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UNEMPLOYMENT COMMISSION, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 2.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shapiro, 30.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 30.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMMISSION, to inquire into and report on unemployment and temporary and permanent relief thereof, conc. res. (Senate) by Shapiro, authorizing appointment of, read and referred to Committee on Appropriations, 29-30;

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION COMMISSION in Department of Labor and Industry, and making appropriation, creating an

House Bill No. 11.
Read in place in House by Mr. Turner, 24.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 24.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE for this State, resolution (House) by Ruth, authorizing appointment of committee to study feasibility of adopting a system of, 35. (Point of order raised and sustained that resolution is not within Governor's call, 47-48).

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE INVESTIGATION COMMISSION, and making appropriation, Joint resolution creating an

House Bill No. 10.
Read in place in House by Mr. Turner, 24.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 24.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF shall be distributed in cash instead of food vouchers, conc. res. (House) by Hoopes, directing that funds appropriated for, 17; adopted by House, 32-34; read and referred to Committee on Appropriations in Senate, 62.

Remarks on, by Hoopes, 32-33.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF (see also Appropriations, Fire Insurance Tax Fund, Insurance Fund, Liquid Fuels Tax Fund, Liquor License Fund, Manufacturing Fund, Maps, Motor License Fund, School Fund, Soldiers and Sailors, State Emergency Relief Board, Tax).

UNEMPLOYMENT WORK RELIEF in townships, and for State and county aid therefor, providing for

House Bill No. 25.
Read in place in House by Mr. Eroe, 45.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 45.

VALLEY FORGE PARK COMMISSION, members of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

VETERANS' COMMISSION (see Soldiers and Sailors).

WADE, GEORGE N., Representative from Cumberland County.

Leave of absence granted, 13.

WAGNER, CHARLES B., Representative from Washington County, (First District).

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Vote on House Bills Nos. 3, 6, 7 and 9,—96.

WALKER, GEORGE E., Representative from Sullivan County.

WALKER, WILLIAM A., Representative from Allegheny County, (Thirteenth District).

WALL, ARTHUR J., Representative from Wayne County.

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 95.

WALTON, HON. DANIEL S., former member and President pro tempore of the Senate, resolution (Senate) by Parkison, extending sympathy of Senate to family of the late, 2.

WARREN STATE HOSPITAL, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

WASHINGTON CROSSING PARK COMMISSION, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

WASSERMAN, A. ALFRED, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Twenty-third District).

WATER AND POWER RESOURCES BOARD, member of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

WAY, ALBERT P., Representative from Clearfield County, (Second District).

WEIDEMANN, THOMAS, Representative from Delaware County, (Second District).

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of the Journal, 109.

WELFARE COMMISSION, members of State, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

WELSH, MATTHEW J., Representative from Fayette County, (Second District).

Bill introduced by
No. 27.
Joint resolution providing for a committee to investigate matters relating to employes of the State Emergency Relief Board, and making appropriation, 45.

WEST CHESTER STATE TEACHERS COLLEGE, member of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 6.

WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY of Philadelphia, 87th annual report of, presented to Senate, 11; to House, 18; appendix, 165.

WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, members of Board of Trustees of, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 5.

WESTRICK, DENIS L., Representative from Cambria County, (Second District).

WHEELER, ALEXANDER R., Representative from Forest County.

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Leave of absence granted, 13.

WHITE, EUGENE F., Chief Clerk of House of Representatives, request for leave of absence without pay, presented by, and granted to, 14. (Corrected to read, "without pay until the 1935 regular session of Legislature," 95.)

WHITE, HAINES D., Representative from Chester County, (Second District).

WIKE, JESSE R., Representative from Blair County, (Second District).

WILLIAMS, GEORGE W., Representative from Tioga County.

Member of special committee, 16, 113.

WILLIAMS, JOHN J., Representative from Lackawanna County, (First District).

WILLIAMSON, RICHARD W., Senator from Thirtieth District, (Blair and Huntingdon Counties).

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 73.

WILSON, MRS. LILITH M., Representative from Berks County, (First District).

Bills introduced by
No. 12.
Amending Old Age Assistance Act of 1934, by extending act to persons over sixty years of age, and to those not indigent and having children or others responsible for their support, 24.

No. 13.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Section 18 of Article 3 of Constitution, authorizing Legislature to make appropriations for assistance to mothers having dependent children and to aged persons without adequate means of support, 24.

No. 14.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Section 18 of Article 3 of Constitution, authorizing municipalities to appropriate money for assistance to mothers having dependent children, and to aged persons without adequate means of support, 24.

No. 22.
Amending Gross Receipts Tax Act of 1899, by extending act to include all companies subject to control of Public Service Commission, and removing exemption of taxicabs, motor buses and omnibuses, 44.

Reasons for vote on bills transferring money from special funds to the General Fund, 51.

WILSON, THOMAS B., Representative from McKean County.

Bills reported by
No. 4.
Transferring money from Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 25.

No. 7.
Transferring money from the State School Fund to the General Fund, requesting State Council of Education to liquidate investments, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 25.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 44.

Grant leave of absence without pay to Eugene F. White, Chief Clerk of House, 14.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on
Leave of absence of Eugene F. White, Chief Clerk of House, 95.

WITKIN, MORTON, Representative from Philadelphia County, (Eighth District).

Amendments offered by, to
Bill No. 3, transferring money from the Motor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 37.

Bill No. 7, transferring money from State School Fund to the General Fund, requesting the State Council of Education to liquidate investments, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 38.

Bills introduced by
No. 1.
Transferring money from State Insurance Fund to General Fund, 23.

No. 2.
Transferring money from Manufacturing Fund to General Fund, 23.

No. 3.
Transferring money from Motor License Fund to General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 23.

No. 4.
Transferring money from Liquid Fuels Tax Fund to General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 23.

No. 5.
Transferring money from Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 23.

No. 6.
Transferring money from Fire Insurance Tax Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 23.

No. 7.
Transferring money from State School Fund to General Fund, requesting State Council of Education to liquidate investments, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 23.

No. 8.
Making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 24.

No. 9.
To provide for expenses of Extraordinary Session of Legislature assembled September 12, 1934, 24.

WITKIN, MORTON—Continued.

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Adjourn, 72.

Points of order raised by, on
Amendments to House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 39.

Failure of Mr. Fitzgerald to state his point of order, 50.

House Bill No. 8, making appropriation to the State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 40.

Question of personal privilege raised by Mr. Malina on resolution requesting Attorney General to present ruling on legality of transfer of funds, etc., 51.

Remarks by, on
Amendments to Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 40.

Bill No. 5, transferring money from Motor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 53.

Motion to recommit Bill No. 8, making appropriation to State Emergency Relief Board for direct relief, work relief and expenses, 42.

Remarks made by Mr. Sarig relative to transfer of money from special funds to the General Fund, 49.

Resolution offered by
Extending sympathy of House to family of the late Hon. Edward A. Duffy, 31.

WOOD, NORMAN, Representative from Lancaster County, (Second District).

Bill reported by
No. 5.
Transferring money from the Liquor License Fund to the General Fund, and providing for subsequent return thereof, 26.

WOODSIDE, ROBERT E., JR., Representative from Dauphin County, (Second District).

WOODWARD, GEORGE, Senator from Sixth District (Philadelphia County).

Resolution offered by
Relative to recognition of Harry L. Hopkins of Washington, D. C., in ordering an Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, 108.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Reaffirming our devotion to Constitution of United States, together with its Bill of Rights, 62-63.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION REFEREES, nominated and referred to Committee on Executive Nominations, 4; reported and confirmed, 91.

WRIGHT, J. ANSON, Representative from Bedford County, (Deceased).
Adjournment of House in memory of, 27.

Resolution extending sympathy of House to family of the late, 31.

YEAKEL, WILSON L., Representative from Bucks County.

YOURISHIN, JOHN, Representative from Luzerne County, (First District).

ZIESENHEIM, JOSEPH R., Senator from Forty-ninth District, (Erie County).

ZIMMERMAN, WILLIAM ELLIS, Representative from Montgomery County, (Third District).

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